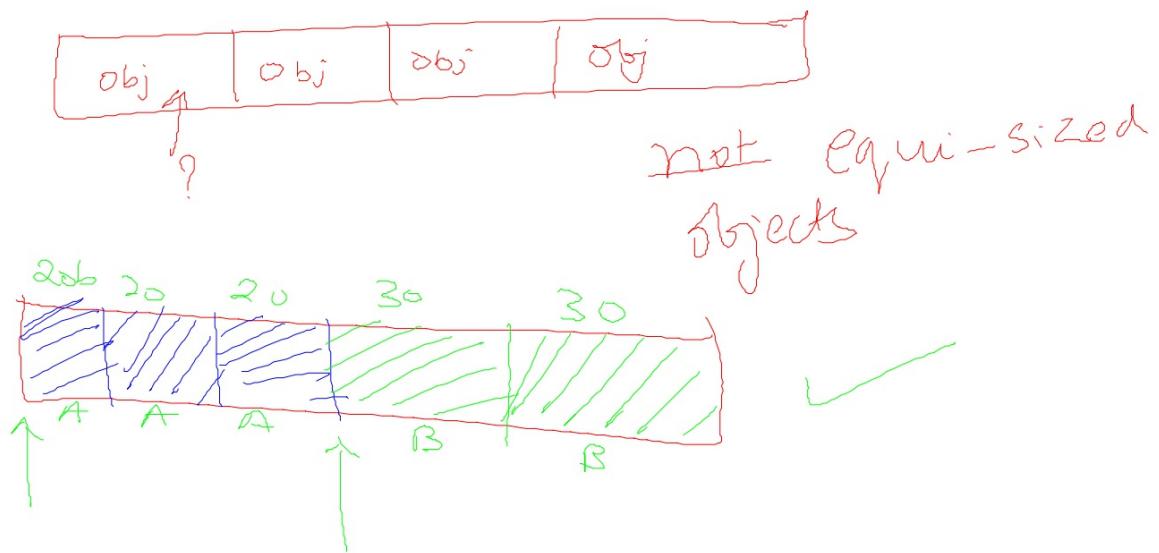
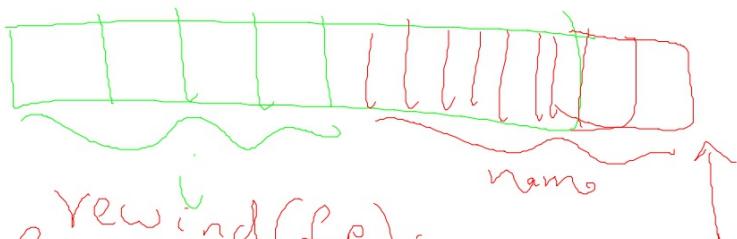


## Binary I/o

Binary file



```
int i = 10;    char name[10];
int j;
//fopen
:
fwrite(&i, sizeof(int), 1, fp);
fwrite(name, sizeof(char), 10, fp);
```



```
rewind(fp);
fread(&j, sizeof(int), 1, fp);
```

SEEK END  
SEEK CUR

fseek(fp, 4, SEEK\_SET);  
"whence"

fread(name, sizeof(char), 10, fp); ✓

```

struct Vfs_File {
    int file_id;
    int file_size;
};

```

```

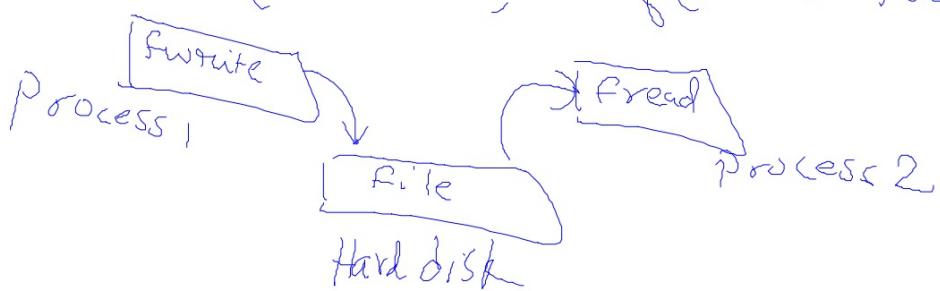
struct Vfs_File all_files[MAX_FILES];
int num_files;

