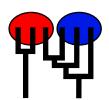
# Preliminary migrate analysis of M. californianus

MIGRATION RATE AND POPULATION SIZE ESTIMATION

using the coalescent and maximum likelihood or Bayesian inference

Migrate-n version 3.7.2 [April-12-18]

Program started at Fri May 28 15:37:36 2021 Program finished at Sat May 29 00:10:49 2021



### **Options**

Datatype: DNA sequence data

Inheritance scalers in use for Thetas:

All loci use an inheritance scaler of 1.0

[The locus with a scaler of 1.0 used as reference]

Random number seed: (with internal timer) 694827055

Start parameters:

Theta values were generated from guessed values

Theta = 0.01000

M values were generated from guessed values

M-matrix:

100000.00 [all are the same]

Connection type matrix:

where m = average (average over a group of Thetas or M,

s = symmetric M, S = symmetric 4Nm, 0 = zero, and not estimated,

\* = free to vary, Thetas are on diagonal

Population	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1 ElfinCo	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2 Bamfiel	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3 PortRen	0	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4 WalkOnB	0	0	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5 BodegaH	0	0	0	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0
6 Davenpo	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0
7 VistaDe	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	0	0	0	0
8 HazardR	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	0	0	0
9 Refugio	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	0	0
10 Carpint	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	0

11 WhitePo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	
12	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	
12	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U			
Order of param	otors:												
1	$\Theta_1$						~d	lienla	yed:				
2	$\Theta_2^1$							-	yed:				
3	$\Theta_3$							-	yed:				
4	$\Theta_4^3$								yed:				
5	$\Theta_5$							-	yed:				
6	$\Theta_6$								yed:				
7	$\Theta_7^6$								yed:				
8	$\Theta_8$								yed:				
9	$\Theta_9$								yed:				
10	$\Theta_{10}$								yed:				
11	$\Theta_{11}^{10}$								yed:				
12	$\Theta_{12}^{11}$								yed:				
13	$M_{2->1}^{12}$							-	yed:				
24	$M_{1->2}^{2->1}$								yed:				
25	$M_{3->2}$								yed:				
36	M $_{2->3}^{3->2}$						<d< td=""><th>ispla</th><td>yed:</td><td>&gt;</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></d<>	ispla	yed:	>			
37	$M_{4->3}^{2->3}$						<d< td=""><th>ispla</th><td>yed:</td><td>&gt;</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></d<>	ispla	yed:	>			
48	$M_{3->4}$						<d< td=""><th>ispla</th><td>yed:</td><td>&gt;</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></d<>	ispla	yed:	>			
49	$M_{5->4}$						<d< td=""><th>ispla</th><td>yed:</td><td>&gt;</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></d<>	ispla	yed:	>			
60	$M_{4->5}$						<d< td=""><th>ispla</th><td>yed:</td><td>&gt;</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></d<>	ispla	yed:	>			
61	M <sub>6-&gt;5</sub>						<d< td=""><th>ispla</th><td>yed:</td><td>&gt;</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></d<>	ispla	yed:	>			
72	M $_{5->6}$						<d< td=""><th>ispla</th><td>yed:</td><td>&gt;</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></d<>	ispla	yed:	>			
73	M <sub>7-&gt;6</sub>						<d< td=""><th>ispla</th><td>yed:</td><td>&gt;</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></d<>	ispla	yed:	>			
84	$M_{6->7}$						<d< td=""><th>ispla</th><td>yed:</td><td>&gt;</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></d<>	ispla	yed:	>			
85	$M_{8->7}$						<d< td=""><th>ispla</th><td>yed:</td><td>&gt;</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></d<>	ispla	yed:	>			
96	$M_{7->8}$							-	yed:				
97	$M_{9->8}$							-	yed:				
108	M 8->9	)						-	yed:				
109	M 10->	<b>.</b> 9						-	yed:				
120	M <sub>9-&gt;1</sub>	.0						-	yed:				
121	M 11->	<b>-10</b>						-	yed:				
132	M 10->	-11						-	yed:				
133	M 12->	-11						-	yed:				
144	M <sub>11-&gt;</sub>	-12					<d< td=""><th>ispla</th><td>yed:</td><td>&gt;</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></d<>	ispla	yed:	>			
Mutation rate an	nong loci:												Mutation rate is constant
Analysis													Davis de la face
Analysis strateg	y:												Bayesian inference

