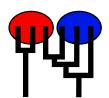
# Preliminary migrate analysis of M. californianus

MIGRATION RATE AND POPULATION SIZE ESTIMATION

using the coalescent and maximum likelihood or Bayesian inference

Migrate-n version 3.7.2 [April-12-18]

Program started at Wed Jun 2 17:54:48 2021 Program finished at Wed Jun 2 23:16:10 2021



### **Options**

Datatype: DNA sequence data

Inheritance scalers in use for Thetas:

All loci use an inheritance scaler of 1.0

[The locus with a scaler of 1.0 used as reference]

Random number seed: (with internal timer) 3619222606

Start parameters:

Theta values were generated from guessed values

Theta = 0.01000

M values were generated from guessed values

M-matrix:

100000.00 [all are the same]

Connection type matrix:

where m = average (average over a group of Thetas or M,

s = symmetric M, S = symmetric 4Nm, 0 = zero, and not estimated,

\* = free to vary, Thetas are on diagonal

Population	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1 ElfinCo	*	S	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2 Bamfiel	S	*	s	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3 PortRen	0	S	*	S	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4 WalkOnB	0	0	s	*	S	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5 BodegaH	0	0	0	S	*	S	0	0	0	0	0	0
6 Davenpo	0	0	0	0	S	*	S	0	0	0	0	0
7 VistaDe	0	0	0	0	0	S	*	S	0	0	0	0
8 HazardR	0	0	0	0	0	0	S	*	s	0	0	0
9 Refugio	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	S	*	s	0	0
10 Carpint	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	s	*	s	0

11 WhitePo		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	s	*	s	
12 LaJolla		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	s	*	
Order of param														
1	$\Theta_1$							<0	lispla	ayed:	>			
2	$\Theta_2$							<0	lispla	ayed:	>			
3	$\Theta_3$									ayed:				
4	$\Theta_4$							<0	lispla	ayed:	>			
5	$\Theta_5^{T}$									ayed:				
6	$\Theta_6$									ayed:				
7	$\Theta_7$									ayed:				
8	$\Theta_8$									ayed:				
9	$\Theta_9$									ayed:				
10	$\Theta_{10}$									ayed:				
11	$\Theta_{11}$									ayed:				
12	$\Theta_{12}$									ayed:				
13	IVI <sub>2</sub> .	->1	=	IVI	2->	<sub>1</sub> [s]		<0	lispla	ayed:	>			
24	M 1.	->2	=	IVI	2->	<sub>1</sub> [s]								
25	M 3.	->2	=	IVI	3->			<0	lispla	ayed:	>			
36		->3	=	M	5-/	<sub>2</sub> [s]								
37	M 4	->3	=	M	4->	<sub>3</sub> [s]		<0	lispla	ayed:	>			
48		->4	=	M	4-/	<sub>3</sub> [s]			P 1 -					
49	M 5	->4	=	M	5->	<sub>4</sub> [s]		<0	lispia	ayed:	>			
60	M 4	->5	=	M	5-/	<sub>4</sub> [s]			P 1 -					
61	N/I	->5	=	M	0 /	<sub>5</sub> [s]		<0	lispia	ayed:	>			
72	N /	->6	=	M	ローノ	<sub>5</sub> [s]	1		امماد	ام میں				
73	Ν./	->6	=	IVI N/I	7->			<0	iispia	ayed:	>			
84	М <sub>6</sub>	->7	=	M	/-/	6 [s]	l	-0	liople	wod				
85 96	M 8.	->7	=	IVI	8->	7 [S]	l	<0	iispia	ayed:	>			
97	M 7	->8	=	IVI	8->	رد <sub>ا 7</sub> [د]	l I	٠,٠	lionlo	wod.				
108	М <sub>9</sub> .	->8	_		9->			<0	nspie	ayed:				
109	M 8.	->9	=	1V1 [\]	9->	رد] [د]	l I	~~	lienla	ayed:				
120	M 10	0->9	_	NΛ	10-	رد <sub>ا 9&lt;</sub> اما	l I	~0	iiohic	ay <del>G</del> U.	-			
121	M <sub>9</sub> .	->10	_	M	10-	ام] ام]	l I	٧-	lishla	ayed:	>			
132	M 1	1->1	0_	M	11-	اد10 اها	l I	~0	opic	ay ou.	-			
133	M 10	0->1	1-	M	11– 12–	ادا) اما	l I	۰,	lisnla	ayed:	>			
144	M 11	2->1	1_	M	12–	<sup>رد</sup> ا (<	l I	~0	iispic	iy Cu.				
177	$M_{1}$	1->1	2	171	12-	>1 <b>1 <sup>3</sup></b>	l							
Mutation rate an	nong loc	i:												Mutation rate is constant
Analysis strateg	y:													Bayesian inference
	•													

