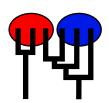
Preliminary migrate analysis of M. californianus

MIGRATION RATE AND POPULATION SIZE ESTIMATION using the coalescent and maximum likelihood or Bayesian inference Migrate-n version 3.7.2 [April-12-18]

Program started at Tue Jun 1 13:45:41 2021 Program finished at Tue Jun 1 14:15:28 2021



Options

Datatype: DNA sequence data

Inheritance scalers in use for Thetas:

All loci use an inheritance scaler of 1.0

[The locus with a scaler of 1.0 used as reference]

Random number seed: (with internal timer) 1055049676

Start parameters:

Theta values were generated from guessed values

Theta = 0.01000

M values were generated from guessed values

M-matrix:

100000.00 [all are the same]

Connection type matrix:

where m = average (average over a group of Thetas or M,

s = symmetric M, S = symmetric 4Nm, 0 = zero, and not estimated,

* = free to vary, Thetas are on diagonal

Population	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1 ElfinCo	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2 Bamfiel	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3 PortRen	0	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4 WalkOnB	0	0	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5 BodegaH	0	0	0	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6 Davenpo	0	0	0	0	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0
7 VistaDe	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	0	0	0	0	0
8 HazardR	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	0	0	0	0
9 Refugio	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	0	0	0
10 Carpint	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	0	0

11 WhitePo		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	0		
12 LaJolla		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*		
Order of param															
1	Θ_1								-	yed>					
2	Θ_2									yed>					
3	Θ_3									yed>					
4	Θ_4								-	yed>					
5	Θ_5								-	yed>					
6	Θ_6								-	yed>					
7	Θ_7								-	yed>					
8	$\Theta_{8}^{'}$								-	yed>					
9	Θ_9								-	yed>					
10	Θ_{10}									yed>					
11 12	Θ_{11}^{10}									yed> yed>					
24	Θ_{12}^{11} M_{11}								-	iyed> iyed>					
36	V 4	->2							-	yed>					
48	N /	->3							-	yed>					
60	N / 3.	->4 -							-	yed>					
72	N / 4-	->5							-	yed>					
84	V 4	->6							-	yed>					
96	N 4 O-	->7 ->8							-	yed>					
108	N.A. /-	->8 ->9							-	yed>					
120	N A O-	->9 ->10							-	yed>					
132	N A	->10 0->11								yed>					
144	NΛ	0->1 1->12						<0	lispla	yed>	>				
	1	1 /12	_												
Mutation rate an	nong loc	ci:											Muta	ation rate i	s constant
Analysis strateg	y:													Bayesia	n inference
Proposal distribu	utions fo	r pai	ramet	ter		_	_								
Parameter				N 4	4		Propo								
Theta				ivie			samp	-							
M					31	ice s	samp	iing							
Prior distribution	for nar	amot	er												
Parameter	Prior		linimı	um			Me	an*		M	axim	um	Delta		Bins
	vindow		0000			Ω	.0100				0000		1.000000		500
Ī	vindow		0001		100		.0000		1000				100000.000000		500
		٠.,			J J						.				

Markov chain settings:	Long chain
Number of chains	1
Recorded steps [a]	1000
Increment (record every x step [b]	100
Number of concurrent chains (replicates) [c]	3
Visited (sampled) parameter values [a*b*c]	300000
Number of discard trees per chain (burn-in)	1000
Multiple Markov chains:	
Static heating scheme	4 chains with temperatures
100000.00	3.00 1.50 1.00
	Swapping interval is 1
Print options:	
Data file:	//mcalifornianus_210528.mig
Output file:	outfile.txt
Posterior distribution raw histogram file:	bayesfile
Print data:	No
Print genealogies [only some for some data type]:	None

Data summary

Datatype: Sequence data
Number of loci: 1

Population	Locus	Gene copies
1 ElfinCo	1	19
2 Bamfiel	1	23
3 PortRen	1	15
4 WalkOnB	1	16
5 BodegaH	1	7
6 Davenpo	1	17
7 VistaDe	1	19
8 HazardR	1	23
9 Refugio	1	16
10 Carpint	1	19
11 WhitePo	1	11
12 LaJolla	1	8
Total of all populations	1	193

