



## Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2021

Pearson Edexcel International Advanced  
Subsidiary Level

In Chemistry (WCH11)

Paper 01: Structure, Bonding and Introduction to  
Organic Chemistry

### Section A (Multiple Choice)

Question number	Answer	Mark
1	<p><b>The only correct answer is D</b> ( Y and Z)</p> <p><i>A is incorrect because W and X both have the same number of neutrons</i></p> <p><i>B is incorrect because W and Y have different numbers of protons so are different elements</i></p> <p><i>C is incorrect because X and Y have different numbers of protons so are different elements</i></p>	1

Question number	Answer	Mark
2	<p><b>The only correct answer is C</b> (4)</p> <p><i>A is incorrect because the <math>\text{ICl}_3^+</math> ion can have <math>3 \times {}^{35}\text{Cl}</math>, <math>2 \times {}^{35}\text{Cl} + 1 \times {}^{37}\text{Cl}</math>, <math>1 \times {}^{35}\text{Cl} + 2 \times {}^{37}\text{Cl}</math> or <math>3 \times {}^{37}\text{Cl}</math></i></p> <p><i>B is incorrect because the <math>\text{ICl}_3^+</math> ion can have <math>3 \times {}^{35}\text{Cl}</math>, <math>2 \times {}^{35}\text{Cl} + 1 \times {}^{37}\text{Cl}</math>, <math>1 \times {}^{35}\text{Cl} + 2 \times {}^{37}\text{Cl}</math> or <math>3 \times {}^{37}\text{Cl}</math></i></p> <p><i>D is incorrect because the <math>\text{ICl}_3^+</math> ion can have <math>3 \times {}^{35}\text{Cl}</math>, <math>2 \times {}^{35}\text{Cl} + 1 \times {}^{37}\text{Cl}</math>, <math>1 \times {}^{35}\text{Cl} + 2 \times {}^{37}\text{Cl}</math> or <math>3 \times {}^{37}\text{Cl}</math></i></p>	1

Question number	Answer	Mark
3	<p><b>The only correct answer is C</b> (192.5)</p> <p><i>A is incorrect because this is the relative atomic mass with the abundances reversed</i></p> <p><i>B is incorrect because this would be the relative atomic mass if there were equal amounts of the two isotopes</i></p> <p><i>D is incorrect because this is the relative atomic mass of the most abundant isotope</i></p>	1

Question number	Answer	Mark
4	<p><b>The only correct answer is B</b>    <math>\text{Mg}^+(\text{g}) \rightarrow \text{Mg}^{2+}(\text{g}) + \text{e}^-</math></p> <p><i>A is incorrect because this represents the first and second ionisations</i></p> <p><i>C is incorrect because this represents the first and second ionisations and the state symbols are incorrect</i></p> <p><i>D is incorrect because the state symbols are incorrect</i></p>	1

Question number	Answer	Mark
5	<p><b>The only correct answer is B</b>    (3 quantum shells and 5 electrons in the outer shell)</p> <p><i>A is incorrect because the outer five electrons require the least amount of energy to remove</i></p> <p><i>C is incorrect because there are two large jumps between the 3 quantum shells and the outer five electrons require the least amount of energy to remove</i></p> <p><i>D is incorrect because there are two large jumps between the 3 quantum shells</i></p>	1

Question number	Answer	Mark
6	<p><b>The only correct answer is B</b>    <math>(\text{Cl}^-)</math></p> <p><i>A is incorrect because <math>\text{Al}^{3+}</math> has electronic configuration <math>1s^2 2s^2 2p^6</math></i></p> <p><i>C is incorrect because <math>\text{N}^{3-}</math> has electronic configuration <math>1s^2 2s^2 2p^6</math></i></p> <p><i>D is incorrect because <math>\text{Na}^+</math> has electronic configuration <math>1s^2 2s^2 2p^6</math></i></p>	1

Question number	Answer	Mark
7	<p><b>The only correct answer is D</b> (286)</p> <p><i>A is incorrect because this is the relative formula mass of anhydrous sodium carbonate, <math>\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3</math></i></p> <p><i>B is incorrect because this is the relative formula mass of <math>\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3 + (20 \times 1) + 16</math></i></p> <p><i>C is incorrect because this is the relative formula mass of <math>\text{NaCO}_3 \cdot 10\text{H}_2\text{O}</math></i></p>	1

