

Preliminary migrate analysis of *M. californianus*

MIGRATION RATE AND POPULATION SIZE ESTIMATION

using the coalescent and maximum likelihood or Bayesian inference

Migrate-n version 3.7.2 [April-12-18]

Program started at Tue Jun 1 10:52:05 2021

Program finished at Tue Jun 1 17:26:01 2021



Options

Datatype:

DNA sequence data

Inheritance scalers in use for Thetas:

All loci use an inheritance scaler of 1.0

[The locus with a scaler of 1.0 used as reference]

Random number seed:

(with internal timer)

1005916916

Start parameters:

Theta values were generated

from guessed values

Theta = 0.01000

M values were generated

from guessed values

M-matrix:

100000.00 [all are the same]

Connection type matrix:

where m = average (average over a group of Thetas or M,

s = symmetric M, S = symmetric 4Nm, 0 = zero, and not estimated,

* = free to vary, Thetas are on diagonal

Population	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1 ElfinCo	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2 Bamfiel	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3 PortRen	0	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4 WalkOnB	0	0	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5 BodegaH	0	0	0	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0
6 Davenpo	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0
7 VistaDe	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	0	0	0	0
8 HazardR	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	0	0	0
9 Refugio	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	0	0
10 Carpint	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	0

11 WhitePo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	*
12 LaJolla	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*

Order of parameters:

1	Θ_1	<displayed>
2	Θ_2	<displayed>
3	Θ_3	<displayed>
4	Θ_4	<displayed>
5	Θ_5	<displayed>
6	Θ_6	<displayed>
7	Θ_7	<displayed>
8	Θ_8	<displayed>
9	Θ_9	<displayed>
10	Θ_{10}	<displayed>
11	Θ_{11}	<displayed>
12	Θ_{12}	<displayed>
13	$M_{2 \rightarrow 1}$	<displayed>
24	$M_{1 \rightarrow 2}$	<displayed>
25	$M_{3 \rightarrow 2}$	<displayed>
36	$M_{2 \rightarrow 3}$	<displayed>
37	$M_{4 \rightarrow 3}$	<displayed>
48	$M_{3 \rightarrow 4}$	<displayed>
49	$M_{5 \rightarrow 4}$	<displayed>
60	$M_{4 \rightarrow 5}$	<displayed>
61	$M_{6 \rightarrow 5}$	<displayed>
72	$M_{5 \rightarrow 6}$	<displayed>
73	$M_{7 \rightarrow 6}$	<displayed>
84	$M_{6 \rightarrow 7}$	<displayed>
85	$M_{8 \rightarrow 7}$	<displayed>
96	$M_{7 \rightarrow 8}$	<displayed>
97	$M_{9 \rightarrow 8}$	<displayed>
108	$M_{8 \rightarrow 9}$	<displayed>
109	$M_{10 \rightarrow 9}$	<displayed>
120	$M_{9 \rightarrow 10}$	<displayed>
121	$M_{11 \rightarrow 10}$	<displayed>
132	$M_{10 \rightarrow 11}$	<displayed>
133	$M_{12 \rightarrow 11}$	<displayed>
144	$M_{11 \rightarrow 12}$	<displayed>

Mutation rate among loci:

Mutation rate is constant

Analysis strategy:

Bayesian inference

Proposal distributions for parameter

Parameter	Proposal
Theta	Metropolis sampling
M	Slice sampling

Prior distribution for parameter

Parameter	Prior	Minimum	Mean*	Maximum	Delta	Bins
Theta	Exp window	0.000010	0.010000	10.000000	1.000000	500
M	Exp window	0.000100	100000.000000	1000000.000000	100000.000000	500

Markov chain settings:

	Long chain
Number of chains	1
Recorded steps [a]	1000
Increment (record every x step [b])	100
Number of concurrent chains (replicates) [c]	3
Visited (sampled) parameter values [a*b*c]	300000
Number of discard trees per chain (burn-in)	1000

Multiple Markov chains:

Static heating scheme	4 chains with temperatures
	100000.00 3.00 1.50 1.00
	Swapping interval is 1

Print options:

Data file:	../mcalifornianus_210528.mig
Output file:	outfile.txt
Posterior distribution raw histogram file:	bayesfile
Print data:	No
Print genealogies [only some for some data type]:	None

