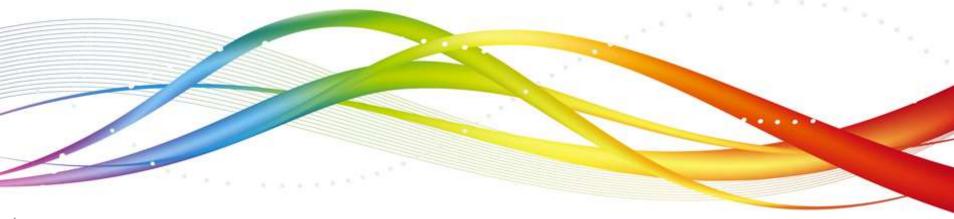


Servlets

Introduction



Agenda

1 Introduction to Servlets

Deploying a Simple Servlet

Servlet Life Cycle

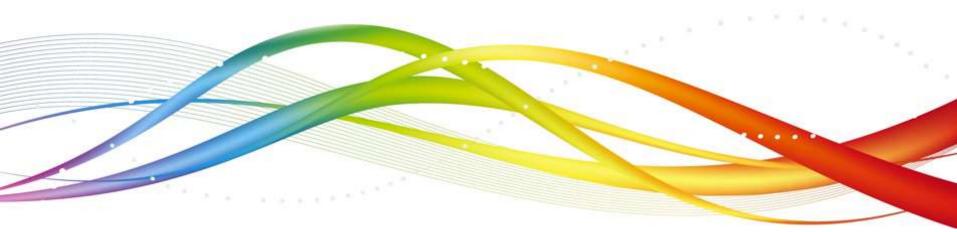
Objectives

At the end of this module, you will be able to:

- Describe the role of HTTP Servlet in Web Programming
- Describe and use the Servlet Life Cycle methods appropriately

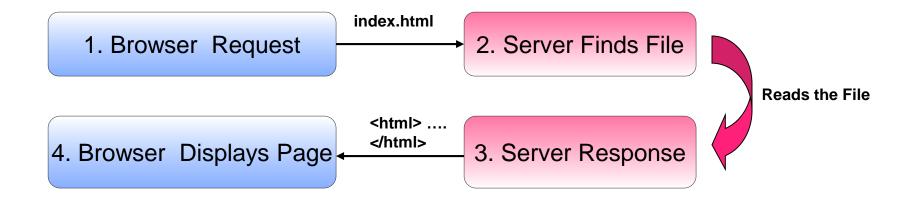


Introduction to Servlets



Server-side Programming

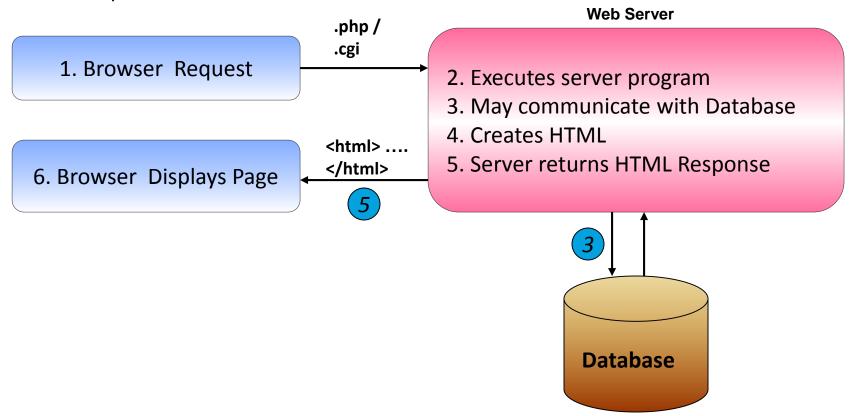
 Static HTTP transaction - Browser requests for index.html, and Server responds with HTML file



HTTP (Hyper Text Transport Protocol) is the protocol that clients and servers use on the web to communicate

Server-side Programming (Contd.).