Question number	Answer	Mark
8	<p><b>The only correct answer is C</b> (<math>\text{O}^{2-}</math>)</p> <p><i>A is incorrect because <math>\text{Na}^+</math> has more protons than oxygen and nitrogen but a lower charge than magnesium</i></p> <p><i>B is incorrect because <math>\text{Mg}^{2+}</math> is the smallest as it has the most protons and a higher charge than sodium</i></p> <p><i>D is incorrect because <math>\text{F}^-</math> has one more proton than oxygen and one less electron added to the atom</i></p>	1

Question number	Answer	Mark
9	<p><b>The only correct answer is D</b> (<math>\text{I}^-</math>)</p> <p><i>A is incorrect because cations cause polarisation of anions and are not polarised themselves</i></p> <p><i>B is incorrect because cations cause polarisation of anions and are not polarised themselves</i></p> <p><i>C is incorrect because a chloride ion is smaller than an iodide ion and large anions are more easily polarised than small anions</i></p>	1

Question number	Answer	Mark
10	<p><b>The only correct answer is A</b> (diamond)</p> <p><i>B is incorrect because ice consists of H<sub>2</sub>O molecules</i></p> <p><i>C is incorrect because poly(ethene) consists of long chain molecules</i></p> <p><i>D is incorrect because sodium chloride consists of a giant lattice of ions</i></p>	1

Question number	Answer	Mark
11	<p><b>The only correct answer is A</b> (H<sub>2</sub>O)</p> <p><i>B is incorrect because the greatest electronegativity difference is between hydrogen and oxygen</i></p> <p><i>C is incorrect because the greatest electronegativity difference is between hydrogen and oxygen</i></p> <p><i>D is incorrect because the greatest electronegativity difference is between hydrogen and oxygen</i></p>	1

Question number	Answer	Mark
12	<p><b>The only correct answer is B</b> (C<sub>2</sub>F<sub>4</sub>)</p> <p><i>A is incorrect because CF<sub>4</sub> is tetrahedral</i></p> <p><i>C is incorrect because PF<sub>5</sub> is trigonal bipyramidal</i></p> <p><i>D is incorrect because SF<sub>6</sub> is octahedral</i></p>	1

Question number	Answer	Mark
13	<p>The only correct answer is B (<math>\text{C}_7\text{H}_{14}</math>)</p> <p><i>A is incorrect because this would be correct if ethane was formed instead of ethene</i></p> <p><i>C is incorrect because this would be correct if only one molecule of E was produced and ethane was formed instead of ethene</i></p> <p><i>D is incorrect because this would be correct if only one molecule of E was produced</i></p>	1

Question number	Answer	Mark
14	<p>The only correct answer is C (4,5-dimethylhex-1-ene)</p> <p><i>A is incorrect because the longest chain has 6 carbon atoms</i></p> <p><i>B is incorrect because the double bond starts at the first carbon atom</i></p> <p><i>D is incorrect because the longest chain has 6 carbon atoms</i></p>	1

Question number	Answer	Mark
15	<p>The only correct answer is A (5.25 g)</p> <p><i>B is incorrect because this is 51.2% of 12.5 g</i></p> <p><i>C is incorrect because the <math>M_r</math>s have been reversed</i></p> <p><i>D is incorrect because this is the mass produced if the yield was 100%</i></p>	1

Question number	Answer	Mark
16	<p><b>The only correct answer is C</b> (11.0 g of carbon dioxide)</p> <p><i>A is incorrect because 6.0 dm<sup>3</sup> is occupied by 0.25 mol of gas and 2.0 g is 0.5 mol of helium</i></p> <p><i>B is incorrect because 6.0 dm<sup>3</sup> is occupied by 0.25 mol of gas and 4.0 g is 0.125 mol of oxygen gas, O<sub>2</sub></i></p> <p><i>D is incorrect because 6.0 dm<sup>3</sup> is occupied by 0.25 mol of gas and 14.0 g is 0.5 mol of nitrogen gas, N<sub>2</sub></i></p>	1

Question number	Answer	Mark
17	<p><b>The only correct answer is D</b> (Pb<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>)</p> <p><i>A is incorrect because PbO contains 92.8% by mass of lead</i></p> <p><i>B is incorrect because PbO<sub>2</sub> contains 86.6% by mass of lead</i></p> <p><i>C is incorrect because Pb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> contains 89.6% by mass of lead</i></p>	1

Question number	Answer	Mark
18	<p><b>The only correct answer is B</b> (400 cm<sup>3</sup>)</p> <p><i>A is incorrect because this is the volume of carbon dioxide produced and there is 100 cm<sup>3</sup> of oxygen left</i></p> <p><i>C is incorrect because this is the volume of carbon dioxide and water produced if water was a gas</i></p> <p><i>D is incorrect because this is the volume of carbon dioxide and water produced if water was a gas plus 100 cm<sup>3</sup> of oxygen that remains</i></p>	1