Data summary

Datatype: Sequence data
 Number of loci: 1

Population	Locus	Gene copies
1 ElfinCo	1	19
2 Bamfiel	1	23
3 PortRen	1	15
4 WalkOnB	1	16
5 BodegaH	1	7
6 Davenpo	1	17
7 VistaDe	1	19
8 HazardR	1	23
9 Refugio	1	16
10 Carpint	1	19
11 WhitePo	1	11
12 LaJolla	1	8
Total of all populations	1	193

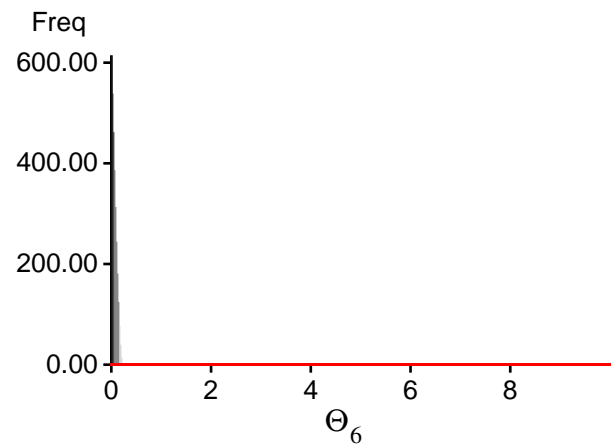
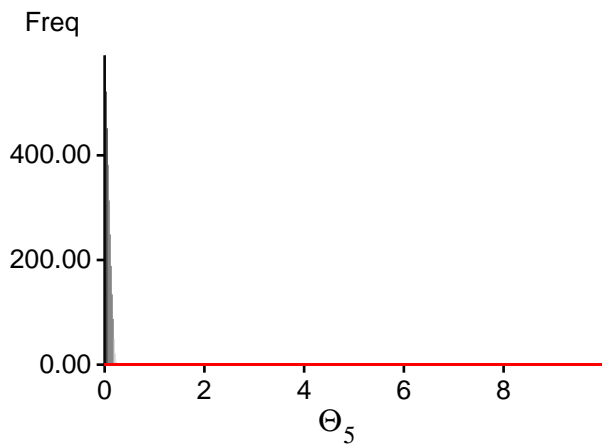
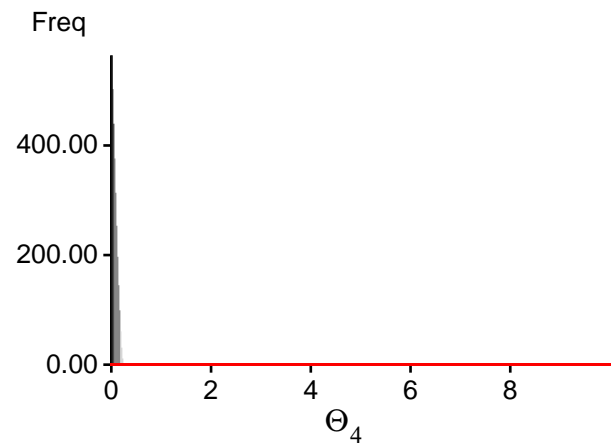
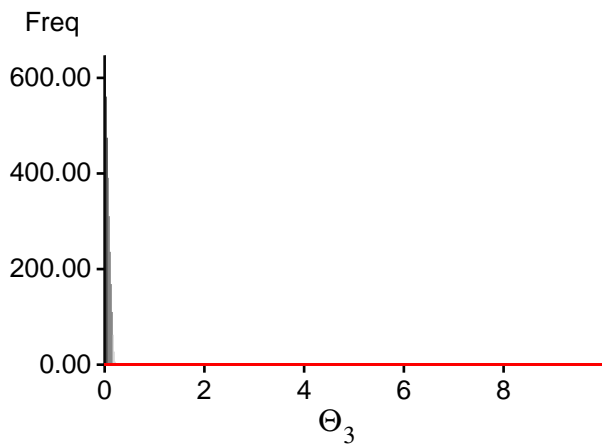
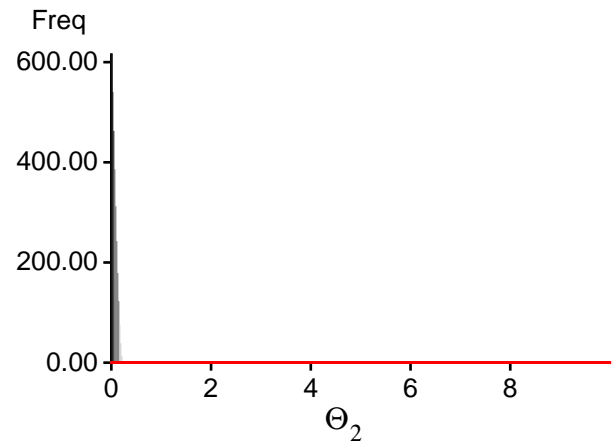
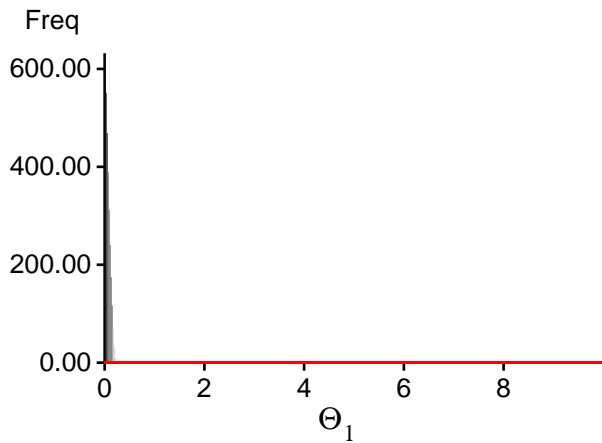
Bayesian Analysis: Posterior distribution table

