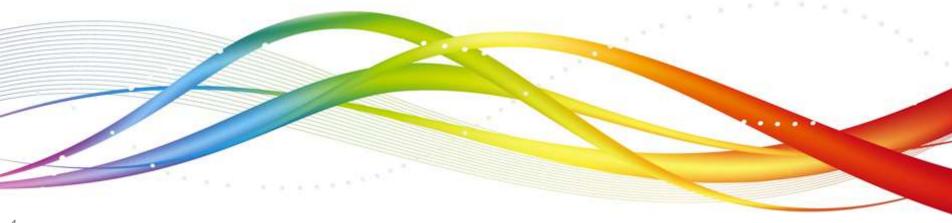


How AJAX Works!



Agenda



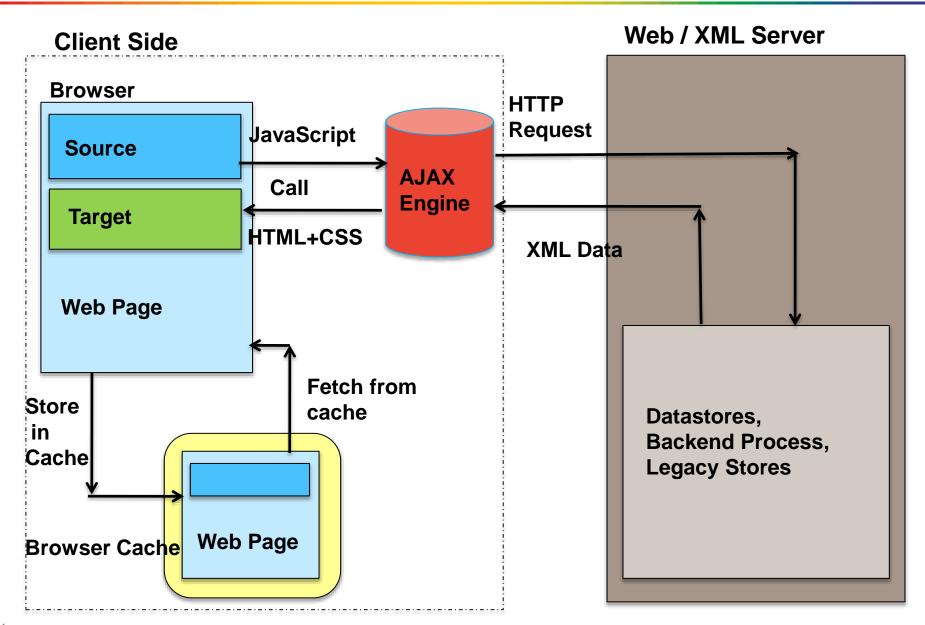
How Ajax Works!

Objectives

At the end of this module, you will be able to:

- Get to know how Ajax works
- Implement different Properties
- Send request to the server

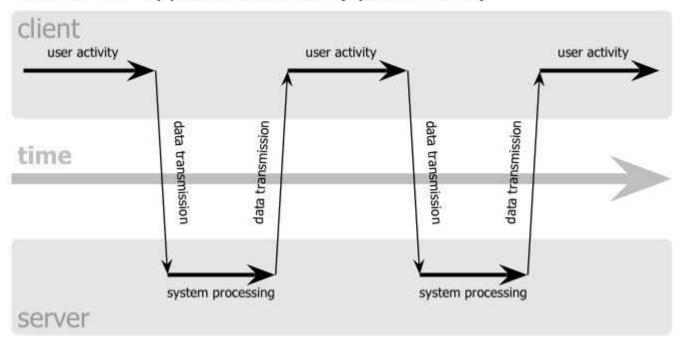
AJAX – How it works



Classic Web Application Model

Synchronous

classic web application model (synchronous)