Bayesian Analysis: Posterior distribution table

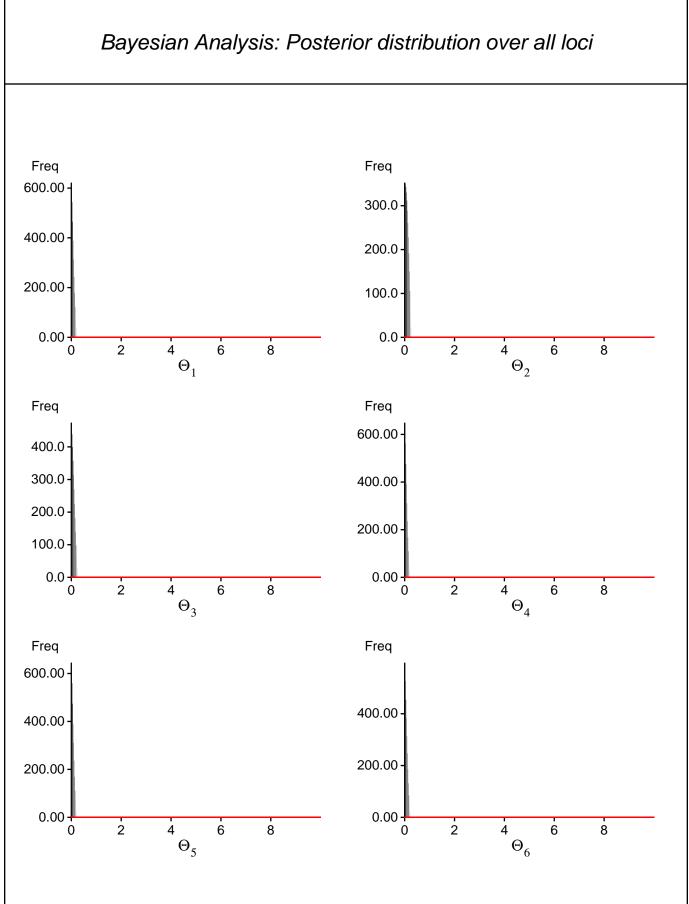
Locus	Parameter	2.5%	25.0%	Mode	75.0%	97.5%	Median	Mean
1	Θ_1	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01758
1	Θ_2	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.10001	0.22001	0.11001	0.04971
1	Θ_3	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.08001	0.20001	0.09001	0.03991
1	Θ_4	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01457
1	Θ_5	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01495
1	Θ_6	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.18001	0.07001	0.02444
1	Θ_7	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.02307
1	Θ_8	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01130
1	Θ_9	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01459
1	Θ_{10}	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01477
1	Θ_{11}	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.00989
1	Θ_{12}	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.00867
1	M _{1->2}	0.0	0.0	5000.0	10000.0	22000.0	11000.0	4579.1
1	$M_{2->3}$	0.0	0.0	13000.0	20000.0	54000.0	19000.0	16744.6
1	$M_{3->4}$	16000.0	36000.0	51000.0	66000.0	94000.0	57000.0	56237.0
1	M _{4->5}	0.0	4000.0	21000.0	36000.0	120000.0	71000.0	103592.5
1	$M_{5->6}$	0.0	4000.0	15000.0	22000.0	40000.0	19000.0	16006.2
1	M _{6->7}	0.0	10000.0	21000.0	36000.0	58000.0	29000.0	25652.6
1	M _{7->8}	10000.0	18000.0	37000.0	56000.0	180000.0	71000.0	78929.0
1	M _{8->9}	0.0	10000.0	25000.0	38000.0	76000.0	33000.0	34875.4
1	M _{9->10}	0.0	20000.0	35000.0	46000.0	68000.0	37000.0	35508.4
1	M _{10->11}	86000.0	138000.0	279000.0	360000.0	826000.0	339000.0	399873.1
1	M _{11->12}	0.0	0.0	9000.0	32000.0	360000.0	33000.0	93924.1