Proposal distributions for parameter

Parameter Proposal
Theta Metropolis sampling
M Slice sampling

Prior distribution for parameter

Parameter Prior Delta Bins Minimum Mean\* Maximum Theta Exp window 0.000010 0.010000 10.000000 1.000000 500 0.000100 100000.000000 1000000.000000 100000.000000 Μ Exp window 500

Markov chain settings: Long chain

Number of chains

Recorded steps [a]1000Increment (record every x step [b]100Number of concurrent chains (replicates) [c]3Visited (sampled) parameter values [a\*b\*c]300000Number of discard trees per chain (burn-in)1000

Multiple Markov chains:

Static heating scheme 4 chains with temperatures

100000.00 3.00 1.50 1.00

Swapping interval is 1

Print options:

Data file: ../../mcalifornianus\_210528.mig

Output file:

Posterior distribution raw histogram file:

Print data:

outfile.txt
bayesfile

No

Print genealogies [only some for some data type]:

### Data summary

Datatype: Sequence data
Number of loci: 1

Population	Locus	Gene copies
1 ElfinCo	1	19
2 Bamfiel	1	23
3 PortRen	1	15
4 WalkOnB	1	16
5 BodegaH	1	7
6 Davenpo	1	17
7 VistaDe	1	19
8 HazardR	1	23
9 Refugio	1	16
10 Carpint	1	19
11 WhitePo	1	11
12 LaJolla	1	8
Total of all populations	1	193

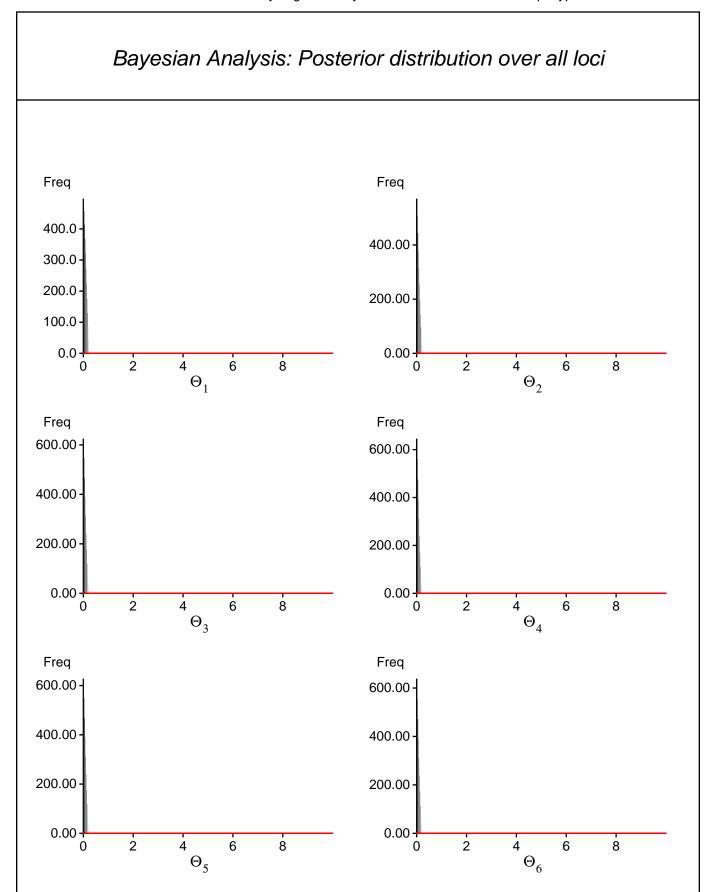
## Bayesian Analysis: Posterior distribution table