Proposal distributions for parameter

Parameter Proposal
Theta Metropolis sampling
M Slice sampling

Prior distribution for parameter

Parameter Prior Delta Bins Minimum Mean\* Maximum Theta Exp window 0.000010 0.010000 10.000000 1.000000 500 0.000100 100000.000000 1000000.000000 100000.000000 Μ Exp window 500

Markov chain settings: Long chain

Number of chains 1

Recorded steps [a]1000Increment (record every x step [b]100Number of concurrent chains (replicates) [c]3Visited (sampled) parameter values [a\*b\*c]300000Number of discard trees per chain (burn-in)1000

Multiple Markov chains:

Static heating scheme 4 chains with temperatures

100000.00 3.00 1.50 1.00

Swapping interval is 1

Print options:

Data file: ../../mcalifornianus\_210528.mig

Output file:

Posterior distribution raw histogram file:

Print data:

Outfile.txt

bayesfile

No

Print genealogies [only some for some data type]:

# Data summary

Datatype:	Sequence data
Number of loci	1

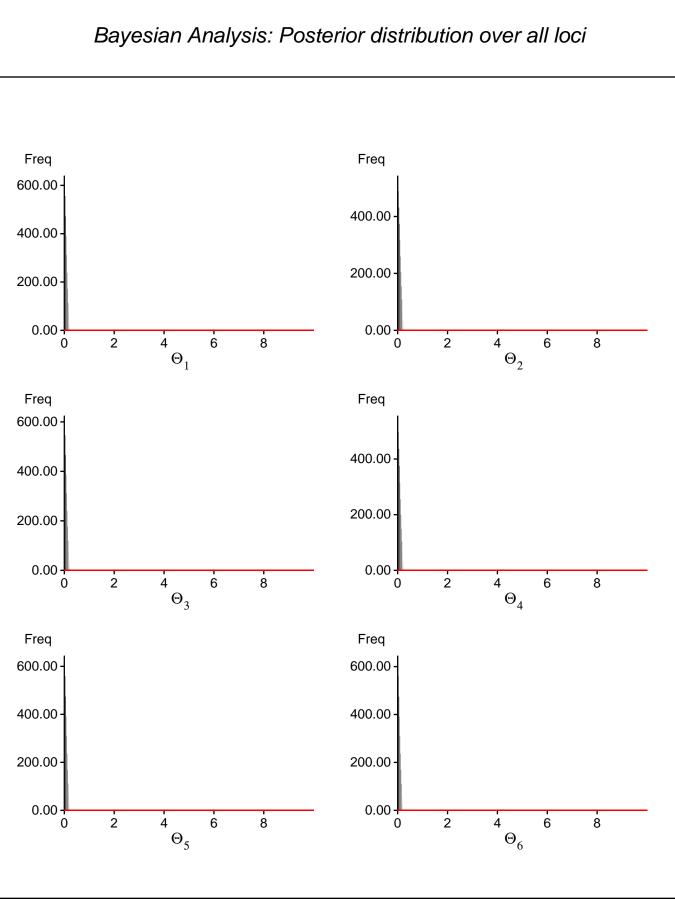
Population	Locus	Gene copies
1 ElfinCo	1	19
2 Bamfiel	1	23
3 PortRen	1	15
4 WalkOnB	1	16
5 BodegaH	1	7
6 Davenpo	1	17
7 VistaDe	1	19
8 HazardR	1	23
9 Refugio	1	16
10 Carpint	1	19
11 WhitePo	1	10
12	1	0
Total of all populations	1	184