Question number	Answer	Mark
19	<p><b>The only correct answer is C</b> (500 cm<sup>3</sup> of 1.0 mol dm<sup>-3</sup> NaCl)</p> <p><i>A is incorrect because this contains <math>0.2 \times 1.5 \times 3 = 0.9</math> mol of ions but C contains <math>0.5 \times 1.0 \times 2 = 1.0</math> mol of ions</i></p> <p><i>B is incorrect because this contains <math>0.4 \times 0.8 \times 2 = 0.64</math> mol of ions but C contains 1.0 mol of ions</i></p> <p><i>D is incorrect because this contains <math>1.0 \times 0.25 \times 3 = 0.75</math> mol of ions but C contains 1.0 mol of ions</i></p>	1
20	<p><b>The only correct answer is A</b> (<math>2 \times 10^{10}</math>)</p> <p><i>B is incorrect because the mass of gold has not been converted into moles</i></p> <p><i>C is incorrect because kg has not been converted into g</i></p> <p><i>D is incorrect because the mass of gold has not been converted into moles and kg has not been converted into g</i></p>	1

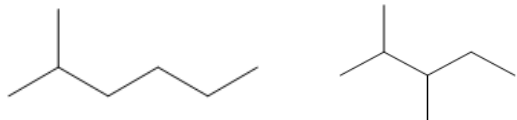
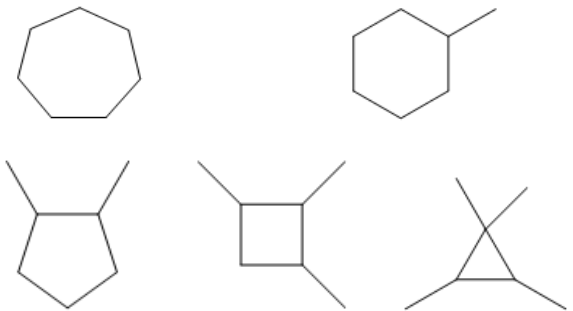
**Total for Section A = 20 marks**



## Section B

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
21(a)(i)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>limited supply of oxygen / air</li> </ul>	Accept not enough oxygen / air  Allow lack of oxygen / air  Ignore excess fuel / burning in an enclosed space  Do not award no oxygen / air	1

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
21(a)(ii)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>equation</li> </ul>	Examples of equation:  $2\text{C}_7\text{H}_{16} + 15\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 14\text{CO} + 16\text{H}_2\text{O}$ $\text{C}_7\text{H}_{16} + 7\frac{1}{2}\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 7\text{CO} + 8\text{H}_2\text{O}$ Allow multiples  Ignore state symbols even if incorrect	1

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
21(b)(i)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>branched-chain alkane (1)</li> <li>cycloalkane (1)</li> </ul>	<p>Examples of skeletal formulae:</p>  <p>Allow any branched-chain alkane with 7 carbon atoms</p>  <p>Allow any ring with three or more carbon atoms and additional carbons to give a total of 7 carbon atoms</p> <p>Allow (1) for a correct branched-chain alkane <b>and</b> a cyclic alkane with 7 carbon atoms using structural or displayed formulae</p> <p>Ignore molecular formulae / names even if incorrect</p> <p>If no other mark is awarded, allow (1) for correct skeletal formulae of a branched-chain alkane <b>and</b> a cycloalkane that do not have 7 carbon atoms</p>	2

