

Decipherment

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includes joint work with:

S. Ravi (USC/ISI, now Google), Q. Dou, K. Yamada (USC/ISI)

B. Megyesi, C. Schaefer (Uppsala Univ.)

R. Barzilay, B. Snyder (MIT)

S. Reddy (Univ. Chicago, now Dartmouth)

ACL Tutorial

August 2013

Why Decipherment?

- It's fun and cool
 - ancient languages
 - secret societies
- Breaking codes was the first application of NLP
- Intellectual root of NLP
 - language models, log-odds ratios, smoothing
 - ASR and MT use "decoders"
- View foreign language as a code for English

Decipherment Papers by ACL-ers

- "Unsupervised Analysis for Decipherment Problems," (K. Knight, A. Nair, N. Rathod, and K. Yamada), Proc. ACL-COLING, 2006. (Rejected four times previously, but OK!)
- "Attacking Decipherment Problems Optimally with Low-Order N-gram Models." (S. Rayi and K. Knight). Cryptologia, 2009.
- "Probabilistic Methods for a Japanese Syllable Cipher," (S. Ravi and K. Knight), Proc. ICCPOL, 2009.
- "A Statistical Model for Lost Language Decipherment," (B. Snyder, R. Barzilay, and K. Knight), Proc. ACL, 2010.
- "An Exact A* Method for Deciphering Letter-Substitution Ciphers," (E. Corlett and G. Penn), Proc. ACL, 2010.
- "Deciphering Foreign Language," (S. Ravi and K. Knight), Proc. ACL, 2011.
- "The Copiale Cipher," (K. Knight, B. Megyesi, and C. Schaefer), Proc. ACL BUCC, 2011.
- "Bayesian Inference for Zodiac and Other Homophonic Ciphers," (S. Ravi and K. Knight), Proc. ACL, 2011.
- "What We Know About the Voynich Manuscript," (S. Reddy and K. Knight), Proc. ACL LaTECH, 2011.
- "Simple Effective Decipherment via Combinatorial Optimization," (T. Berg-Kirkpatrick and D. Klein), Proc. EMNLP, 2011.
- "Decoding Running Key Ciphers," (S. Reddy and K. Knight), Proc. ACL, 2012.
- · "Large Scale Decipherment for Out-of-Domain Machine Translation," (Q. Dou and K. Knight), Proc. EMNLP, 2012.
- "Deciphering Foreign Language by Combining Language Models and Context Vectors," (M. Nuhn, A. Mauser, and H. Ney), Proc. ACL, 2012.
- "Decipherment Complexity in 1:1 Substitution Ciphers," (M. Nuhn, and H. Ney), Proc. ACL, 2013.
- "Beam Search for Solving Substitution Ciphers," (M. Nuhn, J. Schamper, and H. Ney), Proc. ACL, 2013.
- "Scalable decipherment for machine translation via hash sampling," (S. Ravi), Proc. ACL, 2013.
- "Unsupervised Consonant-Vowel Prediction over Hundreds of Languages," (Y. Kim and B. Snyder), Proc. ACL, 2013.

Outline

•	Classical	l military/	dip	lomatic cip	hers	(15 mins	;)
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Foreign language as a code (10 mins)

Automatic decipherment (55 mins)

• Break (30 mins)

• Unsolved ciphers (40 mins)

Writing as a code for speech (20 mins)

Undeciphered writing systems (15 mins)

• Conclusions (15 mins)

Classical military/diplomatic ciphers

Letter Substitution Cipher

• Encipherment key:

PLAIN: ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ CIPHER: PLOKMIJNUHBYGVTFCRDXESZAQW

Plaintext: HELLO KITTY ...Ciphertext: NMYYT BUXXQ ...

- Key itself doesn't change: "simple substitution"
- What key, if applied to the ciphertext, would yield sensible plaintext?

KDCY LQZKTLJKX CY MDBCYJQL: "TR

HYD FKXC, FQ MKX RLQQIQ HYDL

MKL DXCTW RDCDLQ JQMNKXTMB

PTBMYEQL K FKH CY LQZKTL TC."

e.a .a .е KDCY LQZKTLJKX CY MDBCYJQL: "TR . .a .e a .ee.e . HYD FKXC, FQ MKX RLQQIQ HYDL а . . e .e .a MKL DXCTW RDCDLQ JQMNKXTMB .e a .a. e.a P 1 . PTBMYEQL K FKH CY LQZKTL TC." T 7 ### V W 1 . didn't create "ae" X 5 Y 7 #### V z 2 .

```
e.ao .a
                        .е
                               0.
KDCY LQZKTLJKX CY MDBCYJQL: "TR
    . а
       .e a .ee.e .
HYD FKXC, FQ MKX RLQQIQ HYDL
       o. . e .e .a o
 а
                                   K 10 ##### V
MKL DXCTW RDCDLQ JQMNKXTMB
     .e a .a. e.ao o
. 0
                                  Q 10 ######## V
PTBMYEQL K FKH CY LQZKTL TC."
                                   T 7 ### V
                                   W 1
      don't like "ao" – back up!
                                   Y 7 #### V
```

```
a o e.a .a o o.e
KDCY LQZKTLJKX CY MDBCYJQL: "TR
. 0
   . а
      .e a .ee.e .o
HYD FKXC, FQ MKX RLQQIQ HYDL
а
       . . e .e .a
MKL DXCTW RDCDLQ JQMNKXTMB
   o.e a .a. o e.a
                                P 1
PTBMYEQL K FKH CY LQZKTL TC."
                                T 7 ### V
                                W 1 .
                                X 5
                                Y 6 #### V
                                z 2 .
```

```
f
a o re.a r.a o o.e
KDCY LQZKTLJKX CY MDBCYJQL: "TR
           .e a
                   freeze .o r
. 0
    . a
                                     E 1
HYD FKXC, FQ MKX RLQQIQ HYDL
       . f
               re .e .a
 ar
                                     K 10 ##### V
MKL DXCTW RDCDLQ JQMNKXTMB
                                     L 10 ##
                                     M 6 #
    o.er a .a. o re.a r
                                    Q 10 ######## V
PTBMYEQL K FKH CY LQZKTL TC."
                                    R 3 .
                                     T 7 ### V
                                     W 1 .
                                     Y 6 #### V
                                     z 2 .
```

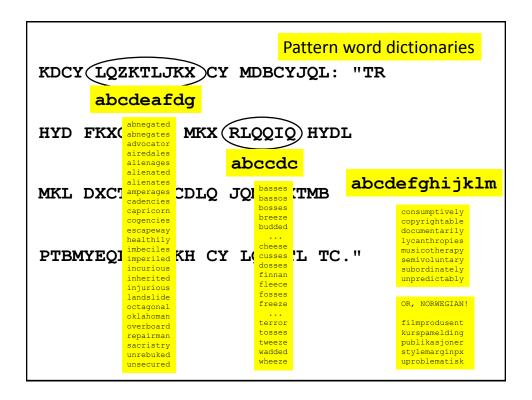
```
f
a o re.a r.a o
                           o.e
KDCY LQZKTLJKX CY MDBCYJQL: "TR
                                           D 7 #
        .e a freeze .o r
. 0
     . а
HYD FKXC, FQ MKX RLQQIQ HYDL
                                          H 3
         . f re .e .a
 ar
                                           J 3
                                          K 10 ##### V
                                          L 10 ##
MKL DXCTW RDCDLQ JQMNKXTMB
                                          N 1
     o.er a .a. o re.a r
                                          P 1 .
                                          Q 10 ######## V
PTBMYEQL K FKH CY LQZKTL TC."
                                          R 3 .
                                           T 7 ### V
  frequent cipher letters: \emptyset \ X \ X \ C \ D \ T \ M \ X
  frequent English letters: & t & & n i & s h
                                          W 1 .
                                          X 5
                                          Y 6 #### V
                                           z 2 .
```

```
a no re.air.a no no.e
                                      if
KDCY LOZKTLJKX CY MDBCYJOL: "TR
                                           C 8
                      freeze .o r
     .a n
             .e a
                                           E 1
HYD FKXC, FQ MKX RLQQIQ HYDL
       ni. f n re .e .a i
 ar
                                           K 10 ##### V
MKL DXCTW RDCDLQ JQMNKXTMB
                                           L 10 ##
                                           M 6 #
     o.er a .a. no re.air in
.i
                                           Q 10 ######## V
PTBMYEQL K FKH CY LQZKTL TC."
                                           R 3 .
                                           T 7 ### V
  frequent cipher letters: \not \not \not \not \not x C D T M \not X
  frequent English letters: & t & & n i & s h
                                           W 1
                                           Y 6 #### V
                                           z 2 .
```

```
a to re.air.a to to.e
                                if
KDCY LQZKTLJKX CY MDBCYJQL: "TR
                                     D 7 #
    .at .e a
                   freeze .o r
. 0
                                     F 3
HYD FKXC, FQ MKX RLQQIQ HYDL
                                     H 3
      ti. f t re .e .a i
 ar
                                     J 3
                                     K 10 ##### V
                                     L 10 ##
MKL DXCTW RDCDLQ JQMNKXTMB
                                    N 1
    o.er a .a. to re.air it
.i
                                    P 1
                                    Q 10 ####### V
PTBMYEQL K FKH CY LQZKTL TC."
                                    R 3 .
                                     T 7 ### V
  frequent English letters: & & & & a n i k s h
                                     W 1 .
                                     X 5
                                     Y 6 #### V
                                     Z 2
```

```
a to repair.a to to.e
                                       if
KDCY LQZKTLJKX CY MDBCYJQL: "TR
                       freeze .o r
     .a t
             .e a
                                            E 1
HYD FKXC, FQ MKX RLQQIQ HYDL
        ti. f t re .e .a i
 ar
                                            K 10 ##### V
MKL DXCTW RDCDLQ JQMNKXTMB
                                            L 10 ##
                                            M 6 #
     o.er a .a. to repair it
                                           Q 10 ######## V
PTBMYEQL K FKH CY LQZKTL TC."
                                            T 7 ### V
  frequent cipher letters: \cancel{Q} \not x \not x \not x D \not x M \not x X
  frequent English letters: & & & & a n i k s h
                                            W 1 .
                                            Y 6 #### V
                                            z 2 .
```

auto repairman to customer: KDCY LQZKTLJKX CY MDBCYJQL: "TR D 7 # you wait we can freeze your HYD FKXC, FQ MKX RLQQIQ HYDL H 3 car until future mechanics J 3 K 10 ##### V MKL DXCTW RDCDLQ JQMNKXTMB L 10 ## N 1 discover a way to repair it P 1 . PTBMYEQL K FKH CY LQZKTL TC." R 3 . T 7 ### V W 1 . X 5 Y 6 #### V z 2 .



Fundamental Questions

- How much English does a system need to know to break a cipher?
- How long does the cipher need to be, to admit a unique solution?
- How much computational effort is required to decipher?

and...

How to Make Things Harder?

or perhaps:

 $G = \ddot{y}$.

A=8ilyr

E= x f A + f î * 3

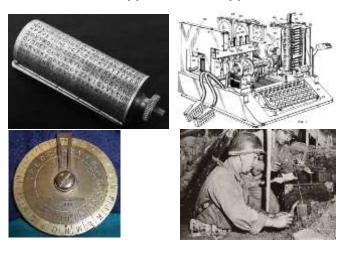
- Homophonic cipher
 - ciphertext values from 00 to 99
 - A → 02, 14, 16, 22, 49, 51, 58, 90
 - B → 04, 76
 - C → 15, 56, 71 etc
 - flattens out ciphertext distribution
 - "a cab..." becomes "22 56 14 04..."
 - still deterministic in the deciphering direction
- · Polyalphabetic ciphers
 - the secret key changes at each plaintext letter token
 - e.g., rotate through 10 different keys
- · Transposition ciphers

Cipher Types

- http://cryptogram.org/cipher types.html
 - documents ~70 types
- E.g., RUNNING KEY cipher
 - key = agreed-upon standard English text
 - ciphertext(i) = [plaintext(i) + key(i)] mod 26
 - effectively uses 26 substitution keys
 - breakable!
 - we search for a key and (resulting) plaintext that are both natural language

How to Make Things Efficient?

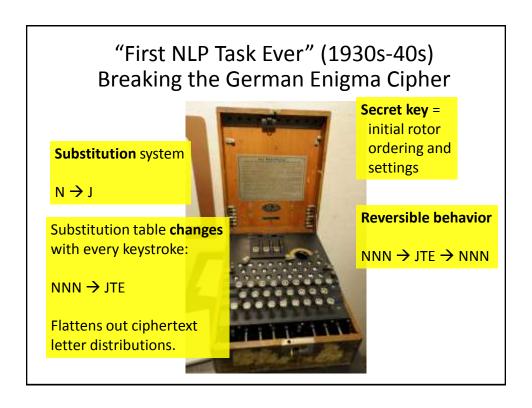
Mechanical encryption/decryption devices

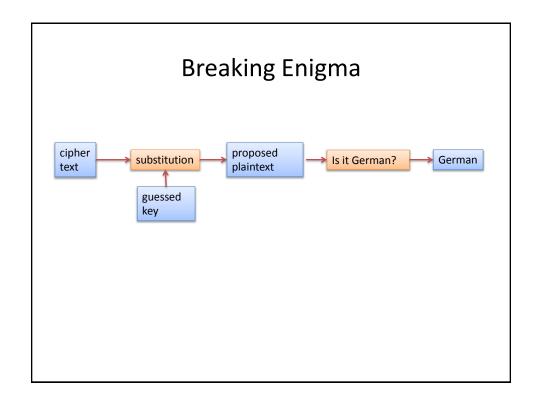


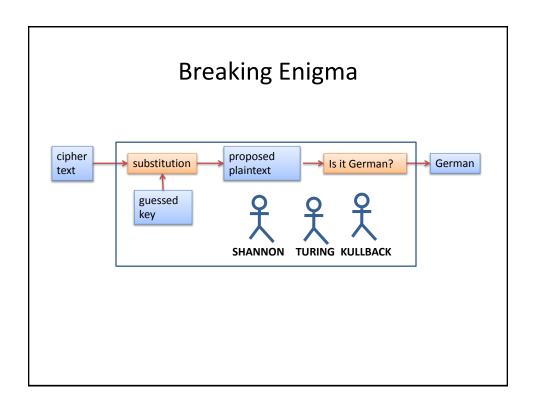
"First NLP Task Ever" (1930s-40s) Breaking the German Enigma Cipher

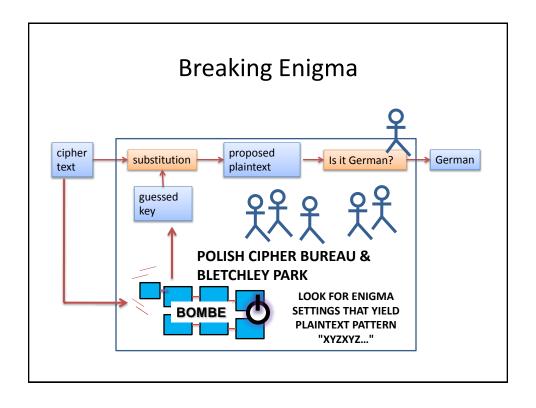


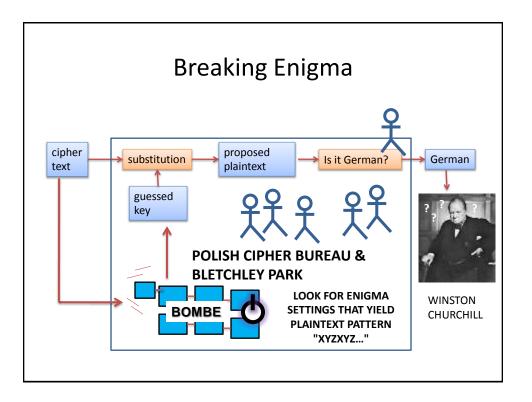
input (intercepted ciphertext): DFKWIFKSLWORISJDKSUEIFKR \dots output (plaintext): VASISTDASHERRCAPITANRICH \dots











Enigma

- Mathematical breakthroughs:
 - Log-odds for weight of evidence [Good, Turing]
 - Smoothing with prior [Good, Turing]
 - Information theory [Shannon]

elegant, powerful, widely-applicable mathematics

- 1945: War ends
- 1973: Wartime Enigma decipherment leaked
- 1975: Last surplus Enigma given to developing countries
- 1996: One Turing Enigma treatise declassified
- 2012: Another declassified (but have to go to England)

Turing Enigma Treatise

(aka NR 964, Box 201, RG 457, aka "The Prof's Book")

140pp (written sometime between 1939 and 1942)

One method is to try independently all the possible positions for the middle wheel. We shall want to know the middle wheel couplings which are consequences of these various assumptions. This can be done by setting up inverse rods for the middle wheel. The rods are paired off according to R.H.W. couplings, i.e. M.W. output. This has been done for the couplings ku, fx, ep which arose in the DANZIGVON crib in Fig 55, assuming the red wheel in the middle. The pairs in each column of this set up give possible M.W. couplings. We have now to find out whether these couplings are possible. Our procedure is rather different according as the U.K.W. does or does not rotate. In the case that the U.K.W. does not rotate it will be sufficient to have a Foss sheet (the rows and columns lettered preferably with the diagonal alphabet) in which, in the RW square are entered the positions of the left hand wheel at which the RW is one of the pairs in the L.H.W. output alphabet Fig 51. This is known as the 'short catalogue' for this wheel.

