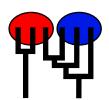
Preliminary migrate analysis of M. californianus

MIGRATION RATE AND POPULATION SIZE ESTIMATION

using the coalescent and maximum likelihood or Bayesian inference

Migrate-n version 3.7.2 [April-12-18]

Program started at Wed Jun 2 17:54:48 2021 Program finished at Wed Jun 2 18:24:39 2021



Options

Datatype: DNA sequence data

Inheritance scalers in use for Thetas:

All loci use an inheritance scaler of 1.0

[The locus with a scaler of 1.0 used as reference]

Random number seed: (with internal timer) 1322966169

Start parameters:

Theta values were generated from guessed values

Theta = 0.01000

M values were generated from guessed values

M-matrix:

100000.00 [all are the same]

Connection type matrix:

where m = average (average over a group of Thetas or M,

s = symmetric M, S = symmetric 4Nm, 0 = zero, and not estimated,

* = free to vary, Thetas are on diagonal

Population	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1 ElfinCo	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2 Bamfiel	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3 PortRen	0	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4 WalkOnB	0	0	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5 BodegaH	0	0	0	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6 Davenpo	0	0	0	0	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0
7 VistaDe	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	0	0	0	0	0
8 HazardR	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	0	0	0	0
9 Refugio	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	0	0	0
10 Carpint	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	0	0

11 WhitePo		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	0		
12 LaJolla		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*		
Order of param															
1	Θ_1								-	yed>					
2	Θ_2									yed>					
3	Θ_3									yed>					
4	Θ_4								-	yed>					
5	Θ_5								-	yed>					
6	Θ_6								-	yed>					
7	Θ_7								-	yed>					
8	$\Theta_{8}^{'}$								-	yed>					
9	Θ_9								-	yed>					
10	Θ_{10}									yed>					
11 12	Θ_{11}^{10}									yed> yed>					
24	Θ_{12}^{11} M_{11}								-	iyed> iyed>					
36	V 4	->2							-	yed>					
48	N A	->3							-	yed>					
60	N / 3.	->4 -							-	yed>					
72	N / 4-	->5							-	yed>					
84	V 4	->6							-	yed>					
96	N 4 O-	->7 ->8							-	yed>					
108	N.A. /-	->8 ->9							-	yed>					
120	N A O-	->9 ->10							-	yed>					
132	N A	->10 0->11								yed>					
144	NΛ	0->1 1->12						<0	lispla	yed>	>				
	1	1 /12	_												
Mutation rate an	nong loc	ci:											Muta	ation rate i	s constant
Analysis strateg	y:													Bayesia	n inference
Proposal distribu	utions fo	r pai	ramet	ter		_	_								
Parameter				N 4	4		Propo								
Theta				ivie			samp	-							
M					31	ice s	samp	iing							
Prior distribution	for nar	amot	er												
Parameter	Prior		linimı	um			Me	an*		M	axim	um	Delta		Bins
	vindow		0000			Ω	.0100				0000		1.000000		500
Ī	vindow		0001		100		.0000		1000				100000.000000		500
		٠.,			J J						.				

Markov chain settings:			L	ong chain
Number of chains				1
Recorded steps [a]				1000
Increment (record every x step [b]				100
Number of concurrent chains (replicates) [c]				3
Visited (sampled) parameter values [a*b*c]				300000
Number of discard trees per chain (burn-in)				1000
Multiple Markov chains:				
Static heating scheme		4 chains	s with tem	peratures
	100000.00	3.00	1.50	1.00
		Sw	apping int	terval is 1
Print options:				
Data file:		//mcalifor	nianus_21	10528.mig
Output file:				outfile.txt
Posterior distribution raw histogram file:				bayesfile
Print data:				No
Print genealogies [only some for some data type]:				None

Data summary

Datatype: Sequence data
Number of loci: 1

Population	Locus	Gene copies
1 ElfinCo	1	19
2 Bamfiel	1	23
3 PortRen	1	15
4 WalkOnB	1	16
5 BodegaH	1	7
6 Davenpo	1	17
7 VistaDe	1	19
8 HazardR	1	23
9 Refugio	1	16
10 Carpint	1	19
11 WhitePo	1	11
12 LaJolla	1	8
Total of all populations	1	193