Locus	Parameter	2.5%	25.0%	Mode	75.0%	97.5%	Median	Mean
1	$\Theta_1$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.08001	0.18001	0.09001	0.03014
1	$\Theta_2$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.18001	0.07001	0.02720
1	$\Theta_3$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.02030
1	$\Theta_4$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01356
1	$\Theta_5$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01678
1	$\Theta_6$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01584
1	$\Theta_{7}$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.02080
1	$\Theta_{8}$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.18001	0.07001	0.02543
1	$\Theta_{g}$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01508
1	$\Theta_{10}$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.00859
1	$\Theta_{11}$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01966
1	$\Theta_{12}$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01018
1	M <sub>2-&gt;1</sub>	0.0	6000.0	21000.0	36000.0	48000.0	37000.0	48909.8
1	M <sub>1-&gt;2</sub>	0.0	6000.0	21000.0	36000.0	48000.0	37000.0	48909.8
1	$M_{3->2}$	0.0	0.0	7000.0	20000.0	52000.0	21000.0	17635.2
1	$M_{2->3}$	0.0	0.0	7000.0	20000.0	52000.0	21000.0	17635.2
1	$M_{4->3}$	0.0	0.0	9000.0	20000.0	28000.0	21000.0	32541.0
1	$M_{3->4}$	0.0	0.0	9000.0	20000.0	28000.0	21000.0	32541.0
1	M <sub>5-&gt;4</sub>	10000.0	20000.0	41000.0	58000.0	70000.0	55000.0	61731.0
1	$M_{4->5}$	10000.0	20000.0	41000.0	58000.0	70000.0	55000.0	61731.0
1	M <sub>6-&gt;5</sub>	0.0	0.0008	17000.0	24000.0	32000.0	67000.0	58324.1
1	$M_{5->6}$	0.0	0.0008	17000.0	24000.0	32000.0	67000.0	58324.1
1	M <sub>7-&gt;6</sub>	0.0	10000.0	19000.0	32000.0	44000.0	23000.0	19363.5
1	M <sub>6-&gt;7</sub>	0.0	10000.0	19000.0	32000.0	44000.0	23000.0	19363.5
1	M <sub>8-&gt;7</sub>	30000.0	42000.0	55000.0	64000.0	82000.0	57000.0	54973.8
1	M <sub>7-&gt;8</sub>	30000.0	42000.0	55000.0	64000.0	82000.0	57000.0	54973.8
1	$M_{9->8}$	0.0	0.0008	17000.0	32000.0	58000.0	27000.0	26946.0
1	M <sub>8-&gt;9</sub>	0.0	0.0008	17000.0	32000.0	58000.0	27000.0	26946.0
1	M <sub>10-&gt;9</sub>	20000.0	32000.0	45000.0	62000.0	92000.0	55000.0	54696.1
1	M <sub>9-&gt;10</sub>	20000.0	32000.0	45000.0	62000.0	92000.0	55000.0	54696.1
1	M <sub>11-&gt;10</sub>	0.0	0.0008	19000.0	34000.0	56000.0	29000.0	26949.4
1	M <sub>10-&gt;11</sub>	0.0	0.0008	19000.0	34000.0	56000.0	29000.0	26949.4
1	M <sub>12-&gt;11</sub>	16000.0	22000.0	37000.0	50000.0	0.00088	47000.0	49032.8
1	M <sub>11-&gt;12</sub>	16000.0	22000.0	37000.0	50000.0	0.00088	47000.0	49032.8

