Preliminary migrate analysis of M. californianus

MIGRATION RATE AND POPULATION SIZE ESTIMATION using the coalescent and maximum likelihood or Bayesian inference

Migrate-n version 3.7.2 [April-12-18]

Program started at Fri May 28 15:34:45 2021 Program finished at Fri May 28 23:20:11 2021



Options

Datatype: DNA sequence data

Inheritance scalers in use for Thetas:

All loci use an inheritance scaler of 1.0

[The locus with a scaler of 1.0 used as reference]

Random number seed: (with internal timer) 931047036

Start parameters:

Theta values were generated from guessed values

Theta = 0.01000

M values were generated from guessed values

M-matrix:

100000.00 [all are the same]

Connection type matrix:

where m = average (average over a group of Thetas or M,

s = symmetric M, S = symmetric 4Nm, 0 = zero, and not estimated,

* = free to vary, Thetas are on diagonal

Population	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1 ElfinCo	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2 Bamfiel	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3 PortRen	0	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4 WalkOnB	0	0	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5 BodegaH	0	0	0	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0
6 Davenpo	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0
7 VistaDe	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	0	0	0	0
8 HazardR	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	0	0	0
9 Refugio	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	0	0
10 Carpint	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	0

11 WhitePo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	
12	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	
12	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U			
Order of param	otore:												
1	Θ_1						~d	lienla	yed:				
2	Θ_2^1							-	iyed: iyed:				
3	Θ_3							-	iyed: iyed:				
4	Θ_3								iyed: iyed:				
5	Θ_4 Θ_5							-	iyed: iyed:				
6	Θ_6								iyed: iyed:				
7	Θ_6								iyed: iyed:				
8	Θ_7								yed:				
9	Θ_8 Θ_9								yed:				
10	Θ_9								yed:				
11	$\Theta_{10}^{'}$								yed:				
12	Θ_{11}^{10}								yed:				
13	Θ_{12}^{11} $M_{2} > 1$							-	yed:				
24	\>1								yed:				
25	1->2 N/I								yed:				
36	3->2 NA								yed:				
37	2->3								yed:				
48	4->3 N/I								yed:				
49	3->4 N/I								yed:				
60	3->4 N/I								yed:				
61	4->3								yed:				
72	0->3								yed:				
73	N / 3->c								yed:				
84	/->c								yed:				
85	M _{8->7}							-	yed:				
96	M 7->8							-	yed:				
97	$M_{9->8}^{7->8}$							-	yed:				
108	$M_{8->9}^{9->8}$							-	yed:				
109	M 10->							-	yed:				
120	$M_{9->1}$							-	yed:				
121	M 11->							-	yed:				
132	$M_{10->}^{11->}$							-	yed:				
133	M 12->							-	yed:				
144	M 11->							-	yed:				
	11->	12						•	-				
Mutation rate an	nong loci:												Mutation rate is constant
Analysis strategy	y:												Bayesian inference

Proposal distributions for parameter

Parameter Proposal
Theta Metropolis sampling
M Slice sampling

Prior distribution for parameter

Parameter Prior Delta Bins Minimum Mean* Maximum Theta Exp window 0.000010 0.010000 10.000000 1.000000 500 0.000100 100000.000000 1000000.000000 100000.000000 Μ Exp window 500

Markov chain settings: Long chain

Number of chains

Recorded steps [a]1000Increment (record every x step [b]100Number of concurrent chains (replicates) [c]3Visited (sampled) parameter values [a*b*c]300000Number of discard trees per chain (burn-in)1000

Multiple Markov chains:

Static heating scheme 4 chains with temperatures

100000.00 3.00 1.50 1.00

Swapping interval is 1

Print options:

Data file: ../../mcalifornianus_210528.mig

Output file:

Posterior distribution raw histogram file:

Print data:

outfile.txt
bayesfile

No

Print genealogies [only some for some data type]:

Data summary

Datatype: Sequence data
Number of loci: 1

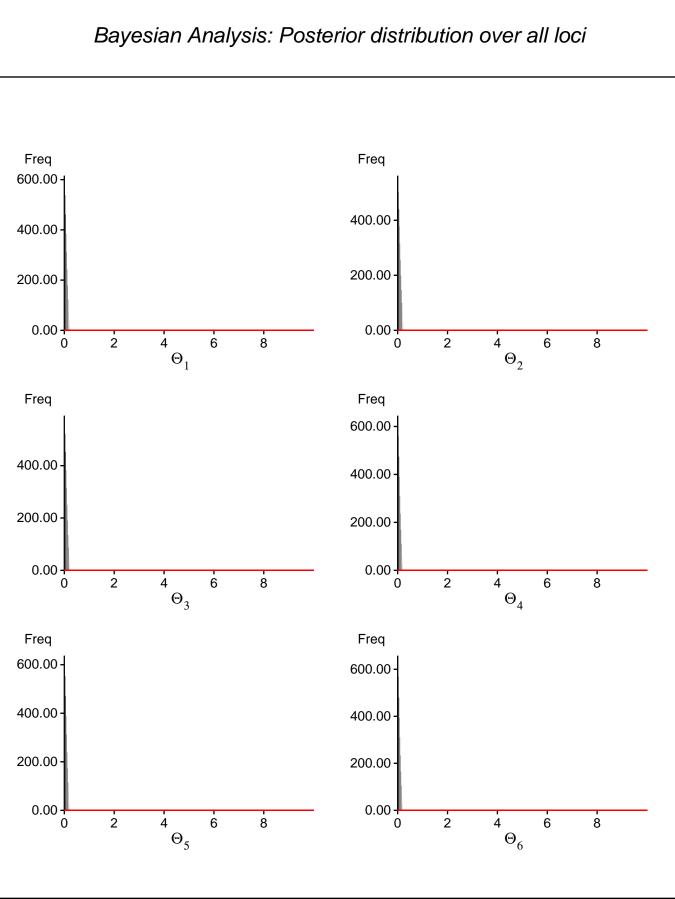
Dec letter	1	0
Population	Locus	Gene copies
1 ElfinCo	1	19
2 Bamfiel	1	23
3 PortRen	1	15
4 WalkOnB	1	16
5 BodegaH	1	7
6 Davenpo	1	17
7 VistaDe	1	19
8 HazardR	1	23
9 Refugio	1	16
10 Carpint	1	19
11 WhitePo	1	10
12	1	0
Total of all populations	1	184
9 Refugio 10 Carpint 11 WhitePo 12	1 1 1 1 1	16 19 10 0