```



`fwrite(&numfiles, ...);`

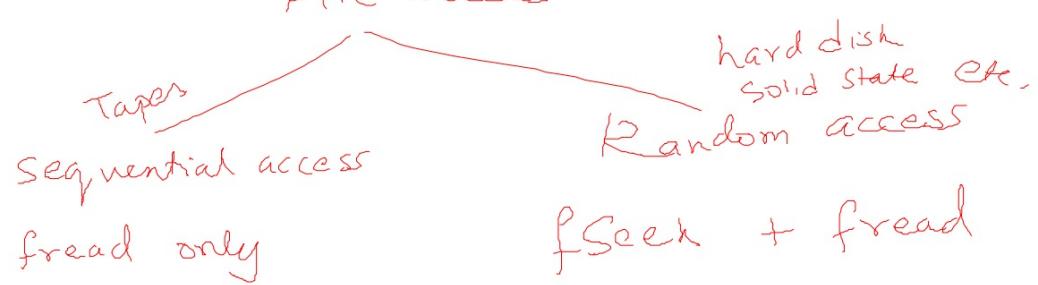
`fwrite(all_files, sizeof(struct Vfs_file) * num_files, fp);`



```
struct VFS-File *files;
int nfiles;

fp = fopen( ... )
fread ( &nfiles, ... );
files = (struct Vfs_file *)
malloc ( sizeof ( struct Vfs_file )
          *nfiles );
fread ( files, sizeof ( struct Vfs_file )
          nfiles, fp );
```

## File access



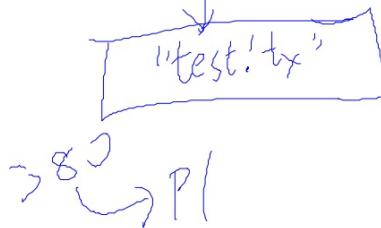
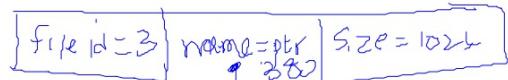
```
#define MAX_LEN 10
struct Vfs_File {
    int file-id;
    char name[MAX_LEN];
    int size;
};
```

sizeof(Vfs\_file) == 18



```
struct Vfs_File {
    int file-id;
    char name;
    int size;
};
```

size == 12



```
struct Node {  
    "payload" int data;  
    struct Node *next;  
};  
struct Vfs_File file_data;  
Struct Node *head, char *fname);  
Save( FILE *fp;  
{  
    fp = fopen ( fname, "wb" );  
    while ( head != NULL ) {  
        fwrite ( head->data  
                .. , ----- );  
        head = head->next;  
    }  
    feof(fp); EOF
```

while ( fread( . . . ) != EOF )

while ( !feof(fp) ) {

}

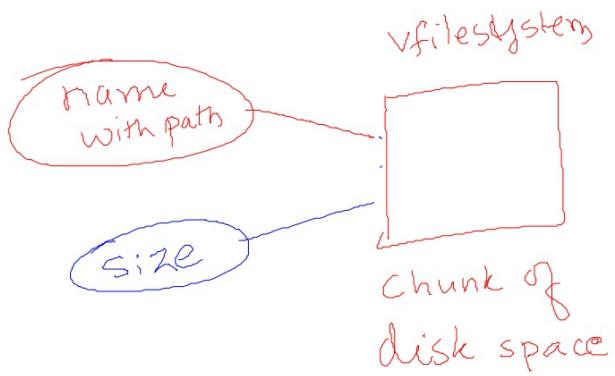
l

l

- 1) `fclose()` must always be called on  
an open file
- 2) Read and write possible in same  
process depending upon mode
- 3) Call `fclose(fp)` ONLY ONCE  
per file

## Version 1

1. Create a file system  
`creat_vfs` executable



2. a) load vfs (open)