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I wild the possible positions of the middle wheel. The rods are paired off. The powerful wild the po

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The powerful, war-winning widely-applicable mathematics in the mathematics.

The powerful, war-winning widely-applicable mathematics in the middle. The powerful, war-winning widely-applicable mathematics in the middle of the powerful, war-winning widely-applicable mathematics in the middle of the powerful, war-winning widely-applicable mathematics in the unit of the powerful, war-winning widely-applicable mathematics in the middle of the powerful, war-winning widely-applicable mathematics in the middle of the powerful, war-winning widely-applicable mathematics in the middle of the p

Foreign language as a code

Alan Turing, on Thinking Machines

Instead we propose to try and see what can be done with a "brain" which is more or less without a body, providing at cost, organs of sight speech and hearing. We are then faced with the problem of finding suitable branches of thought for the machine to exercise its powers in. The following fields appear to me to have advantages:

- (5) Various games e.g. obess, noughts and crosses, bridge, poker.
- (ii) The learning of languages.
- (iii) Translation of languages.
- (iv) Cryptography.
- (v) tatheunties.



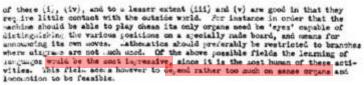
of these (i,, (iv), and to a lesser extent (iii) and (v) are good in that they req ire little contact with the outside world. For instance in order that the machine should be able to play chean its only organs need be 'eyes' capable of distinguishing the various positions on a specially made board, and comma for announcing its com moves. Attentation should preferably be restricted to branches where singuages would be the seet ingressive, since it is the seet human of these activities. This field access however to depend rather too much on sense organs and becomption to be feasible.

The field of cryptography will perhaps be the most rewarding. There is a relaxibility close parallel between the problem of the physicist and those of the cryptography. The system on which a message is eneightered corresponds to the laws of the universe, the intercepted assumen to the system on available, the keys for a day or a same, to in order constants which have to be determined. Whe correspondence is very cases, but the subject eather of cryptography is very casely dealt, with by discourse rachinery, plysics not so easily.

Alan Turing, on Thinking Machines

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Statistical Machine Translation

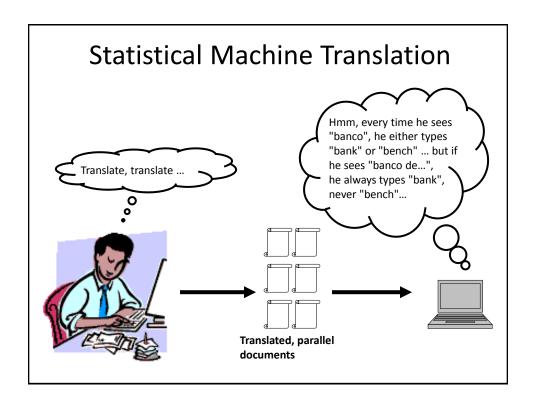
"When I look at an article in Russian, I say: this is really written in English, but it has been coded in some strange symbols. I will now proceed to decode." -- Warren Weaver (1947)



OUR HERO

Weaver saw a colleague decoding intercepts into Turkish, without "knowing" Turkish.

... maybe a computer could translate into English without "knowing" English?



	el Corpus es in English and Spanish.
Garcia and associates . Garcia y asociados .	7a. the clients and the associates are enemies . 7b. los clients y los asociados son enemigos .
2a. Carlos Garcia has three associates .2b. Carlos Garcia tiene tres asociados .	8a. the company has three groups . 8b. la empresa tiene tres grupos .
3a. his associates are not strong . 3b. sus asociados no son fuertes .	9a. its groups are in Europe . 9b. sus grupos estan en Europa .
4a. Garcia has a company also . 4b. Garcia tambien tiene una empresa .	10a. the modern groups sell strong pharmaceuticals . 10b. los grupos modernos venden medicinas fuertes .
5a. its clients are angry . 5b. sus clientes estan enfadados .	11a. the groups do not sell zenzanine . 11b. los grupos no venden zanzanina .
6a. the associates are also angry . 6b. los asociados tambien estan enfadados .	12a. the small groups are not modern . 12b. los grupos pequenos no son modernos .

Parallel Corpus

12 English sentences in Centauri and Arcturan.

1a. ok-voon ororok sprok .	7a. lalok farok ororok lalok sprok izok enemok .
1b. at-voon bichat dat.	7b. wat jjat bichat wat dat vat eneat .
2a. ok-drubel ok-voon anok plok sprok .	8a. lalok brok anok plok nok .
2b. at-drubel at-voon pippat rrat dat .	8b. iat lat pippat rrat nnat .
3a. erok sprok izok hihok ghirok .	9a. wiwok nok izok kantok ok-yurp .
3b. totat dat arrat vat hilat .	9b. totat nnat quat oloat at-yurp .
4a. ok-voon anok drok brok jok .	10a. lalok mok nok yorok ghirok clok .
4b. at-voon krat pippat sat lat .	10b. wat nnat gat mat bat hilat .
5a. wiwok farok izok stok .	11a. lalok nok crrrok hihok yorok zanzanok .
5b. totat jjat quat cat .	11b. wat nnat arrat mat zanzanat .
6a. lalok sprok izok jok stok .	12a. lalok rarok nok izok hihok mok .
6b. wat dat krat quat cat .	12b. wat nnat forat arrat vat gat .

Centauri/Arcturan

1a. ok-voon ororok sprok .	7a. lalok farok ororok lalok sprok izok enemok .
1b. at-voon bichat dat .	7b. wat jjat bichat wat dat vat eneat .
2a. ok-drubel ok-voon anok plok sprok .	8a. lalok brok anok plok nok .
2b. at-drubel at-voon pippat rrat dat .	8b. iat lat pippat rrat nnat .
3a. erok sprok izok hihok ghirok .	9a. wiwok nok izok kantok ok-yurp .
3b. totat dat arrat vat hilat .	9b. totat nnat quat oloat at-yurp .
4a. ok-voon anok drok brok jok .	10a. lalok mok nok yorok ghirok clok .
4b. at-voon krat pippat sat lat .	10b. wat nnat gat mat bat hilat .
5a. wiwok farok izok stok .	11a. lalok nok crrrok hihok yorok zanzanok .
5b. totat jjat quat cat .	11b. wat nnat arrat mat zanzanat .
6a. lalok sprok izok jok stok .	12a. lalok rarok nok izok hihok mok .
6b. wat dat krat quat cat .	12b. wat nnat forat arrat vat gat .

Centauri/Arcturan

Your assignment, translate this to Arcturan:	farok c	rrrok hihok	yorok clok kantok ok-yurp
--	---------	-------------	---------------------------

1a. ok-voon ororok sprok .	7a. lalok <mark>farok</mark> ororok lalok sprok izok enemok .	
1b. at-voon bichat dat .	7b. wat jjat bichat wat dat vat eneat .	
2a. ok-drubel ok-voon anok plok sprok .	8a. lalok brok anok plok nok .	
2b. at-drubel at-voon pippat rrat dat .	8b. iat lat pippat rrat nnat .	
3a. erok sprok izok hihok ghirok .	9a. wiwok nok izok kantok ok-yurp .	
3b. totat dat arrat vat hilat .	9b. totat nnat quat oloat at-yurp .	
4a. ok-voon anok drok brok jok .	10a. lalok mok nok yorok ghirok clok .	
4b. at-voon krat pippat sat lat .	10b. wat nnat gat mat bat hilat.	
5a. wiwok <mark>farok</mark> izok stok .	11a. lalok nok crrrok hihok yorok zanzanok .	
5b. totat jjat quat cat .	11b. wat nnat arrat mat zanzanat .	
6a. lalok sprok izok jok stok .	12a. lalok rarok nok izok hihok mok .	
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Centauri/Arcturan

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3b. totat dat arrat vat hilat .	9b. totat nnat quat oloat at-yurp .
4a. ok-voon anok drok brok jok .	10a. lalok mok nok yorok ghirok clok .
4b. at-voon krat pippat sat lat .	10b. wat nnat gat mat bat hilat .
5a. wiwok <mark>farok</mark> izok stok .	11a. lalok nok crrrok hihok yorok zanzanok .
5b. totat <mark>jjat</mark> quat cat .	11b. wat nnat arrat mat zanzanat .
6a. lalok <mark>sprok izok jok stok .</mark>	12a. lalok rarok nok izok hihok mok .
6b. wat dat krat quat cat .	12b. wat nnat forat arrat vat gat .

Centauri/Arcturan

Your assignment, translate this to Arcturan:	farok crrrok hihok yorok clok ka	antok ok-yurp
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1a. ok-voon ororok sprok .	7a. lalok farok ororok lalok sprok izok enemok .	
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2a. ok-drubel ok-voon anok plok sprok .	8a. lalok brok anok plok nok .	
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3a. erok sprok izok hihok ghirok .	9a. wiwok nok izok kantok ok-yurp .	
3b. totat dat arrat vat hilat .	9b. totat nnat quat oloat at-yurp .	
4a. ok-voon anok drok brok jok .	10a. lalok mok nok yorok ghirok clok .	
4b. at-voon krat pippat sat lat .	10b. wat nnat gat mat bat hilat .	
5a. wiwok farok izok stok .	11a. lalok nok <mark>crrrok</mark> hihok yorok zanzanok .	
	???	
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Centauri/Arcturan

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2b. at-drubel at-voon pippat rrat dat .	8b. iat lat pippat rrat nnat .
3a. erok sprok izok <mark>hihok</mark> ghirok .	9a. wiwok nok izok kantok ok-yurp .
3b. totat dat arrat vat hilat .	9b. totat nnat quat oloat at-yurp.
4a. ok-voon anok drok brok jok .	10a. lalok mok nok yorok ghirok clok .
4b. at-voon krat pippat sat lat .	10b. wat nnat gat mat bat hilat .
5a. wiwok farok izok stok .	11a. lalok nok crrrok <mark>hihok</mark> yorok zanzanok .
5b. totat jjat quat cat .	11b. wat nnat arrat mat zanzanat .
6a. lalok sprok izok jok stok .	12a. lalok rarok nok izok <mark>hihok</mark> mok .
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Centauri/Arcturan

Your assignment, translate this to Arcturan: farok crrrok hihok yorok clok kantok ok-yurp

1a. ok-voon ororok sprok .	7a. lalok farok ororok lalok sprok izok enemok .
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2a. ok-drubel ok-voon anok plok sprok .	8a. lalok brok anok plok nok .
2b. at-drubel at-voon pippat rrat dat.	8b. iat lat pippat rrat nnat .
3a. erok sprok izok hihok ghirok .	9a. wiwok nok izok kantok ok-yurp .
3b. totat dat arrat vat hilat .	9b. totat nnat quat oloat at-yurp .
4a. ok-voon anok drok brok jok .	10a. lalok mok nok <mark>yorok</mark> ghirok clok .
4b. at-voon krat pippat sat lat .	10b. wat nnat gat mat bat hilat.
5a. wiwok farok izok stok .	11a. lalok nok crrrok hihok <mark>yorok</mark> z anzanok .
5b. totat jjat quat cat	11b. wat nnat arrat mat zanzanat .
6a. lalok sprok izok jok stok .	12a. lalok rarok nok izok hihok mok .
6b. wat dat krat quat cat .	12b. wat nnat forat arrat vat gat .

Centauri/Arcturan

1a. ok-voon ororok sprok .	7a. lalok farok ororok lalok sprok izok enemok .
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3b. totat dat arrat vat hilat .	9b. totat nnat quat oloat at-yurp .
4a. ok-voon anok drok brok jok .	10a. lalok mok nok yorok ghirok <mark>clok .</mark>
4b. at-voon krat pippat sat lat.	10b. wat nnat gat mat bat hilat .
5a. wiwok farok izok stok .	11a. lalok nok crrrok hihok yorok zanzanok .
5b. totat jjat quat cat .	11b. wat nnat arrat mat zanzanat .
6a. lalok sprok izok jok stok .	12a. lalok rarok nok izok hihok mok .
6b. wat dat krat quat cat .	12b. wat nnat forat arrat vat gat .

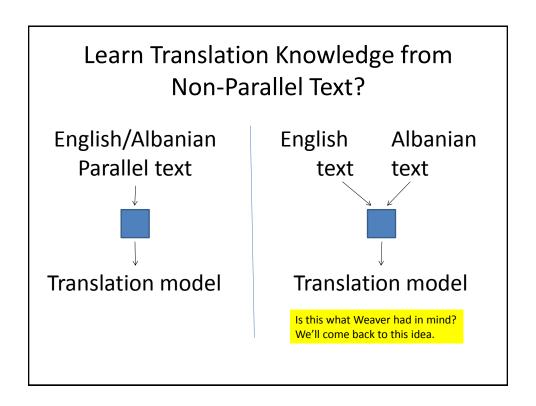
Your assignment, translate this to Arcturan: farok crrrok hihok yorok clok kantok ok-yurp

1a. ok-voon ororok sprok .	7a. lalok farok ororok lalok sprok izok enemok .
1b. at-voon bichat dat.	7b. wat jjat bichat wat dat vat eneat.
2a. ok-drubel ok-voon anok plok sprok .	8a. lalok brok anok plok nok .
2b. at-drubel at-voon pippat rrat dat.	8b. iat lat pippat rrat nnat .
3a. erok sprok izok hihok ghirok .	9a. wiwok nok izok kantok ok-yurp .
3b. totat dat arrat vat hilat .	9b. totat nnat quat oloat at-yurp
4a. ok-voon anok drok brok jok .	10a. lalok mok nok yorok ghirok <mark>clok .</mark> ???
4b. at-voon krat pippat sat lat .	10b. wat nnat gat mat bat hilat.
5a. wiwok farok izok stok .	11a. lalok nok crrrok hihok yorok zanzanok .
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Centauri/Arcturan

	ranton on yarp
1a. ok-voon ororok sprok .	7a. lalok farok ororok lalok sprok izok enemok .
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3a. erok sprok izok hihok ghirok .	9a. wiwok nok izok kantok ok-yurp .
3b. totat dat arrat vat hilat .	9b. totat nnat quat oloat at-yurp.
4a. ok-voon anok drok brok jok .	10a. lalok mok nok yorok ghirok
4b. at-voon krat pippat sat lat.	10b. wat nnat gat mat bat hilat.
5a. wiwok farok izok stok .	11a. lalok nok crrrok hihok yorok zanzanok .
5b. totat jjat quat cat .	11b. wat nnat arrat mat zanzanat .
6a. lalok sprok izok jok stok .	12a. lalok rarok nok izok hihok mok .
6b. wat dat krat quat cat .	12b. wat nnat forat arrat vat gat.