# Bayesian Analysis: Posterior distribution table

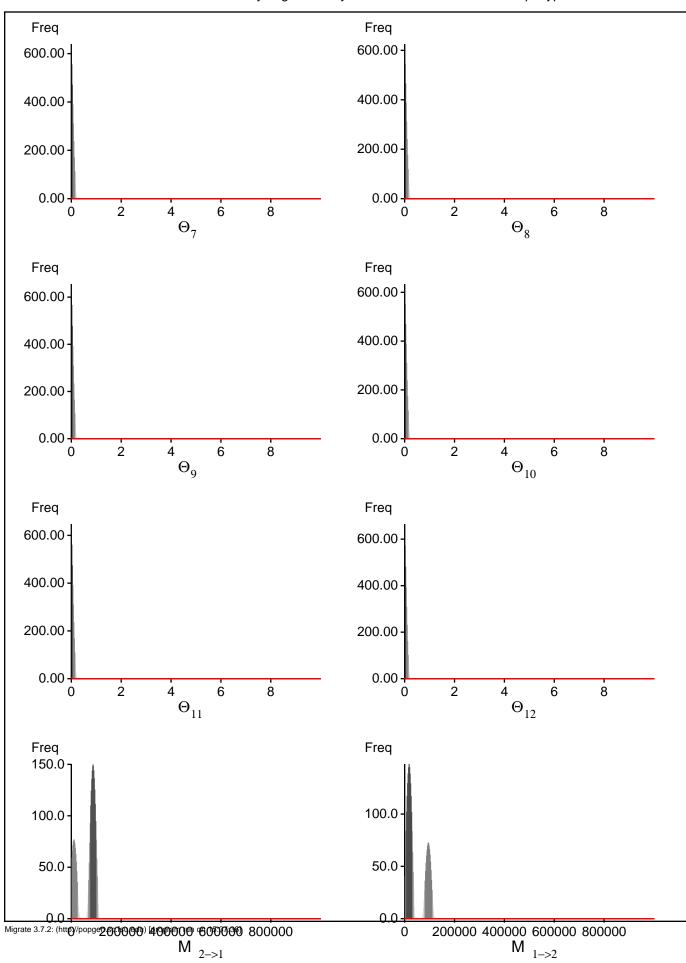
Locus	Parameter	2.5%	25.0%	Mode	75.0%	97.5%	Median	Mean
1	$\Theta_1$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01474
1	$\Theta_2$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.08001	0.18001	0.09001	0.02994
1	$\Theta_3$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01791
1	$\Theta_4$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.08001	0.18001	0.09001	0.02869
1	$\Theta_5$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01537
1	$\Theta_6$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01342
1	$\Theta_{7}$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01387
1	$\Theta_8$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01972
1	$\Theta_9$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01203
1	$\Theta_{10}$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01806
1	$\Theta_{11}$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01408
1	$\Theta_{12}$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.00727
1	M <sub>2-&gt;1</sub>	66000.0	74000.0	87000.0	100000.0	106000.0	83000.0	61547.1
1	M <sub>1-&gt;2</sub>	0.0	4000.0	17000.0	30000.0	36000.0	27000.0	43686.8
1	$M_{3->2}$	0.0	28000.0	39000.0	48000.0	62000.0	35000.0	28204.6
1	M <sub>2-&gt;3</sub>	0.0	36000.0	51000.0	66000.0	74000.0	45000.0	38154.5
1	M <sub>4-&gt;3</sub>	0.0	0.0	21000.0	40000.0	52000.0	39000.0	46277.3
1	M <sub>3-&gt;4</sub>	0.0	0.0	1000.0	14000.0	18000.0	15000.0	35422.1
1	M <sub>5-&gt;4</sub>	6000.0	22000.0	33000.0	42000.0	54000.0	35000.0	32604.1
1	M <sub>4-&gt;5</sub>	40000.0	50000.0	63000.0	80000.0	120000.0	97000.0	114524.1
1	M <sub>6-&gt;5</sub>	14000.0	48000.0	63000.0	76000.0	84000.0	59000.0	53601.9
1	M <sub>5-&gt;6</sub>	4000.0	12000.0	25000.0	36000.0	42000.0	79000.0	75213.6
1	M <sub>7-&gt;6</sub>	54000.0	66000.0	83000.0	96000.0	106000.0	75000.0	66843.8
1	M <sub>6-&gt;7</sub>	44000.0	80000.0	97000.0	108000.0	116000.0	91000.0	85028.1
1	M <sub>8-&gt;7</sub>	48000.0	64000.0	81000.0	96000.0	136000.0	89000.0	89345.7
1	M <sub>7-&gt;8</sub>	46000.0	62000.0	75000.0	90000.0	110000.0	81000.0	79336.2
1	M <sub>9-&gt;8</sub>	2000.0	50000.0	67000.0	78000.0	112000.0	63000.0	57924.5
1	M <sub>8-&gt;9</sub>	42000.0	50000.0	67000.0	0.00008	132000.0	77000.0	82818.0
1	M <sub>10-&gt;9</sub>	44000.0	58000.0	69000.0	86000.0	114000.0	79000.0	77564.4
1	M <sub>9-&gt;10</sub>	24000.0	30000.0	45000.0	58000.0	104000.0	55000.0	60020.5
1	M <sub>11-&gt;10</sub>	0.0	0.0	15000.0	26000.0	64000.0	25000.0	26532.0
1	M <sub>10-&gt;11</sub>	0.0	0.0	3000.0	18000.0	24000.0	115000.0	88200.3
1	M <sub>12-&gt;11</sub>	26000.0	40000.0	65000.0	82000.0	94000.0	77000.0	87271.8
1	M <sub>11-&gt;12</sub>	62000.0	78000.0	95000.0	112000.0	132000.0	107000.0	363924.4