Bayesian Analysis: Posterior distribution table

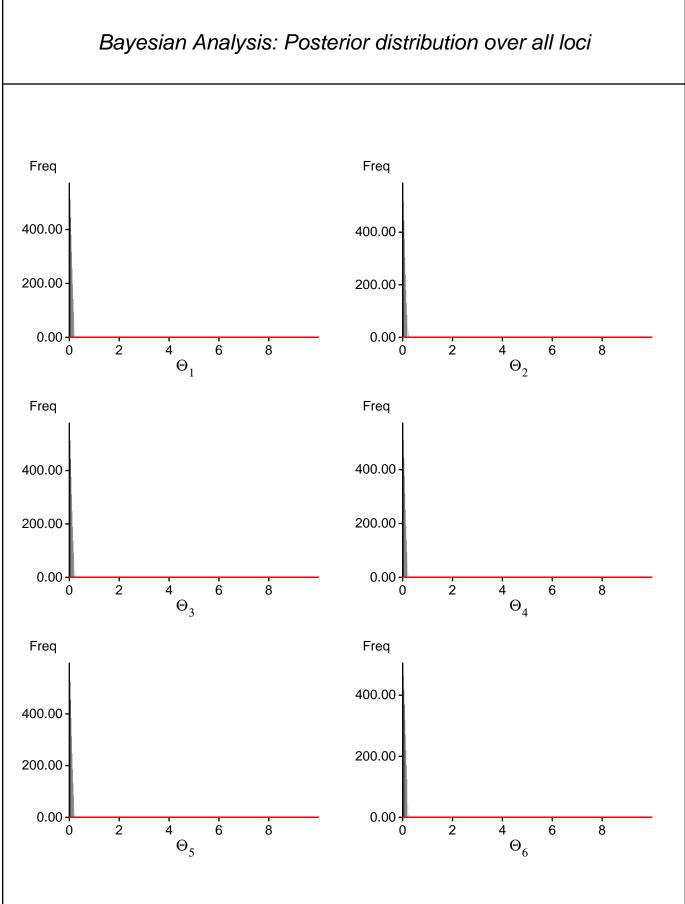
Locus	Parameter	2.5%	25.0%	Mode	75.0%	97.5%	Median	Mean
1	Θ_1	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.18001	0.07001	0.02341
1	Θ_2	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.18001	0.07001	0.03627
1	Θ_3	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.18001	0.07001	0.03276
1	Θ_4	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.18001	0.07001	0.02862
1	Θ_5	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.18001	0.07001	0.02384
1	Θ_6	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.08001	0.18001	0.09001	0.03004
1	Θ_7	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01616
1	Θ_8	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01452
1	Θ_9	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01415
1	Θ_{10}	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01351
1	Θ_{11}	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01439
1	Θ_{12}	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.00843
1	M _{1->2}	0.0	0.0	1000.0	12000.0	32000.0	13000.0	11606.3
1	$M_{2->3}$	0.0	26000.0	35000.0	42000.0	58000.0	31000.0	24713.7
1	M _{3->4}	0.0	0.0	11000.0	22000.0	72000.0	23000.0	24558.4
1	M _{4->5}	0.0	6000.0	19000.0	28000.0	50000.0	23000.0	21528.2
1	M _{5->6}	0.0	6000.0	15000.0	22000.0	34000.0	17000.0	14240.1
1	M _{6->7}	2000.0	12000.0	25000.0	36000.0	76000.0	33000.0	34316.5
1	M _{7->8}	6000.0	16000.0	35000.0	78000.0	188000.0	73000.0	86859.3
1	M _{8->9}	0.0	2000.0	19000.0	32000.0	50000.0	31000.0	52273.3
1	M _{9->10}	0.0	6000.0	25000.0	42000.0	182000.0	87000.0	86855.4
1	M _{10->11}	0.0	6000.0	15000.0	24000.0	44000.0	19000.0	17449.4
1	M _{11->12}	18000.0	32000.0	91000.0	232000.0	454000.0	249000.0	371480.8

