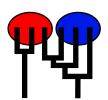
# Preliminary migrate analysis of M. californianus

MIGRATION RATE AND POPULATION SIZE ESTIMATION

using the coalescent and maximum likelihood or Bayesian inference

Migrate-n version 3.7.2 [April-12-18]

Program started at Wed Jun 2 13:54:45 2021 Program finished at Wed Jun 2 20:28:12 2021



### **Options**

Datatype: DNA sequence data

Inheritance scalers in use for Thetas:

All loci use an inheritance scaler of 1.0

[The locus with a scaler of 1.0 used as reference]

Random number seed: (with internal timer) 1951294745

Start parameters:

Theta values were generated from guessed values

Theta = 0.01000

M values were generated from guessed values

M-matrix:

100000.00 [all are the same]

Connection type matrix:

where m = average (average over a group of Thetas or M,

s = symmetric M, S = symmetric 4Nm, 0 = zero, and not estimated,

\* = free to vary, Thetas are on diagonal

Population	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1 ElfinCo	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2 Bamfiel	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3 PortRen	0	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4 WalkOnB	0	0	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5 BodegaH	0	0	0	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0
6 Davenpo	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0
7 VistaDe	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	0	0	0	0
8 HazardR	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	0	0	0
9 Refugio	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	0	0
10 Carpint	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	*	*	0

11 \\/bitaDa		_									*	*	*		$\neg$
11 WhitePo		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		*	*		
12 LaJolla		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	•	•		
Order of never															
Order of param									!!-						
1	$\Theta_1$								ispla	-					
2	$\Theta_2$								ispla						
3	$\Theta_3^2$								ispla						
4	$\Theta_4^{3}$								ispla						
5	$\Theta_5^{T}$								ispla						
6	$\Theta_6$								ispla						
7	$\Theta_7$								ispla						
8	$\Theta_8$								ispla						
9	$\Theta_9$								ispla						
10	$\Theta_{10}$								ispla						
11	$\Theta_{11}$								ispla						
12	$\Theta_{12}$ $M_{2}$								ispla						
13 24	M 1	>1							ispla						
25	N / 1	->2							ispla						
36	5-								ispla ispla						
37	N / 2-								ispla						
48	N / 4								ispla						
49	N/I								ispla						
60	N / 3-	>4							ispla						
61	4 NA								ispla						
72	N / O-								ispla						
73	N / 3-	·>6							ispla						
84	N.A. /—.								ispla						
85	N / O	>/ >7							ispla						
96	M <sub>7-1</sub>								ispla	-					
97	M <sub>9-</sub>								ispla	-					
108	R A	->o ->9							ispla	-					
109	N / O-	->9 ->9						<d< td=""><th>ispla</th><td>yed:</td><td>&gt;</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></d<>	ispla	yed:	>				
120	R /	- <i>&gt;</i> 10							ispla	-					
121	N A	->10 ->1(	1					<d< td=""><th>ispla</th><td>yed:</td><td>&gt;</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></d<>	ispla	yed:	>				
132	N/I	->10 >11							ispla	-					
133	N A	->1 ->1						<d< td=""><th>ispla</th><td>yed:</td><td>&gt;</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></d<>	ispla	yed:	>				
144	N/I	->12						<d< td=""><th>ispla</th><td>yed:</td><td>&gt;</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></d<>	ispla	yed:	>				
	11	/12	-												
Mutation rate an	nona loci													Mutation rate is constar	nt
I watation rate an	iong look	•												Matation rate is constain	"
Analysis strategy	<b>/</b> :													Bayesian inference	ce
a.yo.o olialog	, .													Dayoolan inolone	

Proposal distributions for parameter

Parameter Proposal
Theta Metropolis sampling
M Slice sampling

Prior distribution for parameter

Parameter Prior Delta Bins Minimum Mean\* Maximum Theta Exp window 0.000010 0.010000 10.000000 1.000000 500 0.000100 100000.000000 1000000.000000 100000.000000 Μ Exp window 500