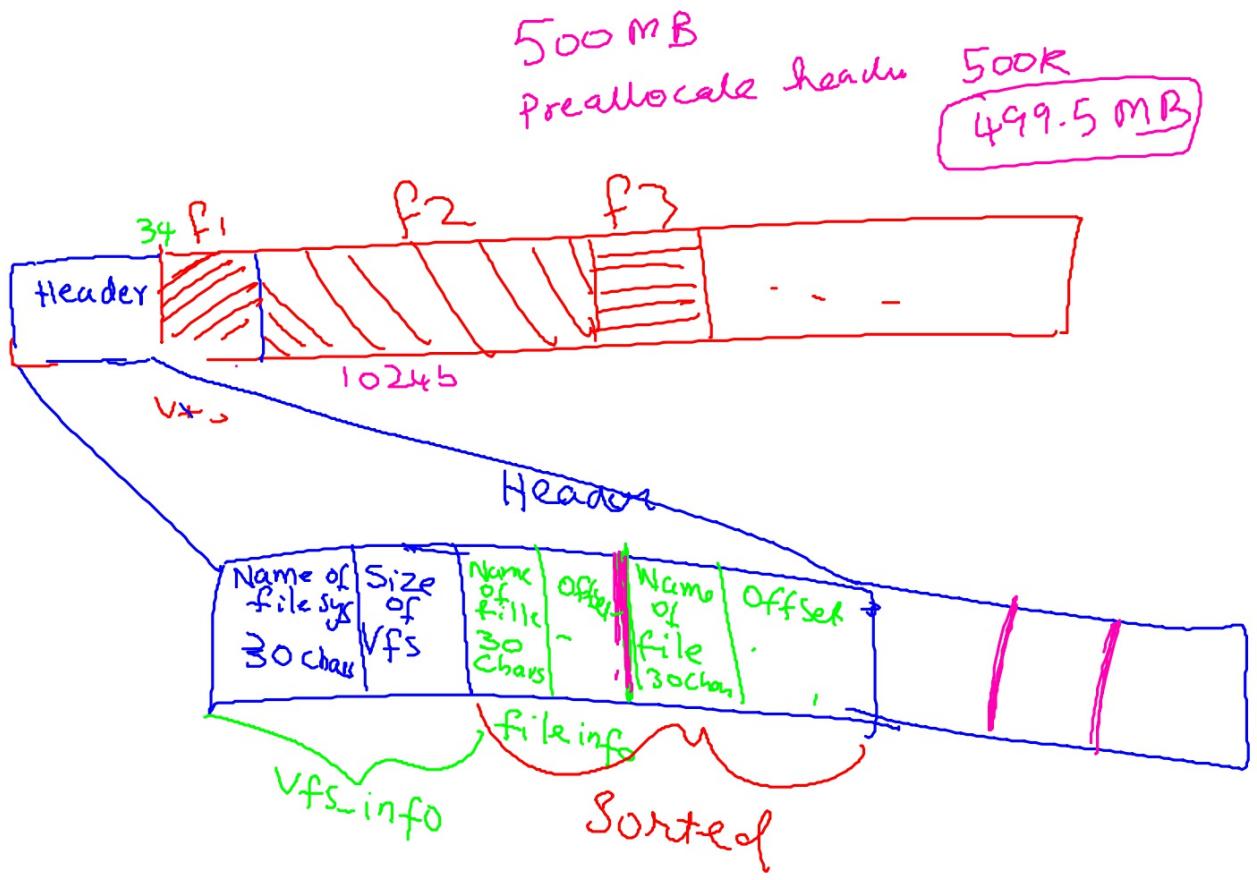
- b) Save file into vfs

- Save-vfs executable

- a) load vfs extract-vfs

- b) read file from vfs





```
// VFS.h
Struct Vfs_File_Info{
    char fname[MAXLEN];
    int offset; int file_size;
};

Struct Vfs_Info {
    char vsf_name[MAXLEN];
    int num_files;
    int size;
};

Struct Vfs_Header_Info{
    Struct Vfs_Info vfs_info;
    Struct Vfs_File_Info vfs_files[MAX_FILES];
}
```

## i) VFS-create

- 1) Create the vfs file (fopen)
- 2) Initialize Header
- 3) Save header ~~at the~~ at the beginning of the vfs file  
(fwrite)
- 4) Save dummy bytes into vfs (uninitialized)  
(Pre-allocate)  
debatable  
Not in v1
- 5) Close file system (fclose)

## 2) VFS-open

1) Open vfs file (fopen)

2) Load header info  
in the struct (fread)

3) Initialize struct Vfs

V2(v++)  
Sort the  
VFS\_header\_info, VFS\_files  
using qsort

### 3) VFS\_Save

// Pre-conditions: Btrfs is loaded.

