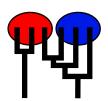
Preliminary migrate analysis of M. californianus

MIGRATION RATE AND POPULATION SIZE ESTIMATION

using the coalescent and maximum likelihood or Bayesian inference

Migrate-n version 3.7.2 [April-12-18]

Program started at Wed Jun 2 13:54:44 2021 Program finished at Wed Jun 2 19:33:18 2021



Options

Datatype: DNA sequence data

Inheritance scalers in use for Thetas:

All loci use an inheritance scaler of 1.0

[The locus with a scaler of 1.0 used as reference]

Random number seed: (with internal timer) 11071366

Start parameters:

Theta values were generated from guessed values

Theta = 0.01000

M values were generated from guessed values

M-matrix:

100000.00 [all are the same]

Connection type matrix:

where m = average (average over a group of Thetas or M,

s = symmetric M, S = symmetric 4Nm, 0 = zero, and not estimated,

* = free to vary, Thetas are on diagonal

Population	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1 ElfinCo	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2 Bamfiel	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3 PortRen	0	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4 WalkOnB	0	0	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5 BodegaH	0	0	0	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0
6 Davenpo	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0
7 VistaDe	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	0	0	0	0
8 HazardR	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	0	0	0
9 Refugio	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	0	0
10 Carpint	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	0

11 \\/\bitoDo											*	*	*	
11 WhitePo		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		*	*	
12 LaJolla		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	^	•	
Order of news														
Order of param									l: l _					
1	Θ_1								lispla	-				
2	Θ_2								lispla					
3	Θ_3^2								lispla					
4	Θ_4^3								lispla					
5	Θ_5^{T}								lispla					
6	Θ_6								lispla					
7	Θ_7°								lispla 					
8	Θ_8								lispla 					
9	Θ_9								lispla 					
10	Θ_{10}								lispla					
11	Θ_{11}								lispla 					
12	Θ_{12}^{11}								lispla					
13	M 2-	->1							lispla					
24	M 1-	->2							lispla					
25	N/I	->2							lispla					
36	N /	->3							lispla					
37 48	N / 4-	->3							lispla					
49	N/I	->4							lispla Iispla					
60	N / 3-	->4							lispla					
61	N / 4-	->5							lispla					
72	N / O-	->5							lispla					
73	N / 3-	->6							lispla					
84	N / -	->6							lispla					
85	N A 0-	->7							lispla					
96	N A O-	->7							lispla	-				
97	\	->8 ->8							lispla	-				
108	N / 9-	->8 ->9							Iispla	-				
109	N / 0-	->9)->9							Iispla	-				
120	N # 10	->9 ->10							Iispla	-				
121	N 1 9-	->10 ->1(Iispla	-				
132	V4 11	>1()->1							Iispla	-				
133	N / 10	!->1 !->1							Iispla	-				
144	N/I	:->1 :->12							Iispla	-				
	11	->11	۷						•					
Mutation rate an	nong loci	i:												Mutation rate is constar
Analysis strateg	lysis strategy: Bayesian inference													

Proposal distributions for parameter

Parameter Proposal
Theta Metropolis sampling
M Slice sampling

Prior distribution for parameter

Parameter Prior Delta Bins Minimum Mean* Maximum Theta Exp window 0.000010 0.010000 10.000000 1.000000 500 0.000100 100000.000000 1000000.000000 100000.000000 Μ Exp window 500

Markov chain settings: Long chain

Number of chains 1

Recorded steps [a]1000Increment (record every x step [b]100Number of concurrent chains (replicates) [c]3Visited (sampled) parameter values [a*b*c]300000Number of discard trees per chain (burn-in)1000

Multiple Markov chains:

Static heating scheme 4 chains with temperatures

100000.00 3.00 1.50 1.00

Swapping interval is 1

Print options:

Data file: ../../mcalifornianus_210528.mig

Output file:

Posterior distribution raw histogram file:

bayesfile

Print data:

No

Print genealogies [only some for some data type]:

Data summary

Datatype: Sequence data
Number of loci: 1

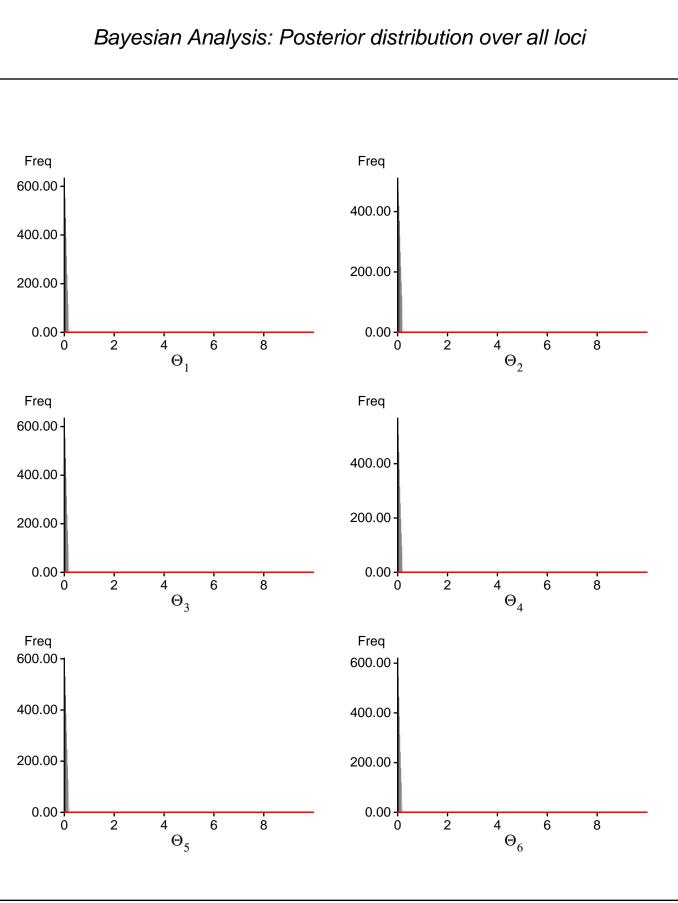
Population	Locus	Gene copies
1 ElfinCo	1	19
2 Bamfiel	1	23
3 PortRen	1	15
4 WalkOnB	1	16
5 BodegaH	1	7
6 Davenpo	1	17
7 VistaDe	1	19
8 HazardR	1	23
9 Refugio	1	16
10 Carpint	1	19
11 WhitePo	1	11
12 LaJolla	1	8
Total of all populations	1	193