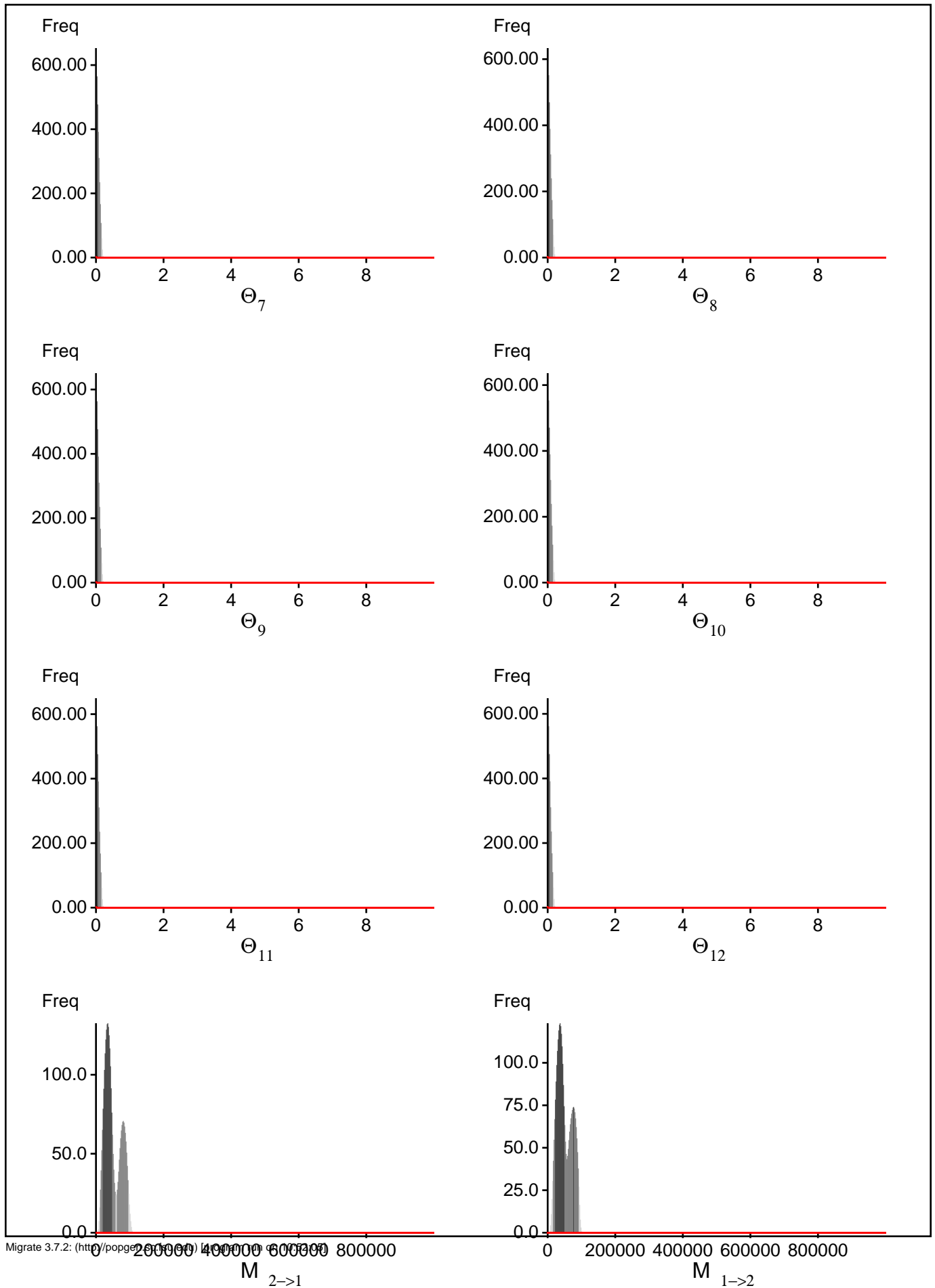
Locus	Parameter	2.5%	25.0%	Mode	75.0%	97.5%	Median	Mean
1	Θ_1	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01893
1	Θ_2	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.02004
1	Θ_3	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01478
1	Θ_4	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.18001	0.07001	0.03004
1	Θ_5	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.18001	0.07001	0.02376
1	Θ_6	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.02040
1	Θ_7	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01273
1	Θ_8	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01773
1	Θ_9	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01115
1	Θ_{10}	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01703
1	Θ_{11}	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01486
1	Θ_{12}	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01169
1	$M_{2 \rightarrow 1}$	10000.0	18000.0	35000.0	48000.0	58000.0	45000.0	49853.6
1	$M_{1 \rightarrow 2}$	14000.0	20000.0	37000.0	50000.0	92000.0	47000.0	50471.5
1	$M_{3 \rightarrow 2}$	24000.0	34000.0	49000.0	62000.0	72000.0	45000.0	33727.5
1	$M_{2 \rightarrow 3}$	12000.0	52000.0	67000.0	78000.0	102000.0	61000.0	57537.9
1	$M_{4 \rightarrow 3}$	104000.0	114000.0	133000.0	148000.0	162000.0	125000.0	111447.8