Bayesian Analysis: Posterior distribution table

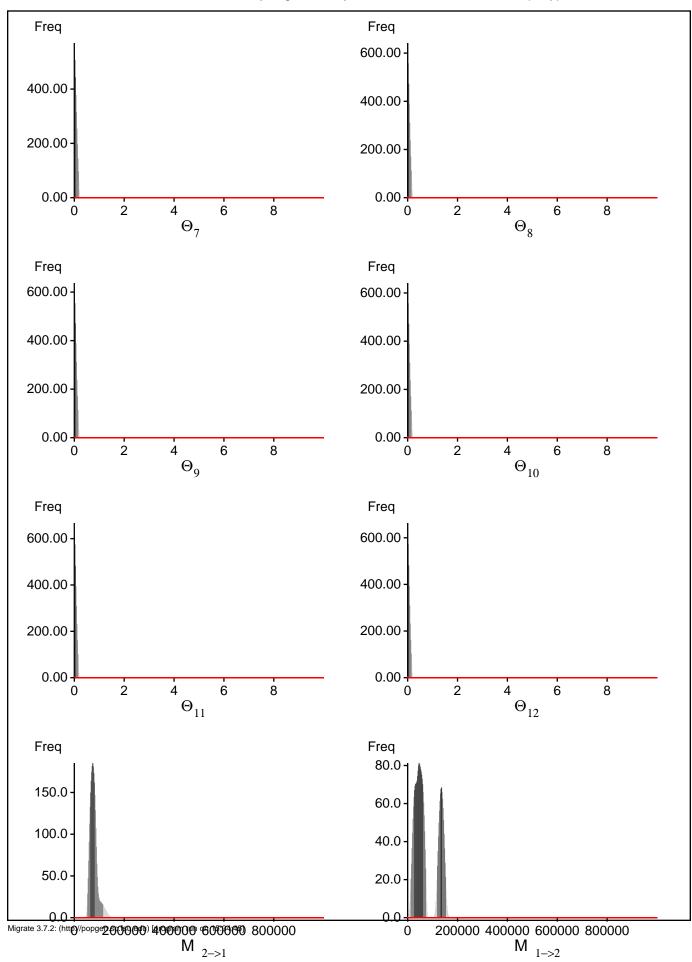
Locus	Parameter	2.5%	25.0%	Mode	75.0%	97.5%	Median	Mean
1	Θ_1	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.02000
1	Θ_2	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.18001	0.07001	0.02773
1	Θ_3	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.18001	0.07001	0.02304
1	Θ_4	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01273
1	Θ_5	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01621
1	Θ_6	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01213
1	Θ_{7}	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.18001	0.07001	0.02587
1	Θ_8	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01743
1	Θ_9	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01706
1	Θ_{10}	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01704
1	Θ_{11}	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.00467
1	Θ_{12}	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.00759
1	M _{2->1}	50000.0	62000.0	73000.0	82000.0	116000.0	77000.0	77834.0
1	M _{1->2}	10000.0	24000.0	45000.0	62000.0	74000.0	59000.0	74331.0
1	$M_{3->2}$	30000.0	38000.0	53000.0	66000.0	74000.0	63000.0	69480.2
1	M _{2->3}	62000.0	70000.0	87000.0	100000.0	108000.0	81000.0	69414.4
1	$M_{4->3}$	0.0	0.0	1000.0	14000.0	20000.0	41000.0	51296.1
1	M _{3->4}	60000.0	76000.0	89000.0	100000.0	124000.0	93000.0	91905.6
1	M _{5->4}	0.0	8000.0	23000.0	36000.0	84000.0	63000.0	86406.2
1	M _{4->5}	92000.0	116000.0	131000.0	142000.0	230000.0	125000.0	101798.7
1	M _{6->5}	0.0	4000.0	19000.0	32000.0	40000.0	103000.0	159824.6
1	M _{5->6}	6000.0	20000.0	37000.0	54000.0	64000.0	49000.0	58249.3
1	M _{7->6}	22000.0	34000.0	49000.0	62000.0	72000.0	59000.0	70527.1
1	M _{6->7}	0.0	0.0	5000.0	14000.0	60000.0	47000.0	45557.7
1	M _{8->7}	4000.0	52000.0	65000.0	74000.0	82000.0	67000.0	67460.4
1	M _{7->8}	0.00008	94000.0	111000.0	126000.0	138000.0	103000.0	86978.5
1	M _{9->8}	42000.0	52000.0	69000.0	82000.0	94000.0	63000.0	48034.7
1	M _{8->9}	54000.0	66000.0	81000.0	94000.0	148000.0	89000.0	93353.5
1	M _{10->9}	60000.0	70000.0	83000.0	94000.0	138000.0	85000.0	71645.5
1	M _{9->10}	54000.0	76000.0	97000.0	106000.0	126000.0	81000.0	65501.6
1	M _{11->10}	0.0	6000.0	19000.0	32000.0	40000.0	29000.0	51495.2
1	M _{10->11}	30000.0	50000.0	67000.0	86000.0	100000.0	79000.0	122441.8
1	M _{12->11}	10000.0	0.00088	105000.0	118000.0	144000.0	95000.0	82628.5
1	M _{11->12}	34000.0	40000.0	61000.0	0.00008	86000.0	191000.0	280627.3