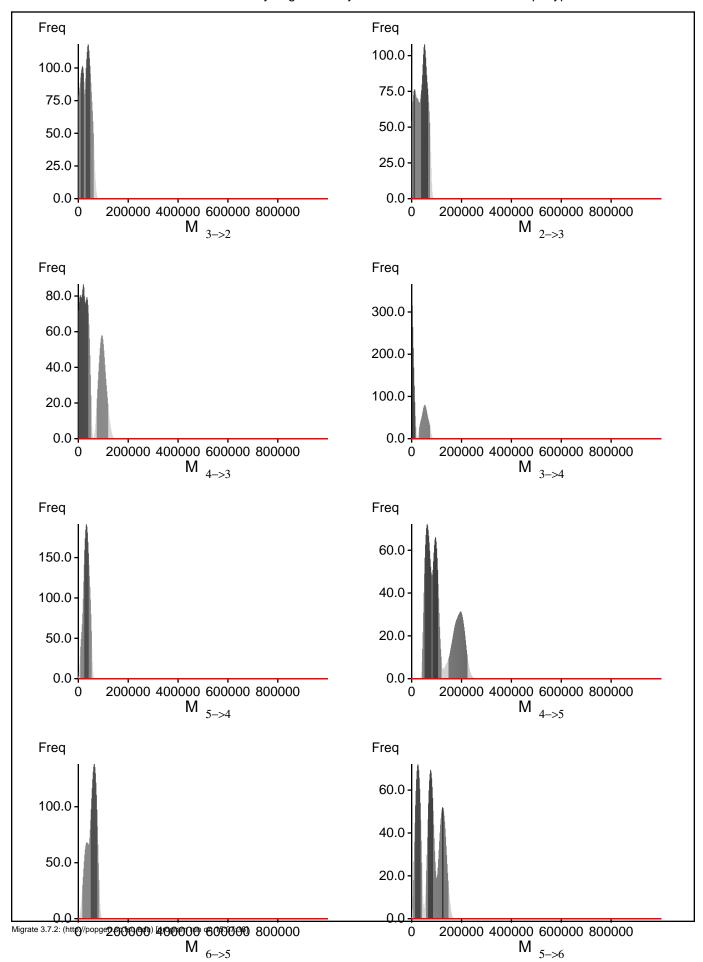
Citation suggestions:

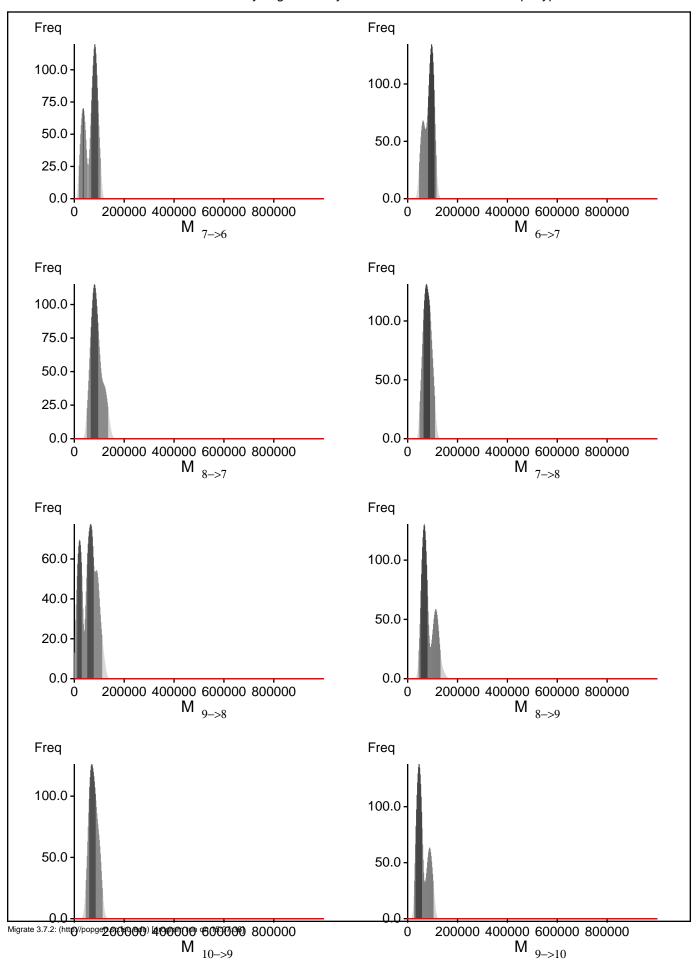
<ul> <li>Beerli P., 2006. Comparison of Bayesian and maximum-likelihood inference of population genetic parameters.</li> <li>Bioinformatics 22:341-345</li> <li>Beerli P., 2007. Estimation of the population scaled mutation rate from microsatellite data,</li> <li>Genetics, 177:1967-1968.</li> <li>Beerli P., 2009. How to use MIGRATE or why are Markov chain Monte Carlo programs difficult to use?</li> <li>In Population Genetics for Animal Conservation, G. Bertorelle, M. W. Bruford, H. C. Hauffe, A. Rizzoli,</li> <li>and C. Vernesi, eds., vol. 17 of Conservation Biology, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge UK, pp. 42-79.</li> </ul>