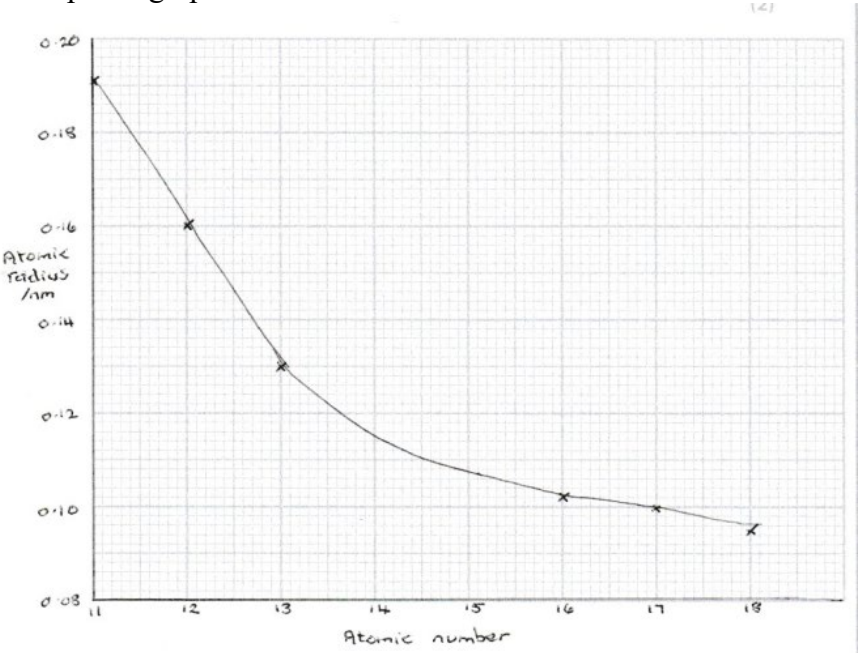
Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
21(b)(ii)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>equation</li> </ul>	<p>Example of equation:  <math>\text{C}_7\text{H}_{16} \rightarrow \text{C}_7\text{H}_{14} + \text{H}_2</math></p> <p>Allow multiples</p> <p>Ignore structural / displayed / skeletal formulae            Ignore state symbols even if incorrect</p> <p>Do not award equations for cracking into more than one hydrocarbon</p>	1

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
21(b)(iii)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following point:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>burns more efficiently / smoothly</li> </ul> <p>or</p> <p>prevents pre-ignition / knocking / pinking</p>	<p>Allow the octane number would increase            Allow research octane number (RON) increases</p> <p>Ignore increases efficiency of the engine / just 'more efficient' / burns more easily / burns better / increase in volatility</p>	1

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
21(c)(i)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(free) radical (1)</li> <li>substitution (1)</li> </ul>	<p>Allow the words in either order</p> <p>Ignore homolytic / photochemical            Do not award heterolytic / nucleophilic / electrophilic</p> <p>Do not award other types of reaction e.g. addition</p>	2

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
21(c)(ii)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>initiation (step)</li> <li>equation for initiation step</li> <li>propagation (step(s))</li> <li>one equation for a propagation step</li> <li>another equation for a propagation step</li> <li>termination (step)</li> <li>equation for termination step</li> </ul>	<p>Allow structural / displayed formulae  Penalise missing • once only  Ignore full curly arrows and curly half-arrows even if incorrect  Ignore reference to any conditions e.g. uv / heat</p> <p>(1) Allow initiating (step)</p> <p>(1) <math>\text{Cl}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{Cl}\cdot</math> / <math>\text{Cl}_2 \rightarrow \text{Cl}\cdot + \text{Cl}\cdot</math> / <math>\frac{1}{2}\text{Cl}_2 \rightarrow \text{Cl}\cdot</math>  or Cl-Cl for <math>\text{Cl}_2</math></p> <p>(1) Allow propagating (step(s))</p> <p>(1) <math>\text{C}_7\text{H}_{16} + \text{Cl}\cdot \rightarrow \text{C}_7\text{H}_{15}\cdot + \text{HCl}</math></p> <p>(1) <math>\text{C}_7\text{H}_{15}\cdot + \text{Cl}_2 \rightarrow \text{C}_7\text{H}_{15}\text{Cl} + \text{Cl}\cdot</math></p> <p>Allow propagation steps in either order</p> <p>(1) Allow terminating (step)</p> <p>(1) <math>2\text{C}_7\text{H}_{15}\cdot \rightarrow \text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{30}</math> / <math>\text{C}_7\text{H}_{15}\cdot + \text{C}_7\text{H}_{15}\cdot \rightarrow \text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{30}</math></p> <p>Ignore additional termination steps - <math>\text{Cl}\cdot + \text{Cl}\cdot \rightarrow \text{Cl}_2</math> / <math>\text{C}_7\text{H}_{15}\cdot + \text{Cl}\cdot \rightarrow \text{C}_7\text{H}_{15}\text{Cl}</math></p> <p>Do not award any other termination steps</p>	7

