



Mark Scheme (Final)

Summer 2023

Pearson Edexcel International Advanced
Subsidiary Level In Chemistry (WCH13)
Paper 01
Unit 3: Practical Skills in Chemistry I

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(a)(i)	An answer that makes reference to the following point: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> barium (ion) / Ba^{2+} / Ba^{+2} 	Do not award Ba/ Ba^{+} Do not award Cu^{2+} If name and formula are given both must be correct	(1)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(a)(ii)	An answer that makes reference to the following point: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> iodide (ion) / I^{-} 	Do not award just iodine / I / I_2^{-}	(1)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(a)(iii)	An answer that makes reference to the following point: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> BaI_2 	Allow TE on incorrect ions in (a)(i) and (a)(i) Ignore barium iodide	(1)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(a)(iv)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • test for iodide ion • result of test for iodide ion 	<p>(1) Add conc sulfuric acid / H_2SO_4</p> <p>(1) Bad egg smell / purple vapour/ purple fumes / yellow solid/ black solid Ignore misty fumes (of HI) Or (To a solution of A) add chlorine water / $\text{Cl}_2(\text{aq})$ Solution turns yellow / orange / brown / darker / gives a purple colour with an organic solvent Do not award black Or (To a solution of A) add bromine water / $\text{Br}_2(\text{aq})$ Solution turns darker / more orange / gives a purple colour with an organic solvent Do not award black</p> <p>Allow TE for bromide ion and chloride ion</p>	(2)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(b)(i)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> test for ammonium ions result of test on ammonium ions 	<p>(1) Sodium hydroxide (solution) / NaOH ((aq)) (and heat)</p> <p>Allow any named alkali</p> <p>(1) Gas/ vapour evolved turns (damp red) litmus blue/UI blue/indicator</p> <p>Allow turns indicator paper blue</p> <p>Ignore pungent gas evolved</p> <p>Do not award if the indicator is being added to the mixture</p> <p>Or</p> <p>Gas evolved forms white smoke with HCl</p> <p>Allow white fumes with HCl</p> <p>Do not award steamy/misty fumes</p>	(2)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1b(ii)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • addition of suitable barium compound • addition of suitable acid • result of test for sulfate ions 	<p>(to a solution of ammonium sulfate add)</p> <p>(1) barium chloride (solution) / BaCl₂ ((aq)) / barium nitrate (solution) / Ba(NO₃)₂ ((aq))</p> <p>(1) hydrochloric acid/ nitric acid Allow HCl/ HNO₃ without (aq) M2 is dependent on M1 or near miss</p> <p>(1) white and precipitate / ppt / ppte / solid M3 is not a stand-alone mark</p>	(3)

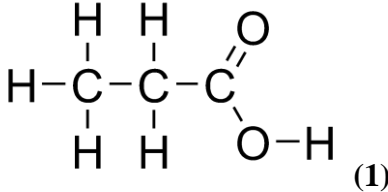
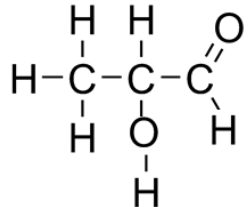
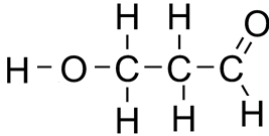
Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(b)(iii)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • balanced equation and correct state symbols 	$\text{Ba}^{2+}(\text{aq}) + \text{SO}_4^{2-}(\text{aq}) \longrightarrow \text{BaSO}_4(\text{s})$	(1)

(Total for Question 1 = 11 marks)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2(a)	An answer that makes reference to the following point: <ul style="list-style-type: none">hydrogen chloride / HCl/ HCl (gas)	Allow hydrochloric acid / HCl (aq) If name and formula given both must be correct	(1)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2(b)	An answer that makes reference to the following point: <ul style="list-style-type: none">carbon dioxide / CO₂ / CO₂ (gas)	If name and formula given both must be correct	(1)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2(c)	An answer that makes reference to the following points: <ul style="list-style-type: none">blue (solution) (1)(produces) (brick) red / orange/ brown and precipitate/solid / ppt / ppte / (1)	Do not award blue solid or ppt Allow cloudy red/orange/brown solution If formula given (of ppt), Cu ₂ O it must be correct	(2)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2(d)(i)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following structures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> structure of C possible structure of D possible structure of D <p>Ignore connectivity of the OH unless horizontal</p> <p>Accept displayed / structural / skeletal formula or any combination</p> <p>Do not award COH for the CHO of the aldehydes but only penalise once in parts (d)(i) and (d)(iii)</p>	<div> <div>Structure of C</div> <div>  <p>(1)</p> </div> </div> <div> <div>Possible structure of D</div> <div>  <p>(1)</p> </div> </div> <div> <div>Possible structure of D</div> <div>  <p>(1)</p> </div> </div>	(3)