Bayesian Analysis: Posterior distribution table

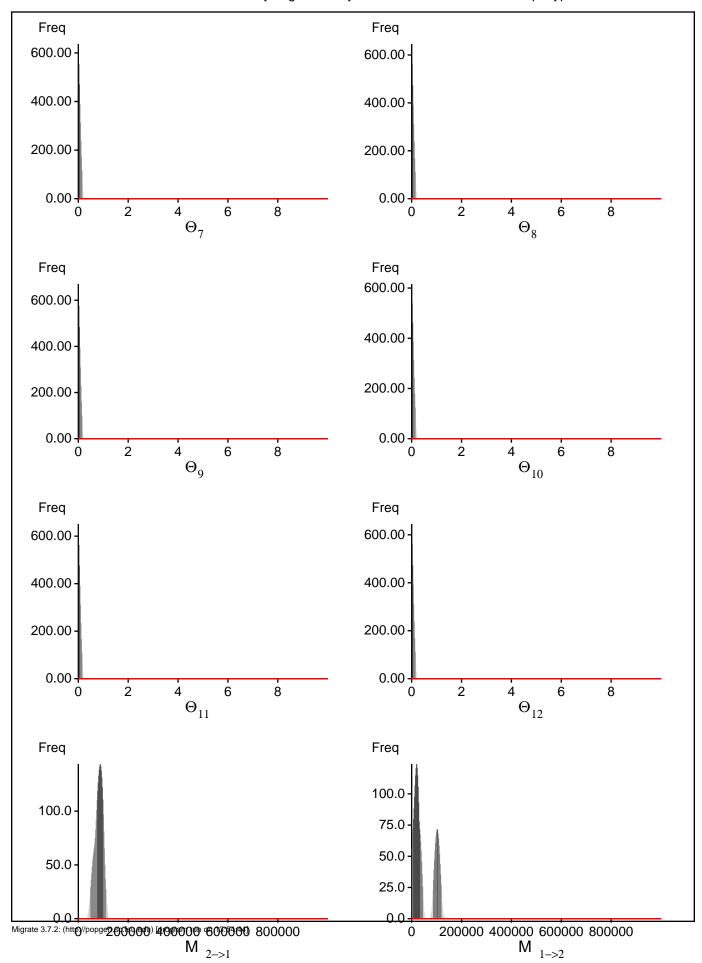
Locus	Parameter	2.5%	25.0%	Mode	75.0%	97.5%	Median	Mean
1	Θ_1	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01622
1	Θ_2	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.08001	0.18001	0.09001	0.03118
1	Θ_3	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01801
1	Θ_4	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.18001	0.07001	0.02577
1	Θ_{5}	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.02202
1	Θ_6	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.02034
1	Θ_{7}	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01757
1	Θ_8	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01324
1	Θ_9	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.00226
1	Θ_{10}	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.02106
1	Θ_{11}	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01429
1	Θ_{12}	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01499
1	M _{2->1}	46000.0	74000.0	89000.0	100000.0	112000.0	85000.0	82146.0
1	M _{1->2}	0.0	4000.0	21000.0	34000.0	46000.0	33000.0	47596.1
1	M _{3->2}	0.0	0.0	1000.0	14000.0	24000.0	15000.0	27114.6
1	M _{2->3}	0.0	0.0	5000.0	16000.0	24000.0	55000.0	57941.4
1	M _{4->3}	48000.0	78000.0	99000.0	112000.0	128000.0	93000.0	90306.4
1	M _{3->4}	42000.0	54000.0	69000.0	82000.0	104000.0	63000.0	54546.9
1	M _{5->4}	0.0	0.0	5000.0	14000.0	22000.0	69000.0	61550.9
1	M _{4->5}	34000.0	44000.0	61000.0	76000.0	118000.0	71000.0	73982.7
1	M _{6->5}	34000.0	46000.0	67000.0	86000.0	96000.0	79000.0	90756.4
1	M _{5->6}	42000.0	64000.0	81000.0	90000.0	104000.0	79000.0	75051.1
1	M _{7->6}	92000.0	104000.0	115000.0	124000.0	136000.0	109000.0	77212.8
1	M _{6->7}	32000.0	46000.0	69000.0	84000.0	134000.0	79000.0	81566.1
1	M _{8->7}	68000.0	82000.0	97000.0	112000.0	124000.0	89000.0	75951.7
1	M _{7->8}	0.0	4000.0	19000.0	32000.0	40000.0	29000.0	33800.3
1	M _{9->8}	0.0	0.0	3000.0	12000.0	20000.0	61000.0	51274.3
1	M _{8->9}	36000.0	96000.0	113000.0	126000.0	142000.0	99000.0	92642.3
1	M _{10->9}	0.0	0.0	1000.0	10000.0	32000.0	11000.0	9126.7
1	M _{9->10}	0.0	0.0	9000.0	14000.0	26000.0	13000.0	8941.8
1	M _{11->10}	20000.0	46000.0	63000.0	72000.0	82000.0	57000.0	53547.8
1	M _{10->11}	86000.0	96000.0	117000.0	134000.0	200000.0	129000.0	135563.9
1	M _{12->11}	0.0	12000.0	29000.0	44000.0	54000.0	41000.0	55041.5
1	M _{11->12}	0.0	0.0	13000.0	30000.0	32000.0	231000.0	211584.9