Citation suggestions:

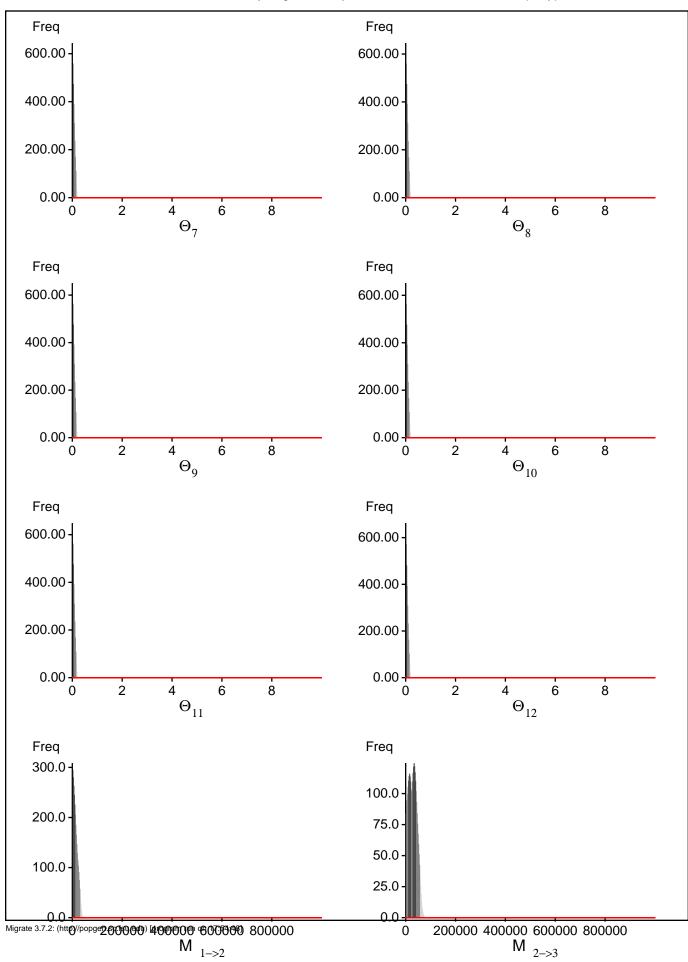
Beerli P., 2006. Comparison of Bayesian and maximum-likelihood inference of population genetic parameters. Bioinformatics 22:341-345

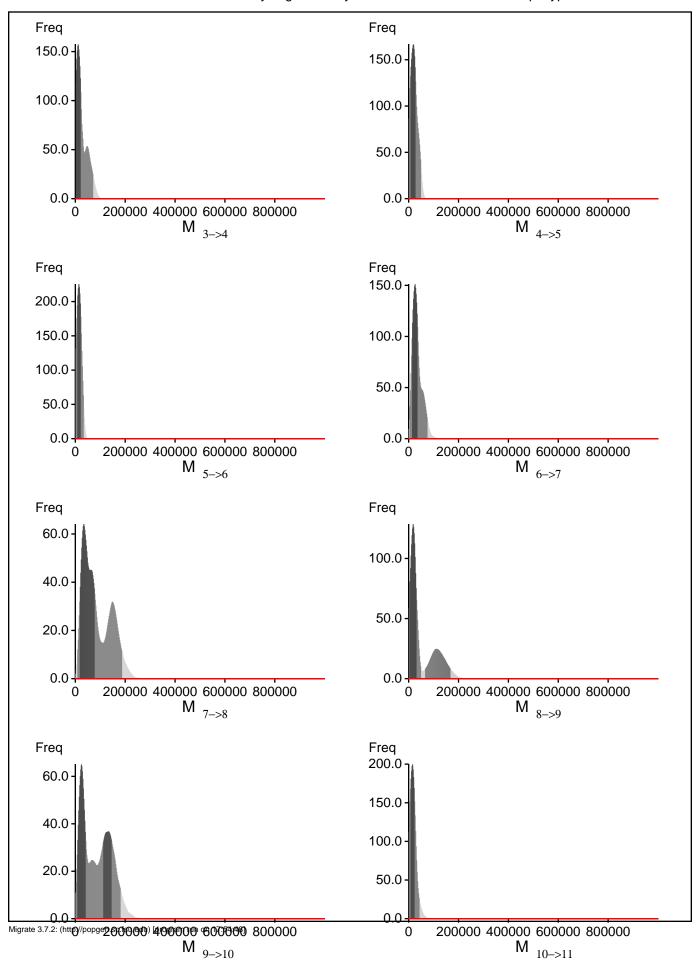
Beerli P., 2007. Estimation of the population scaled mutation rate from microsatellite data, Genetics, 177:1967-1968.