Markov chain settings: Long chain

Number of chains 1

Recorded steps [a]1000Increment (record every x step [b]100Number of concurrent chains (replicates) [c]3Visited (sampled) parameter values [a\*b\*c]300000Number of discard trees per chain (burn-in)1000

Multiple Markov chains:

Static heating scheme 4 chains with temperatures

100000.00 3.00 1.50 1.00

Swapping interval is 1

Print options:

Data file: ../../mcalifornianus\_210528.mig

Output file:

Posterior distribution raw histogram file:

Print data:

outfile.txt
bayesfile

No

Print genealogies [only some for some data type]:

# Data summary

Datatype: Sequence data
Number of loci: 1

Population	Locus	Gene copies
1 ElfinCo	1	19
2 Bamfiel	1	23
3 PortRen	1	15
4 WalkOnB	1	16
5 BodegaH	1	7
6 Davenpo	1	17
7 VistaDe	1	19
8 HazardR	1	23
9 Refugio	1	16
10 Carpint	1	19
11 WhitePo	1	11
12 LaJolla	1	8
Total of all populations	1	193

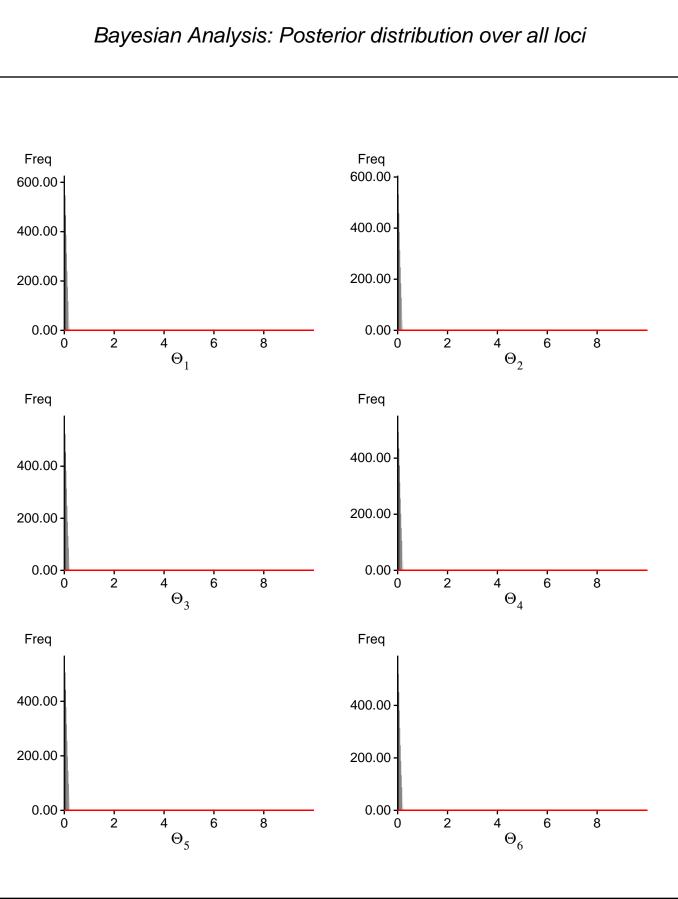
# Bayesian Analysis: Posterior distribution table

