Preliminary migrate analysis of M. californianus

MIGRATION RATE AND POPULATION SIZE ESTIMATION
using the coalescent and maximum likelihood or Bayesian inference
Migrate-n version 3.7.2 [April-12-18]
Program started at Tue Jun 1 10:52:05 2021
Program finished at Tue Jun 1 18:14:54 2021

Options

Datatype: DNA sequence data

Inheritance scalers in use for Thetas:
All loci use an inheritance scaler of 1.0
[The locus with a scaler of 1.0 used as reference]
Random number seed: (with internal timer) 3580493360
Start parameters:

Theta values were generated from guessed values
Theta = 0.01000
M values were generated from guessed values
M-matrix:
100000.00 [all are the same]
Connection type matrix:
where m = average (average over a group of Thetas or M,
s = symmetric M, S = symmetric 4Nm, 0 = zero, and not estimated,
* = free to vary, Thetas are on diagonal

Population	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1 ElfinCo	*	s	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2 Bamfiel	s	*	s	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3 PortRen	0	s	*	s	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4 WalkOnB	0	0	s	*	s	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5 BodegaH	0	0	0	s	*	s	0	0	0	0	0	0
6 Davenpo	0	0	0	0	s	*	s	0	0	0	0	0
7 VistaDe	0	0	0	0	0	s	*	s	0	0	0	0
8 HazardR	0	0	0	0	0	0	s	*	s	0	0	0
9 Refugio	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	s	*	s	0	0
10 Carpint	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	s	*	s	0

11 WhitePo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	s	*	s
12 LaJolla	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	s	*

Order of parameters:

1	Θ_1				<displayed>
2	Θ_2				<displayed>
3	Θ_3				<displayed>
4	Θ_4				<displayed>
5	Θ_5				<displayed>
6	Θ_6				<displayed>
7	Θ_7				<displayed>
8	Θ_8				<displayed>
9	Θ_9				<displayed>
10	Θ_{10}				<displayed>
11	Θ_{11}				<displayed>
12	Θ_{12}				<displayed>
13	$M_{2\to1}$	=	$M_{2\to1}$	[s]	<displayed>
24	$M_{1\to2}$	=	$M_{2\to1}$	[s]	
25	$M_{3\to2}$	=	$M_{3\to2}$	[s]	<displayed>
36	$M_{2\to3}$	=	$M_{3\to2}$	[s]	
37	$M_{4\to3}$	=	$M_{4\to3}$	[s]	<displayed>
48	$M_{3\to4}$	=	$M_{4\to3}$	[s]	
49	$M_{5\to4}$	=	$M_{5\to4}$	[s]	<displayed>
60	$M_{4\to5}$	=	$M_{5\to4}$	[s]	
61	$M_{6\to5}$	=	$M_{6\to5}$	[s]	<displayed>
72	$M_{5\to6}$	=	$M_{6\to5}$	[s]	
73	$M_{7\to6}$	=	$M_{7\to6}$	[s]	<displayed>
84	$M_{6\to7}$	=	$M_{7\to6}$	[s]	
85	$M_{8\to7}$	=	$M_{8\to7}$	[s]	<displayed>
96	$M_{7\to8}$	=	$M_{8\to7}$	[s]	
97	$M_{9\to8}$	=	$M_{9\to8}$	[s]	<displayed>
108	$M_{8\to9}$	=	$M_{9\to8}$	[s]	
109	$M_{10\to9}$	=	$M_{10\to9}$	[s]	<displayed>
120	$M_{9\to10}$	=	$M_{10\to9}$	[s]	
121	$M_{11\to10}$	=	$M_{11\to10}$	[s]	<displayed>
132	$M_{10\to11}$	=	$M_{11\to10}$	[s]	
133	$M_{12\to11}$	=	$M_{12\to11}$	[s]	<displayed>
144	$M_{11\to12}$	=	$M_{12\to11}$	[s]	

Mutation rate among loci:	Mutation rate is constant
Analysis strategy:	Bayesian inference