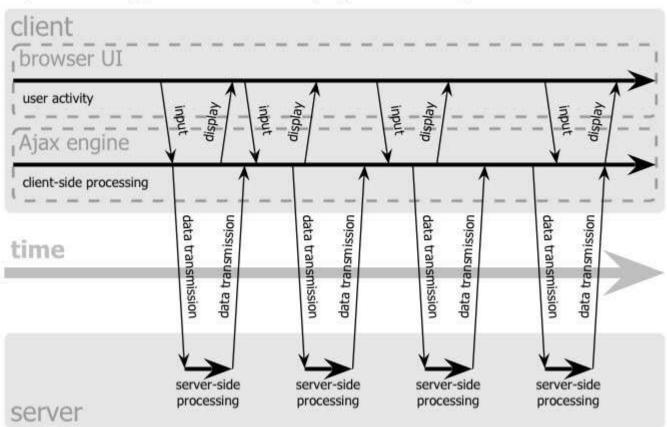


Source: James Garrett / adaptivepath.com

AJAX Web Application Model

Asynchronous

Ajax web application model (asynchronous)



AJAX and HTTP requests

Contrary to the traditional JavaScript working,

- With AJAX, your JavaScript communicates directly with the server, through the JavaScript XMLHttpRequest object.
- With an HTTP request, a web page can make a request to, and get a response from a web server - without reloading the page.
- The user will stay on the same page, and he or she will not notice that scripts request pages, or send data to a server in the background.

The XMLHttpRequest Object

- The main element of AJAX is the XMLHttpRequest Object.
- By using the XMLHttpRequest object, a web developer can update a page with data from the server after the page has loaded.
- The **XMLHttpRequest** Object is supported in various browsers like Internet Explorer 5.0+, Safari 1.2, Mozilla 1.0/Firefox, Opera 8+ and Netscape 7.
- Different browsers use different methods to create the XMLHttpRequest Object

(Internet Explorer uses an *ActiveXObject*, while other browsers uses the built-in JavaScript object called *XMLHttpRequest*.

Example:

```
var xmlHttp;
xmlHttp=new XMLHttpRequest(); //firefox, safari, opera 8.0+
xmlHttp=new ActiveXObject("Msxml2.XMLHTTP"); //IE 6.0+
xmlHttp=new ActiveXObject("Microsoft.XMLHTTP"); //IE 5.5+
```

The onreadystatechange Property

- Once a request is made to the server, the function receives the data returned by the server
- The *onreadystatechange property* stores the function that will process the response from a server
- The function that is stored in the onreadystatechange property is a function that is stored in the property to be called automatically

Example:

```
xmlHttp.onreadystatechange=function() {
    //some code for handling server response}
```

The onreadystatechange property stores an empty function inside it

The readyState Property

- The readyState property holds the status of the server's response.
- The onreadystatechange function will be executed, when each time the readyState changes
- The possible values for the readyState property:

State	Description
0	Request not initialized
1	Request has been set up / Connection Established
2	Request sent / request received by server
3	Request under process / response is in process
4	Request completed / Server ready to generate response

The responseText Property

 The data sent back from the server can be retrieved with the responseText property.

Example:

```
xmlHttp.onreadystatechange=function()
{
    if (xmlHttp.readyState==4)
    {
        document.myFormname.myTextboxname.value=xml
        Http.responseText;
    }
}
```

Sending a request to the server

- To send a request to the server, we use the open() and the send()
 methods
- The open() method:

The open() method takes three arguments.

- 1. The first argument defines which **method to use** when sending the request (GET or POST)
- 2. The second argument specifies the **URL of the server-side script**
- 3. The third argument takes a boolean which specifies that the **request** should be handled asynchronously
- The send() method sends the request off to the server.

Example:

```
xmlHttp.open("GET", "server-side-component.jsp", true); xmlHttp.send(null);
```

Summary

In this module, you were able to:

- Get to know how Ajax works
- Implement different Properties
- Send request to the server

References

- w3schools.com (2012). AJAX Introduction. Retrieved April 30, 2012, from, http://www.w3schools.com/ajax/default.asp
- Greg Murray (2005). Asynchronous JavaScript Technology and XML(Ajax) With the Java Platform. Retrieved April 30, 2012, from, http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/articles/javaee/ajax-135201.html
- Adaptive path (2012). Ajax: A New Approach to Web Applications.
 Retrieved May 2, 2012, from, http://www.adaptivepath.com/ideas/ajax-new-approach-web-applications



Thank You