Centauri/Arcturan			
ır assignment, translate this to Arcturan: farok errrok hihok yorok clok kantok ok-yurp			
1a. ok-voon ororok sprok .	7a. lalok farok ororok lalok sprok izok enemok .		
1b. at-voon bichat dat .	7b. wat jjat bichat wat dat vat eneat.		
2a. ok-drubel ok-voon anok plok sprok .	8a. lalok brok anok plok nok .		
2b. at-drubel at-voon pippat rrat dat.	8b. iat lat pippat rrat nnat .		
3a. erok sprok izok hihok ghirok .	9a. wiwok nok izok kantok ok-yurp .		
3b. totat dat arrat vat hilat .	9b. totat nnat quat oloat at-yurp		
4a. ok-voon anok drok brok jok .	10a. lalok mok nok yorok ghirok clok process of		
4b. at-voon krat pippat sat lat.	10b. wat nnat gat mat bat hilat . elimination		
5a. wiwok farok izok stok .	11a. lalok nok crrrok hihok yorok zanzanok .		
5b. totat jjat quat cat .	11b. wat nnat arrat mat zanzanat .		
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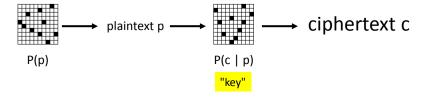


Automatic decipherment

Letter Substitution Cipher

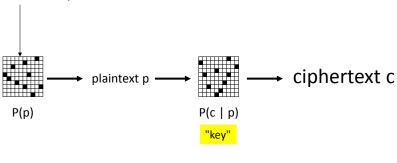
ciphertext c

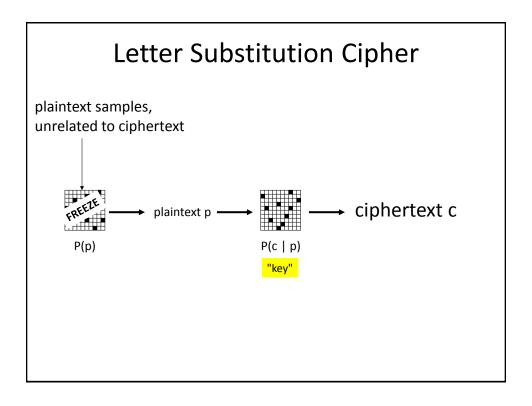
Letter Substitution Cipher

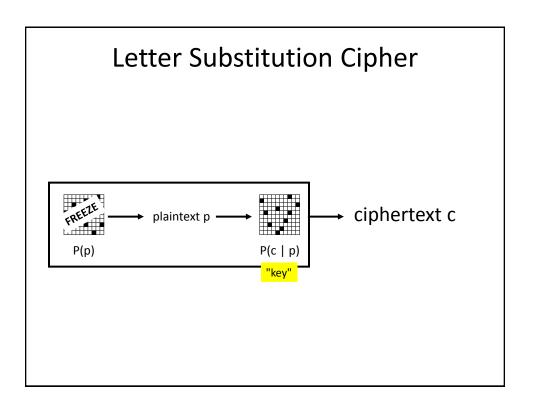


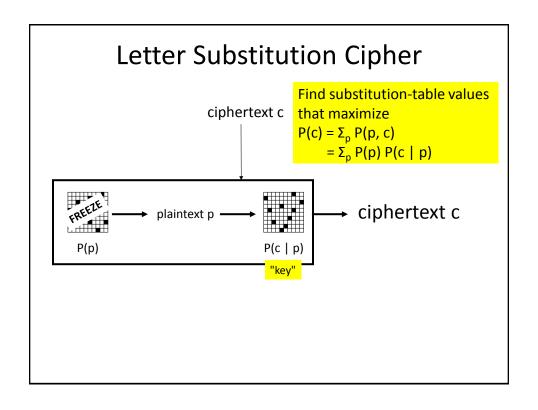
Letter Substitution Cipher

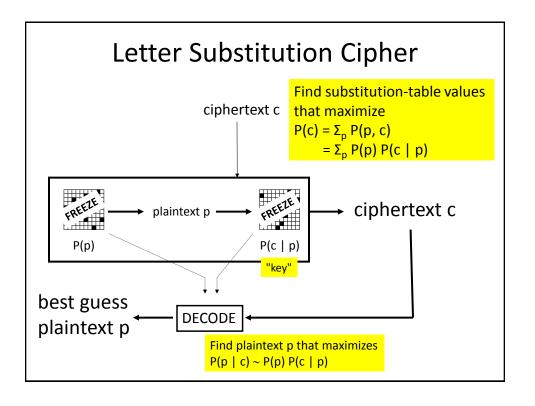
plaintext samples, unrelated to ciphertext

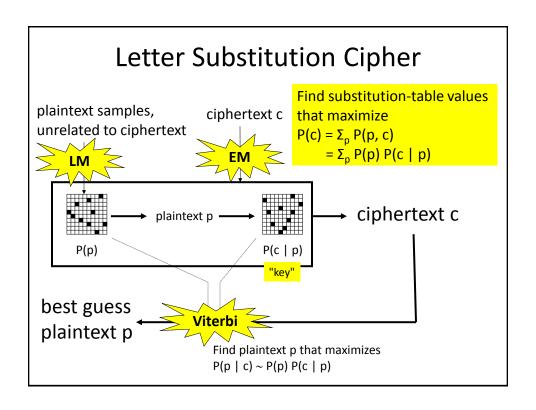


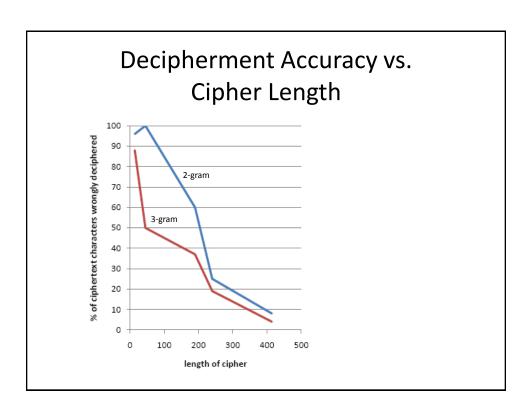


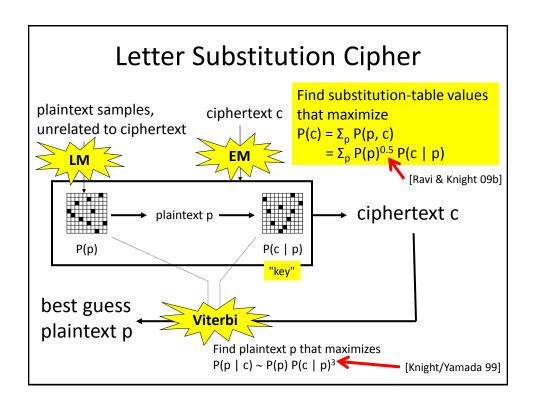


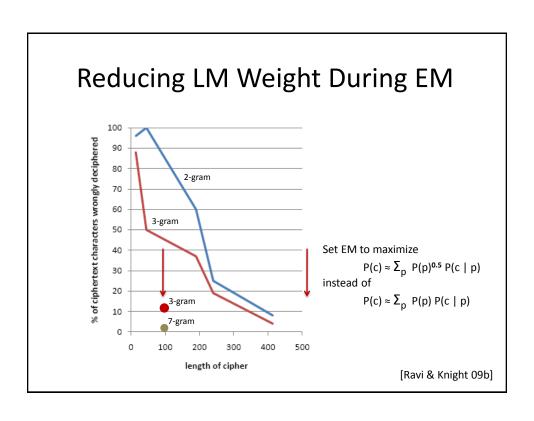


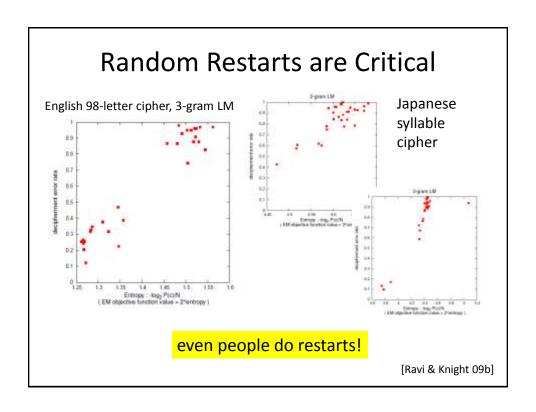


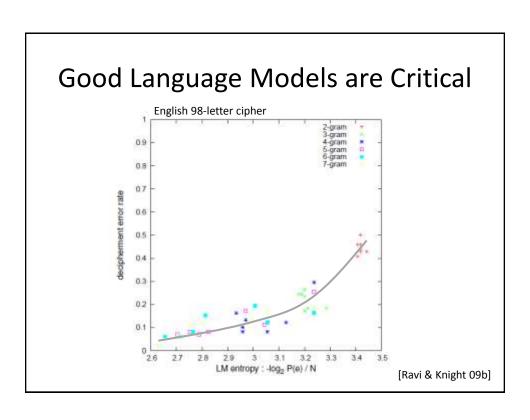












Searching for Deterministic Keys

- Peleg & Rosenfeld, 1979
 - relaxation search

...

- Ravi & Knight, 2008
 - ILP, exact search
- Corlett & Penn, 2010
 - A* exact search
- Nuhn, Schamper, and Ney, 2013
 - beam search

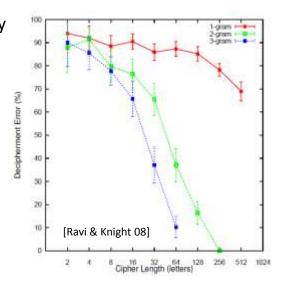
Deterministic Keys

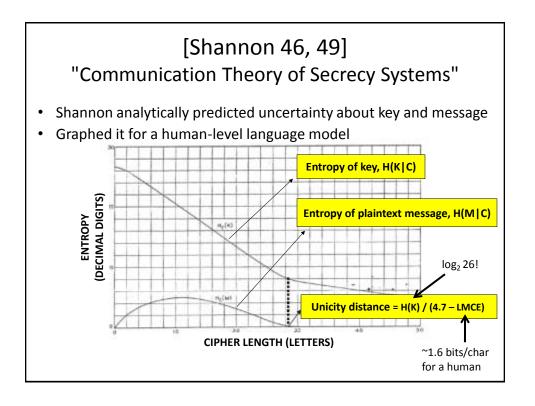
* Use ILP to search only deterministic keys.

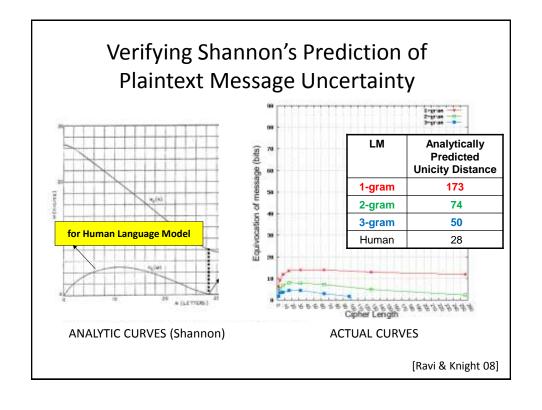
* Exact, no restarts.

		7
Cipher	EM	ILP
Length	error	error
52	85 %	21 %
98	45 %	12 %
414	10 %	0.5 %

Using 2-gram letter-based LM







Some Recent Historical Decipherments

- Jefferson cipher (L. Smithline)
 - http://online.wsj.com/article/SB124648494429082661.html
 - For more than 200 years, buried deep within Thomas Jefferson's correspondence and papers, there lay a mysterious cipher -- a coded message that appears to have remained unsolved.
- Civil War ciphers (K. Boklan)
 - Cryptologia, 30:340-345
 - We study a previously undeciphered Civil War cryptogram, limiting ourselves to pencil and paper, and discover not only a missive of military importance, but in the process identify a new Confederate codeword. Our methods rely not only upon cryptanalysis of the encryption method but also on the exploitation of an elementary mistake.
- German Naval Enigma
 - http://www.enigma.hoerenberg.com
 - The "Breaking German Navy Ciphers" Project was founded in 2012. The goal is to break
 original radio messages, which were encoded with the famous German ENIGMA cipher
 machine. Up to now, we've succeeded in deciphering 53 original World War II Enigma M4
 messages. Many of these messages had never been broken before, so you can read them for
 the first time in history.