Citation suggestions:

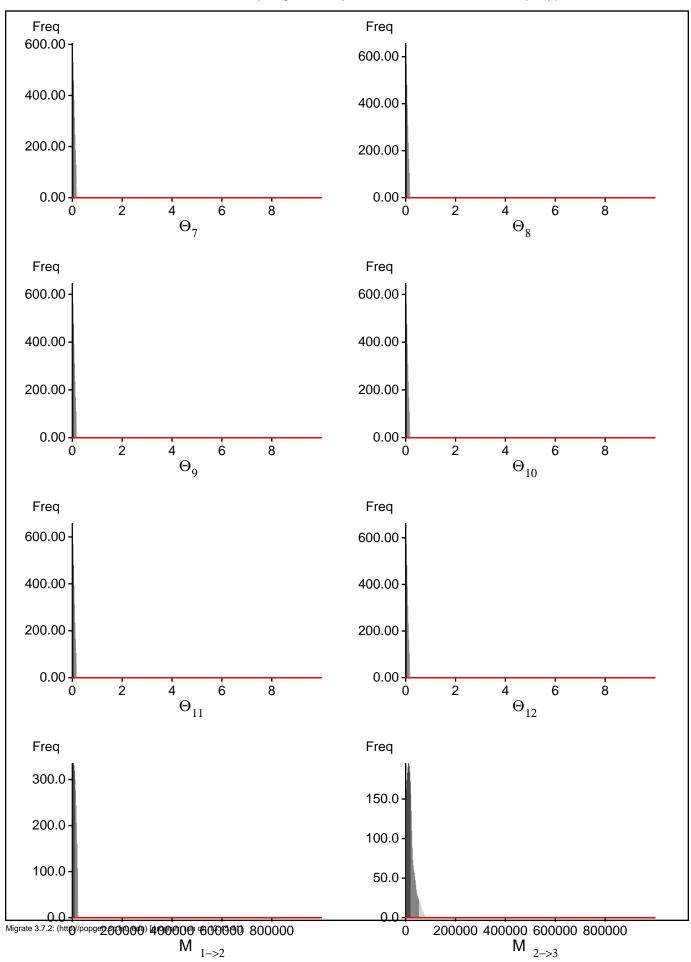
Beerli P., 2006. Comparison of Bayesian and maximum-likelihood inference of population genetic parameters. Bioinformatics 22:341-345

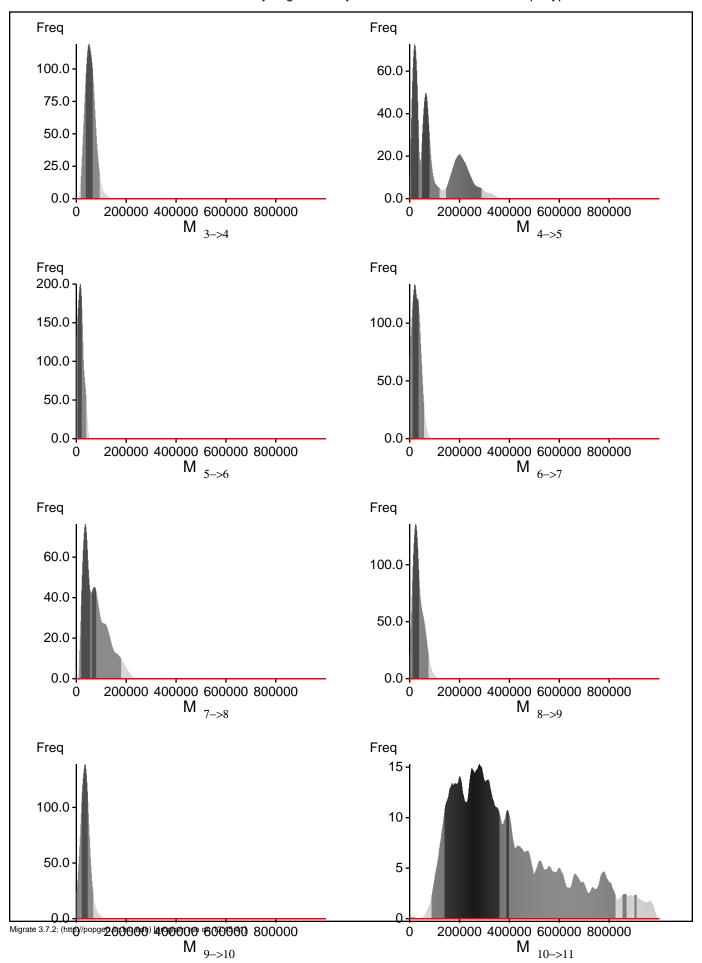
Beerli P., 2007. Estimation of the population scaled mutation rate from microsatellite data, Genetics, 177:1967-1968.