1	$M_{3 \rightarrow 4}$	12000.0	18000.0	37000.0	52000.0	98000.0	49000.0	52104.0
1	$M_{5 \rightarrow 4}$	56000.0	68000.0	81000.0	92000.0	102000.0	77000.0	54738.4
1	$M_{4 \rightarrow 5}$	16000.0	28000.0	49000.0	66000.0	82000.0	61000.0	130745.6
1	$M_{6 \rightarrow 5}$	36000.0	44000.0	59000.0	70000.0	80000.0	111000.0	122577.6
1	$M_{5 \rightarrow 6}$	26000.0	40000.0	51000.0	60000.0	78000.0	53000.0	52280.3
1	$M_{7 \rightarrow 6}$	14000.0	20000.0	37000.0	50000.0	96000.0	47000.0	52469.5
1	$M_{6 \rightarrow 7}$	32000.0	38000.0	55000.0	70000.0	116000.0	67000.0	71368.1
1	$M_{8 \rightarrow 7}$	8000.0	18000.0	35000.0	50000.0	60000.0	45000.0	58039.7
1	$M_{7 \rightarrow 8}$	34000.0	58000.0	71000.0	82000.0	96000.0	71000.0	66994.8
1	$M_{9 \rightarrow 8}$	18000.0	30000.0	47000.0	60000.0	74000.0	59000.0	76339.7
1	$M_{8 \rightarrow 9}$	0.0	2000.0	15000.0	28000.0	34000.0	25000.0	31667.1
1	$M_{10 \rightarrow 9}$	0.0	0.0	1000.0	12000.0	36000.0	13000.0	59372.6
1	$M_{9 \rightarrow 10}$	0.0	12000.0	21000.0	30000.0	64000.0	35000.0	32279.8
1	$M_{11 \rightarrow 10}$	0.0	8000.0	25000.0	38000.0	52000.0	39000.0	44249.3
1	$M_{10 \rightarrow 11}$	0.0	2000.0	21000.0	34000.0	50000.0	33000.0	49235.6
1	$M_{12 \rightarrow 11}$	28000.0	40000.0	59000.0	74000.0	86000.0	69000.0	105099.0
1	$M_{11 \rightarrow 12}$	134000.0	148000.0	163000.0	178000.0	242000.0	161000.0	154911.0