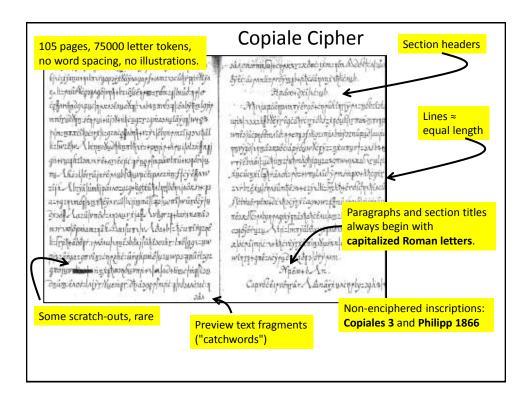
Copiale Cipher

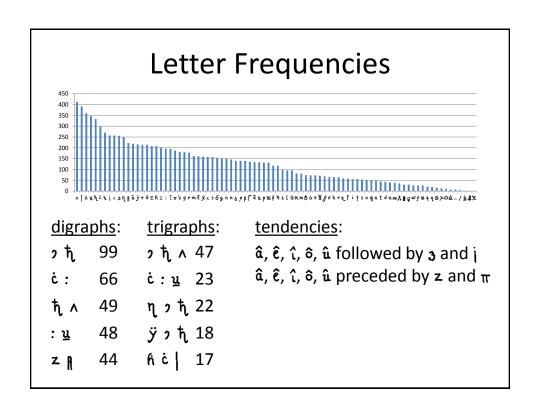
ะทุนร์นโทหลุ่งนุกย์พริสุร์ยหาใหญ่งหมาใช้ทุกเปลดงหนึ่ง ผู้จะรัฐวัฒนะจุดโทจานอยารูปชัญจากกละครึ่งเหตราจะไม่สุดหลังให้เก e-lizminkegyngöjnyk+bziálsénymznowy bud nylo comminderpuctoressensely rates mesal substantial ทะหญายใช้สุด เรื่องๆและก็วใหม่เล้าและรางสายเล้าสุด เพลา placeuxcificinglicgencoffunt+verillyn+metigeratil halivathe Abana Kadhanthar son in should siffagi gnerusphilismour étagréepé princefiaphalmutrophique my This Vorragere multunce prezin fley chare zija klová hindi párnozazytégtéű talaplotacjaát sacja นะหวางเหตุใหญาใช้จุลงานได้เกิดหนึ่ง โดยแบบใดงนักเดิง [น Brook Lazulynodznowy rjak Sylgrzykarinanas morrologuiamina & Anningalu Lantifation tinging h-lephtahop openulranishtajlahiseake leologi-uw pjazányazgovágzényehé:űrigkpitáluzuwpazpitálagz grojuvinos internosouvier aladeline inglice Buing exortally Muenty This son hat plane said

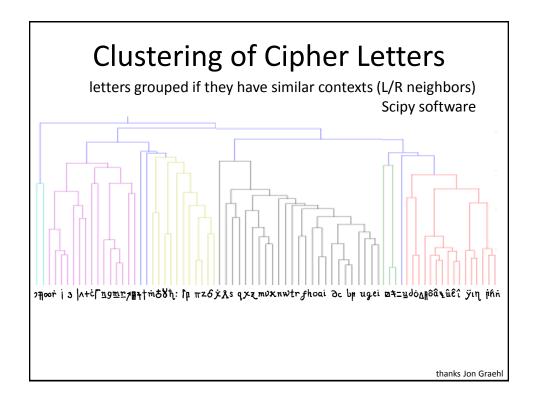
byte armelizardyszakatokanna atticnek Findoor oxilve ub - Manjapanpany éraétenpah ing jepacyolalai unish saxahil hier reged being adar a souther research พทร์อได้รางอีกเกิด ของพุทธิ์ เดือนกุรเคย่ารากบุทธิ์ (แก พุทรัสด์ เทาเล้าและอังเล้อรัสแห่ง ใช้รู้ระกูลักพายาระหร่า reservatuating a should program of war and a sul Ancientifateinen erstemblid genomporthege zvilzetylopanimternezychilizetherdilyatia ที่ได้เห็นอาจะอย่างส่วยรัฐที่ตัดสุดเพาะที่ไหน้อย่ายได้เกิดกัน พลามประชาชาการสุดรุ่งการราชาธิการสุดราชางาร capojórny Atri-licaválótas apatririntifulmira zláczdinic w kterejecianiny posz downodowa พร์สุรสุรสุรสิรกรัฐหนึ่งปรุปสู่สุรสิรสุรสุร NARO+ bala Caprocesprogram Anaykusepply-39ht

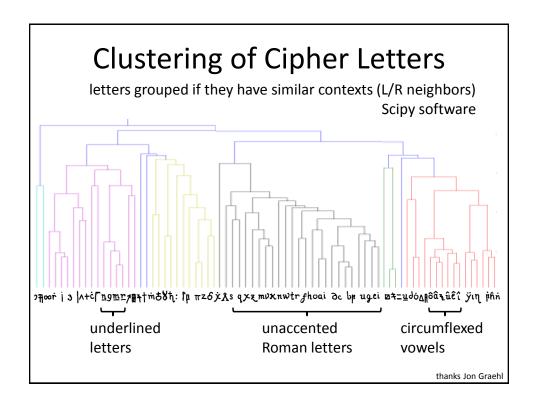
sasonania lajechenzzaduć jementa Additestu

[Knight, Megyesi, Schaefer 11]









First Decipherment Approach

unaccented Roman letters that cluster:

abcdefghi xlmnopqrs tuvwxyz

most common letter = 12% least common = very small κ το της το β | Υρηθί | Το το το το το κοι το κοι

* fngl**nacbfzm**
lbuvcghtrhb**gn**
fggn**bgbecb ...

Decipher against 80 plaintext languages.

First Decipherment Approach

unaccented Roman letters that cluster:

abcdefghi xlmnopqrs tuvwxyz

most common letter = 12% least common = very small

* fnglknacbfzmk
lbuvcghtrhbkgnkn
fggnkbgbecb ...

Di FAIL 1st languages.

Second Decipherment Approach

Homophonic cipher,

e.g.:

A = 8 | lyr B = û C = o n D = n

E = x β Δ * f î ¾ 3

+ = μ G = ÿ

etc.

Homophonic Cipher

Result of computer attack on Copiale, using 80 possible plaintext languages?



But, slight numerical preference for German

Cipher Characteristics

 digraphs:
 trigraphs:
 tendencies:

 , ħ
 99
 , ħ
 47

 ċ:
 66
 ċ: ½
 23

 ħ
 49
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Make full digraph table for cipher and for German

adjacent in German text

Key Observation #1

In Copiale, 2 almost always followed by \$\frac{\bar{\psi}}{\tau}\$ In German, C almost always followed by H

(German CH is like English QU)

So guess: 2 = C, $\hbar = H$

One Thing Leads to Another

$$2\hbar$$
 = CH \rightarrow $2\hbar\Lambda$ = CHT \rightarrow Λ = T?

Each step is guesswork.

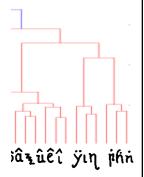
Must be willing to retract.

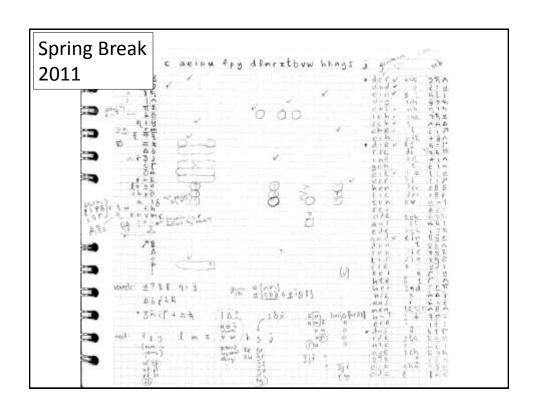
Weird task, not knowing German.

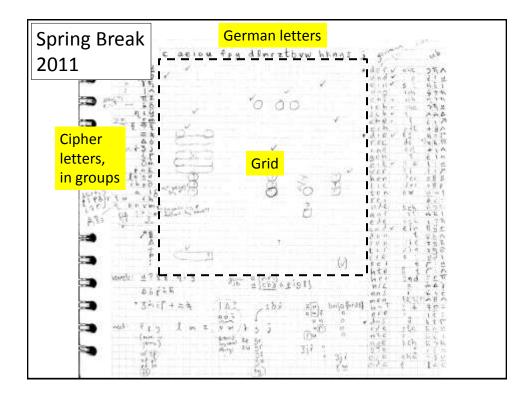
No longer care what the book says.

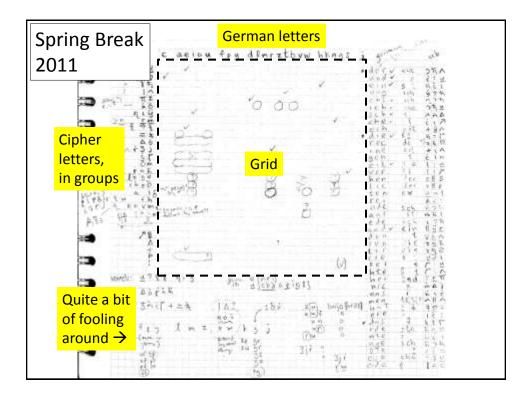
Cluster diagram crucial:

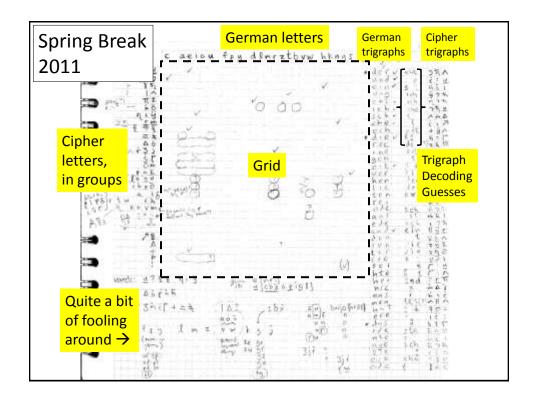
$$\ddot{y} = I \rightarrow \iota = I, \eta = I$$











Key Observation #2

unaccented Roman letters that cluster:

abcdefghi Klmnopqrs tuvwxyz Actually, those are space bars

Copiale Decipherment

ożylikanie

maphapeatacynubour0e

δηξικόμμα ξίτος. εάβελτήστος και Βχάξες τη την παίου γκίδο (εκτίχε) (είνα α. βάττο καιατές.

πιητάταργηχεδοπότΓοδητίς. Επάτηκεδηγεδήδη ειναπάου Δοκείμια μερελούτσε κή

ৼৼ৾৾৾ৼৢয়ৡৼৼ৸ড়৾ঌ৻ঽ৸য়ৠ৾ৼ৸ঀড়৾ৼৼ৽৾ঀ৸৸**৾**য়৸ঢ়৸৻ৼ৳ঌঀ৾ঀৢয়ঢ়ঌ৻৻ য়ঀঀ৾ঢ়৽৻৾ঽড়ঌ৻৸ঀয়ড়ড়

ntitic peophorage of thalk Ogicam Elegli

μιπάωκδομοτέσμοδητημεσητικομπάρκ Θηηγότο κέτπος το τεκία η τη οπη θε δημίτη ισθό γκοειέρε ά η τέξη κ τέτη κυπάριση.

κείη κοθρεκή θε ∰ικπέοΦρικτά (οξταθύσεμε εβιΣπάκ[Γεμ]αδιμμηπέψελ[Γόδη γκεοβλιζή (όσευ bespuid μόζευ (κοβ) (con.

LTGS JOHGZ YTTALINDAMAPARACEAT.

gesetz buchs der hocherleuchte ◆ e ❷

geheimer theil. erster abschnitt

geheimer unterricht vor die gesellen, erster titul.

ceremonien der aufnahme.

wenn die sicherheit der A durch den ältern

thürheter besorget und die \(\Delta \) vom dirigirenden \(\mathbb{X} \)
durch aufsetzung seines huths geöffnet ist wird der
candidat von dem jüngern thürhüter aus einem andern
zimmer abgeholet und bey der hand ein und vor des
dirigirenden \(\mathbb{X} \) tisch geführet dieser frägt ihn:

erstlich ob er begehre O zu werden

zweytens denen verordnungen der **3** sich unterwerffen und ohne wiederspenstigkeit die lehrzeit ausstehen wolle.

drittens die **4** der **0** gu verschweigen und dazu auf das verbindlichste sich anheischig zu machen gesinnet sey.

der candidat antwortet ja.

Copiale Decipherment

litmeglit oxylinixpaylwn

HONTE SEET SAID OF BE

ópán-töjnyaáigiás cástatystagas dzááteg-nyagasizáttága gástötkanaság ságtötkanaság

majrātagyszzaamiafokhtif.

niffligeogharagnauh nan Ogazamilizuli

Indiate Tage Aby Ama

gimimonosjonessasoniajstojug miskojujulas nermastiuossulah syomnassajdistiossynosiegiih rien ristan

hείη κιθήκες θε Δηπείο Θρότο διότ μα χδιμίπο π εφεπηθή Γερήπος ήμφης γρήγου με γκόσης για εκτική μο κομπίων/ίσου.

inds frage yuralamamararasceper.

First lawbook

of the O e O
Secret part.

First section Secret teachings for apprentices.

> First title. Initiation rite.

If the safety of the Δ is guaranteed, and the Δ is

opened by the chief λ , by putting on his hat, the candidate is fetched from another room by the younger doorman and by the hand is led in and to the table of the chief λ , who asks him:

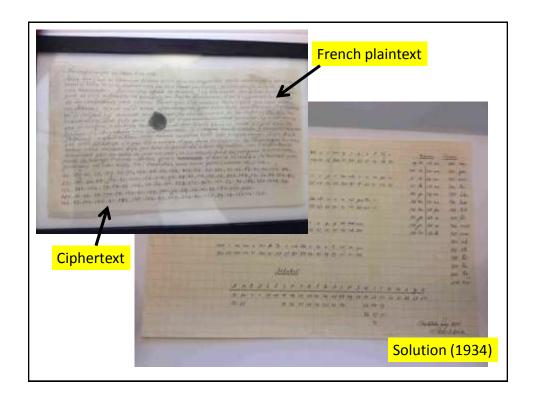
First, if he desires to become 4

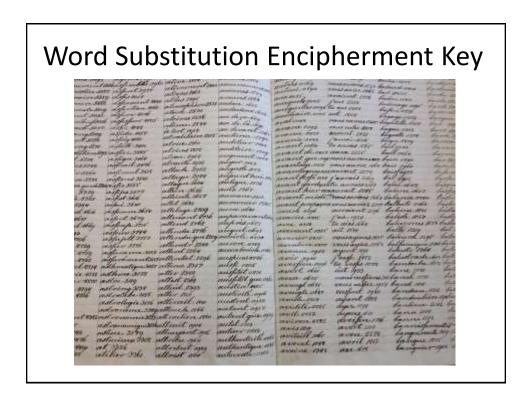
Secondly, if he submits to the rules of the ② and without rebelliousness suffer through the time of apprenticeship.

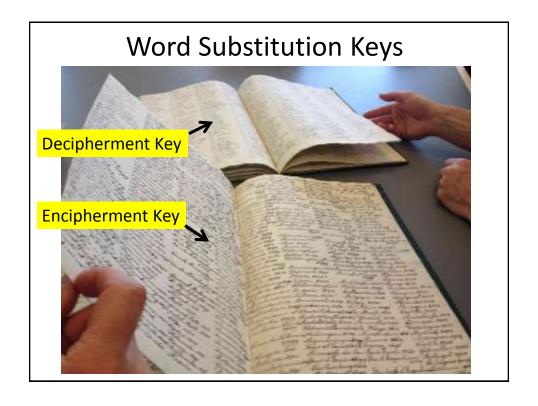
Thirdly, be silent about the **4** of the **9** and furthermore be willing to offer himself to volunteer in the most committed way.

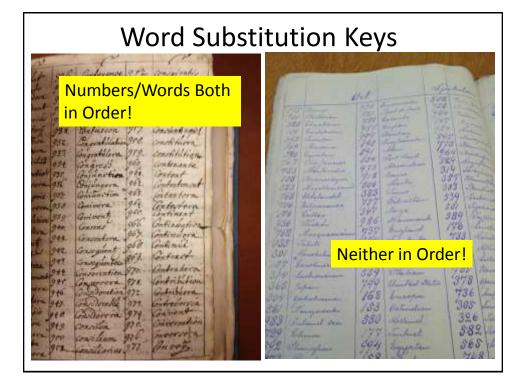
The candidate answers yes.