	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2(d)(ii)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following points</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2962 - 2853 (cm⁻¹) <p>and</p> <p>C-H (stretching in alkanes)</p>	No TE on wrong structures	(1)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2(d)(iii)	<p>An explanation that makes reference to the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • (peak at $m/z = 15$ is due to) CH₃⁽⁺⁾ <p>This is a stand-alone mark</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • (only formed) from 2-hydroxypropanal. 	<p>(1) Do not award CH₃•</p> <p>(1) Allow any reference to the correct structure e.g., the first one</p>	(2)

(Total for Question 2 = 10 marks)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3(a)(i)	<p>An explanation that makes reference to the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • distillation takes place • before complete oxidation can occur 	<p>(1) Allow distillation apparatus (not reflux)</p> <p>(1) Allow incomplete reaction/ incomplete oxidation/ only oxidised to the aldehyde/ butanal is formed</p> <p>Allow complete oxidation is needed to get butanoic acid</p> <p>Allow reflux is required to ensure complete oxidation</p> <p>Allow reflux is required to ensure butanoic acid is formed</p> <p>Ignore just low yield of butanoic acid</p>	(2)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3(a)(ii)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following point:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> reactants and / or products would evaporate 	<p>Allow (the vessel is open so) reactants /products/gas/ would escape</p> <p>Allow alcohols are flammable</p> <p>Ignore not safe/toxic/no condenser</p> <p>Ignore reference to volatile reactants/products</p> <p>Do not award the (butanoic) acid would escape/evaporate</p>	(1)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3 (a)(iii)	<p>An explanation that makes reference to the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> condenser is full of water/ prevents air bubbles from forming (more) efficient condensation/ (ensuring) all/ more/most of the vapour/ gas is condensed/no or less vapour is lost 	<p>(1) Allow better contact between the water and the glass wall of the condenser.</p> <p>(1) Allow just (more) efficient cooling</p> <p>Allow reverse argument</p> <p>Ignore speed of condensation</p>	(2)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3(a)(iv)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> potassium dichromate(VI) / $\text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7$ and sulfuric acid (ignore concentration) 	<p>Allow acidified potassium dichromate(VI)</p> <p>Or</p> <p>$\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$ and H^+</p> <p>Do not award hydrochloric acid / HCl/nitric acid/HNO_3</p> <p>Do not award acidified potassium manganate(VII) / potassium permanganate</p> <p>If name, formula and oxidation numbers are given all must be correct</p>	(1)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3(a)(v)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following point:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> from orange to green 	<p>Allow from orange to blue</p>	(1)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3(b)(i)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • (concentrated)phosphoric ((V)) acid/ H_3PO_4 <p>Or</p> <p>concentrated sulfuric acid H_2SO_4</p>	<p>Allow $\geq 50\%$</p> <p>Allow passing vapour over suitable solid catalyst such as</p> <p>aluminium oxide / porous pot</p> <p>If name, formula and oxidation numbers are given all must be correct</p> <p>Do not award phosphorus acid</p>	(1)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3(b)(ii)	<p>An answer that makes reference to one of the following pairs of points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • bromine water / aqueous bromine / bromine solution / bromine in organic solvent / Br₂ (aq) (1) • orange / yellow / brown/ red brown to colourless (1) <p>Or</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • potassium manganate(VII) / KMnO₄ and sulfuric acid / H₂SO₄ (1) • purple to colourless (1) 	<p>Allow bromine / Br₂(l)</p> <p>Allow just decolourises Ignore clear</p> <p>Allow potassium permanganate and sulfuric acid Allow acidified potassium manganate(VII)</p> <p>Allow just decolourises Ignore clear</p> <p>If name, formula and oxidation numbers are given all must be correct</p> <p>M2 dependent on M1 or near miss</p>	(2)