- 1) Open <sup>external</sup> file to be saved (fopen)
- 2) Calculate offset where file needs to be stored

offset == End of file (fseek)

fseek(fp, SEEKEND)

offset - ftell(fp).

3) Initialize VFS file-info //

4) Write external file contents at offset/offset

5) qsort header

// v2

// Vfs.h (continued)

```
struct Vfs {
    struct Vfs_HeaderInfo header;
    FILE * vfs_fp;
    int vfs_status;
};

#define VFS_OPEN 0
#define VFS_CLOSED 1
```

- 4) VFS\_close,
  - 1) Save header info into file
    - a) fseek to beginning  
`fseek(fp, 0, SEEK_SET);`
    - b) fwrite
  - 2) Close the file  
`fclose`
  - 3) Update struct VFS

## 5) vfs-extract

// Precond : VFS is loaded (opened),

- do bsearch( ) ← v2
- a) Iterate on VFS File-Info array  
Create empty external file (fopen)
  - b) Locate the offset
  - c) Calculate bytes\_to\_read  
Seek to offset (fseek)
  - d) Read bytes\_to\_read
  - e) Save bytes into external file
  - f) Close external file

25 | 7

## Function Pointers

print Statement (struct Account \*a)

1

Saving A/C  
A/c Num  
Balance  
Interest Rate

Current A/C

```
struct Account { // V1
    int acc_num;
    float balance;
    float interest_rate;
    float od_limit;
}

struct Account { // V2
    int acc_num;
    float balance; int acc_type; //discr
    union {
        float interest_rate;
        float od_limit;
    } acc_info;
}
```

Struct Account (v1)

Acc-num	balance	int-rate	od_limit
4by	4by	4by	4by

Struct Account (v2)

Acc-num	balance	int-rate od_limit
4 bytes	4 bytes	4 bytes.

```
{ struct Account myacc;  
f() { myacc.acc_num = 1234;  
myacc.balance = 10000;  
myacc.acc_type = SAVINGS;  
myacc.acc_info.int_rate = 0.05;  
printf("Y.f",  
myacc.acc_info.old_limit);  
// Correct syntactically  
// Incorrect semantically
```

```
// V1  
printStatement( Struct Account *a)  
{  
    // Generic printing  
    printf("Ac Name: ", a->acc_name);  
    ;  
    ;  
    if (a->acc_type == SAVINGS) {  
        // print saving specific data  
    }  
    else if (a->acc_type == CURRENT) {  
        // print specific info.  
    }  
}
```

```
// VI  
printStatement( Struct Account *a,  
                void (*specific)(Struct Account *a))  
{  
    // Generic printing  
    printf("Ac Name: ", a->acc_name);  
    :  
    (*specific) (a);  
}
```

```
void printSavings(struct Account *a)
{
    printf ("Interest rate: %.f",
            a->acc_info.interest_rate);
}

printCurrent(struct Account **)
{
    printf ("OD Limit %.f"
            a->acc_info.od_limit).
```

man qsort

```
qsort ( . . . , int (*cmp)(void*,  
                           void*) )
```

man bsearch

```
bsearch - - -
```

)

"generic programming"

```
int cmpAccNum(struct Account *a1,  
              struct Account *a2)  
{  
    if ( a1->acc_num < a2->acc_num )  
        return -1;  
    ;  
}
```

```
{ struct Account myacc;  
f1} { myacc.acc_num = 1234;  
myacc.balance = 10000;  
myacc.acc_type = SAVINGS;  
myacc.acc_info.int_rate = 0.05;  
.  
.  
printStatement (&myacc, printSavings);  
Name of function  
NO arguments (Param)
```

int  $x$ ;

float \*y = &x;

\*y = 3.5;

---

float y = 3.5;

---

printf("i.d", y); // Type  
safe

NOT

Variable arguments