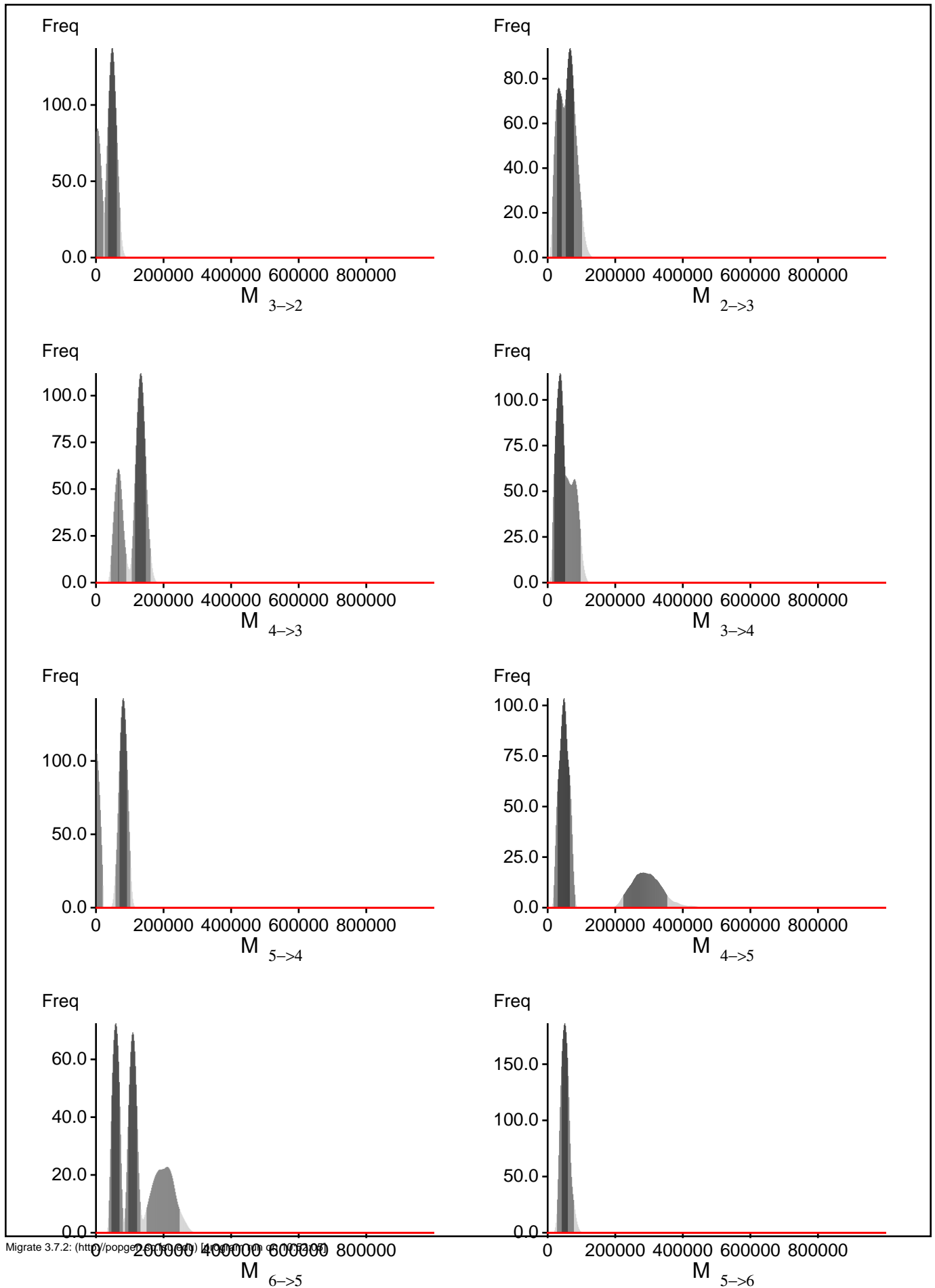
Citation suggestions:

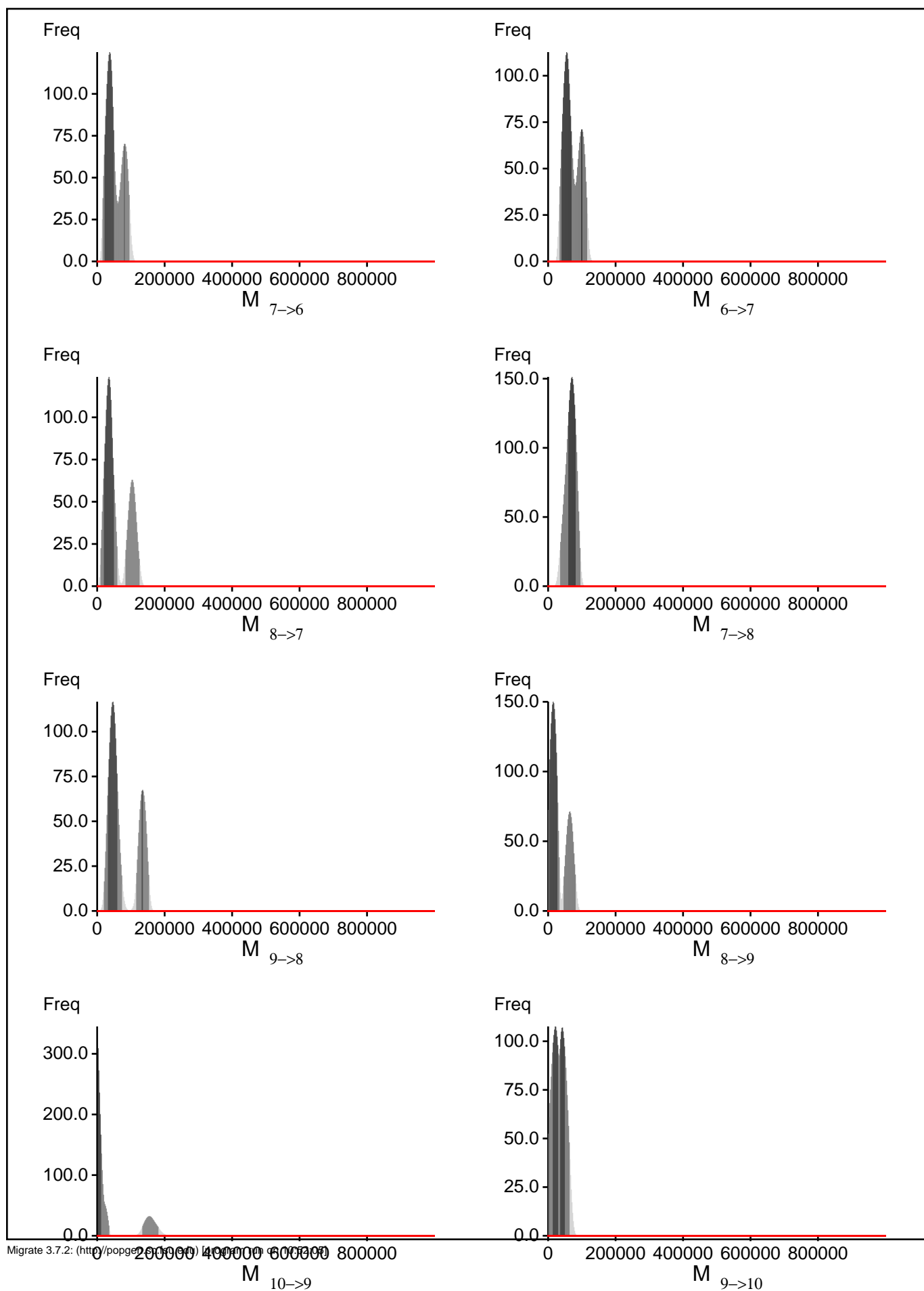
- Beerli P., 2006. Comparison of Bayesian and maximum-likelihood inference of population genetic parameters. *Bioinformatics* 22:341-345
- Beerli P., 2007. Estimation of the population scaled mutation rate from microsatellite data, *Genetics*, 177:1967-1968.
- Beerli P., 2009. How to use MIGRATE or why are Markov chain Monte Carlo programs difficult to use? In *Population Genetics for Animal Conservation*, G. Bertorelle, M. W. Bruford, H. C. Hauffe, A. Rizzoli, and C. Vernesi, eds., vol. 17 of *Conservation Biology*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge UK, pp. 42-79.