Locus	Parameter	2.5%	25.0%	Mode	75.0%	97.5%	Median	Mean
1	$\Theta_1$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01966
1	$\Theta_2$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01851
1	$\Theta_3^-$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.18001	0.07001	0.02466
1	$\Theta_4$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.08001	0.18001	0.09001	0.03118
1	$\Theta_5$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.18001	0.07001	0.02684
1	$\Theta_6$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.18001	0.07001	0.02572
1	$\Theta_7$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01744
1	$\Theta_8$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01725
1	$\Theta_9$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.00861
1	$\Theta_{10}$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01953
1	$\Theta_{11}^{10}$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.00719
1	$\Theta_{12}^{11}$	0.00001	0.00001	0.01001	0.06001	0.16001	0.07001	0.01354
1	M <sub>2-&gt;1</sub>	0.0	0.0	1000.0	16000.0	18000.0	25000.0	42841.6
1	M <sub>1-&gt;2</sub>	0.0	2000.0	15000.0	26000.0	32000.0	25000.0	40827.7
1	M <sub>3-&gt;2</sub>	0.0	8000.0	23000.0	36000.0	46000.0	33000.0	47789.6
1	M <sub>2-&gt;3</sub>	24000.0	32000.0	51000.0	66000.0	84000.0	65000.0	74340.1
1	M <sub>4-&gt;3</sub>	74000.0	84000.0	99000.0	112000.0	122000.0	93000.0	83680.5
1	M <sub>3-&gt;4</sub>	24000.0	34000.0	45000.0	58000.0	84000.0	53000.0	52702.7
1	M <sub>5-&gt;4</sub>	66000.0	100000.0	115000.0	126000.0	136000.0	93000.0	73003.0
1	M <sub>4-&gt;5</sub>	34000.0	40000.0	57000.0	70000.0	116000.0	67000.0	70815.7
1	M <sub>6-&gt;5</sub>	0.0	0.0	5000.0	14000.0	62000.0	49000.0	67072.6
1	M <sub>5-&gt;6</sub>	22000.0	32000.0	51000.0	66000.0	90000.0	63000.0	120732.2
1	M <sub>7-&gt;6</sub>	0.0	0.0	5000.0	20000.0	28000.0	21000.0	41643.5
1	M <sub>6-&gt;7</sub>	10000.0	24000.0	37000.0	48000.0	70000.0	41000.0	39458.0
1	M <sub>8-&gt;7</sub>	4000.0	42000.0	55000.0	66000.0	100000.0	53000.0	51935.2
1	M <sub>7-&gt;8</sub>	54000.0	68000.0	83000.0	98000.0	116000.0	77000.0	67331.1
1	M <sub>9-&gt;8</sub>	0.0	0.0	1000.0	16000.0	58000.0	33000.0	45132.0
1	M <sub>8-&gt;9</sub>	48000.0	64000.0	77000.0	90000.0	164000.0	75000.0	70143.6
1	M <sub>10-&gt;9</sub>	72000.0	84000.0	99000.0	124000.0	146000.0	95000.0	80422.5
1	M <sub>9-&gt;10</sub>	44000.0	52000.0	69000.0	80000.0	90000.0	63000.0	49018.8
1	M <sub>11-&gt;10</sub>	0.0	0.0	11000.0	18000.0	28000.0	73000.0	64267.1
1	M <sub>10-&gt;11</sub>	42000.0	50000.0	67000.0	84000.0	96000.0	81000.0	89569.7
1	M <sub>12-&gt;11</sub>	70000.0	80000.0	95000.0	108000.0	170000.0	93000.0	84190.7
1	M <sub>11-&gt;12</sub>	20000.0	68000.0	87000.0	102000.0	108000.0	77000.0	70066.7