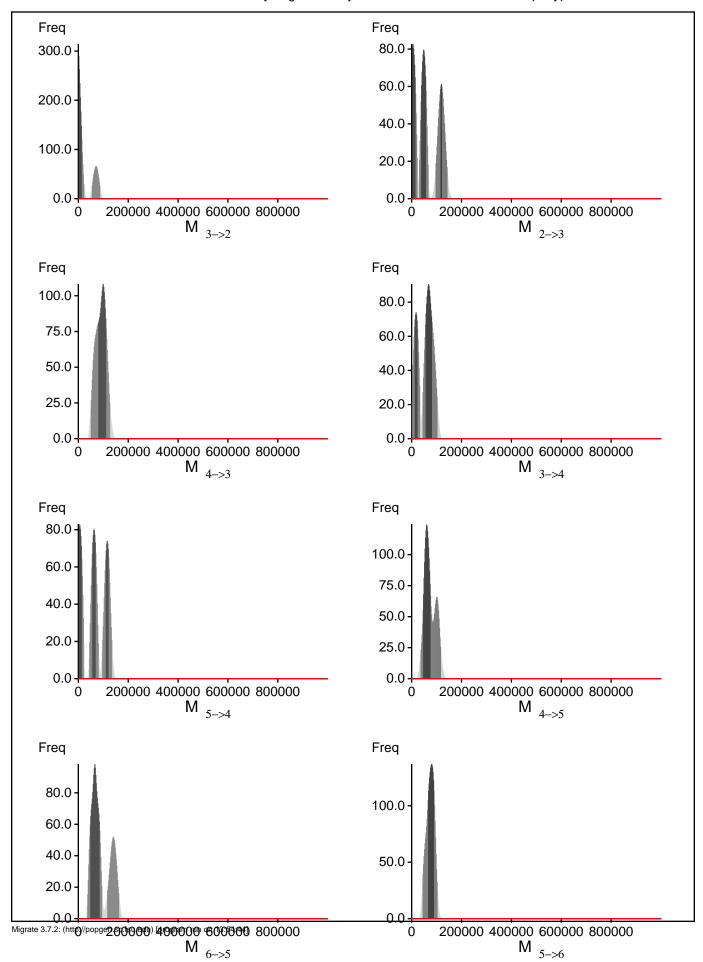
Citation suggestions:

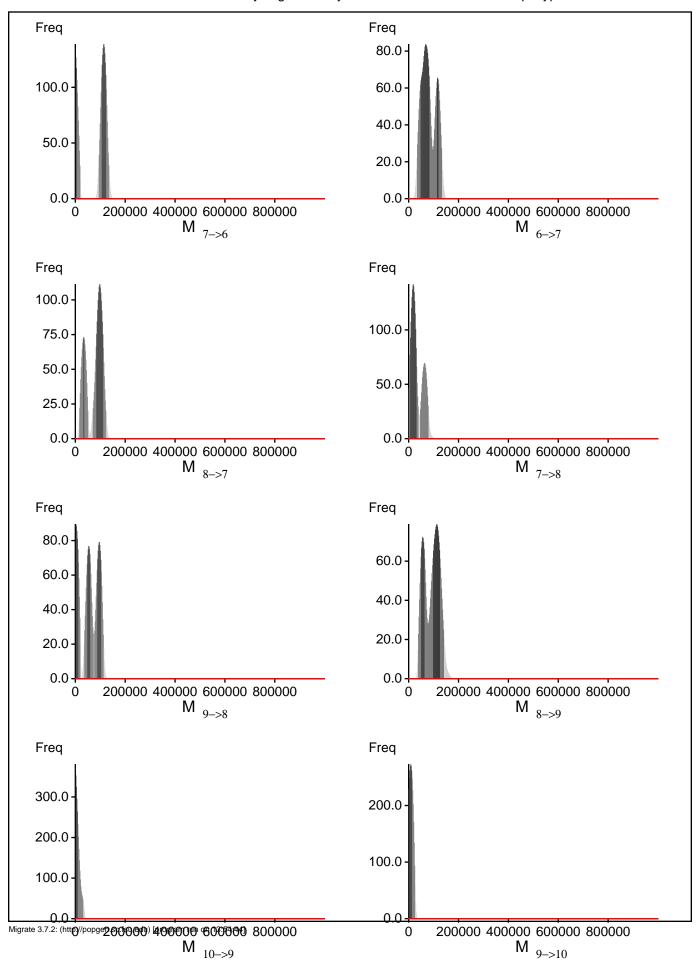
 Beerli P., 2006. Comparison of Bayesian and maximum-likelihood inference of population genetic parameters. Bioinformatics 22:341-345 Beerli P., 2007. Estimation of the population scaled mutation rate from microsatellite data, Genetics, 177:1967-1968. Beerli P., 2009. How to use MIGRATE or why are Markov chain Monte Carlo programs difficult to use? In Population Genetics for Animal Conservation, G. Bertorelle, M. W. Bruford, H. C. Hauffe, A. Rizzoli, and C. Vernesi, eds., vol. 17 of Conservation Biology, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge UK, pp. 42-79.