Bayesian Analysis: Posterior distribution over all loci

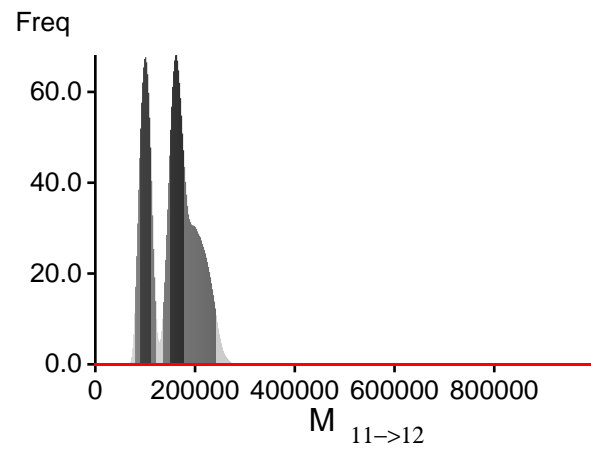
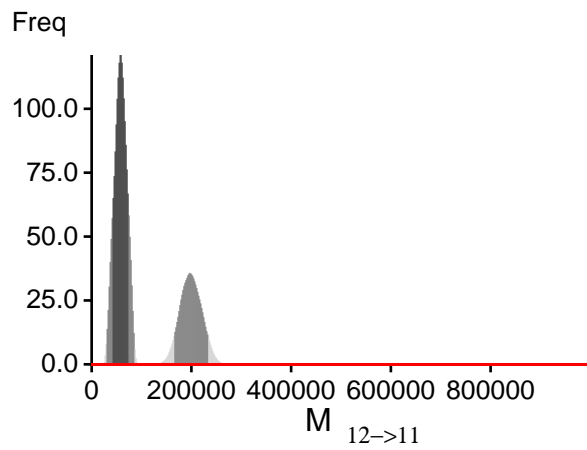
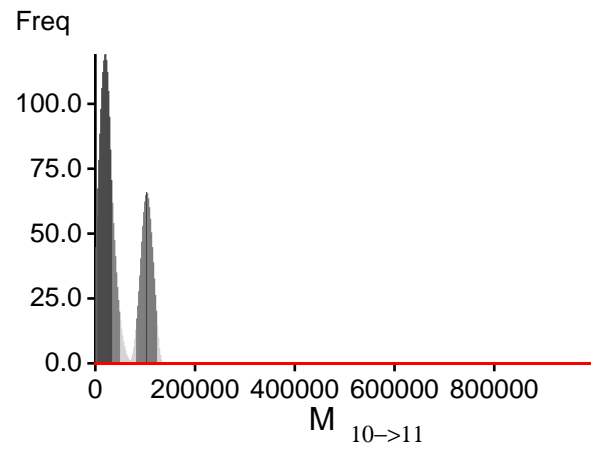
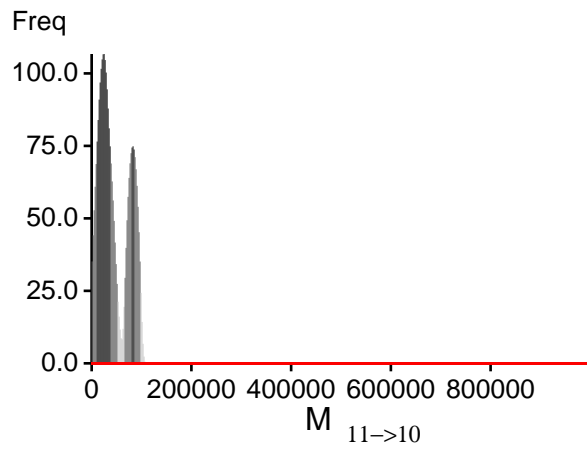








Preliminary migrate analysis of *M. californianus* CO1 haplotypes for Evolution 2 -- 11



Log-Probability of the data given the model (marginal likelihood)

Use this value for Bayes factor calculations:

$BF = \text{Exp}[\ln(\text{Prob}(D \mid \text{thisModel}) - \ln(\text{Prob}(D \mid \text{otherModel}))]$

or as $LBF = 2 (\ln(\text{Prob}(D \mid \text{thisModel}) - \ln(\text{Prob}(D \mid \text{otherModel})))$

shows the support for thisModel]

Method	$\ln(\text{Prob}(D \mid \text{Model}))$	Notes
Thermodynamic integration	-2220.362086	(1a)
	-2142.318813	(1b)
Harmonic mean	-1921.256133	(2)

(1a, 1b and 2) are approximations to the marginal likelihood, make sure that the program run long enough!

(1a, 1b) and (2) should give similar results, in principle.

But (2) is overestimating the likelihood, it is presented for historical reasons and should not be used

(1a, 1b) needs heating with chains that span a temperature range of 1.0 to at least 100,000.

(1b) is using a Bezier-curve to get better approximations for runs with low number of heated chains

Citation suggestions:

Beerli P. and M. Palczewski, 2010. Unified framework to evaluate panmixia and migration direction among multiple sampling locations, *Genetics*, 185: 313-326.