Proposal distributions for parameter

Parameter	Proposal
Theta	Metropolis sampling
M	Slice sampling

Prior distribution for parameter

Parameter	Prior	Minimum	Mean*	Maximum	Delta	Bins
Theta	Exp window	0.000010	0.010000	10.000000	1.000000	500
M	Exp window	0.000100	100000.000000	1000000.000000	100000.000000	500

Markov chain settings:	Long chain
Number of chains	1
Recorded steps [a]	1000
Increment (record every x step [b]	100
Number of concurrent chains (replicates) [c]	3
Visited (sampled) parameter values [a*b*c]	300000
Number of discard trees per chain (burn-in)	1000

Multiple Markov chains:

Static heating scheme — 4 chains with temperatures

100000.00 3.00 1.50 1.00

Swapping interval is 1

Print options:

Data file:	../../mcalifornianus_210528.mig
Output file:	outfile.txt
Posterior distribution raw histogram file:	bayesfile
Print data:	No
Print genealogies [only some for some data type]:	None

Data summary

Datatype:	Sequence data
Number of loci:	1

Population	Locus	Gene copies
1 ElfinCo	1	19
2 Bamfiel	1	23
3 PortRen	1	15
4 WalkOnB	1	16
5 BodegaH	1	7
6 Davenpo	1	17
7 VistaDe	1	19
8 HazardR	1	23
9 Refugio	1	16
10 Carpint	1	19
11 WhitePo	1	11
12 LaJolla	1	8
Total of all populations	1	193

Bayesian Analysis: Posterior distribution table

Locus	Parameter	2.5%	25.0%	Mode	75.0%	97.5%	Median	Mean
1	Θ_1	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.08001	0.18001	0.09001	0.03147
1	Θ_2	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.08001	0.18001	0.09001	0.03475
1	Θ_3	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01776
1	Θ_4	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.18001	0.07001	0.02462
1	Θ_5	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.00965
1	Θ_6	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.02225
1	Θ_7	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01978
1	Θ_8	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01379
1	Θ_9	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01142
1	Θ_{10}	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.00774
1	Θ_{11}	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01795
1	Θ_{12}	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.00983
1	$M_{2->1}$	0.0	14000.0	23000.0	42000.0	58000.0	33000.0	29785.0
1	$M_{1->2}$	0.0	14000.0	23000.0	42000.0	58000.0	33000.0	29785.0
1	$M_{3->2}$	0.0	0.0	5000.0	18000.0	24000.0	19000.0	22343.0
1	$M_{2->3}$	0.0	0.0	5000.0	18000.0	24000.0	19000.0	22343.0
1	$M_{4->3}$	0.0	0.0	9000.0	18000.0	28000.0	53000.0	54080.1
1	$M_{3->4}$	0.0	0.0	9000.0	18000.0	28000.0	53000.0	54080.1
1	$M_{5->4}$	12000.0	20000.0	31000.0	40000.0	48000.0	87000.0	79127.9
1	$M_{4->5}$	12000.0	20000.0	31000.0	40000.0	48000.0	87000.0	79127.9
1	$M_{6->5}$	0.0	2000.0	15000.0	26000.0	32000.0	25000.0	39843.1
1	$M_{5->6}$	0.0	2000.0	15000.0	26000.0	32000.0	25000.0	39843.1
1	$M_{7->6}$	0.0	2000.0	15000.0	28000.0	36000.0	27000.0	36492.2
1	$M_{6->7}$	0.0	2000.0	15000.0	28000.0	36000.0	27000.0	36492.2
1	$M_{8->7}$	28000.0	38000.0	51000.0	68000.0	102000.0	61000.0	63101.9
1	$M_{7->8}$	28000.0	38000.0	51000.0	68000.0	102000.0	61000.0	63101.9
1	$M_{9->8}$	0.0	10000.0	23000.0	32000.0	50000.0	25000.0	24350.1
1	$M_{8->9}$	0.0	10000.0	23000.0	32000.0	50000.0	25000.0	24350.1
1	$M_{10->9}$	0.0	0.0	5000.0	12000.0	22000.0	63000.0	53236.0
1	$M_{9->10}$	0.0	0.0	5000.0	12000.0	22000.0	63000.0	53236.0
1	$M_{11->10}$	16000.0	24000.0	37000.0	50000.0	56000.0	47000.0	56643.3
1	$M_{10->11}$	16000.0	24000.0	37000.0	50000.0	56000.0	47000.0	56643.3
1	$M_{12->11}$	78000.0	88000.0	105000.0	118000.0	128000.0	97000.0	84704.7
1	$M_{11->12}$	78000.0	88000.0	105000.0	118000.0	128000.0	97000.0	84704.7