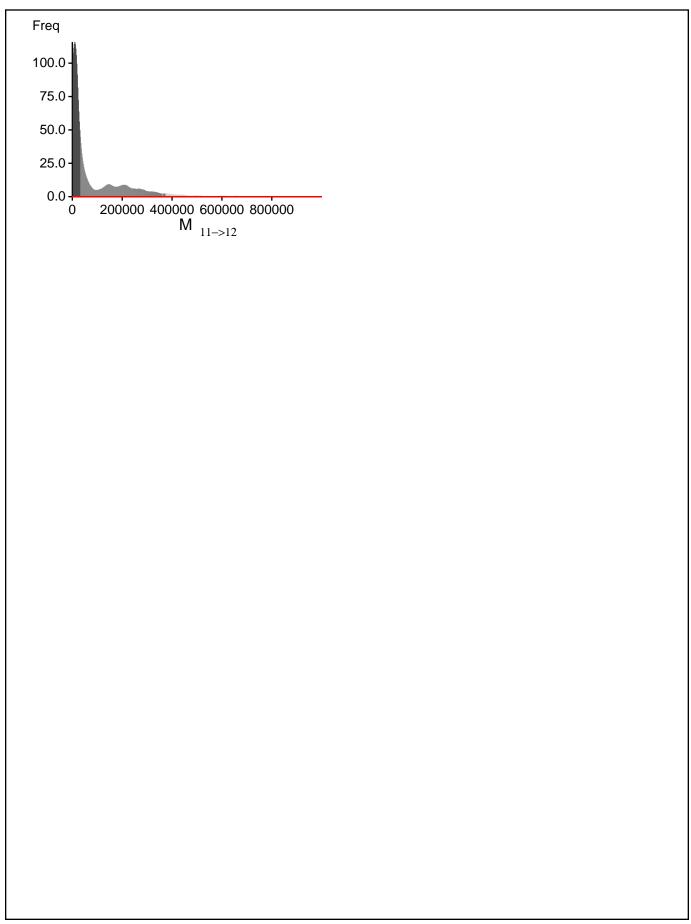
Beerli P., 2009. How to use MIGRATE or why are Markov chain Monte Carlo programs difficult to use? In Population Genetics for Animal Conservation, G. Bertorelle, M. W. Bruford, H. C. Hauffe, A. Rizzoli, and C. Vernesi, eds., vol. 17 of Conservation Biology, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge UK, pp. 42-79.



Migrate 3.7.2: (http://popgen.sc.fsu.edu) [program run on 13:45:41]







Log-Probability of the data given the model (marginal likelihood)

Use this value for Bayes factor calculations:

BF = Exp[ln(Prob(D | thisModel) - ln(Prob(D | otherModel) or as LBF = 2 (ln(Prob(D | thisModel) - ln(Prob(D | otherModel)) shows the support for thisModel]

Method	In(Prob(D Model))	Notes
Thermodynamic integration	-2197.368017	(1a)
	-2129.057280	(1b)
Harmonic mean	-1899.299463	(2)

(1a, 1b and 2) are approximations to the marginal likelihood, make sure that the program run long enough! (1a, 1b) and (2) should give similar results, in principle.