Acceptance ratios for all parameters and the genealogies

Parameter	Accepted changes	Ratio
Θ_1	1124/4572	0.24584
Θ_2	821/4397	0.18672
Θ_3	1768/4399	0.40191
Θ_4	1106/4412	0.25068
Θ_5	1789/4370	0.40938
Θ_6	1255/4418	0.28407
Θ_7	1539/4444	0.34631
Θ_8	1814/4392	0.41302
Θ_9	1270/4396	0.28890
Θ_{10}	1812/4442	0.40792
Θ_{11}	1585/4386	0.36138
Θ_{12}	1287/4409	0.29190
M _{2→1}	4432/4432	1.00000
M _{1→2}	4373/4373	1.00000
M _{3→2}	4461/4461	1.00000
M _{2→3}	4324/4324	1.00000
M _{4→3}	4384/4384	1.00000
M _{3→4}	4395/4395	1.00000
M _{5→4}	4435/4435	1.00000
M _{4→5}	4474/4474	1.00000
M _{6→5}	4393/4393	1.00000
M _{5→6}	4374/4374	1.00000
M _{7→6}	4390/4390	1.00000
M _{6→7}	4402/4402	1.00000
M _{8→7}	4532/4532	1.00000
M _{7→8}	4375/4375	1.00000
M _{9→8}	4524/4524	1.00000
M _{8→9}	4411/4411	1.00000
M _{10→9}	4467/4467	1.00000
M _{9→10}	4353/4353	1.00000
M _{11→10}	4484/4484	1.00000
M _{10→11}	4366/4366	1.00000
M _{12→11}	4440/4440	1.00000
M _{11→12}	4456/4456	1.00000
Genealogies	35785/149718	0.23902

MCMC-Autocorrelation and Effective MCMC Sample Size

Parameter	Autocorrelation	Effective Sample Size
Θ_1	0.81152	318.78
Θ_2	0.87226	213.86
Θ_3	0.70654	516.41
Θ_4	0.81920	315.88
Θ_5	0.66316	682.13
Θ_6	0.78547	367.66
Θ_7	0.73674	456.67
Θ_8	0.68441	571.04
Θ_9	0.77739	407.11
Θ_{10}	0.66306	651.68
Θ_{11}	0.74364	473.78
Θ_{12}	0.81916	313.60
$M_{2 \rightarrow 1}$	0.78037	383.99
$M_{1 \rightarrow 2}$	0.80608	324.33
$M_{3 \rightarrow 2}$	0.79888	336.12
$M_{2 \rightarrow 3}$	0.79574	344.33
$M_{4 \rightarrow 3}$	0.75562	418.18
$M_{3 \rightarrow 4}$	0.81444	332.18
$M_{5 \rightarrow 4}$	0.66478	610.82
$M_{4 \rightarrow 5}$	0.73056	475.08
$M_{6 \rightarrow 5}$	0.70061	529.88
$M_{5 \rightarrow 6}$	0.75179	455.44
$M_{7 \rightarrow 6}$	0.80271	328.40
$M_{6 \rightarrow 7}$	0.78696	366.15
$M_{8 \rightarrow 7}$	0.72435	489.58
$M_{7 \rightarrow 8}$	0.77154	394.62
$M_{9 \rightarrow 8}$	0.73346	461.27
$M_{8 \rightarrow 9}$	0.84077	264.27
$M_{10 \rightarrow 9}$	0.68327	583.23
$M_{9 \rightarrow 10}$	0.78007	378.80
$M_{11 \rightarrow 10}$	0.74008	453.89
$M_{10 \rightarrow 11}$	0.86512	218.15
$M_{12 \rightarrow 11}$	0.74089	459.82
$M_{11 \rightarrow 12}$	0.74563	442.30
$\text{Ln}[\text{Prob}(D G)]$	0.98971	15.50

Potential Problems

This section reports potential problems with your run, but such reporting is often not very accurate. With many parameters in a multilocus analysis, it is very common that some parameters for some loci will not be very informative, triggering suggestions (for example to increase the prior range) that are not sensible. This suggestion tool will improve with time, therefore do not blindly follow its suggestions. If some parameters are flagged, inspect the tables carefully and judge whether an action is required. For example, if you run a Bayesian inference with sequence data, for macroscopic species there is rarely the need to increase the prior for Theta beyond 0.1; but if you use microsatellites it is rather common that your prior distribution for Theta should have a range from 0.0 to 100 or more. With many populations (>3) it is also very common that some migration routes are estimated poorly because the data contains little or no information for that route. Increasing the range will not help in such situations, reducing number of parameters may help in such situations.

No warning was recorded during the run