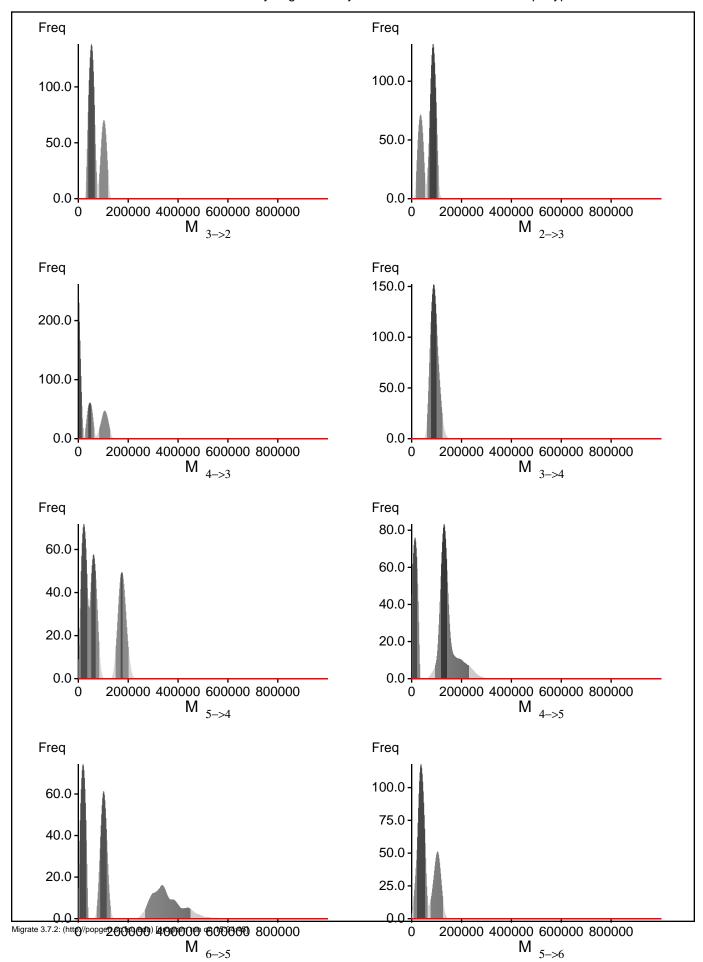
Citation suggestions:

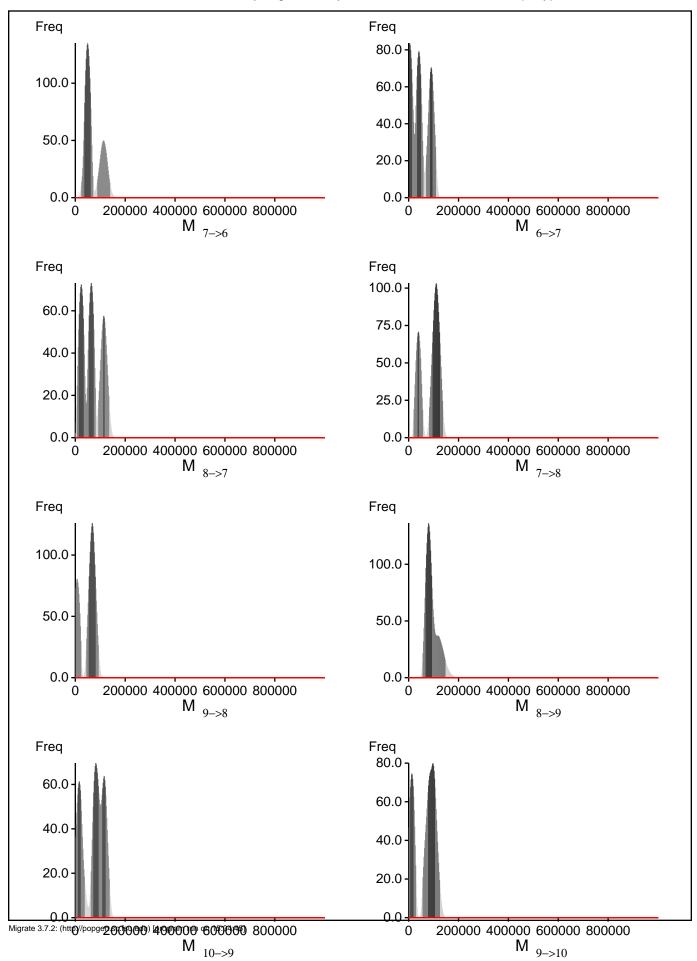
 Beerli P., 2006. Comparison of Bayesian and maximum-likelihood inference of population genetic parameters. Bioinformatics 22:341-345 Beerli P., 2007. Estimation of the population scaled mutation rate from microsatellite data, Genetics, 177:1967-1968. Beerli P., 2009. How to use MIGRATE or why are Markov chain Monte Carlo programs difficult to use? In Population Genetics for Animal Conservation, G. Bertorelle, M. W. Bruford, H. C. Hauffe, A. Rizzoli, and C. Vernesi, eds., vol. 17 of Conservation Biology, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge UK, pp. 42-79.