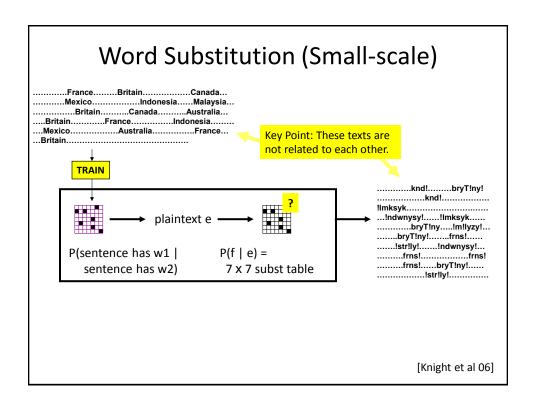


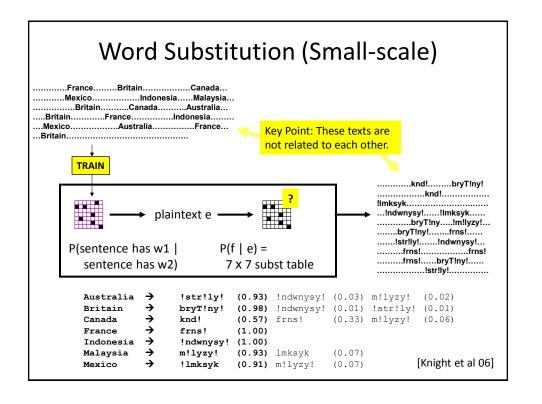




Word Substitution

- Interesting for NLP
- Language translation can be viewed as word substitution (and transposition)
- Certainly, that is how IBM models 1-5 view it



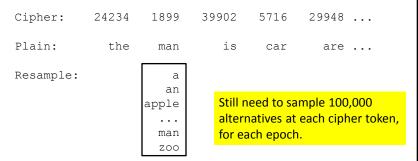


Word Substitution (Giga-scale)

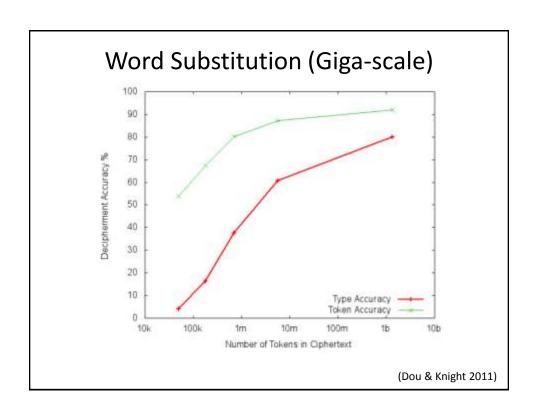
- Suppose I replace each English word on your hard drive with some integer.
- Can you recover your texts?
- In principle, apply the same techniques we used for letter substitution.
 - English word-bigram LM drives decipherment
 - But for EM, initially-uniform substitution table is too big!
 - 100,000 x 100,000

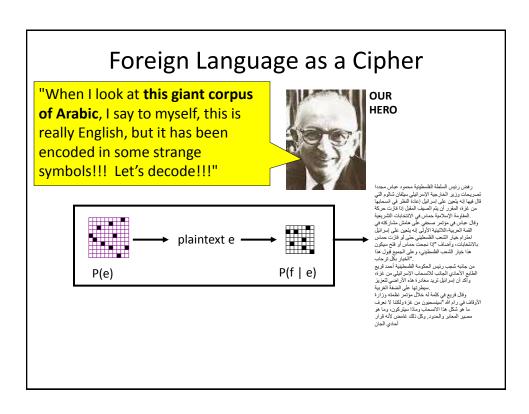
Word Substitution (Giga-scale)

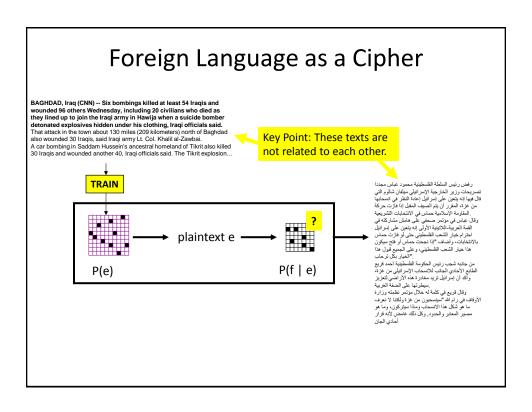
· Gibbs sampling fixes memory problem



Slice sampling (Dou & Knight 12) fixes speed problem







!l@!m !l@Swr !lywm **Time Expressions** =hdh! !lsh=hr !lth!ny& fy ywm !l@!m !lm!Dy nys!n Sfr !sbw@ @!m 1990 @!m =hdh=h !!!'y!m w!lth!ny& th!ny& qbl !'y!m fy !lywm @!m 1992 fy!l@Sr mn !lsh=hr !lj!ry @!m 1993 mn !lsn& !lqrn ywm !lsnw!t !'y!m !!!sbw@!lm!Dy b@d ywm @!m!aN fy !ldqyq& !ls!@& !!!y!m !lsn& !lj!ry& 13 nys!n 1994 17 shb!T 1994 !lsn& !lth!ny& @shr& thl!th snw!t !lsh=hr !lm!Dy thl!th& !y!m dqyq& !lsh=hr !lj!ry qbl !sbw@yn =hdh=h !lsn& snw!t fy !lywm !lt!ly ywmyn sn& sh@b!n mn !l@!m !lm!Dy =hdh! !l@!m tmwz !lsn& !lmqbl& s!@& 3 dhw !lHj& 1414 fy !lsn& !l@Sr fy shb!T !lm!Dy kl ywm @!m 1991 qbl ywmyn fy !l@!m !lm!Dy

Time Expressions

@!m 1990 w!lth!ny& fy !lywm mn !lsh=hr !lj!ry

!lqrn !'y!m @!m!aN !!s!@&

17 shb!T 1994

thilth snwit dqyq& =hdh=h !lsn& ywmyn mn !l@!m !lm!Dy !lsn& !lmqbl& fy !lsn&

fy !l@!m !lm!Dy

kl ywm

!l@Swr =hdh! !lsh=hr fy ywm nys!n !sbw@ =hdh=h !!!'y!m qbl !'y!m fy!l@Sr mn !lsn& !lsnw!t b@d ywm Hylm 13 nys!n 1994 Hth Inv& Och thl!th& !y!m qbl !sbw@yn fy !lywm !lt!ly sh@b!n tmwz 3 dhw !lHj& 1414 fy shb!T !lm!Dy

qbl ywmyn

Time Expressions

<n><n>* ??? 19<n><n>

28 k!nwn !!!'wl 1994

!|@!m

!lywm

Sfr

@!m

ywm

!lsn&

snw!t

s!@&

!l@Sr

sn&

th!ny&

@!m 1992

@!m 1993

fy !ldqyq&

!lsn& !lj!ry&

!lsh=hr !lm!Dy

!lsh=hr !lj!ry

=hdh! !l@!m

@!m 1991

!!!sbw@ !lm!Dy

!lth!ny&

!l@!m !lm!Dy

9 Hzyr!n 1942 27 tmwz 1993 21 Hzyr!n 1967 8 tshryn !!!wl 1990 26 tmwz 1953 20 !'y!r 1990 7 k!nwn !!!wl 1993 26 shb!T 1993 20 tshryn !'wl 1983 6 !'y!r 1993 26 k!nwn !!!wl 1994 20 tshryn !!!'wl 1921 6!~Adh!r 1991 25 !ylwl 1926 1 !y!r 1994 5 shb!T 1950 24 !~Adh!r 1993 17 Hzyr!n 1972 4 Hzyr!n 1989 22 !ylwl 1957 16 !ylwl 1919 30!~Adh!r 1944 22 tshryn !!!wl 1948 16 Hzyr!n 1984 29 !y!r 1945 16!~Ab 1929 22 tmwz 1952 29 !~Adh!r 1993 21 !y!r 1994

21 k!nwn !!!wl 1988

Time Expressions

<n> Hzyr!n <n>

13	4 Hzyr!n 1967	2	fy 30 Hzyr!n 1995
12	fy 12 Hzyr!n 1993	2	fy 18 Hzyr!n 1994
7	5 Hzyr!n 1967	2	fy 14 Hzyr!n 1993
6	fy 30 Hzyr!n 1989	2	fy 14 Hzyr!n 1991
6	30 Hzyr!n 1989	2	fy 12 Hzyr!n 1990
4	fy 30 Hzyr!n 1994	2	7 Hzyr!n 1994
4	fy 30 Hzyr!n 1993	2	6 Hzyr!n 1941
3	fy 19 Hzyr!n 1967	2	26 Hzyr!n 1994
2	ywm 30 Hzyr!n 1989	2	21 Hzyr!n 1994
2	w 6 Hzyr!n 1994	2	1 Hzyr!n 1994
2	qbl 5 Hzyr!n 1967	2	19 Hzyr!n 1965
2	fy 9 Hzyr!n 1967	2	18 Hzyr!n 1994
2	fy 7 Hzyr!n 1981	2	18 Hzyr!n 1940
2	fy 6 Hzyr!n 1994	2	12 Hzyr!n 1993
2	fy 5 Hzyr!n 1967	2	11 Hzyr!n 1994

Time Expressions

<n> Hzyr!n <n>

13	4 Hzyr!n 1967	2	fy 30 Hzyr!n 1995
12	fy 12 Hzyrln 1993	2	fy 18 Hzyr!n 1994
7	5 Hzyr!n 1967	2	fy 14 Hzyr!n 1993
6	fy 30 Hzyr!n 1989	2	fy 14 Hzyr!n 1991
6	30 Hzyr!n 1989	2	fy 12 Hzyr!n 1990
4	fy 30 Hzyr!n 1994	2	7 Hzyr!n 1994
4	fy 30 Hzyr!n 1993	2	6 Hzyr!n 1941
3	fy 19 Hzyr!n 1967	2	26 Hzyr!n 1994
2	ywm 30 Hzyr!n 1989	2	21 Hzyr!n 1994
2	w 6 Hzyr!n 1994	2	1 Hzyr!n 1994
2	qbl 5 Hzyr!n 1967	2	19 Hzyr!n 1965
2	fy 9 Hzyr!n 1967	2	18 Hzyr!n 1994
2	fy 7 Hzyr!n 1981	2	18 Hzyr!n 1940
2	fy 6 Hzyr!n 1994	2	12 Hzyr!n 1993
2	fy 5 Hzyr!n 1967	2	11 Hzyr!n 1994

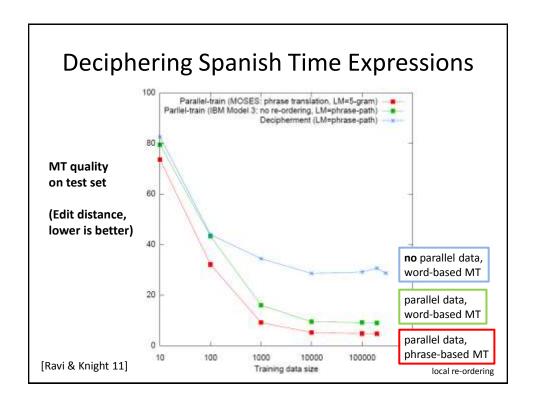
Time Evn	Search query	Documents
Time Exp	January 4, 1967	8040
<n> Hzyr!n <n></n></n>	February 4, 1967	9270
	March 4, 1967	10700
12 iy 12 Hzyrln 1993 7 5 Hzyrln 1967 6 fy 30 Hzyrln 1989 6 30 Hzyrln 1989 4 fy 30 Hzyrln 1994 4 fy 30 Hzyrln 1993 3 fy 19 Hzyrln 1967 2 ywm 30 Hzyrln 1989 2 w 6 Hzyrln 1994 2 qbl 5 Hzyrln 1967 2 fy 9 Hzyrln 1967	April 4, 1967	21800
	May 4, 1967	14000
	June 4, 1967	39300
	July 4, 1967	12600
	August 4, 1967	7970
	September 4, 1967	7390
	October 4, 1967	8800
	November 4, 1967	6560
	December 4, 1967	9770
2 fy 7 Hzyr!n 1981 2 fy 6 Hzyr!n 1994		3770
2 fy 5 Hzyr!n 1967		

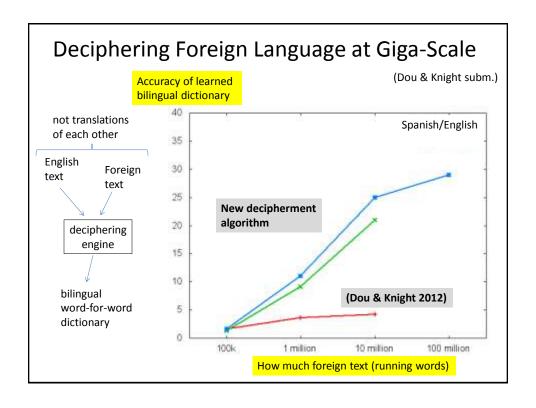
Time Expressions

Hzyr!n

229	fy Hzyr!n !lm!Dy	16	n=h!y& Hzyr!n !lm!Dy
207	fy Hzyr!n	16	fy Hzyr!n 1990
75	fy Hzyr!n !lmqbl	15	sh=hr Hzyr!n
61	fy Hzyr!n 1993	15	fy sh=hr Hzyr!n !lm!Dy
31	fy Hzyr!n 1992	15	fy Hzyr!n 1994
27	!lr!b@ mn Hzyr!n	14	mn 17 Hzyr!n
27	fy Hzyr!n 1967	14	fy Hzyr!n 1996
19	fy 30 Hzyr!n !lm!Dy	14	fy 30 Hzyr!n
18	fy n=h!y& Hzyr!n !lm!Dy	13	fy sh=hr Hzyr!n
18	fy Hzyr!n 1991	13	fy 20 Hzyr!n !lm!Dy
17	mn Hzyr!n	13	4 Hzyr!n 1967
17	mndh Hzyr!n !lm!Dy	12	n=h!y& Hzyr!n
17	4 Hzyr!n	12	!lr!b@ mn Hzyr!n 1967

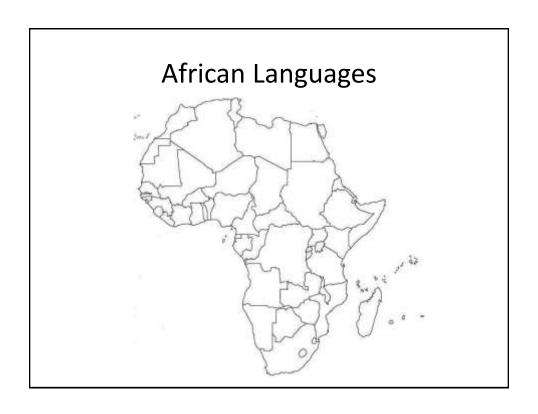
Time Expressions Hzyr!n 229 fy Hzyr!n !lm!Dy 16 n=h!y& Hzyr!n !lm!Dy fy!izyi!ii 207 16 fy Hzyr!n 1990 fy Hzyr!n !lmqbl 75 15 sh=hr Hzyr!n Ty Hzyrln 1993 61 15 fy sh=hr Hzyr!n !lm!Dy 31 fy Hzyr!n 1992 15 fy Hzyr!n 1994 27 !lr!b@ mn Hzyr!n 14 mn 17 Hzyr!n fy Hzyr!n 1967 27 14 fy Hzyr!n 1996 19 fy 30 Hzyr!n !lm!Dy 14 fy 30 Hzyr!n 18 fy n=h!y& Hzyr!n !lm!Dy 13 fy sh=hr Hzyr!n 18 fy Hzyr!n 1991 13 fy 20 Hzyr!n !lm!Dy 17 mn Hzyr!n 13 4 Hzyr!n 1967 mndh Hzyr!n !lm!Dy 12 n=h!y& Hzyr!n 17 17 4 Hzyr!n 12 !lr!b@ mn Hzyr!n 1967