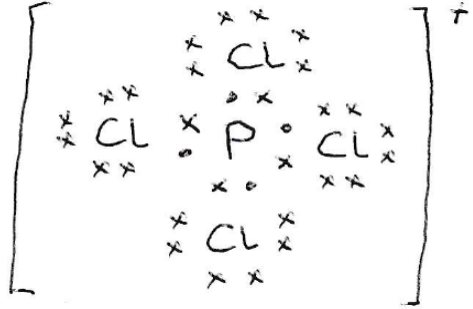
(Total for Question 21 = 15 marks)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
22(a)(i)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>axes correct and labelled with atomic radius /nm and atomic number (1)</li> <li>points plotted correctly (1)</li> </ul>	<p>Example of graph:</p>  <p>Allow y axis with 191 etc and label as pm or <math>\times 10^{-3}</math> nm  Ignore symbols on x axis  Do not award M1 if x axis scale starts at 0</p> <p>The points for Si / atomic number 14 and P / atomic number 15 do not need to be marked</p> <p>Accept graph with or without line drawn</p> <p><b>Comment</b>  If atomic radius is plotted on the x axis, allow (1) for correct graph</p>	2

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
22(a)(ii)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>value in allowed range</li> </ul>	Allow 0.112 to 0.118 (nm) Allow value written in table  Ignore any value given for phosphorus	1

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
22(a)(iii)	<p>An explanation that makes reference to the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(as the atomic number increases / across the period) the nuclear charge increases / the number of protons (in the nucleus) increases (1)</li> </ul> <p><b>Any two from:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>this is only partially offset by the increased electron (-electron) repulsion as the number of electrons in the (outer) shell increases (1)</li> <li>the electrons are all the same (quantum) shell / experience similar shielding (1)</li> <li>so there is an increase in attractive force between the nucleus and (outer) electrons (1)</li> </ul>	Allow effective nuclear charge increases          Allow the same amount of shielding Allow same number of (occupied quantum) shells Do not award electrons in the same subshell / orbital	3

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark																				
22(b)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>giant for structure of sodium chloride (1)</li> <li>metallic bonding for sodium (1)</li> <li>ionic bonding for sodium chloride (1)</li> <li>intermolecular (forces) for chlorine (1)</li> <li>Na<sup>+</sup> <b>and</b> electrons / cations <b>and</b> electrons (particles in sodium) (1)</li> <li>Na<sup>+</sup> <b>and</b> Cl<sup>-</sup> /cations <b>and</b> anions (particles in sodium chloride) (1)</li> </ul>	<p>Allow giant ionic / (giant) lattice</p> <p>Ignore metal</p> <p>Ignore ion(s) Ignore electrostatic attractions in M2 and M3</p> <p>Accept London / dispersion (forces) Allow van der Waals' (forces) Ignore weak (forces)</p> <p>Allow positive ions <b>and</b> electrons Allow sodium atoms / ions <b>and</b> electrons</p> <p>Allow positive (sodium) ion and negative (chloride / chlorine) ion Ignore just sodium ions and chloride ions Penalise incorrect charge on an ion once only e.g. Na<sup>2+</sup></p>	6																				
	<p><u>Example of table:</u></p> <table border="1"> <tr> <th>Substance</th><th>Sodium</th><th>Sodium chloride</th><th>Chlorine</th></tr> <tr> <td>Melting temperature /°C</td><td>(98)</td><td>(801)</td><td>(-101)</td></tr> <tr> <td>Type of structure</td><td>(giant)</td><td>giant</td><td>(simple molecular)</td></tr> <tr> <td>Type of bond or force broken on melting</td><td>metallic</td><td>ionic</td><td>intermolecular forces</td></tr> <tr> <td>Particles involved</td><td>Na<sup>+</sup> <b>and</b> electrons / cations <b>and</b> electrons</td><td>Na<sup>+</sup> <b>and</b> Cl<sup>-</sup> /cations <b>and</b> anions</td><td>(chlorine molecules)</td></tr> </table>		Substance	Sodium	Sodium chloride	Chlorine	Melting temperature /°C	(98)	(801)	(-101)	Type of structure	(giant)	giant	(simple molecular)	Type of bond or force broken on melting	metallic	ionic	intermolecular forces	Particles involved	Na <sup>+</sup> <b>and</b> electrons / cations <b>and</b> electrons	Na <sup>+</sup> <b>and</b> Cl <sup>-</sup> /cations <b>and</b> anions	(chlorine molecules)	
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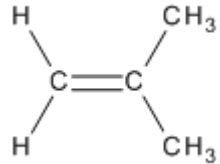
Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
22(c)(i)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>correct dot-and-cross diagram</li> </ul>	<p>Example of dot-and-cross diagram:</p>  <p>Allow any combination of dots and crosses, including all dots or all crosses</p> <p>Allow overlapping circles</p> <p>Allow electrons in bonds along the axis of the bond</p> <p>Ignore missing bracket and charge</p> <p>Ignore lines representing covalent bonds e.g. <math>\frac{x}{\cdot}</math></p>	1