 Dynamic HTTP transaction - Browser requests OrderServlet.class, server runs program that creates HTML, server returns HTML to browser

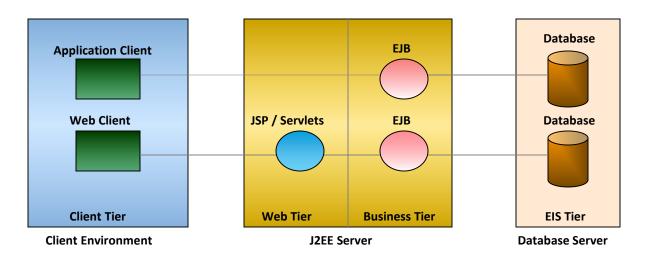


Web Server

- A computer having server software installed within it which serves up web pages
- A program that uses client/ server model and World Wide Web's Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP)
- Responsible for accepting HTTP requests from clients (web browsers) and serving HTTP responses which are web pages such as HTML documents
- Popular web servers
 - Apache HTTP Server (Apache)
 - Microsoft Internet Information Server (IIS)
 - Sun Java System Web Server

Java server-side web components

- A web component is a software entity that runs on a web server
 - Provides it with the capabilities needed for dynamically handling client requests and generating web presentation content
- The J2EE specification defines two types of web components
 - Servlets
 - Java Server Pages(JSPs)



J2EE Application N-Tiered Architecture

What are Servlets?

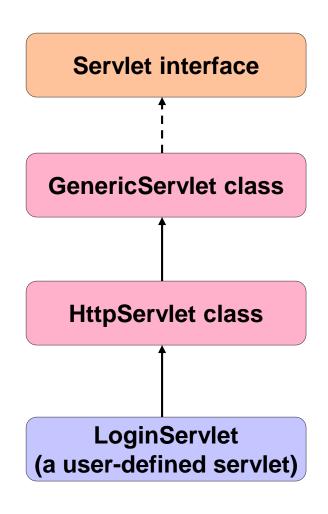
- A Java class that runs on a web server and dynamically handles client requests
- It extends the functionality of a web server by receiving client requests and dynamically generating a response
- Since servlets are Java-based, they are platform independent

Uses of Servlets

- Processing and/or storing data submitted by an HTML form
 - Example: Processing data of a login form
- Providing dynamic content
 - Example: Returning results of a database query to the client
- Managing state information on top of the stateless HTTP
 - Example: For an online shopping cart system which manages shopping carts for many concurrent customers and maps every request to the right customer

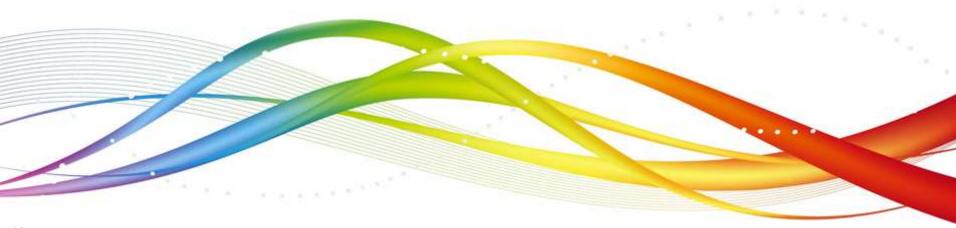
Servlet Architecture Overview

- Java Servlet API are in packages javax.servlet and javax.servlet.http
 - Provide interfaces and classes for writing servlets
- All servlets must implement Servlet interface
 - Defines life-cycle methods
- Extend GenericServlet class
 - To implement generic services
- Extend HttpServlet class
 - To implement HTTP-specific services