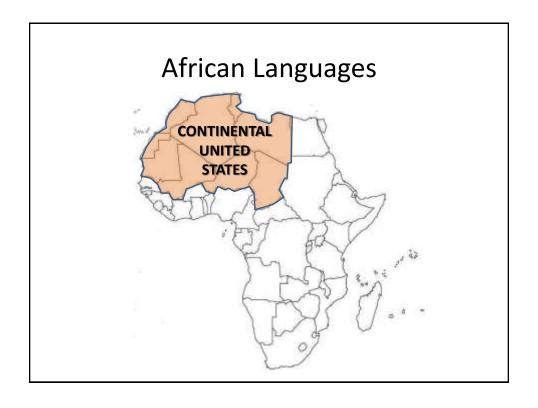


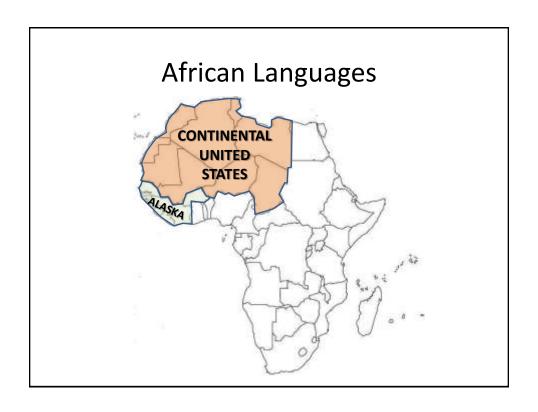


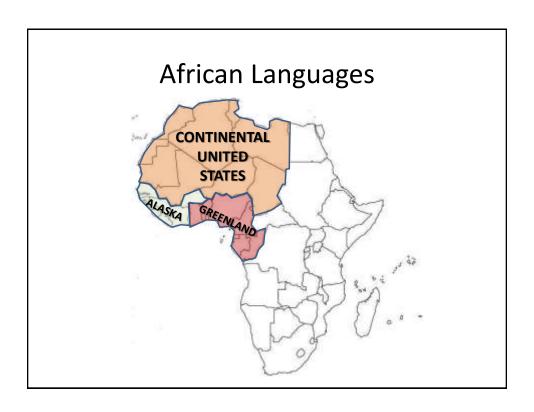
Practical Value

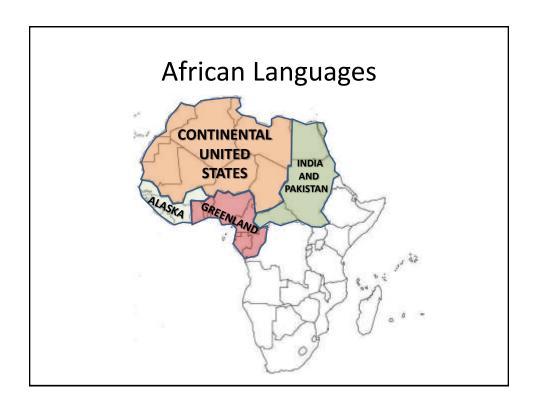
- Scenarios where in-domain parallel data is scarce.
- Decipher large monolingual in-domain corpora to improve systems trained on small amounts of parallel text

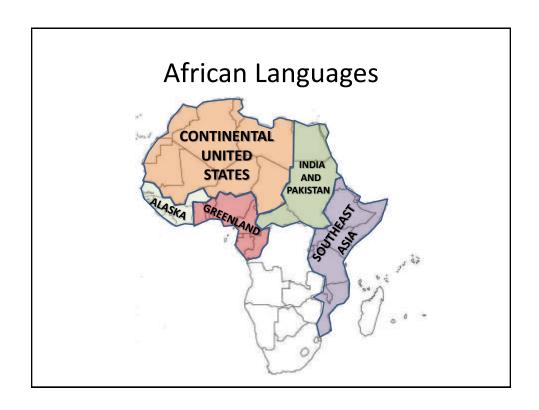


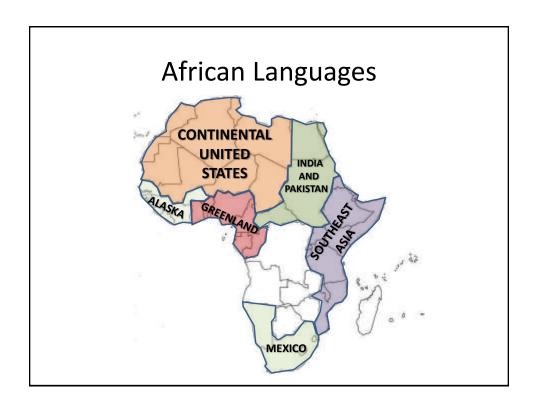


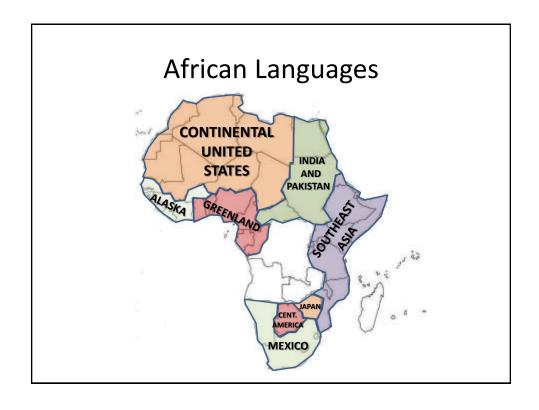


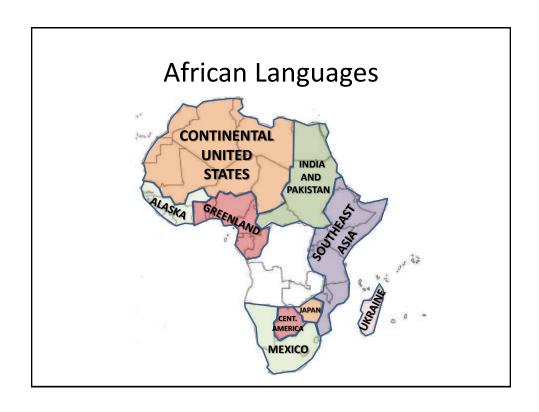


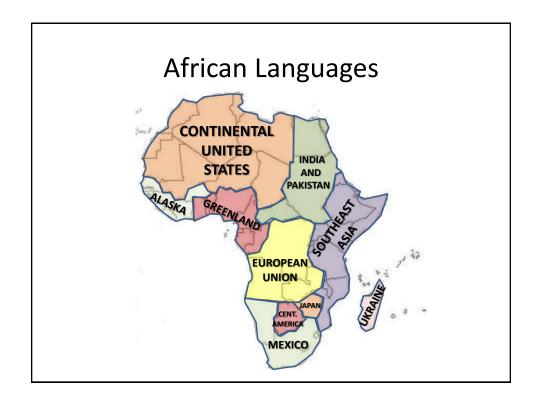


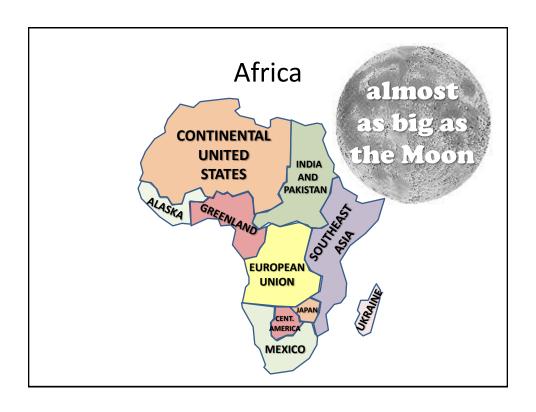


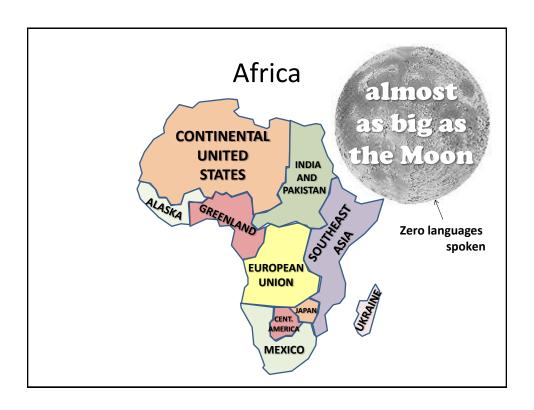


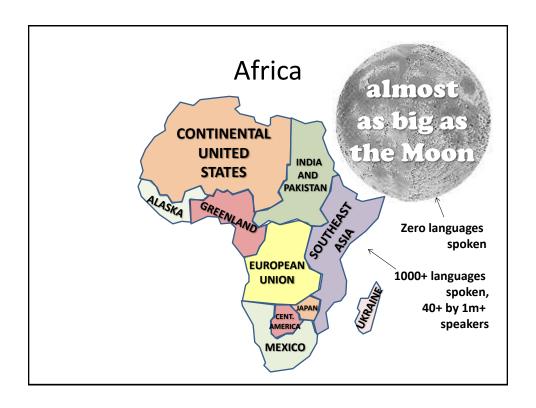












Unsolved ciphers

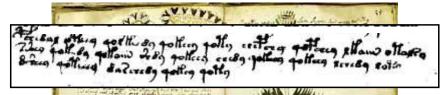
Voynich Manuscript (VMS)



- Medieval illustrated manuscript (early 1400s)
- 235 pages, 6 sections, 38k word tokens, 35 letter types
- Undeciphered



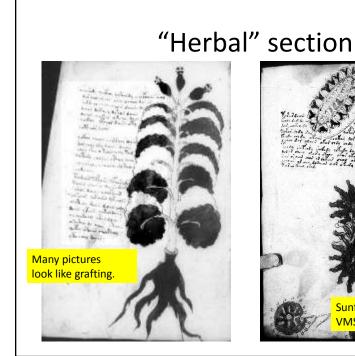
Voynich Manuscript (VMS)

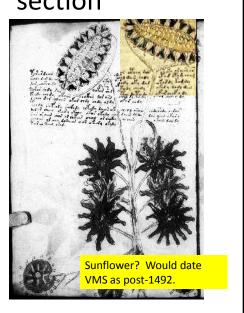


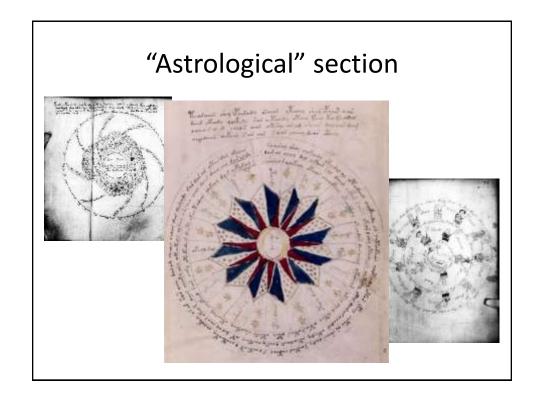
ቸጥር የልአ Offices 40% ነርር የ 40 ነርር 40 ነርር 40 ነርር 40 ነርር 40 ነርር የ አጠመ Offax? የ حدوم 40 ነርር 40 ነርር የ ተመመ የ የተመመ ተመመ የ 40 ነርር የ የተመመ የ የተመመ የ የ የተመመ የ የተመመ የ የተመመ የ የተመመ የ

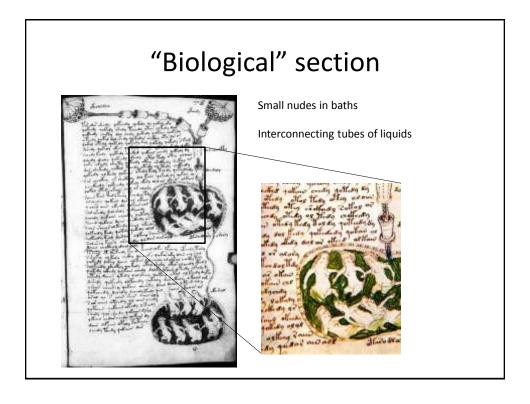
BSC8AE OPCC9 40E FCC89 40FCC9 40P9 SCBS9 40BSC9 EFAM OPAE29 2ZC9 40FC89 40FAM Z89 40FCC9 SC89 40FCC9 40FCC9 ESC89 EOP9 8ZC9 40PCCC9 8ARSC89 40FC9 40P9













"Pharmacological" section

History of Voynich Manuscript (VMS)

1576-1612 Rudolf II purchases VMS

1608-1622 J. de Tepenecz signs VMS in Bohemian court

1630s George Baresch owns VMS sends letter to Kircher

1639 GB writes Kircher again

16xx Marci inherits VMS from GB

1665 Marci sends VMS to Kircher with letter

1665-80 Kircher owns VMS

1680 Kircher dies

1864 Ethel Boole born in England

1865 WV born in Lithuania

1885 WV imprisoned, Polish nationalist

1890 WV & EB meet, marry in 1902

1898 WV publishes first book list

1912 WV acquires VMS in "ancient castle"

1914 WV moves to USA, opens bookshop

1919 WV sends photostatic copies of VMS

1919 Copying reveals de Tepenecz signature

1919 WV writes to Bohemian State Archys

1921 WV presents VMS + inserted Marci letter mentioning Francis Bacon, asks \$160k

1921 Newbold & WV announce decipherment

1930 WV dies. VMS placed in vault, \$100k

1931 VMS appraised at \$19,400

1960 Ethel dies, VMS to secretary Ann Nill "Castle" revealed as Villa Mondragone

1961 NY dealer Hans Kraus buys for \$24,500

1969 Kraus donates VMS to Yale

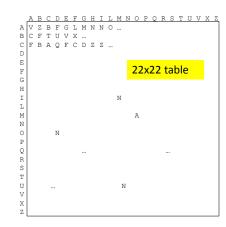
1972 Brumbaugh finds WV letters in BSA

200x Zandbergen finds 1639 Baresch letter in newly online Kircher archive



Newbold Decipherment

Marci letter → Bacon → Cabala → "letter doubling" cipher



Decoding: Encoding: $A \rightarrow CC, OM, ...$ DO → N $B \rightarrow ...$ $N \rightarrow HA, MI, DO, NU ...$

 $z \rightarrow ...$

Encoder has freedom to devise a "cover text" to hide real message.

Example:

a n n ... → DO MI NU ... → DOMINU ...

Newbold System

- Too hard to assemble good "cover" text!
- So, make cipher letter-pairs overlap:

```
ann... \rightarrow AD DB BR... \rightarrow ADBR...
```

• Then, employ anagramming:

```
ann... \rightarrow OM DO MI... \rightarrow DO OM MI... \rightarrow DOMI...
```

- Now can construct a plausible looking "cover" text in Latin for our secret message (also in Latin)
- An ingenious system, to be sure!

Newbold Decipherment

Hmm, by the method, both plaintext **and ciphertext** should be in Latin letters...

But the VMS doesn't have Latin letters...



