

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname

Other names

Pearson Edexcel
International
Advanced Level

Centre Number

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Candidate Number

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Sample Assessment Materials for first teaching September 2018

(Time: 1 hour 30 minutes)

Paper Reference **WME03/01**

Mathematics

International Advanced Subsidiary/Advanced Level
Mechanics M3

You must have:

Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables, calculator

Total Marks

Candidates may use any calculator permitted by Pearson regulations. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Inexact answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.

Information

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- There are 6 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- If you change your mind about an answer, cross it out and put your new answer and any working underneath.

Turn over

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Unless otherwise indicated, whenever a numerical value of g is required, take $g = 9.8 \text{ m s}^{-2}$ and give your answer to either 2 significant figures or 3 significant figures.

1.

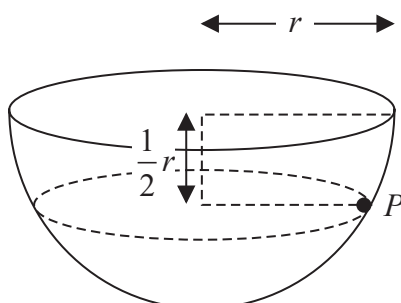


Figure 1

A hemispherical bowl, of internal radius r , is fixed with its circular rim upwards and horizontal. A particle P of mass m moves on the smooth inner surface of the bowl. The particle moves with constant angular speed in a horizontal circle. The centre of the circle is at a distance $\frac{1}{2}r$ vertically below the centre of the bowl, as shown in Figure 1.

The time taken by P to complete one revolution of its circular path is T .

Show that $T = \pi \sqrt{\frac{2r}{g}}$.

(8)

Question 1 continued

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Q1

(Total for Question 1 is 8 marks)

Question 2 continued

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Q2

(Total for Question 2 is 9 marks)

- (5)

- (7)

Question 3 continued

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(Total for Question 3 is 12 marks)

A particle of mass $3m$ is attached to one end of a light inextensible string of length a . The other end of the string is attached to a fixed point O . The particle is held at the point A , where OA is horizontal and $OA = a$. The particle is projected vertically downwards from A with speed u , as shown in Figure 2. The particle moves in complete vertical circles.

- Given that the greatest tension in the string is three times the least tension in the string,

- (b) show that $u^2 = 6ag$. (5)

Question 4 continued

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Question 4 continued

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Q4

(Total for Question 4 is 12 marks)

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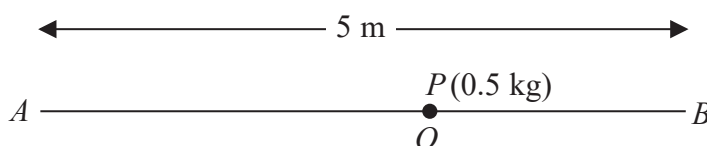


Figure 3

Two fixed points A and B are 5 m apart on a smooth horizontal floor. A particle P of mass 0.5 kg is attached to one end of a light elastic string, of natural length 2 m and modulus of elasticity 20 N. The other end of the string is attached to A . A second light elastic string, of natural length 1.2 m and modulus of elasticity 15 N, has one end attached to P and the other end attached to B .

Initially P rests in equilibrium at the point O , as shown in Figure 3.

- (a) Show that $AO = 3 \text{ m}$. (4)

The particle is now pulled towards A and released from rest at the point C , where ACB is a straight line and $OC = 1$ m.

- (b) Show that, while both strings are taut, P moves with simple harmonic motion. (4)

- (c) Find the speed of P at the instant when the string PB becomes slack. (4)

The particle first comes to instantaneous rest at the point D .

- (d) Find the distance DB . (5)

Question 5 continued

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6.

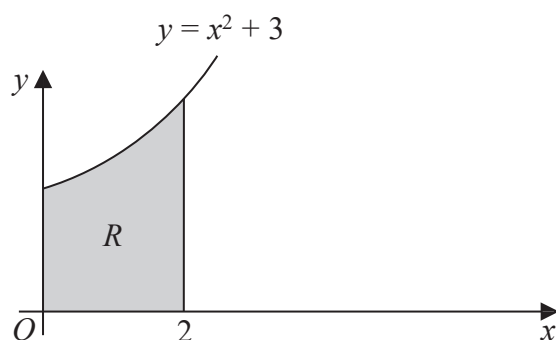


Figure 4

The shaded region R is bounded by part of the curve with equation $y = x^2 + 3$, the x -axis, the y -axis and the line with equation $x = 2$, as shown in Figure 4. The unit of length on each axis is one centimetre. The region R is rotated through 2π radians about the x -axis to form a uniform solid S .

Using algebraic integration,

(a) show that the volume of S is $\frac{202}{5}\pi \text{ cm}^3$, (4)

(b) show that, to 2 decimal places, the centre of mass of S is 1.30 cm from O . (5)

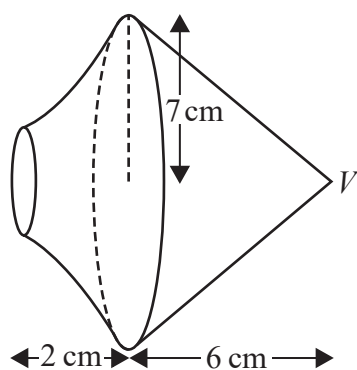


Figure 5

A uniform right circular solid cone, of base radius 7 cm and height 6 cm, is joined to S to form a solid T . The base of the cone coincides with the larger plane face of S , as shown in Figure 5. The vertex of the cone is V .

The mass per unit volume of S is twice the mass per unit volume of the cone.

(c) Find the distance from V to the centre of mass of T . (5)

The point A lies on the circumference of the base of the cone. The solid T is suspended from A and hangs freely in equilibrium.

(d) Find the size of the angle between VA and the vertical. (3)

Question 6 continued

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TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 75 MARKS