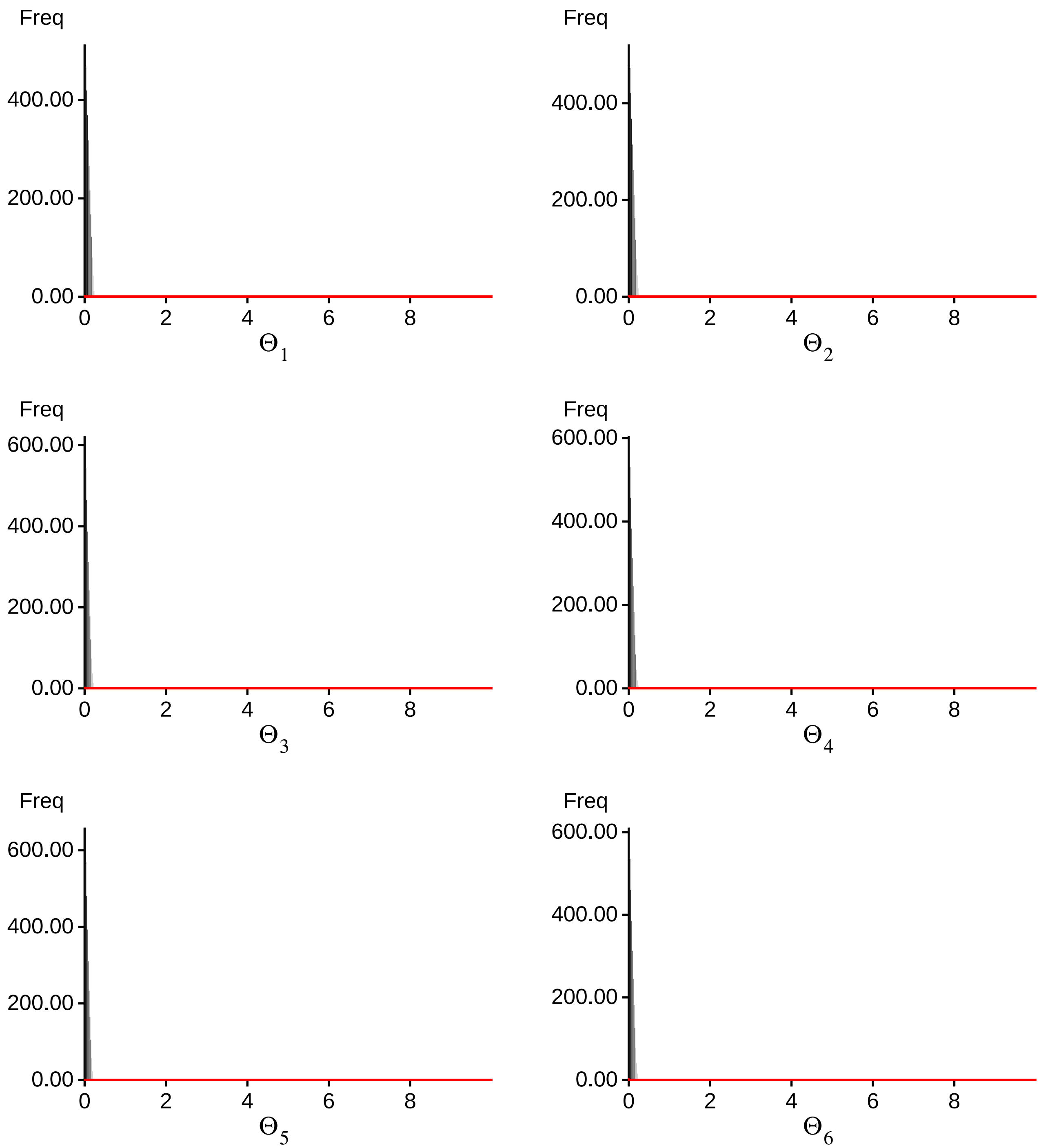
Citation suggestions:

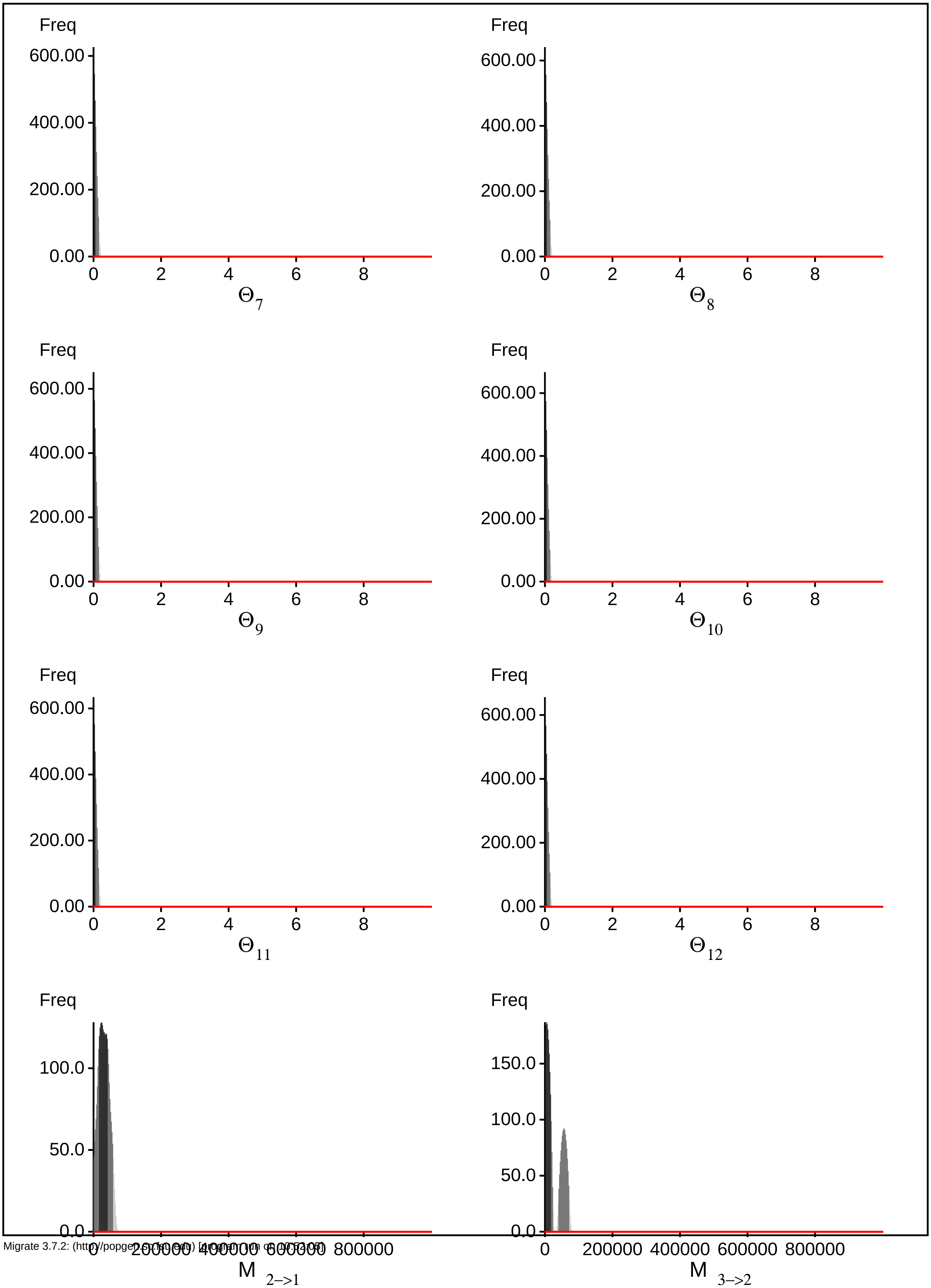
Beerli P., 2006. Comparison of Bayesian and maximum-likelihood inference of population genetic parameters. Bioinformatics 22:341-345