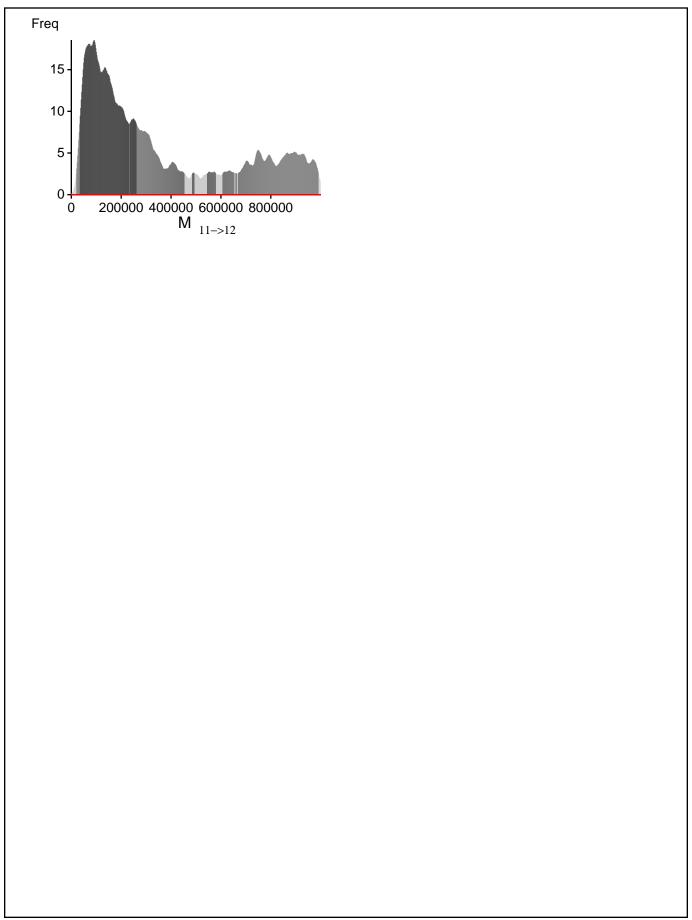
Beerli P., 2009. How to use MIGRATE or why are Markov chain Monte Carlo programs difficult to use? In Population Genetics for Animal Conservation, G. Bertorelle, M. W. Bruford, H. C. Hauffe, A. Rizzoli, and C. Vernesi, eds., vol. 17 of Conservation Biology, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge UK, pp. 42-79.



Migrate 3.7.2: (http://popgen.sc.fsu.edu) [program run on 17:54:48]







Log-Probability of the data given the model (marginal likelihood)

Use this value for Bayes factor calculations:

BF = Exp[ln(Prob(D | thisModel) - ln(Prob(D | otherModel) or as LBF = 2 (ln(Prob(D | thisModel) - ln(Prob(D | otherModel)) shows the support for thisModel]

Method	In(Prob(D Model))	Notes
Thermodynamic integration	-2198.946112	(1a)
	-2126.784983	(1b)
Harmonic mean	-1909.024789	(2)

(1a, 1b and 2) are approximations to the marginal likelihood, make sure that the program run long enough! (1a, 1b) and (2) should give similar results, in principle.