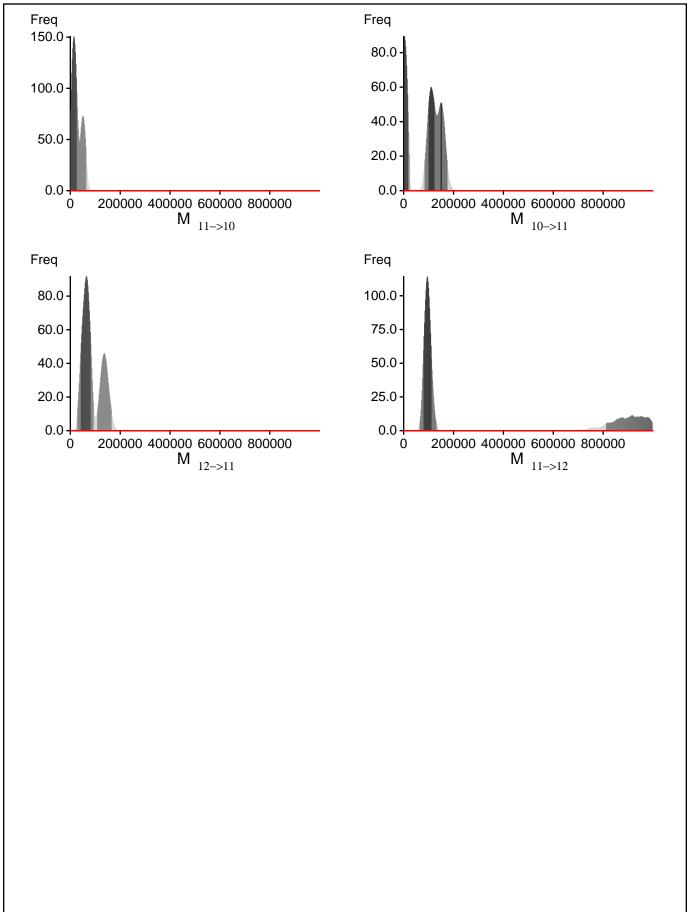


Migrate 3.7.2: (http://popgen.sc.fsu.edu) [program run on 15:37:36]









### Log-Probability of the data given the model (marginal likelihood)

Use this value for Bayes factor calculations:

BF = Exp[ ln(Prob(D | thisModel) - ln( Prob( D | otherModel) or as LBF = 2 (ln(Prob(D | thisModel) - ln( Prob( D | otherModel)) shows the support for thisModel]

Method	In(Prob(D Model))	Notes
Thermodynamic integration	-2149.850034	(1a)
	-2082.678813	(1b)
Harmonic mean	-1857.726787	(2)

(1a, 1b and 2) are approximations to the marginal likelihood, make sure that the program run long enough! (1a, 1b) and (2) should give similar results, in principle.

But (2) is overestimating the likelihood, it is presented for historical reasons and should not be used (1a, 1b) needs heating with chains that span a temperature range of 1.0 to at least 100,000.