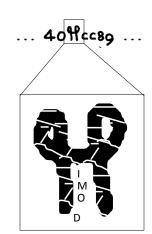
William Newbold, Polymath, PhD UPenn



apparent ciphertext

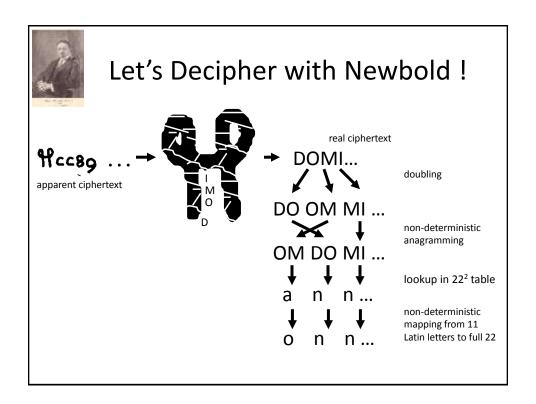


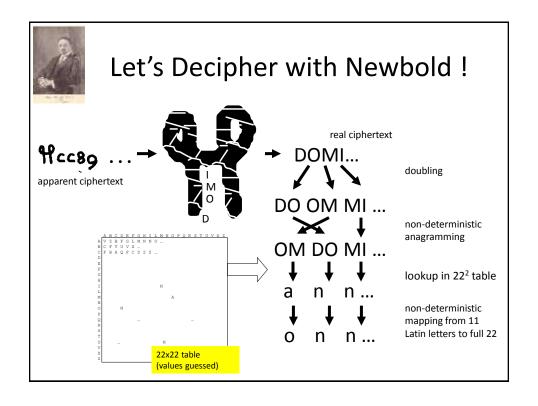
William Newbold, Polymath, PhD UPenn



apparent ciphertext

> real ciphertext: DOMI...







Newbold's Results

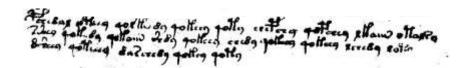
1300 real ciphertext "letters" in first 3 lines

Decipherment of those first lines: "I, Roger Bacon, have written this..." (in Latin)

Anagramming sets of 55 letters is sometimes required.

Slow but steady progress... Andromeda galaxy, ovaries ... so ... Roger Bacon must have had a microscope & telescope, hundreds of years before they were invented ...!

VMS Transcription



BSC8AE OPCC9 40E FCC89 40FCC9 40P9 SCBS9 40BSC9 EFAM OPAE29 2ZC9 40FC89 40FAM Z89 40FCC9 SC89 40FCC9 40FCC9 ESC89 EOP9 8ZC9 40FCC9 8ARSC89 40FC9 40P9

last paragraph, f103r

Alphabet: Currier/D'Imperio Transcription

د مر جر C S Z **ሦ ∦ ፟ ፟** P F B V

未 未 未 Q X W Y

% 3 8 9 4 ? 6 7 8 9 4 2

'% ''% '''**\$** GH1 *√3 √3 √1* T U O *w w w* N M 3

119 1119 11119 K L 5

VMS Letters

count letter

count letter

25468 O 0
20227 C c
17655 9 9
14281 A A
12973 8 8
11008 S C
10471 E 8
10026 F F
6716 R 7
5994 P P
5423 4 4
4501 Z 44
4501 Z 44

2886 2 ?
1752 N %
1413 B *
1046 J %
950 Q *
908 X *
591 T %
524 * *
431 V *
316 I \
217 W *

157 D

156 3

count letter

Total 63k character tokens

VMS Words

ount	word		count	word		count	word	
863		80 <i>11</i> 0	212	OFAM	offani	140	OPCC9	offccg
537		Oχ	211	8AN	80.10		OFAE	offag
	SC89	C827		40FAE	4offag	130	7.0	<i>ج</i> -٥
469		am		ZOE	<u> </u>		OFAR	offaz
	ZC89	ctc89		OFCC9	offcco		ESC89	86223
396		CT.0%		SCC9	رودون		OFC89	018689
363 350		03		SCOE	כדב0%	110	OFCOS	o, 9
344		aR	155		cτ9	+ 1	many mo	ore!
318		CCC9			0Hc89		• /	
	40FCC9	803		OPC89	offani			
	40FCC89			OPAM	4016a3			
283		40lfcc9		40FAR		Tota	l:	
	40FAN	40ffcc89	151		9	011	6 distinc	t words
	40FC89	c,co		40E	408	0110	o uistiiic	t words
270	89	40lfan		S89	وقت			
262	40FAM	40lfc89	147	40F9	40fg			
260	AE	89	144	ZCC9	çeccò			
253	8AE	40lfaw	144	OFAN	offand			
243	2	o.g	144	2AM	SOM			
219	SOR	802	143	OPAE	offax			
		3	141	OPAR	offar			
		707	140	SX9	colles			

VMS Word Bigrams

- Very few repeated bigrams: Extremely troubling!
 Nothing like "of the" in English.
- 115 (out of 8116) distinct words appear doubled ... 40ffcc89 40ffcc89 ...
- 8 distinct words appear tripled
 - ... 4018c89 4018c89 4018c89 ...
 - ... 707 707 707 ...
 - ... לינסא לינסא לינסא ...
 - ... otaw otaw otaw ...
 - ... ዕደ ዕደ ዕደ ...
 - ... 999aw 999aw ...
 - ... 80110 80110 80110 ...
 - ... 401fcc89 401fcc89 401fcc89 ...

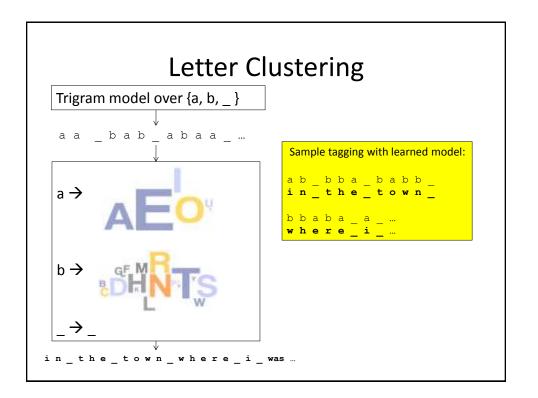
Substitution Cipher?

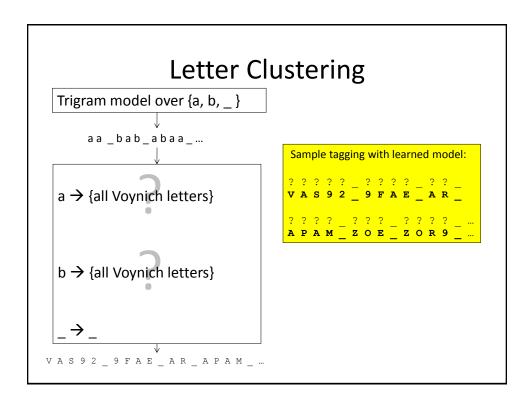
- Nope.
- Tried 80+ languages.
- For example, if we decipher assuming Latin plaintext:

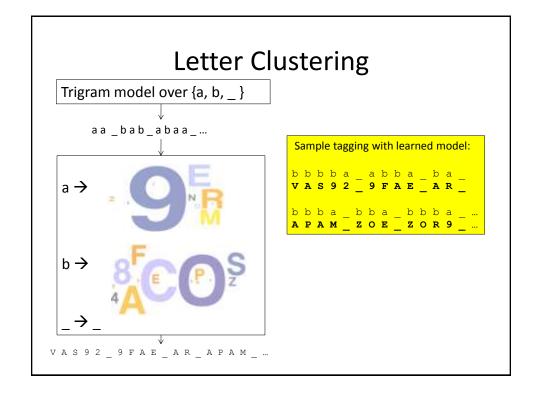
quiss squm is onum pom quss hates s qum hatis ...

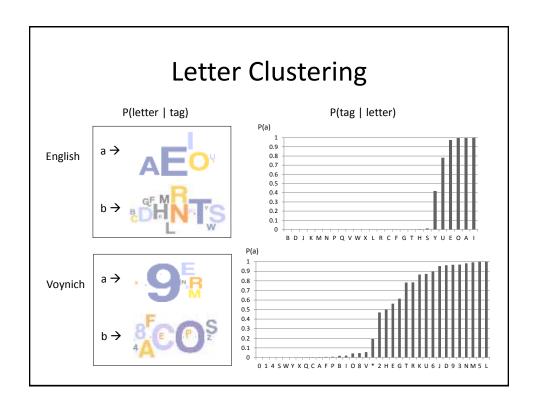


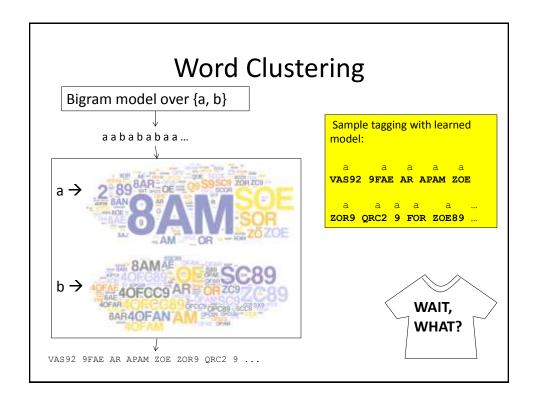
• Tried 80+ languages written without vowels.

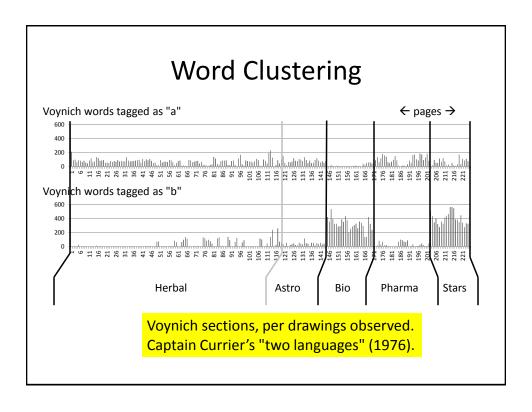


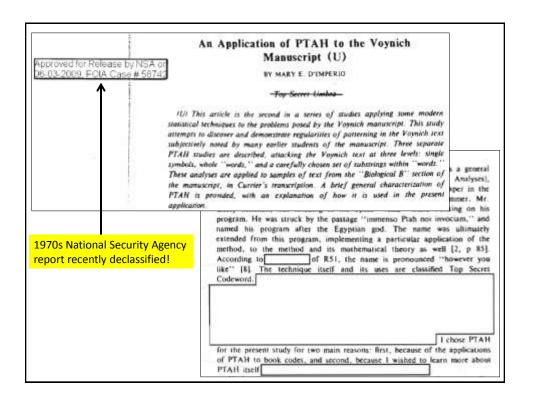


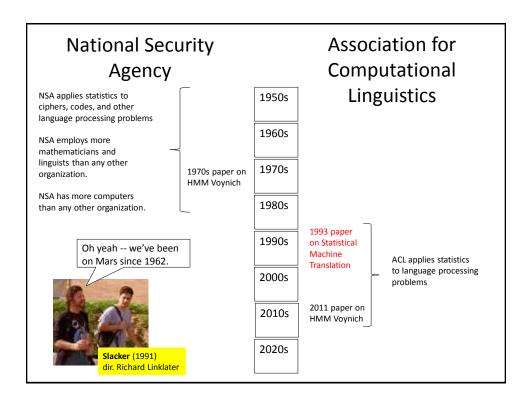


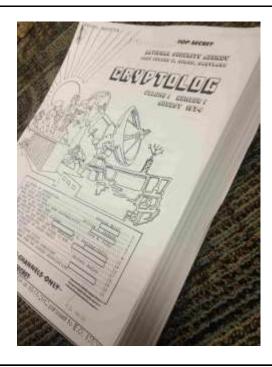












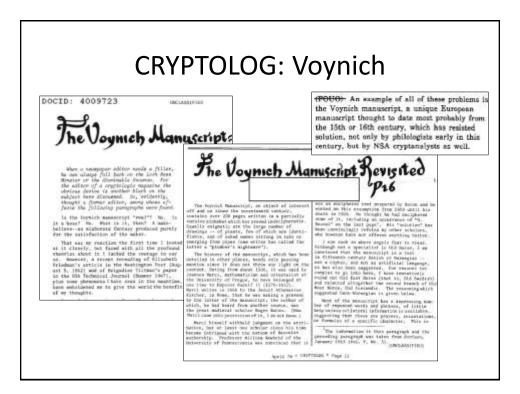
CRYPTOLOG

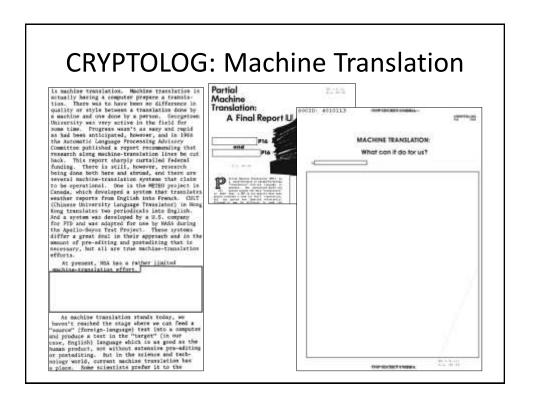
NSA newsletter declassified in 2013.

4400 pages (1974-1997). 238 Mbyte PDF file.

Covers intelligence gathering, linguistics, military, cryptography, office space, pay grades, human factors, etc.

Heavily redacted.





CRYPTOLOG: Evaluating Translations

An Objective Approach to SCORING TRANSLATIONS

Reprinted from QRL (Quarterly Review for Linguists), November 1973

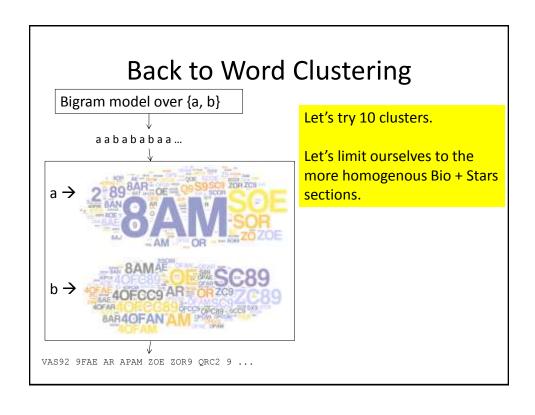
Author's note: The philosophy underlying the translation grading system described in this paper has been developed and applied by Beary Tetrault and myself, with many valuable suggestions from our colleagues on Professional Qualification Examination (PQE) Committees and from other Agency Linguists. My was of the prenoun "we" reflects this collaboration. I personally take full responsibility for presenting our findings here.