But (2) is overestimating the likelihood, it is presented for historical reasons and should not be used (1a, 1b) needs heating with chains that span a temperature range of 1.0 to at least 100,000.

(1b) is using a Bezier-curve to get better approximations for runs with low number of heated chains

Citation suggestions:

Beerli P. and M. Palczewski, 2010. Unified framework to evaluate panmixia and migration direction among multiple sampling locations, Genetics, 185: 313-326.

Acceptance ratios for all parameters and the genealogies

Parameter	Accepted changes	Ratio
Θ_1	327/6596	0.04958
Θ_2	1403/6605	0.21241
Θ_3^2	1896/6389	0.29676
Θ_4°	1770/6520	0.27147
Θ_5	1909/6592	0.28959
Θ_6	1018/6561	0.15516
Θ_7°	2591/6540	0.39618
$\Theta_8^{'}$	3727/6532	0.57058
Θ_{0}	3466/6536	0.53029
Θ_{10}	4470/6467	0.69120
Θ_{11}	3840/6543	0.58689
Θ_{12}^{11}	5464/6638	0.82314
$M_{1->2}^{12}$	6402/6402	1.00000
$M_{2->3}$	6553/6553	1.00000
$M_{3->4}$	6481/6481	1.00000
$M_{4->5}$	6430/6430	1.00000
$M_{5->6}$	6380/6380	1.00000
$M_{6->7}$	6563/6563	1.00000
M _{7->8}	6533/6533	1.00000
M $_{8->9}^{7->8}$	6516/6516	1.00000
M $_{9->10}^{8->9}$	6620/6620	1.00000
M $\frac{9->10}{10->11}$	6429/6429	1.00000
M $\frac{10->11}{11->12}$	6556/6556	1.00000
Genealogies	39068/150018	0.26042

MCMC-Autocorrelation and Effective MCMC Sample Size

Parameter	Autocorrelation	Effective Sampe Size
Θ_1	0.98243	26.60
$\Theta_2^{'}$	0.83744	279.07
Θ_3^2	0.68532	614.56
Θ_4°	0.74407	516.56
Θ_5	0.76265	431.17
Θ_{6}	0.83256	279.06
Θ_7°	0.63435	693.83
$\Theta_8^{'}$	0.47007	1137.95
$\Theta_{\mathbf{q}}$	0.51368	1007.74
Θ_{10}	0.30828	1617.55
Θ_{11}^{10}	0.41350	1244.76
Θ_{12}^{11}	0.20643	2006.00
√1 1->2	0.70806	514.28
$M_{2->3}$	0.69207	549.97
$M_{3->4}$	0.77908	378.08
A 4->5	0.70984	512.34
$M_{5->6}$	0.73359	465.04
$M_{6->7}$	0.76762	399.65
$\sqrt{1} \frac{1}{7-8}$	0.72144	502.22
M _{8->9}	0.69372	544.52
$M_{9->10}$	0.72913	477.39
√ 10->11	0.75048	448.63
$M_{11->12}^{10->11}$	0.45532	1149.04
_n[Prob(D G)]	0.97583	36.80

Potential Problems

This section reports potential problems with your run, but such reporting is often not very accurate. Whith many parameters in a multilocus analysis, it is very common that some parameters for some loci will not be very

informative, triggering suggestions (for example to increase the prior range) that are not sensible. This suggestion tool will improve with time, therefore do not blindly follow its suggestions. If some parameters are flagged, inspective the tables carefully and judge wether an action is required. For example, if you run a Bayesian inference with					
sequence data, for macroscopic species there is rarely the need to increase the prior for Theta beyond 0.1; but if					
you use microsatellites it is rather common that your prior distribution for Theta should have a range from 0.0 to					
100 or more. With many populations (>3) it is also very common that some migration routes are estimated poorly					
because the data contains little or no information for that route. Increasing the range will not help in such situations, reducing number of parameters may help in such situations.					
Situations, reducing number of parameters may help in such situations.					
No warning was recorded during the run					