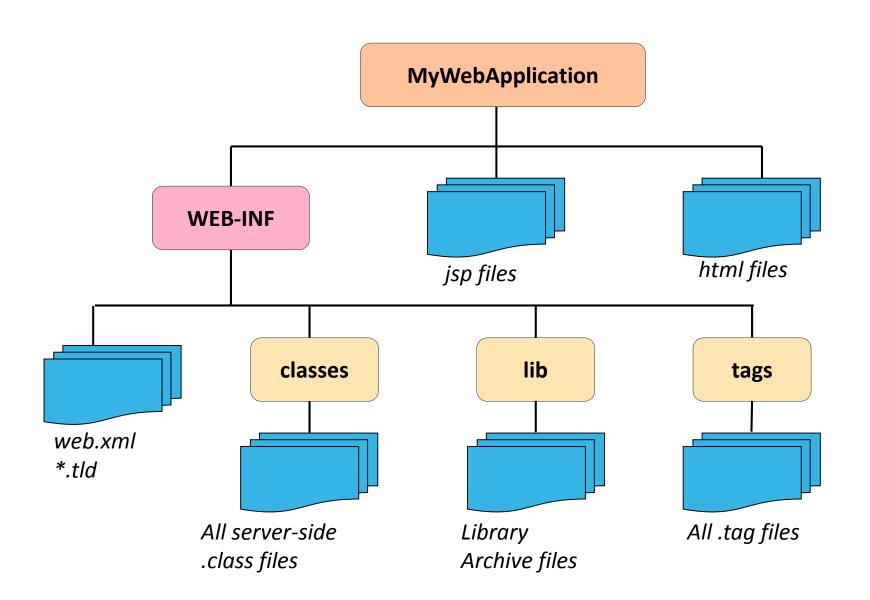




Deploying a Simple Servlet



Directory Structure of a Web application



Demo for a Simple Servlet

 A simple HTTP Servlet that displays a Welcome message on the web page



- Files required:
 - WelcomeServlet.java
 - web.xml

Demo for a Simple Servlet (Contd.).

An HTTP Servlet that displays a Welcome message

```
import java.io.*;
import javax.servlet.*;
import javax.servlet.http.*;
public class WelcomeServlet extends HttpServlet {
  public void doGet(HttpServletRequest reg,HttpServletResponse res)
           throws ServletException, IOException {
     res.setContentType("text/html"); // set header field first
     PrintWriter pw = res.getWriter(); // then get writer & write response data
     pw.println("<HTML>");
     pw.println("<HEAD><TITLE>Welcome</TITLE></HEAD>");
     pw.println("<BODY>");
     pw.println("<H3>" + "Welcome to Java Servlet Technology!!" + "</H3>");
     pw.println("</BODY>");
     pw.println("</HTML>");
     pw.close(); //closes the writer
```

The Web Deployment Descriptor – web.xml

- An XML file web.xml is a deployment descriptor that describes
 - mapping from URIs to application resources
 - initialization parameters
 - security constraints
 - registration of listeners and filters
- Example: web.xml

Web Container

Web components and their container run on J2EE server

- Provides execution environment for servlets and JSPs of a web application
- Manages execution of JSP and servlet components for J2EE applications

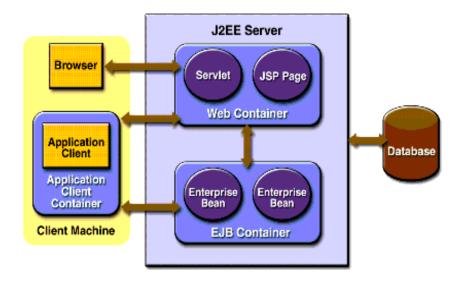


Fig: J2EE Server and Container Types

Role of a Web Container

- Communication Support
 - Provides an easy way for servlets to talk to web server
- Lifecycle Management
 - Controls lifecycle of servlets
- Multithreading Support
 - Automatically creates a new Java thread for every servlet request it receives
- Declarative Security
 - Enables to configure security in an XML deployment descriptor thereby avoiding hard-coding it in servlet or any other class code
- JSP Support
 - Does JSP processing

How web container handles Servlet requests

- Container creates 2 objects on receiving a request for a servlet: HttpServletRequest and HttpServletResponse
- Finds right servlet based on URL in the request
- Creates a thread for that request
- Passes request and response objects to the servlet thread
- Calls servlet's service() method
 - The service() method in turn calls doGet or doPost based on type of request (Assume request was an HTTP GET)
 - The doGet method generates dynamic page and captures it in response object
- Converts response object into an HTTP response on completion of thread
- Sends this response to the client
- Finally deletes the request and response objects