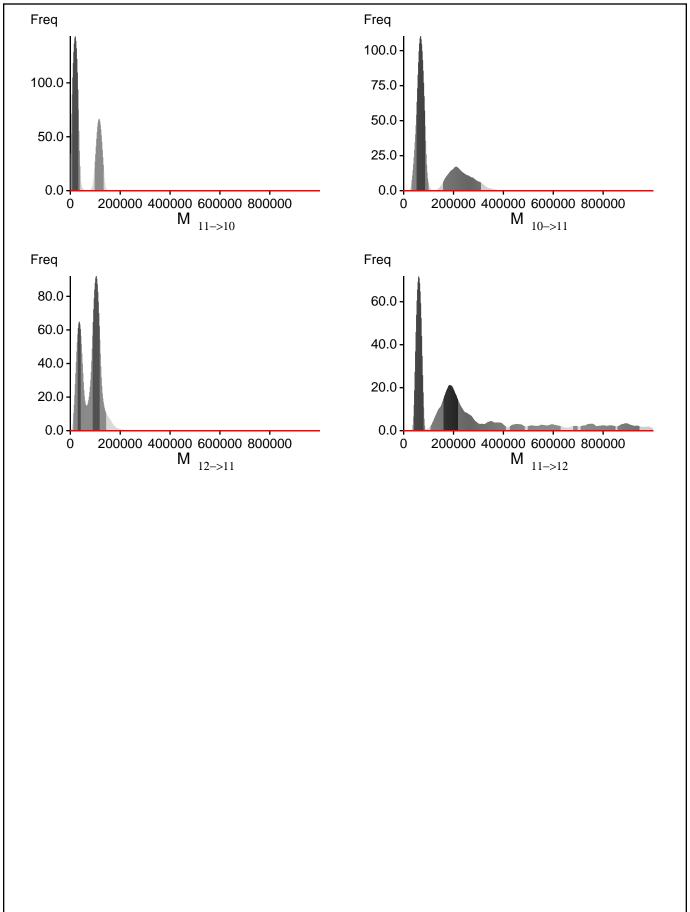


Migrate 3.7.2: (http://popgen.sc.fsu.edu) [program run on 15:34:45]









Log-Probability of the data given the model (marginal likelihood)

Use this value for Bayes factor calculations:

BF = Exp[ln(Prob(D | thisModel) - ln(Prob(D | otherModel) or as LBF = 2 (ln(Prob(D | thisModel) - ln(Prob(D | otherModel)) shows the support for thisModel]

Method	In(Prob(D Model))	Notes
Thermodynamic integration	-2157.963664	(1a)
	-2072.006914	(1b)
Harmonic mean	-1817.838690	(2)

(1a, 1b and 2) are approximations to the marginal likelihood, make sure that the program run long enough! (1a, 1b) and (2) should give similar results, in principle.

But (2) is overestimating the likelihood, it is presented for historical reasons and should not be used (1a, 1b) needs heating with chains that span a temperature range of 1.0 to at least 100,000.