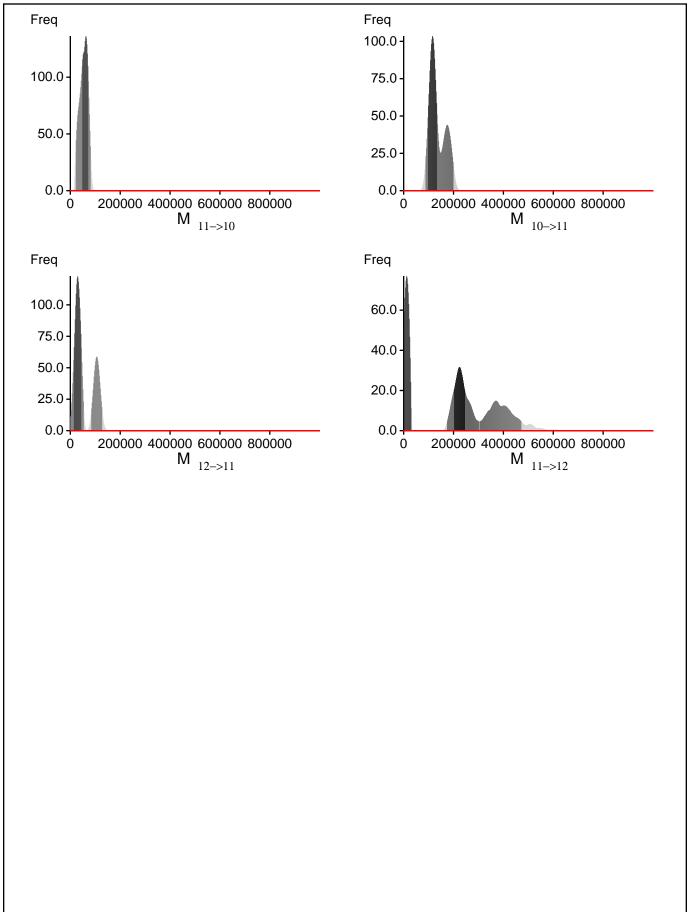


Migrate 3.7.2: (http://popgen.sc.fsu.edu) [program run on 13:54:44]









Log-Probability of the data given the model (marginal likelihood)

Use this value for Bayes factor calculations:

BF = Exp[ln(Prob(D | thisModel) - ln(Prob(D | otherModel) or as LBF = 2 (ln(Prob(D | thisModel) - ln(Prob(D | otherModel)) shows the support for thisModel]

Method	In(Prob(D Model))	Notes
Thermodynamic integration	-2205.254092	(1a)
	-2122.950749	(1b)
Harmonic mean	-1852.490082	(2)

(1a, 1b and 2) are approximations to the marginal likelihood, make sure that the program run long enough! (1a, 1b) and (2) should give similar results, in principle.

But (2) is overestimating the likelihood, it is presented for historical reasons and should not be used (1a, 1b) needs heating with chains that span a temperature range of 1.0 to at least 100,000.

(1b) is using a Bezier-curve to get better approximations for runs with low number of heated chains

Citation suggestions:

Beerli P. and M. Palczewski, 2010. Unified framework to evaluate panmixia and migration direction among multiple sampling locations, Genetics, 185: 313-326.

