Figure 2.2: Sysmon Event Schema Transformation

JSONL (Nested XML) → CSV (Flat Normalized Schema)

XML Parsing

Field Extraction

BEFORE: Raw JSONL

```
"@timestamp": "2025-05-24T23:19:21.858Z",
"event": {
  "code": "11",
 "provider": "Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon"
"winlog": {
  "event data": {
   "RuleName": "-"
   "UtcTime": "2025-05-24 23:19:21.858",
    "ProcessGuid": "{12abc...}",
   "ProcessId": "4892",
   "Image": "C:\\Windows\\sandcat.exe",
    "TargetFilename": "C:\\Users\\...",
    "User": "NT AUTHORITY\\SYSTEM"
  "computer name": "victim.local"
"message": "<Event xmlns=...
 <EventData>
   <Data Name='ProcessGuid'>{12abc...}
 </EventData>
</Event>"
```

Nested JSON + Embedded XML

AFTER: Normalized CSV

EventID,TimeCreated,Computer,ProcessGuid,ProcessId,Image,... 11,2025-05-24T23:19:21.858,victim.local,{12abc...},4892,... 1,2025-05-24T23:19:22.029,victim.local,{45def...},5102,... 3,2025-05-24T23:19:23.145,victim.local,{45def...},5102,... 11,2025-05-24T23:19:24.287,victim.local,{67ghi...},5234,...

Standard Columns (Normalized):

- EventID: Sysmon event type (1-26)
- TimeCreated: ISO timestamp
- · Computer: Hostname
- · ProcessId, ProcessGuid: Process identifiers
- Image: Executable path
- CommandLine: Process arguments
- · User: Security context
- TargetFilename: File operations
- DestinationIp, DestinationPort: Network
- ParentProcessId, ParentProcessGuid
- ... (40+ standardized fields)

Flat Tabular Structure (ML-Ready)

- Consistent schema across all APT runs
- ☐ Efficient pandas DataFrame operations
- ☐ Direct CSV import to ML frameworks
- □ ~60% file size reduction vs. JSONL