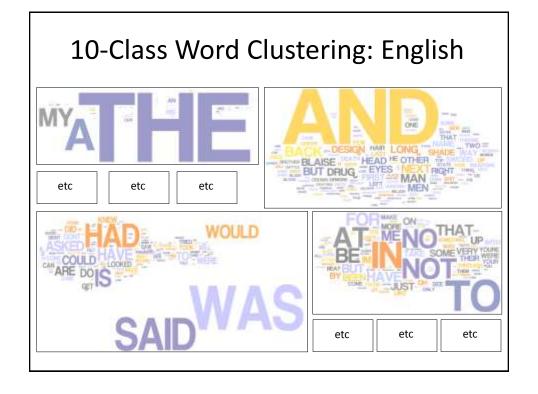
Translation as an intellectual activity has been practiced since antiquity for practical as

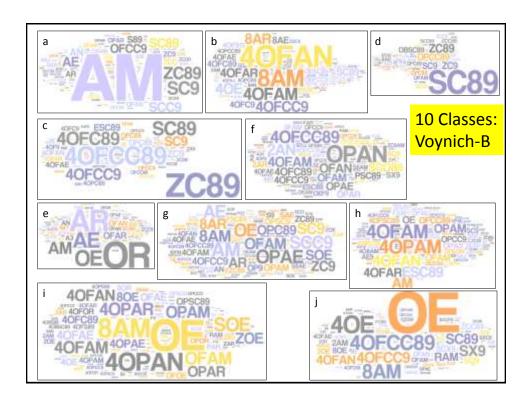
tuitive judgments across lang in source language-to-English

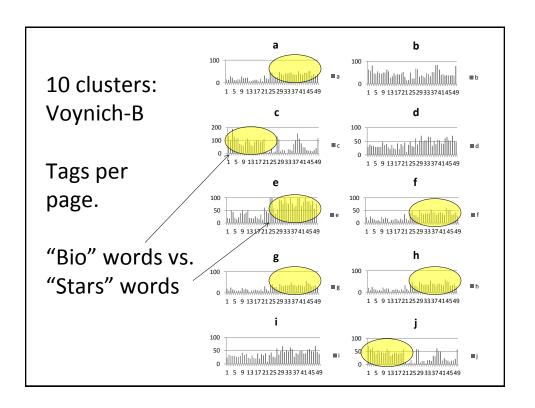
Over the past 2 or 3 years I have developed a way to sco which may obviste this proble tent even though our results been far from perfect (total grading any kind of connected impossible). Our first large system, which I will describe the Russian PQE. We have sub in a number of other PQEs imvlanguages, mainly Indo-Europe other families. The results aging enough in both instance mend its use in the PQE Handbo

CRYPTOLOG: Linguists LET'S GIVE LINGUISTS A BIGGER PIECE OF THE PIE! TEACHING COMPUTER SCIENCE Anotherical Most liquists specified that They want recognition above all else. A massise (el that takes feedgation on the wester that takes feedgations on the wester that lacks specified in the inshifting a liquid to evident in the inshifting all liquid the measures or others for proportion. Despite almost complaints obtain lack of recognition, fee specific suggestion of recognitions. TO LINGUISTS As the rests the P16 foreign la He entered see with foreign or perhaps to 12. PUBLICATIONS (I.M. IIIIM) do not confuse this with reports prepare of ambiguous ble rules of SOME TIPS ON GETTING PROMOTED see creat in the Article based on talk given in April 1978 to WIN (Women in NSA) into another. do rigar or the the physical romotion. The word inevitably stirs serving on the Agency Grade 14 no wh response of some kind in every redmy experience there has simply is so foreign blooded NSA employee: hope, pleasure, held impressions and reinforce challenge; despair, frustration, disthe critical importance of the appointment; even inertia, resentment, resigcovered in this article. nation. Despite disparate views on promotion Personnel Summaries









Does VMS Have Content Words?

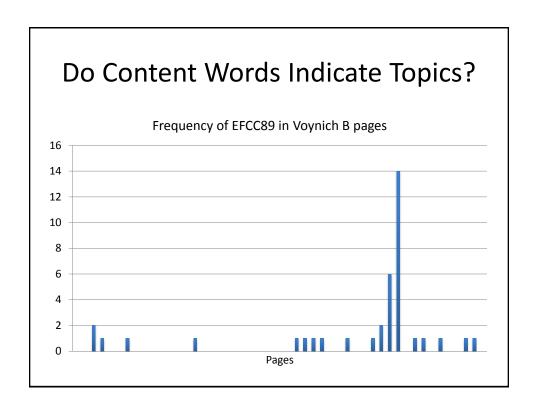
Measure the saliency of a word in a page with TF-IDF

$$\text{TF-IDF}(w,d) = \text{TF}(w,d) \times \log \frac{N}{\text{DF}(w)}$$
times that word w occurs in page d # pages that contain word w

(Reddy & Knight, 2011)

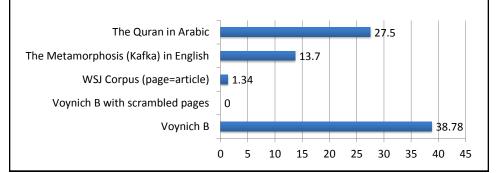
Does VMS Have Content Words?

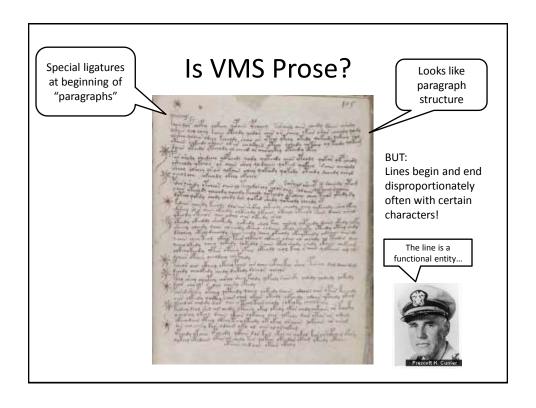
OFCC9 SALED BOYCO BOOK AND FORM SALED BOOK AND FORM SALED BOOK AND SALED BOOK AND

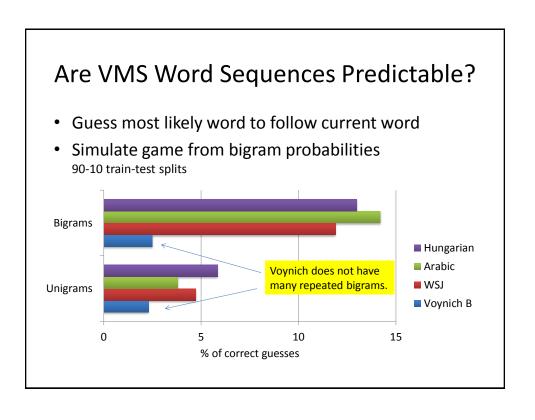


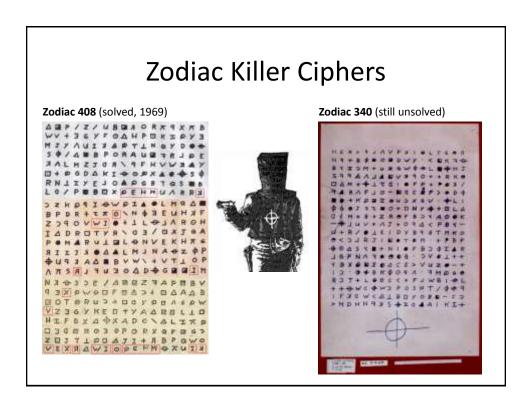
Are VMS Pages in Order?

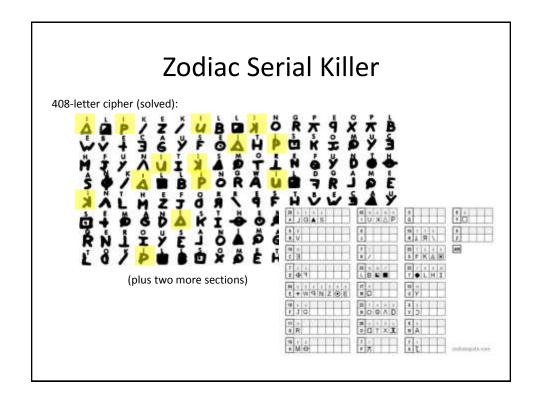
- Measure similarity between a pair of pages using cosine similarity (with bag-of-words)
- Count the % of pages P where the most similar page to P is adjacent to it











Zodiac Serial Killer

Plaintext solution

I LIKE KILLING PEOPLE BECAUSE IT IS SO MUCH FUN IT IS MORE FUN THAN KILLING WILD GAME IN THE FORREST BECAUSE MAN IS THE MOST DANGEROUE ANAMAL OF ALL TO KILL SOMETHING GIVES ME THE MOST THRILLING EXPERENCE IT IS EVEN BETTER THAN GETTING YOUR ROCKS OFF WITH A GIRL THE BEST PART OF IT IS THAE WHEN I DIE I WILL BE REBORN IN PARADICE AND THEI HAVE KILLED WILL BECOME MY SLAVES I WILL NOT GIVE YOU MY NAME BECAUSE YOU WILL TRY TO SLOI DOWN OR ATOP MY COLLECTIOG OF SLAVES FOR MY AFTERLIFE **EBEORIETEMETHHPITI**

Plaintext has many misspellings

Final 18 plaintext characters of 408 are "junk"

Deciphering Zodiac 408 Bayesian models & Gibbs sampling

Language Model	Initial Sample	Decipherment Error
3-gram	Random	62.3
5-gram	Random	all wrong!
ii .	3-gram solution	42.6
Word 1-gram	Random	all wrong!
Interpolated 5-gram and word 1-gram	Random	79.2
п	5-gram solution	3.3 / 2.6

[Ravi & Knight 11]

See also Malte Nuhn's paper at ACL 2013!

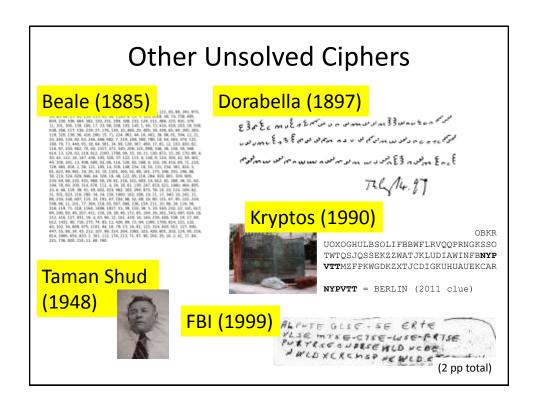
Unsolved Zodiac 340

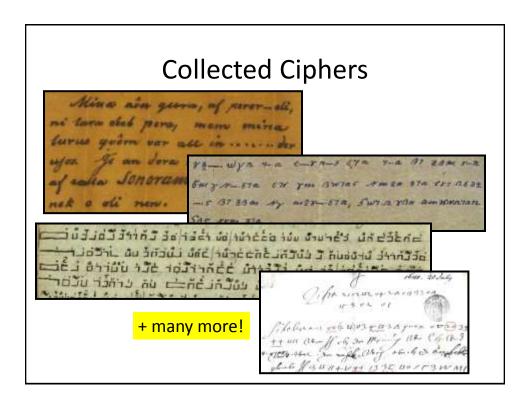


Has no obvious reading order bias:

% cipher bigram types that repeat (freq > 1)	Left/ Right order	Up/ Down order	Diag. North- East	Diag. South- East
Zodiac 408 (solved)	13 %	5	7	5
Zodiac 340 (unsolved)	7	6	8	5

Could be nonsense ... or maybe bigrams are smoothed out via more careful substitutions.





Writing as a code for speech

ciphertext



Mayan glyphs

Archaeological Decipherment

Thinks Mayan decipherment should be based on ideographic rather than linguistic principles.

Resists notion that the glyphs have a phonetic component.



J. Eric S. Thompson

It's phonetic.



Yuri Knorozov

ciphertext



Mayan glyphs

- Mayan glyphs
- Egyptian glyphs (Rosetta Stone)
- Linear B etc

Computer did not play much of a role in these successful decipherments

Archaeological Decipherment

ciphertext





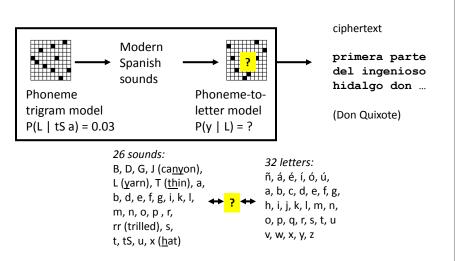
[Knight & Yamada 99]

ciphertext

primera parte del ingenioso hidalgo don ...

[Knight & Yamada 99]

Archaeological Decipherment "When I look at these squiggles, I say to myself, this is really a sequence of Spanish phonemes, but it has been encoded in some strange symbols..." (Don Quixote) [Knight & Yamada 99]



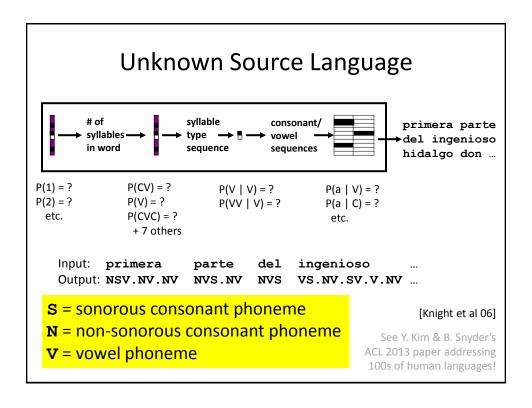
EM approach = 93% accurate phonetic decipherment

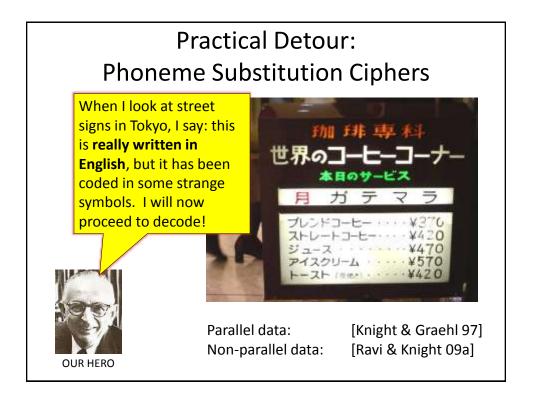
[Knight & Yamada 99]

What if Spoken Language Behind Script is Unknown?

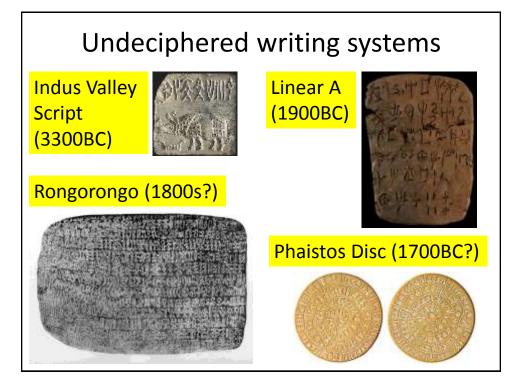
- Build a universal model P(p) of human phoneme sequence production
 - human might generally say: K AH N AH R IY
 - human won't generally say: R T R K L K
- Find a P(c | p) table
 - such that there is a decoding with a good universal P(p) score
- Phoneme & syllable inventory
 - if z, then s
 - all have CV syllables; if VCC, then also VC
- Syllable sonority structure
 - dram, lomp, ? rdam, ? lopm
- Physiological preference constraints
 - tomp, tont, ? tomk, ? tonp

[Knight et al 06]

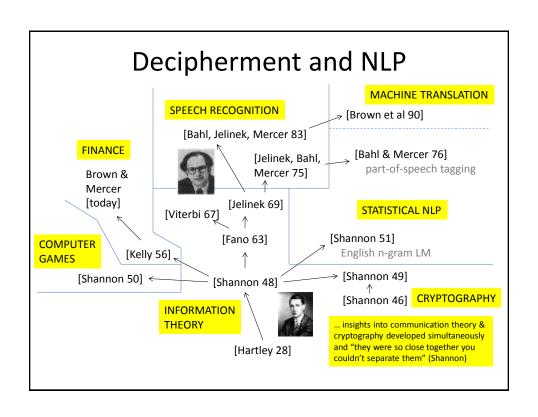




Undeciphered Writing Systems



Conclusions



Decipherment and NLP				
		Cryptography	Translation	
Manual	1969 1977	Manual encoding	Human translation	
Mechanical	્રે	^{1920s} Mechanical encoding; intuition-based decryption	1960s Rule-based MT	
Mathematical	X	^{1950s} Computer decryption, based on information theory	1990s Statistical MT	
Higher math, deeper understanding	FISA	^{1980s} Public-key systems, based on number theory	2020s ??? ??? ???	

thanks