But (2) is overestimating the likelihood, it is presented for historical reasons and should not be used (1a, 1b) needs heating with chains that span a temperature range of 1.0 to at least 100,000.

(1b) is using a Bezier-curve to get better approximations for runs with low number of heated chains

Citation suggestions:

Beerli P. and M. Palczewski, 2010. Unified framework to evaluate panmixia and migration direction among multiple sampling locations, Genetics, 185: 313-326.

Acceptance ratios for all parameters and the genealogies

Parameter	Accepted changes	Ratio
Θ_1	518/6525	0.07939
Θ_2	275/6703	0.04103
Θ_3^2	1020/6657	0.15322
Θ_4°	3396/6324	0.53700
Θ_5^{T}	4040/6575	0.61445
Θ_6°	1649/6530	0.25253
Θ_7°	1874/6559	0.28571
$\Theta_8^{'}$	3702/6462	0.57289
Θ_{0}	2710/6578	0.41198
Θ_{10}	3451/6538	0.52784
Θ_{11}^{10}	5685/6479	0.87745
Θ_{12}	5132/6507	0.78869
$M_{1->2}^{12}$	6552/6552	1.00000
$M_{2->3}$	6397/6397	1.00000
$M_{3->4}$	6550/6550	1.00000
$M_{4->5}$	6502/6502	1.00000
M _{5->6}	6584/6584	1.00000
M _{6->7}	6399/6399	1.00000
M _{7->8}	6461/6461	1.00000
M _{8->9}	6734/6734	1.00000
M $_{9->10}^{6->9}$	6585/6585	1.00000
M $_{10->11}^{9->10}$	6439/6439	1.00000
M $\frac{10->11}{11->12}$	6550/6550	1.00000
Genealogies	39845/149810	0.26597

MCMC-Autocorrelation and Effective MCMC Sample Size

Parameter	Autocorrelation	Effective Sampe Size
Θ_1	0.97021	45.44
Θ_2	0.97919	31.65
Θ_3^2	0.85387	254.36
Θ_4°	0.47996	1076.62
$\Theta_5^{\overline{}}$	0.47977	1157.13
Θ_6°	0.76933	448.62
Θ_7°	0.77629	390.86
$\Theta_8^{'}$	0.46616	1106.30
Θ_9	0.53824	918.66
$\Theta_{10}^{'}$	0.47683	1078.31
Θ_{11}^{10}	0.18011	2085.58
Θ_{12}^{11}	0.21782	1929.66
M ¹² _{1->2}	0.79652	344.63
$\sqrt{1-22}$	0.91363	136.82
$M_{3\rightarrow 4}^{2\rightarrow 3}$	0.75961	414.44
VI 4->5	0.76550	403.96
$M_{5->6}^{4->3}$	0.65647	659.30
√ 3->0 6->7	0.78885	354.99
$M_{7->8}^{0->7}$	0.74744	435.45
M _{8->9}	0.71298	505.09
$M_{9->10}^{8->9}$	0.75998	418.24
9->10 1	0.79023	351.48
10->11 . / I	0.66914	595.36
vi _{11->12} .n[Prob(D G)]	0.98291	25.87

Potential Problems

This section reports potential problems with your run, but such reporting is often not very accurate. Whith many parameters in a multilocus analysis, it is very common that some parameters for some loci will not be very

informative, triggering suggestions (for example to increase the prior range) that are not sensible. This suggestion tool will improve with time, therefore do not blindly follow its suggestions. If some parameters are flagged, inspect the tables carefully and judge wether an action is required. For example, if you run a Bayesian inference with sequence data, for macroscopic species there is rarely the need to increase the prior for Theta beyond 0.1; but if you use microsatellites it is rather common that your prior distribution for Theta should have a range from 0.0 to
100 or more. With many populations (>3) it is also very common that some migration routes are estimated poorly
because the data contains little or no information for that route. Increasing the range will not help in such
situations, reducing number of parameters may help in such situations.
No warning was recorded during the run