(1b) is using a Bezier-curve to get better approximations for runs with low number of heated chains

#### Citation suggestions:

Beerli P. and M. Palczewski, 2010. Unified framework to evaluate panmixia and migration direction among multiple sampling locations, Genetics, 185: 313-326.

# Acceptance ratios for all parameters and the genealogies

Parameter	Accepted changes	Ratio
$\Theta_1$	883/4443	0.19874
$\Theta_2$	843/4372	0.19282
$\theta_3^-$	583/4584	0.12718
$\mathbf{D}_{A}$	741/4418	0.16772
05	1902/4380	0.43425
06	1142/4396	0.25978
7	1114/4405	0.25289
) <sub>8</sub>	1519/4460	0.34058
$\mathbf{O}_{\mathbf{Q}}$	1607/4217	0.38108
)10	1613/4591	0.35134
211	2240/4319	0.51864
12	2580/4502	0.57308
1 2->1	4483/4483	1.00000
<b>1</b> 1−>2	4501/4501	1.00000
1 3->2	4488/4488	1.00000
1 2->3	4296/4296	1.00000
1 4->3	4294/4294	1.00000
1 3->4	4417/4417	1.00000
1 5->4	4468/4468	1.00000
1 4->5	4374/4374	1.00000
1 6->5	4457/4457	1.00000
1 5->6	4335/4335	1.00000
1 7->6	4401/4401	1.00000
1 6->7	4410/4410	1.00000
1 8->7	4357/4357	1.00000
1 7->8	4364/4364	1.00000
1 <sub>9-&gt;8</sub>	4482/4482	1.00000
1 8->9	4380/4380	1.00000
1 10->9	4271/4271	1.00000
10->9 1 <sub>9-&gt;10</sub>	4480/4480	1.00000
11->10	4452/4452	1.00000
10->11	4403/4403	1.00000
10->11	4441/4441	1.00000
11->12	4344/4344	1.00000
Genealogies	31074/150015	0.20714

# MCMC-Autocorrelation and Effective MCMC Sample Size

Parameter	Autocorrelation	Effective Sampe Size
$\Theta_1$	0.87172	211.75
$\Theta_2$	0.88388	189.60
$\Theta_3$	0.93271	105.76
$\Theta_4^{S}$	0.91550	135.14
) <sub>5</sub>	0.67779	613.50
06	0.83600	277.00
) <sub>7</sub>	0.81172	328.10
) <sub>8</sub>	0.76466	406.75
$O_{o}$	0.71228	514.41
) <sub>10</sub>	0.71933	522.86
) <sub>11</sub>	0.60590	737.74
12	0.59125	840.13
1 2->1	0.82601	289.48
<b>1</b> 1−>2	0.79282	348.50
1 3->2	0.83173	278.40
1 2->3	0.75250	431.76
1 4->3	0.86825	213.49
1 3->4	0.78897	359.11
1 5->4	0.80435	328.53
1 4->5	0.79573	348.52
1 6->5	0.78712	357.09
1 5->6	0.81560	304.42
7->6	0.79200	355.66
1 6->7	0.65640	627.91
1 8->7	0.86814	212.14
1 7->8	0.86675	214.50
1 9->8	0.83380	278.49
1 8->9	0.73268	499.38
10->9	0.75639	421.93
1 9->10	0.76054	412.83
11->10	0.71732	494.40
10->11	0.78181	367.13
10->11	0.78644	359.41
11->12	0.66561	616.30
n[Prob(D G)]	0.97862	32.55

#### Potential Problems

This section reports potential problems with your run, but such reporting is often not very accurate. Whith many parameters in a multilocus analysis, it is very common that some parameters for some loci will not be very

parameters in a multilocus analysis, it is very common that some parameters for some loci will not be very informative, triggering suggestions (for example to increase the prior range) that are not sensible. This suggestion
tool will improve with time, therefore do not blindly follow its suggestions. If some parameters are flagged, inspect
the tables carefully and judge wether an action is required. For example, if you run a Bayesian inference with
sequence data, for macroscopic species there is rarely the need to increase the prior for Theta beyond 0.1; but if
you use microsatellites it is rather common that your prior distribution for Theta should have a range from 0.0 to
100 or more. With many populations (>3) it is also very common that some migration routes are estimated poorly
because the data contains little or no information for that route. Increasing the range will not help in such
situations, reducing number of parameters may help in such situations.
No warning was recorded during the run
No warning was recorded during the run