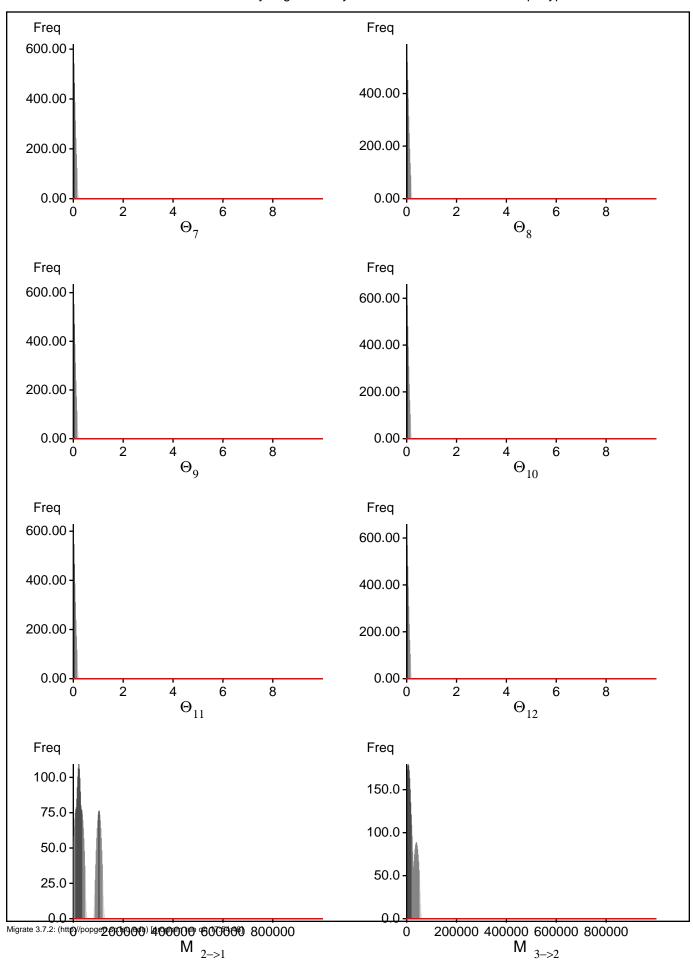
Migrate 3.7.2: (http://popgen.sc.fsu.edu) [program run on 17:54:48]

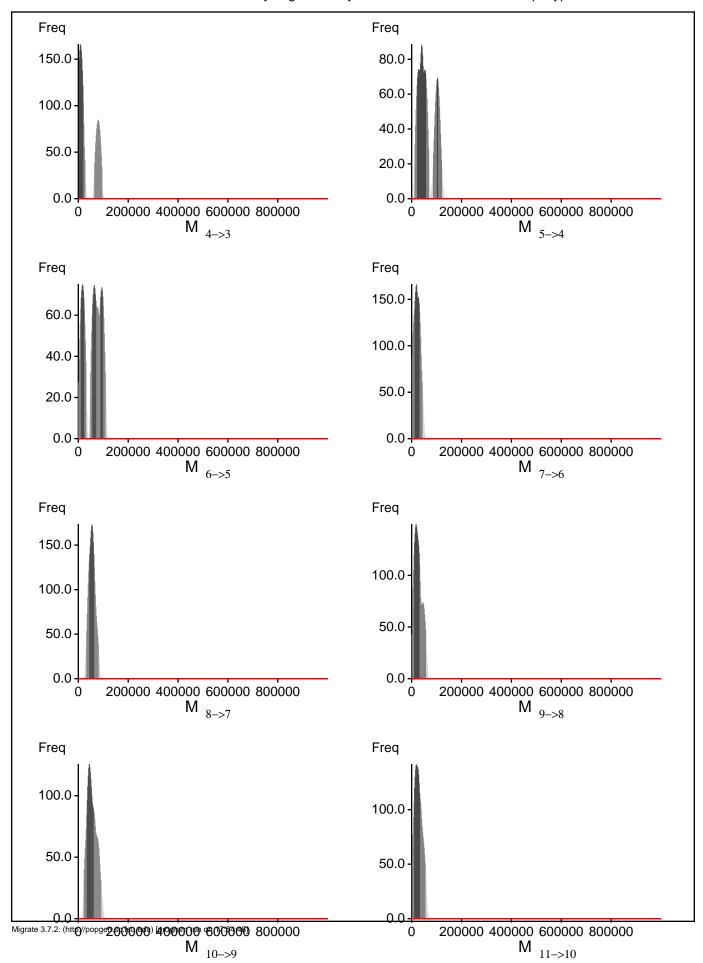
Citation suggestions:

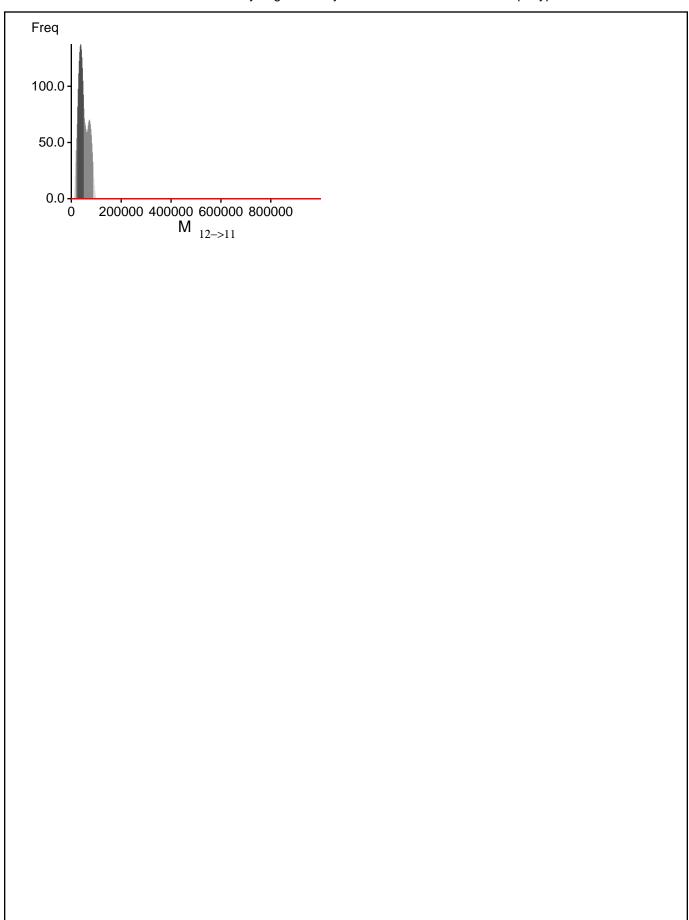
<ul> <li>Beerli P., 2006. Comparison of Bayesian and maximum-likelihood inference of population genetic parameters.</li> <li>Bioinformatics 22:341-345</li> <li>Beerli P., 2007. Estimation of the population scaled mutation rate from microsatellite data,</li> <li>Genetics, 177:1967-1968.</li> <li>Beerli P., 2009. How to use MIGRATE or why are Markov chain Monte Carlo programs difficult to use?</li> <li>In Population Genetics for Animal Conservation, G. Bertorelle, M. W. Bruford, H. C. Hauffe, A. Rizzoli,</li> <li>and C. Vernesi, eds., vol. 17 of Conservation Biology, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge UK, pp. 42-79.</li> </ul>



Migrate 3.7.2: (http://popgen.sc.fsu.edu) [program run on 17:54:48]







#### Log-Probability of the data given the model (marginal likelihood)

Use this value for Bayes factor calculations:

BF = Exp[ ln(Prob(D | thisModel) - ln( Prob( D | otherModel) or as LBF = 2 (ln(Prob(D | thisModel) - ln( Prob( D | otherModel)) shows the support for thisModel]

Method	In(Prob(D Model))	Notes
Thermodynamic integration	-2240.468731	(1a)
	-2147.128138	(1b)
Harmonic mean	-1858.536066	(2)

(1a, 1b and 2) are approximations to the marginal likelihood, make sure that the program run long enough! (1a, 1b) and (2) should give similar results, in principle.

But (2) is overestimating the likelihood, it is presented for historical reasons and should not be used (1a, 1b) needs heating with chains that span a temperature range of 1.0 to at least 100,000.

(1b) is using a Bezier-curve to get better approximations for runs with low number of heated chains

#### Citation suggestions:

Beerli P. and M. Palczewski, 2010. Unified framework to evaluate panmixia and migration direction among multiple sampling locations, Genetics, 185: 313-326.