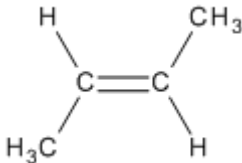
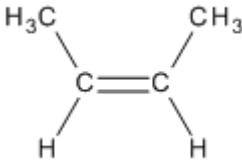


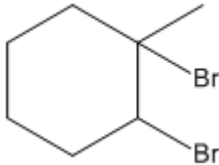
Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
22(c)(ii)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Shape – tetrahedral (1)</li> <li>Justification – (four) bonding pairs /pairs of electrons (around P) (1)</li> <li>(electron pairs) arranged to minimise repulsion (1)</li> </ul>	<p>Stand alone</p> <p>No TE on (c)(i) for shape</p> <p>Allow the number of electron pairs shown in (c)(i)</p> <p>Allow regions of electron density for electron pairs</p> <p>Ignore reference to lone pair-lone pair / lone pair-bond pair repulsion</p> <p>Allow (electron pairs) arranged for maximum separation / as far apart as possible</p> <p>Ignore electron pairs repel equally</p> <p>Penalise use of bonds for electron pairs once only in M2 and M3</p>	3

(Total for Question 22 = 16 marks)

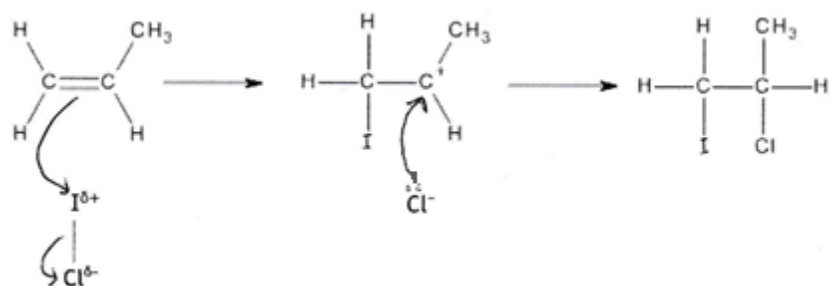
Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
23(a)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(alkene is) C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>16</sub></li> </ul>	Allow H <sub>16</sub> C <sub>8</sub> Allow large numbers e.g. C8H16 Do not award C <sup>8</sup> H <sup>16</sup>	1

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
23(b)(i)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>structure of C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>8</sub> branched alkene</li> </ul>	Example of structure:  Allow any unambiguous structure e.g. structural or displayed formula or any combination of these / skeletal formula  Ignore name even if incorrect	1

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
23(b)(ii)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>structure of one geometric isomer <b>and</b> name (1)</li> <li>structure of the other geometric isomer <b>and</b> name (1)</li> </ul>	<p>Examples of structures and names:</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <p><b>and</b> <i>trans</i>-but-2-ene / <i>E</i>-but-2-ene</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <p><b>and</b> <i>cis</i>-but-2-ene / <i>Z</i>-but-2-ene</p> <p>Allow isomers in either order</p> <p>Allow 2-butene for but-2-ene</p> <p>Allow any unambiguous structures e.g. displayed formulae or skeletal formulae</p> <p>Ignore missing hyphens</p> <p>If no other mark is scored, allow (1) for two correct structures <b>or</b> two correct names</p>	2

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
23(c)(i)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>skeletal formula of product</li> </ul>	<p>Example of skeletal formula:</p>  <p>Ignore structural / displayed formula</p>	1

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
23(c)(ii)	<p>An answer that makes reference to one of the following pairs:</p> <p><b>Either</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>steam / H<sub>2</sub>O(g) (1)</li> <li>phosphoric(V) acid (catalyst) / H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> (1)</li> </ul> <p><b>Or</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(concentrated) sulfuric acid / H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> (1)</li> <li><b>followed by</b> water / H<sub>2</sub>O (1)</li> </ul>	<p>Allow reagent and condition written on either dotted line for the steam and phosphoric acid answer</p> <p>Allow water / H<sub>2</sub>O <b>and</b> heat / any temperature above 100°C Ignore pressure</p> <p>If oxidation number is given, it must be correct Allow just 'acid catalyst' Ignore hydrochloric acid / just 'H<sup>+</sup>'</p> <p>Ignore specified temperature / heat / reflux</p> <p>Do not award H<sub>2</sub>O(g)</p>	2