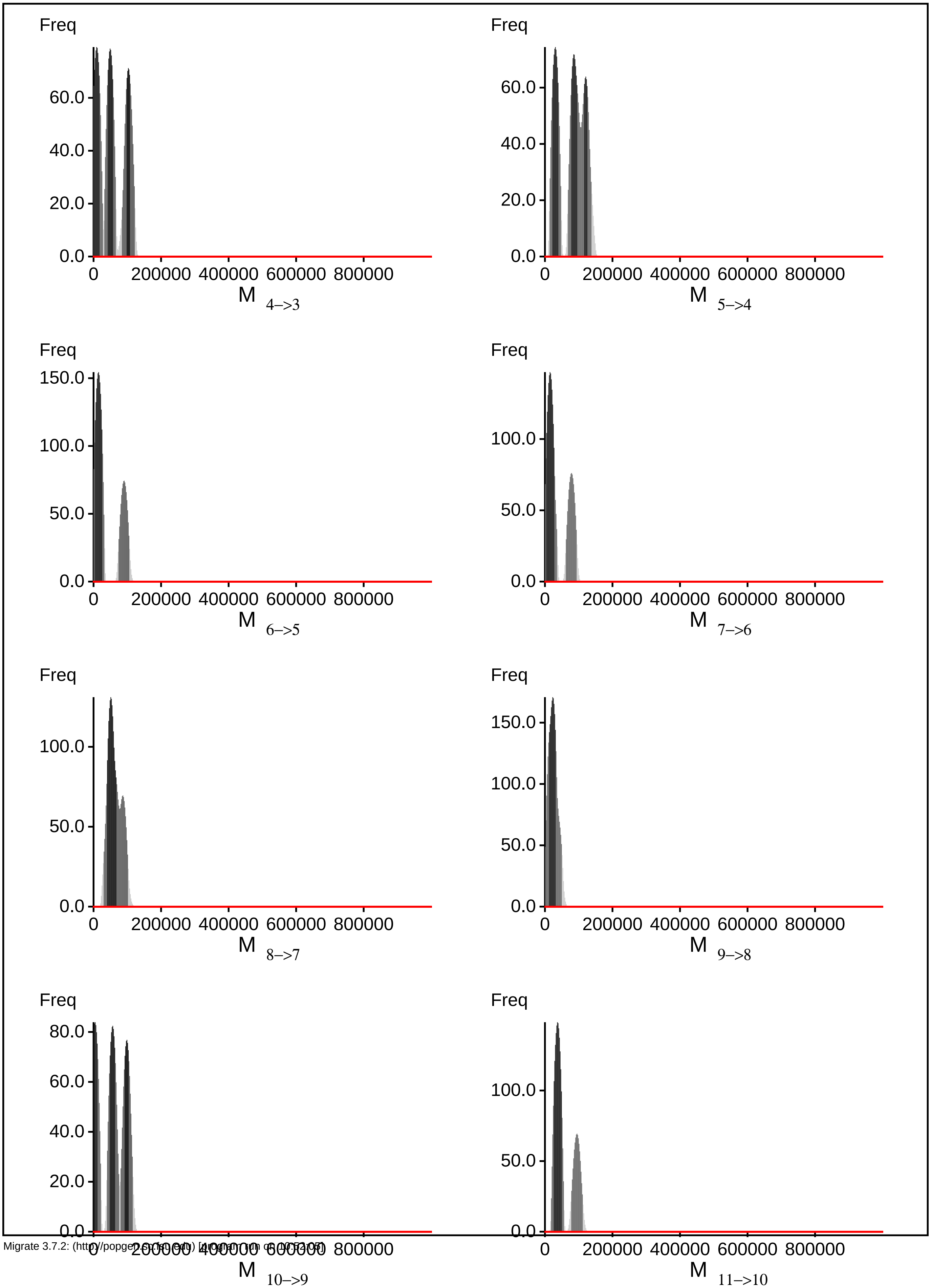
Beerli P., 2007. Estimation of the population scaled mutation rate from microsatellite data, Genetics, 177:1967-1968.