(Total for Question 3 = 10 marks)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
4(a)(i)	<p>An explanation that makes reference to two of the following points:</p> <p>bubbles / effervescence (1)</p> <p>goes cloudy / white precipitate / white solid (1)</p> <p>calcium/solid disappears (1)</p>	<p>Allow the gas syringe filled up/(barrel) moved</p> <p>Ignore gas/ hydrogen given off</p> <p>Ignore goes milky</p> <p>Ignores forms a colourless solution</p> <p>Allow calcium/solid dissolves</p> <p>Ignore Ca floats</p> <p>Mention of any coloured product (max 1)</p> <p>Confusion with sodium e.g. whizzing round (max 1)</p>	(2)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
4(a)(ii)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • calculation of mass of Ca (1) • calculation of moles of Ca (1) • calculation of volume of one mole of hydrogen gas (1) • correct units and answer to 2 or 3 SF (1) 	<p>Example of calculation</p> <p>1.783 g – 1.657 g = 0.126 (g)</p> <p>0.126/40.1 = 0.0031421 / 3.1421×10^{-3} (mol)</p> <p>72.0/0.0031421 = 22914 / 2.2914×10^4 (cm³) Or 0.072/0.0031421 = 22.914 / (dm³)</p> <p>23 / 22.9 dm³ (mol⁻¹) / 23 000 / 22 900 cm³ (mol⁻¹)</p> <p>Allow TE throughout</p> <p>Correct answer with or without working scores (4)</p>	(4)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
4(b)(i)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> percentage error 	<p>Example of calculation</p> $100 \times (23.9 - 21.8) \div 23.9 = 8.7866 (\%)$ <p>Ignore SF except 1SF</p> <p>Ignore +/-</p> <p>Do not award 9%, 8.7% or 8.78%</p> <p>Correct answer with no working scores (1)</p>	(1)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
4(b)(ii)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • some (hydrogen) gas escapes before the bung is attached OR reaction starts before the bung is placed in the conical flask • some of the calcium had already formed calcium oxide 	<p>(1) Allow there was a delay (after dropping in the Ca) before the bung could be placed on the conical flask/connecting the apparatus</p> <p>Ignore hydrogen dissolves in water Ignore just the gas escaped/ bung didn't fit properly</p> <p>(1) Allow the Ca/it was not pure Allow the Ca/it did not fully react Allow the Ca/it did not fully dissolve Ignore just the reaction was incomplete Ignore any measurement errors eg some Ca left in the weighing boat Ignore non-standard conditions etc Do not award the water was limiting</p>	(2)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
4(c)(i)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • (from) yellow (1) • (to) orange (1) 	<p>Ignore shades of colours eg pale</p> <p>Colours reversed scores (1)</p>	(2)

Question	Answer					Additional Guidance	Mark																									
4(c)(ii)	<table><tr><th>Titration</th><th>1</th><th>2</th><th>3</th><th>4</th></tr><tr><td>Final burette reading / cm³</td><td>26.85</td><td>31.25</td><td>34.55</td><td>27.15</td></tr><tr><td>Final burette reading / cm³</td><td>0.00</td><td>5.00</td><td>8.00</td><td>1.00</td></tr><tr><td>Titre / cm³</td><td>26.85</td><td>26.25</td><td>26.55</td><td>26.15</td></tr><tr><td>Concordant results (✓)</td><td></td><td>✓</td><td></td><td>✓</td></tr></table>					Titration	1	2	3	4	Final burette reading / cm ³	26.85	31.25	34.55	27.15	Final burette reading / cm ³	0.00	5.00	8.00	1.00	Titre / cm ³	26.85	26.25	26.55	26.15	Concordant results (✓)		✓		✓		(2)
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	Titre / cm ³	26.85	26.25	26.55	26.15																											
	Concordant results (✓)		✓		✓																											
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">all 6 correct					(1)																										
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">calculation of mean titre					(1)																										

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
4(c)(iii)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> calculation of moles of hydrochloric acid calculation of moles of calcium hydroxide in 25 cm³ calculation of moles of calcium hydroxide in 1 dm³ calculation of concentration in g dm⁻³ 	<p>Example of calculation</p> <p>$26.2 \times 0.0400 / 1000 = 0.001048 \text{ (mol)} / 1.048 \times 10^{-3} \text{ (mol)}$</p> <p>TE on (c)(ii)</p> <p>$1.048 \times 10^{-3} \div 2 = 0.000524 / 5.24 \times 10^{-4} \text{ (mol)}$</p> <p>$5.24 \times 10^{-4} \times 1000 \div 25 = 0.02096 \text{ (mol)}$</p> <p>$= 0.02096 \times 74.1 = 1.5531 \text{ (g dm}^{-3}\text{)}$</p> <p>Allow $= 0.02096 \times 74 = 1.5510 \text{ (g dm}^{-3}\text{)}$</p> <p>Ignore SF except 1SF</p> <p>Ignore units</p> <p>TE throughout</p> <p>Correct answer with no working score (4)</p>	(4)

Question	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
4(d)	<p>An explanation that makes reference to the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • goes cloudy / white precipitate / white solid (of calcium hydroxide) • (increasing temp) moves the equilibrium in the endothermic direction so: calcium hydroxide solubility decreases/ less calcium hydroxide dissolves/ more (solid) calcium hydroxide forms Or • (increasing temp) favours the reverse direction so: calcium hydroxide solubility decreases / less calcium hydroxide dissolves/ more (solid) calcium hydroxide forms 	<p>(1) Do not award any other white ppt eg CaO, CaCl₂</p> <p>Do not award white anhydrous calcium hydroxide</p> <p>Do not award any other colour or extra observations e.g. effervesces</p> <p>Do not award any reference to water evaporating/ crystallisation</p> <p>(1) Allow (increasing temp) means: calcium hydroxide solubility decreases / less calcium hydroxide dissolves/calcium hydroxide forms</p> <p>Ignore any reference rates of dissolving</p>	(2)

(Total for Question 4 = 19 marks)

(Total for Paper = 50 marks)