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
23(d)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>curly arrow from C=C bond to / towards <math>I^{\delta+}</math> <b>and</b> curly arrow from I-Cl bond to, or just beyond Cl (1)</li> <li>intermediate (1)</li> <li>lone pair on <math>Cl^-</math> <b>and</b> curly arrow from lone pair to carbon with positive charge (1)</li> <li>structure of major product (1)</li> </ul>	<p>Example of mechanism:</p>  <p>Do not award <math>\delta+</math> charge on intermediate</p> <p>Do not award <math>\delta-</math> charge on chloride ion</p> <p>Allow curly arrow from lone pair to positive charge</p> <p><b>Note</b> Mechanism for the formation of the minor product can score M1, M3 and M4</p>	4

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
23(e)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>pent-2-ene</li> </ul>	<p>Allow 2-pentene</p> <p>Ignore <i>E</i> / <i>Z</i> / <i>cis</i> / <i>trans</i></p> <p>Do not award just 'pentene'</p>	1

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
23(f)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>conversion of volume to m<sup>3</sup></li> <li>rearrangement of ideal gas equation</li> <li>evaluation to give n</li> <li>deduction of number of double bonds</li> </ul>	<p>(1) Example of calculation: volume of H<sub>2</sub> = <math>\frac{600}{1 \times 10^6} = 6 \times 10^{-4} / 0.0006 \text{ m}^3</math></p> <p>(1) <math>n = \frac{pV}{RT}</math> <b>or</b> <math>n = \frac{1.24 \times 10^5 \times 6 \times 10^{-4}}{8.31 \times 298}</math></p> <p>TE on volume</p> <p>(1) <math>n = 0.03004 / 0.0300 / 0.030 / 0.03</math> TE on volume</p> <p>(1) ratio alkene : H<sub>2</sub> = 0.01 : 0.03 / 1 : 3 <b>and</b> so there are 3 double bonds</p> <p>TE on volume</p> <p>Final answer with no working scores (1)</p> <p>Ignore SF including 1SF</p>	4

(Total for Question 23 = 16 marks)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance			Mark
24(a)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>all three numbers correct</li></ul>	Example of table:			1
		Number of protons	Number of neutrons	Number of electrons	
		26	30	24	

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
24(b)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>expression to calculate relative atomic mass</li> <li>correct answer to 3SF</li> </ul>	<p>(1) <math display="block">\frac{(54 \times 5.84) + (56 \times 91.68) + (57 \times 2.17) + (58 \times 0.31)}{100}</math></p> <p>(1) Relative atomic mass (= 55.911) = 55.9 TE on incorrect numbers in correct expression</p> <p>Ignore units of <math>\text{g mol}^{-1}</math> or <math>\text{g mol}^{-}</math> Do not award other incorrect units e.g. g or %</p> <p>Correct answer with some working scores (2)</p>	2

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
24(c)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ionic equation</li> <li>all state symbols</li> </ul>	<p>Example of equation:</p> $\text{Mg(s)} + \text{Fe}^{2+}(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{Fe(s)} + \text{Mg}^{2+}(\text{aq})$ <p>Allow multiples</p> <p>(1) State symbols conditional on correct equation</p> <p>Allow state symbols if equation includes correct metals combined with ions with incorrect charges e.g.</p> $3\text{Mg(s)} + 2\text{Fe}^{3+}(\text{aq}) \rightarrow 2\text{Fe(s)} + 3\text{Mg}^{2+}(\text{aq})$ <p>Or</p> $2\text{Mg(s)} + \text{Fe}^{2+}(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{Fe(s)} + 2\text{Mg}^{+}(\text{aq})$ <p>Allow state symbols for balanced non-ionic equation</p> $\text{Mg(s)} + \text{FeSO}_4 \rightarrow \text{Fe(s)} + \text{MgSO}_4(\text{aq})$ <p>or multiples</p>	2



Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark																								
24(d)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>calculation of mass of oxygen <b>and</b> working to find mol</li><li>calculation of mol of Fe, S and O</li><li>calculation of simplest whole number ratio <b>and</b> deduction of empirical formula</li></ul>	<p>Example of calculation: mass of oxygen = 25.00 – 6.98 – 6.03 = 11.99 (g)</p> <table><tr><td></td><td>Fe</td><td>:</td><td>S</td><td>:</td><td>O</td></tr><tr><td>mol</td><td><math>\frac{6.98}{55.8}</math></td><td>:</td><td><math>\frac{6.03}{32.1}</math></td><td>:</td><td><math>\frac{11.99}{16.0}</math></td></tr></table> <p>= 0.12509 : 0.18785 : 0.74938 Ignore SF except 1 SF in M2</p> <table><tr><td>ratio</td><td>1</td><td>:</td><td>1.5</td><td>:</td><td>6</td></tr><tr><td>=</td><td>2</td><td>:</td><td>3</td><td>:</td><td>12</td></tr></table> <p><b>and</b> empirical formula is Fe<sub>2</sub>S<sub>3</sub>O<sub>12</sub> TE on mol Fe, S and O</p> <p>Allow symbols in any order</p> <p>Correct empirical formula with no working scores (3)</p> <p>Penalise incorrect rounding / truncation of numbers once only in M2 e.g. 0.12 / 0.18 / 0.74</p> <p><b>Note</b> Allow (3) for correct working with Fe<sub>2</sub>(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3</sub> but Fe<sub>2</sub>(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3</sub> with no working scores (0)</p>		Fe	:	S	:	O	mol	$\frac{6.98}{55.8}$	:	$\frac{6.03}{32.1}$	:	$\frac{11.99}{16.0}$	ratio	1	:	1.5	:	6	=	2	:	3	:	12	3
	Fe	:	S	:	O																						
mol	$\frac{6.98}{55.8}$	:	$\frac{6.03}{32.1}$	:	$\frac{11.99}{16.0}$																						
ratio	1	:	1.5	:	6																						
=	2	:	3	:	12																						

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
24(e)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>calculation of mol of iron(III) oxide</li> <li>calculation of mol of sulfur dioxide and mol of sulfur trioxide</li> <li>calculation of mass and mol of H<sub>2</sub>O</li> <li>calculation of value of x</li> <li>balanced equation</li> </ul>	<p>Example of calculation:</p> $\text{mol Fe}_2\text{O}_3 = \frac{2.00}{159.6} = 0.012531 / 1.2531 \times 10^{-2}$ $\text{mol SO}_2 = \frac{0.80}{64.1} = 0.0124805 / 1.24805 \times 10^{-2}$ <p><b>and</b></p> $\text{mol SO}_3 = \frac{1.00}{80.1} = 0.012484 / 1.2484 \times 10^{-2}$ $\text{mass of H}_2\text{O} = 6.95 - (2.00 + 0.80 + 1.00) = 3.15 \text{ (g)}$ <p><b>and</b></p> $\text{mol of H}_2\text{O} = \frac{3.15}{18} = 0.175 \text{ (mol)}$ <p>Ratio SO<sub>2</sub> : SO<sub>3</sub> : H<sub>2</sub>O = 1 : 1 : 14          There must be 2FeSO<sub>4</sub> to produce SO<sub>2</sub> and SO<sub>3</sub>          So x = 7          TE on M1, M2, and M3          This mark may be awarded in M5</p> <p>Example of equation:  <math>2\text{FeSO}_4 \cdot 7\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow \text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3 + \text{SO}_2 + \text{SO}_3 + 14\text{H}_2\text{O}</math>          Stand alone mark</p> <p>Allow multiples          Allow fractions for numbers of moles          TE on value of x in M4 provided equation is balanced          Ignore state symbols even if incorrect          See next page for alternative methods          Alternative methods for M3 and M4:</p>	5

	<p><b>Method 1</b> mol FeSO<sub>4</sub> = 2 x 1.2531 x 10<sup>-2</sup> = 0.025062 (1) M<sub>r</sub> of hydrate = 6.95 / 0.025062 = 277.305 <b>and</b> mass of water = 265.34 – 151.9 = 125.405 (g) <b>and</b> mol water = 125.405/18 = 6.9669 = 7 (1)</p> <p><b>Method 2</b> mass of water = 6.95 – (2.00 + 0.80 + 1.00) = 3.15 (g) <b>and</b> mass of FeSO<sub>4</sub> = 3.8(0) (g) (1)</p> <table><tr><td></td><td>FeSO<sub>4</sub></td><td>H<sub>2</sub>O</td></tr><tr><td>mol FeSO<sub>4</sub> and water</td><td><u>3.80</u></td><td><u>3.15</u></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>151.9</td><td>18</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>= 0.025</td><td>0.175</td></tr><tr><td>simplest ratio</td><td>1</td><td>7 (1)</td></tr></table>		FeSO <sub>4</sub>	H <sub>2</sub> O	mol FeSO <sub>4</sub> and water	<u>3.80</u>	<u>3.15</u>		151.9	18		= 0.025	0.175	simplest ratio	1	7 (1)	
	FeSO <sub>4</sub>	H <sub>2</sub> O															
mol FeSO <sub>4</sub> and water	<u>3.80</u>	<u>3.15</u>															
	151.9	18															
	= 0.025	0.175															
simplest ratio	1	7 (1)															

(Total for Question 24 = 13 marks)