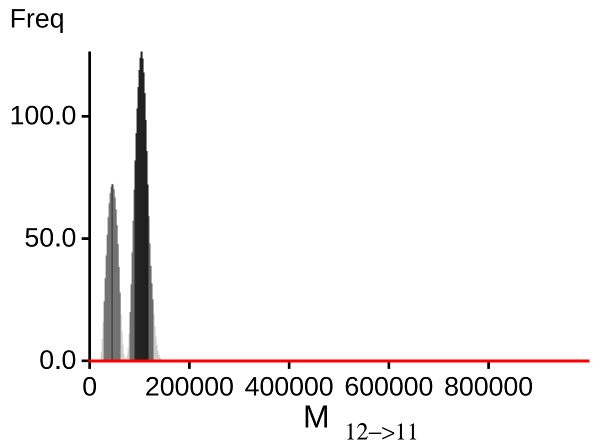
Beerli P., 2009. How to use MIGRATE or why are Markov chain Monte Carlo programs difficult to use? In Population Genetics for Animal Conservation, G. Bertorelle, M. W. Bruford, H. C. Hauffe, A. Rizzoli, and C. Vernesi, eds., vol. 17 of Conservation Biology, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge UK, pp. 42-79.

Bayesian Analysis: Posterior distribution over all loci




Freq
600.00
400.00
200.00
0.00
0
2
4
6
8
Θ7
Freq
600.00
400.00
200.00
0.00
0
2
4
6
8
Θ8
Freq
600.00
400.00
200.00
0.00
0
2
4
6
8
Θ9
Freq
600.00
400.00
200.00
0.00
0
2
4
6
8
Θ10
Freq
600.00
400.00
200.00
0.00
0
2
4
6
8
Θ11
Freq
600.00
400.00
200.00
0.00
0
2
4
6
8
Θ12
Freq
100.0
50.0
0.0
0
200000
400000
600000
800000
M 2–>1
Freq
150.0
100.0
50.0
0.0
0
200000
400000
600000
800000
M 3–>2


Freq
M 4–>3
Freq
M 5–>4
Freq
M 6–>5
Freq
M 7–>6
Freq
M 8–>7
Freq
M 9–>8
Freq
M 10–>9
Freq
M 11–>10


Freq
100.0
50.0
0.0
0
200000
400000
600000
800000
M 12->11

Log-Probability of the data given the model (marginal likelihood)

Use this value for Bayes factor calculations:
BF = Exp[ln(Prob(D | thisModel) - ln(Prob(D | otherModel)
or as LBF = 2 (ln(Prob(D | thisModel) - ln(Prob(D | otherModel))
shows the support for thisModel]

Method	ln(Prob(D|Model))	Notes
Thermodynamic integration	-2264.277167	(1a)
	-2176.515494	(1b)
Harmonic mean	-1891.151168	(2)

(1a, 1b and 2) are approximations to the marginal likelihood, make sure that the program run long enough!
(1a, 1b) and (2) should give similar results, in principle.
But (2) is overestimating the likelihood, it is presented for historical reasons and should not be used
(1a, 1b) needs heating with chains that span a temperature range of 1.0 to at least 100,000.
(1b) is using a Bezier-curve to get better approximations for runs with low number of heated chains

Citation suggestions:

Beerli P. and M. Palczewski, 2010. Unified framework to evaluate panmixia and migration direction among multiple sampling locations, Genetics, 185: 313-326.