Knowledge Checkpoint

1. Suppose you are a web developer working for an Online Movie Service. You want to use a servlet called MovieServlet so that clients can access the latest film shows for the day in a particular city from your movie database. Determine the correct sequence of following steps carried out by MovieServlet when processing a request from a client

Sl.No	Description
I	Check information included in the Http request
2	Access any necessary business components or data storage
3	Set the appropriate Http response parameters
4	Read data submitted by the client
5	Send the response to the client
6	Format the results in a response

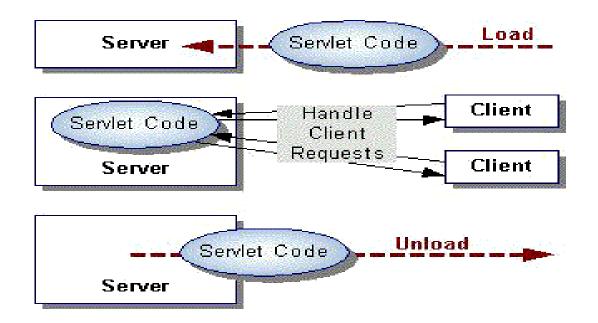


Servlet Life Cycle



Life Cycle of a Servlet

 An HTTP servlet's life cycle is controlled by the web container where it is deployed



Source: http://www.iam.ubc.ca/guides/javatut99/servlets/lifecycle/index.html

Servlet interface

- Provides methods that manage the servlet and its communications with clients
 - init(ServletConfig)
 Initializes the servlet. Runs once before any requests can be serviced
 - service(ServletRequest, ServletResponse)
 Processes a single request from the client
 - destroy()
 This method releases all the resources
 - getServletConfig()
 Returns a servlet config object and this object contains any initialization parameters and startup configuration information for this servlet
 - getServletInfo()
 Returns a string containing information about the servlet, such as its author, version, and copyright

Lifecycle Methods

- Interaction between a web server, a servlet, and a client is controlled using the life-cycle methods
- A servlet's life cycle methods are
 - init()
 - service()
 - destroy()
- The init() and destroy() methods will be called only once during the life time of your Servlet
- The service() and it's broken down methods (doGet(), doPost() etc) will be called as many times as requests are received for them by the web container

Initializing a servlet

- Web container initializes servlet after web container loads and instantiates servlet class and before it delivers requests from clients
- The init method is invoked only once during servlet's lifetime when servlet is first created
- Override init method of Servlet interface if you want the servlet to
 - Read persistent configuration data
 - Initialize resources
 - Perform any other one-time activities
- Two versions of init method one that takes no arguments and one that takes a ServletConfig object as an argument
 - init() use this when your servlet does not need any specific initialization
 - init(ServletConfig) use this when your servlet needs to check specific settings before completing initialization

Servicing client requests

- Once servlet is loaded and initialized, the servlet is able to handle client requests
- Web container processes the requests in servlet's service method
- Every time the server receives an incoming request for a servlet, it generates a new thread and calls the service method
- The service method then checks the HTTP request type and calls the appropriate doXXX method
- Syntax: public void service(ServletRequest req, ServletResponse res)
- Role of service method
 - To extract information from the request
 - Access external resources
 - Populate the response based on that information

Destroying a Servlet

- Server may unload a servlet instance
 - If the servlet has been idle for some time (default is 30 minutes) or
 - If the web application is undeployed or
 - If server shuts down
- Before it removes the servlet, it calls destroy method only once
- Before servlets get destroyed, this method helps in
 - Cleanup operations such as closing database connections
 - Halting background threads
 - Releasing other resources such as IO streams
- Syntax: public void destroy()

Summary

In this module, you were able to:

- Describe the role of HTTP Servlet in Web Programming
- Describe and use the Servlet Life Cycle methods appropriately

Quiz

- The doGet() or doPost() method of a Servlet are invoked by ------
 - init() method
 - 2. service() method
 - 3. destroy() method
- -----is the deployment descriptor file for Servlets
 - servlet-config.xml
 - 2. web.xml
 - 3. struts-config.xml

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Thank You