(1b) is using a Bezier-curve to get better approximations for runs with low number of heated chains

Citation suggestions:

Beerli P. and M. Palczewski, 2010. Unified framework to evaluate panmixia and migration direction among multiple sampling locations, Genetics, 185: 313-326.

Acceptance ratios for all parameters and the genealogies

Parameter	Accepted changes	Ratio
Θ_1	979/4451	0.21995
Θ_2	844/4294	0.19655
\mathbf{p}_{3}^{2}	1097/4491	0.24427
$ ho_{\Delta}$	1387/4400	0.31523
) ₅	2254/4342	0.51912
06	1969/4350	0.45264
07	941/4415	0.21314
8	1454/4393	0.33098
9	2076/4383	0.47365
) ₁₀	1693/4427	0.38243
11	1445/4406	0.32796
12	2942/4435	0.66336
1 2->1	4392/4392	1.00000
1 1->2	4337/4337	1.00000
1 3->2	4392/4392	1.00000
1 2->3	4339/4339	1.00000
1 4->3	4433/4433	1.00000
1 3->4	4423/4423	1.00000
1 5->4	4394/4394	1.00000
1 4->5	4421/4421	1.00000
1 6->5	4392/4392	1.00000
1 5->6	4453/4453	1.00000
1 7->6	4387/4387	1.00000
1 6->7	4388/4388	1.00000
1 8->7	4355/4355	1.00000
1 7->8	4500/4500	1.00000
1	4517/4517	1.00000
1 9->8 1 _{8->9}	4523/4523	1.00000
1 10->9	4433/4433	1.00000
10->9 1 _{9->10}	4316/4316	1.00000
11->10	4457/4457	1.00000
11->10	4556/4556	1.00000
10->11	4385/4385	1.00000
12->11	4536/4536	1.00000
11->12 Genealogies	32764/149884	0.21860

MCMC-Autocorrelation and Effective MCMC Sample Size

Parameter	Autocorrelation	Effective Sampe Size
Θ_1	0.82169	347.49
Θ_2	0.87562	204.51
θ_3	0.84888	246.67
Θ_4°	0.72478	568.34
Θ_5	0.63542	811.80
06	0.63796	721.22
) ₇	0.86798	214.78
) ₈	0.76284	404.22
O_{o}	0.60992	784.53
010	0.77197	387.10
9 ₁₁	0.64635	696.34
12	0.48842	1228.89
1 2->1	0.81274	313.19
1 1->2	0.80358	328.14
1 3->2	0.75792	423.00
1 2->3	0.81028	318.25
1 4->3	0.84966	253.06
1 3->4	0.74409	461.23
1 5->4	0.75808	416.09
1 4->5	0.77275	387.79
1 6->5	0.78072	370.76
1 5->6	0.82753	283.06
7->6	0.70458	528.18
1 6->7	0.82165	300.58
1 8->7	0.79854	339.21
1 7->8	0.79843	336.47
1 9->8	0.76979	392.50
1 8->9	0.70324	523.35
1 _{10->9}	0.79241	349.97
1 9->10	0.80172	339.81
1 11->10	0.75201	427.63
1 10->11	0.77276	390.20
10 > 11	0.72330	492.11
A 11->12	0.78279	373.11
.n[Prob(D G)]	0.97168	43.09

Potential Problems

This section reports potential problems with your run, but such reporting is often not very accurate. Whith many

parameters in a multilocus analysis, it is very common that some parameters for some loci will not be very
informative, triggering suggestions (for example to increase the prior range) that are not sensible. This suggestion
tool will improve with time, therefore do not blindly follow its suggestions. If some parameters are flagged, inspect
the tables carefully and judge wether an action is required. For example, if you run a Bayesian inference with
sequence data, for macroscopic species there is rarely the need to increase the prior for Theta beyond 0.1; but if
you use microsatellites it is rather common that your prior distribution for Theta should have a range from 0.0 to
100 or more. With many populations (>3) it is also very common that some migration routes are estimated poorly
because the data contains little or no information for that route. Increasing the range will not help in such
situations, reducing number of parameters may help in such situations.
No warning was recorded during the run