Acceptance ratios for all parameters and the genealogies

Parameter	Accepted changes	Ratio
Θ_1	668/4385	0.15234
Θ_2	660/4296	0.15363
Θ_3	665/4377	0.15193
Θ_4	1149/4263	0.26953
Θ_5	871/4367	0.19945
Θ_6	1244/4470	0.27830
Θ_7	1330/4373	0.30414
Θ_8	876/4428	0.19783
Θ_9	1146/4433	0.25852
Θ_{10}	1220/4388	0.27803
Θ_{11}	1581/4436	0.35640
Θ_{12}	805/4357	0.18476
$M_{2\to1}$	4411/4411	1.00000
$M_{1\to2}$	4411/4411	1.00000
$M_{3\to2}$	4482/4482	1.00000
$M_{2\to3}$	4482/4482	1.00000
$M_{4\to3}$	4210/4210	1.00000
$M_{3\to4}$	4210/4210	1.00000
$M_{5\to4}$	4437/4437	1.00000
$M_{4\to5}$	4437/4437	1.00000
$M_{6\to5}$	4474/4474	1.00000
$M_{5\to6}$	4474/4474	1.00000
$M_{7\to6}$	4302/4302	1.00000
$M_{6\to7}$	4302/4302	1.00000
$M_{8\to7}$	4539/4539	1.00000
$M_{7\to8}$	4539/4539	1.00000
$M_{9\to8}$	4479/4479	1.00000
$M_{8\to9}$	4479/4479	1.00000
$M_{10\to9}$	4543/4543	1.00000
$M_{9\to10}$	4543/4543	1.00000
$M_{11\to10}$	4453/4453	1.00000
$M_{10\to11}$	4453/4453	1.00000
$M_{12\to11}$	4610/4610	1.00000
$M_{11\to12}$	4610/4610	1.00000
Genealogies	33555/150211	0.22339

MCMC-Autocorrelation and Effective MCMC Sample Size

Parameter	Autocorrelation	Effective Sampe Size
Θ_1	0.90946	143.87
Θ_2	0.93380	104.92
Θ_3	0.88993	184.48
Θ_4	0.86396	223.34
Θ_5	0.85574	239.11
Θ_6	0.80323	343.09
Θ_7	0.77219	389.75
Θ_8	0.87856	201.35
Θ_9	0.80941	327.09
Θ_{10}	0.82768	287.54
Θ_{11}	0.76672	400.12
Θ_{12}	0.87133	212.89
$M_{2\to1}$	0.89962	159.98
$M_{1\to2}$	0.89962	159.98
$M_{3\to2}$	0.83146	278.78
$M_{2\to3}$	0.83146	278.78
$M_{4\to3}$	0.82209	295.32
$M_{3\to4}$	0.82209	295.32
$M_{5\to4}$	0.86803	214.99
$M_{4\to5}$	0.86803	214.99
$M_{6\to5}$	0.83571	269.50
$M_{5\to6}$	0.83571	269.50
$M_{7\to6}$	0.81201	312.49
$M_{6\to7}$	0.81201	312.49
$M_{8\to7}$	0.88528	185.26
$M_{7\to8}$	0.88528	185.26
$M_{9\to8}$	0.85465	238.97
$M_{8\to9}$	0.85465	238.97
$M_{10\to9}$	0.88031	192.15
$M_{9\to10}$	0.88031	192.15
$M_{11\to10}$	0.81830	300.77
$M_{10\to11}$	0.81830	300.77
$M_{12\to11}$	0.87149	207.19
$M_{11\to12}$	0.87149	207.19
Ln[Prob(D|G)]	0.97961	30.94

Potential Problems

This section reports potential problems with your run, but such reporting is often not very accurate. Whith many parameters in a multilocus analysis, it is very common that some parameters for some loci will not be very informative, triggering suggestions (for example to increase the prior range) that are not sensible. This suggestion tool will improve with time, therefore do not blindly follow its suggestions. If some parameters are flagged, inspect the tables carefully and judge wether an action is required. For example, if you run a Bayesian inference with sequence data, for macroscopic species there is rarely the need to increase the prior for Theta beyond 0.1; but if you use microsatellites it is rather common that your prior distribution for Theta should have a range from 0.0 to 100 or more. With many populations (>3) it is also very common that some migration routes are estimated poorly because the data contains little or no information for that route. Increasing the range will not help in such situations, reducing number of parameters may help in such situations.

No warning was recorded during the run