### Acceptance ratios for all parameters and the genealogies

Parameter	Accepted changes	Ratio		
$\Theta_1$	626/4436	0.14112		
$\Theta_2$	866/4450	0.19461		
$\Theta_3^-$	1059/4492	0.23575		
$\Theta_4$	937/4465	0.20985		
$\Theta_5$	845/4395	0.19226		
$\Theta_6$	1002/4306	0.23270		
$\Theta_7^{\circ}$	1206/4434	0.27199		
$\Theta_8^{'}$	953/4254	0.22402		
$\Theta_{\mathbf{q}}$	751/4370	0.17185		
) <sub>10</sub>	887/4345	0.20414		
) <sub>11</sub>	1496/4302	0.34775		
12	1198/4510	0.26563		
M <sup>12</sup> <sub>2-&gt;1</sub>	4342/4342	1.00000		
$M_{1->2}^{2-1}$	4342/4342	1.00000		
$M_{3\rightarrow 2}$	4375/4375	1.00000		
$M_{2->3}$	4375/4375	1.00000		
$A_{4->3}$	4453/4453	1.00000		
1 <sub>3-&gt;4</sub>	4453/4453	1.00000		
1 <sub>5-&gt;4</sub>	4386/4386	1.00000		
1 4->5	4386/4386	1.00000		
1 6->5	4427/4427	1.00000		
1 5->6	4427/4427	1.00000		
7->6	4461/4461	1.00000		
1 6->7	4461/4461	1.00000		
1 8->7	4406/4406	1.00000		
1 <sub>7-&gt;8</sub>	4406/4406	1.00000		
1 9->8	4298/4298	1.00000		
1 <sub>8-&gt;9</sub>	4298/4298	1.00000		
1 10->9	4422/4422	1.00000		
A 9->10	4422/4422	1.00000		
1 11->10	4411/4411	1.00000		
10->11	4411/4411	1.00000		
12->11	4428/4428	1.00000		
11->12	4428/4428	1.00000		
Genealogies	32783/150057	0.21847		

### MCMC-Autocorrelation and Effective MCMC Sample Size

Parameter	Autocorrelation	Effective Sampe Size
$\Theta_1$	0.87343	203.44
$\Theta_2$	0.87872	199.68
$\Theta_3^-$	0.87525	202.79
$\mathbf{p}_4^{\circ}$	0.85592	238.51
) <sub>5</sub>	0.83819	264.86
06	0.82215	295.23
) <sub>7</sub>	0.79756	342.16
) <sub>8</sub>	0.83863	268.70
) <sub>o</sub>	0.88444	188.69
) <sub>10</sub>	0.84161	269.14
11	0.86192	222.70
12	0.80341	343.88
1 2->1	0.84291	256.72
1->2	0.84291	256.72
1 3->2	0.78624	360.73
1 2->3	0.78624	360.73
1 4->3	0.80899	322.21
1 3->4	0.80899	322.21
1 5->4	0.79230	351.75
1 4->5	0.79230	351.75
1 6->5	0.78234	367.32
0->3	0.78234	367.32
1 5->6 1 <sub>7-&gt;6</sub>	0.86752	213.29
/->0 1	0.86752	213.29
0->/ 1	0.83191	275.67
0->/ 1	0.83191	275.67
/->8 1	0.85203	242.98
1 <sub>8-&gt;9</sub>	0.85203	242.98
8->9 1	0.85224	242.48
10->9 <b>1</b>	0.85224	242.48
9->10 <b>1</b>	0.89062	174.23
11->10 <b>1</b>	0.89062	174.23
10->11 <b>1</b>	0.80455	328.20
12->11 <b>1</b>	0.80455	328.20
11->12	0.98628	20.72

#### Potential Problems

This section reports potential problems with your run, but such reporting is often not very accurate. Whith many parameters in a multilocus analysis, it is very common that some parameters for some loci will not be very

informative, triggering suggestions (for example to increase the prior range) that are not sensible. This suggestion tool will improve with time, therefore do not blindly follow its suggestions. If some parameters are flagged, inspect the tables carefully and judge wether an action is required. For example, if you run a Bayesian inference with sequence data, for macroscopic species there is rarely the need to increase the prior for Theta beyond 0.1; but if you use microsatellites it is rather common that your prior distribution for Theta should have a range from 0.0 to 100 or more. With many populations (>3) it is also very common that some migration routes are estimated poorly because the data contains little or no information for that route. Increasing the range will not help in such situations, reducing number of parameters may help in such situations.
No warning was recorded during the run