

# Bias Detection Report

## Bias Detection Report

### Dataset Analyzed

The dataset analyzed is MIMIC-IV with a focus on the features 'patient\_age' and 'admission\_type'.

### Type of Bias Detected

This analysis focused on detecting correlation bias between a numerical feature (age) and a categorical feature (admission type).

### Tools and Methods Used

- Hilbert-Schmidt Independence Criterion (HSIC)
- Z-score Analysis
- Cohen's d Calculation
- Standardized Difference

### Results and Bias Extent

- **HSIC Value:**  $9.75e-07$ , indicating no significant correlation bias.

- **Z-scores:** Generally close to zero, with the highest being 0.47 for 'AMBULATORY OBSERVATION'.
- **Cohen's d:** The highest value is 0.63, suggesting small to medium effect size.
- **Standardized Difference:** The highest value is 1.37, indicating minimal bias.

## Conclusion

Based on the analysis, there is minimal bias in how age affects admission type. The dataset is considered reliable with respect to age-related bias in decision-making.