Acceptance ratios for all parameters and the genealogies

Parameter	Accepted changes	Ratio
Θ_1	1189/4362	0.27258
Θ_2	630/4377	0.14393
Θ_3	1746/4435	0.39369
Θ_{Δ}	1059/4314	0.24548
) ₅	1380/4370	0.31579
06	1463/4528	0.32310
) ₇	1883/4440	0.42410
) ₈	1022/4483	0.22797
9	938/4312	0.21753
)10	999/4419	0.22607
211	2318/4328	0.53558
12	2782/4453	0.62475
1 2->1	4355/4355	1.00000
1 1->2	4343/4343	1.00000
$M_{3\rightarrow 2}$	4484/4484	1.00000
1 2->3	4297/4297	1.00000
1 4->3	4437/4437	1.00000
1 3->4	4465/4465	1.00000
1 5->4	4464/4464	1.00000
1 4->5	4348/4348	1.00000
1 6->5	4303/4303	1.00000
1 5->6	4387/4387	1.00000
1 7->6	4510/4510	1.00000
1 6->7	4500/4500	1.00000
1 8->7	4398/4398	1.00000
1 7->8	4435/4435	1.00000
1	4422/4422	1.00000
1 _{8->9}	4493/4493	1.00000
1 10->9	4303/4303	1.00000
10->9	4460/4460	1.00000
1 11->10 1 11->10	4375/4375	1.00000
11->10	4334/4334	1.00000
10->11	4363/4363	1.00000
12->11	4303/4303	1.00000
11->12 Genealogies	32288/150400	0.21468

MCMC-Autocorrelation and Effective MCMC Sample Size

Parameter	Autocorrelation	Effective Sampe Size
Θ_1	0.81551	308.05
Θ_2	0.90443	154.43
Θ_3	0.71129	505.69
Θ_4°	0.79747	349.43
) ₅	0.74805	445.11
06	0.73864	452.14
) ₇	0.68843	566.31
) ₈	0.82108	294.47
) _o	0.81785	362.50
) ₁₀	0.80862	321.11
) ₁₁	0.61592	720.06
12	0.54221	983.22
M ¹² _{2->1}	0.73977	451.68
1->2	0.78345	374.85
$1 \frac{1-22}{3-2}$	0.83440	274.20
1 2->3	0.67226	604.87
1 4->3	0.71333	518.78
1 3->4	0.83003	289.77
1 5->4	0.73768	454.33
4->5	0.75726	435.43
1 6->5	0.68358	567.48
1 5->6	0.69578	548.15
1 7->6	0.70833	517.11
1 6->7	0.64509	648.89
1 8->7	0.66539	605.52
1 7->8	0.84117	258.82
Λ	0.73352	480.18
1 9->8 1 _{8->9}	0.82785	287.19
10->9	0.70623	518.10
10->9 19->10	0.64021	675.57
11->10	0.67956	574.58
11->10	0.82339	294.46
10->11	0.80461	326.62
12->11 11->12	0.73353	468.21
n[Prob(D G)]	0.96540	52.82

Potential Problems

This section reports potential problems with your run, but such reporting is often not very accurate. Whith many parameters in a multilocus analysis, it is very common that some parameters for some loci will not be very

parameters in a multilocus analysis, it is very common that some parameters for some loci will not be very informative, triggering suggestions (for example to increase the prior range) that are not sensible. This suggestion
tool will improve with time, therefore do not blindly follow its suggestions. If some parameters are flagged, inspect
the tables carefully and judge wether an action is required. For example, if you run a Bayesian inference with
sequence data, for macroscopic species there is rarely the need to increase the prior for Theta beyond 0.1; but if
you use microsatellites it is rather common that your prior distribution for Theta should have a range from 0.0 to
100 or more. With many populations (>3) it is also very common that some migration routes are estimated poorly
because the data contains little or no information for that route. Increasing the range will not help in such
situations, reducing number of parameters may help in such situations.
No warning was recorded during the run
No warning was recorded during the run