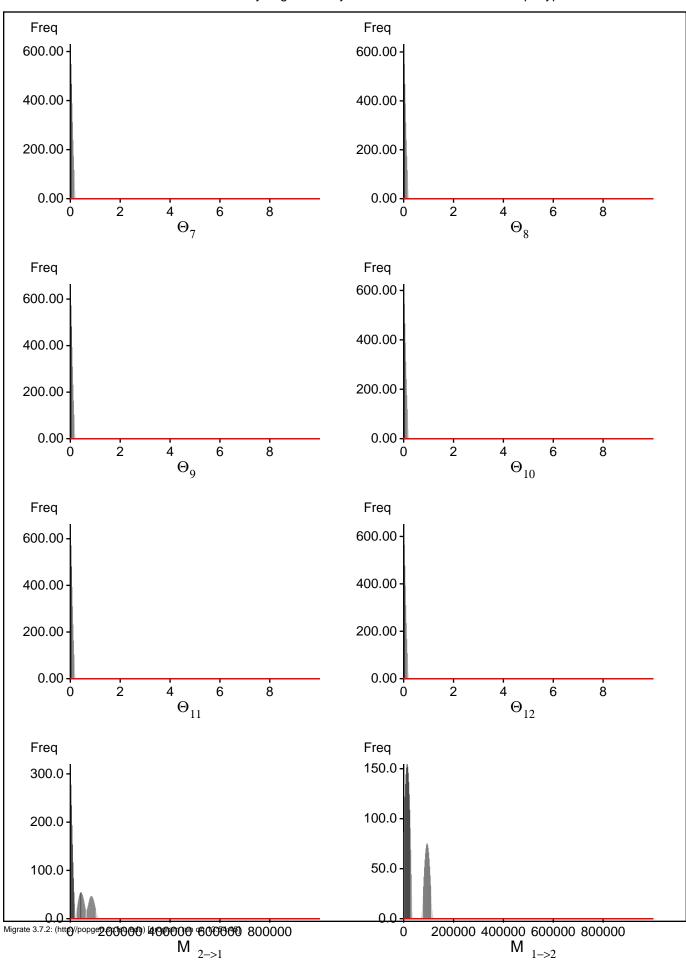
Migrate 3.7.2: (http://popgen.sc.fsu.edu) [program run on 13:54:45]

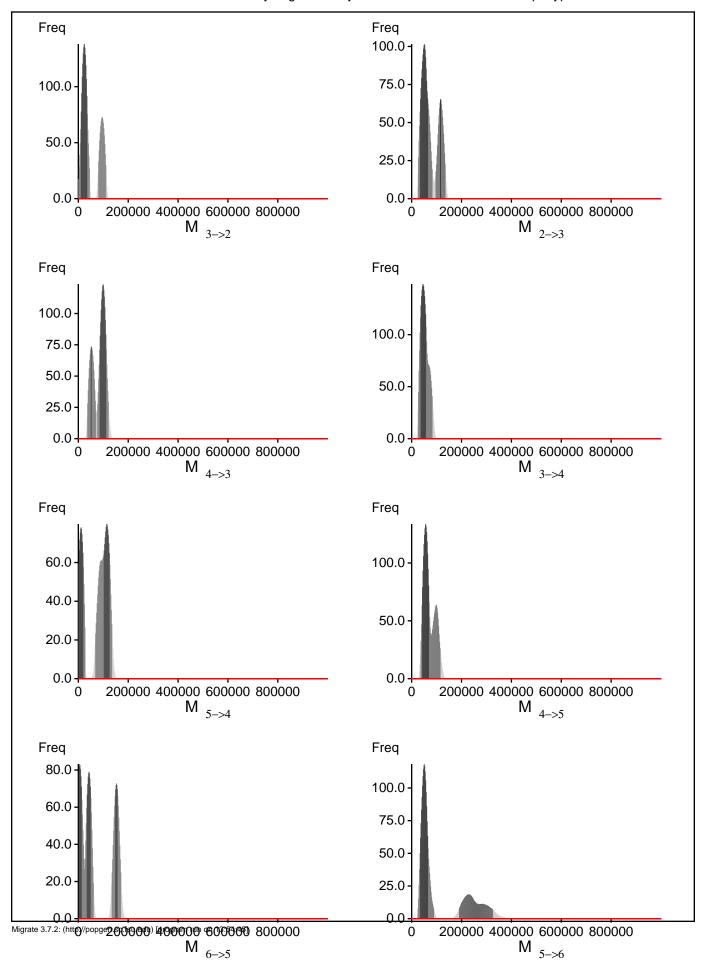
Citation suggestions:

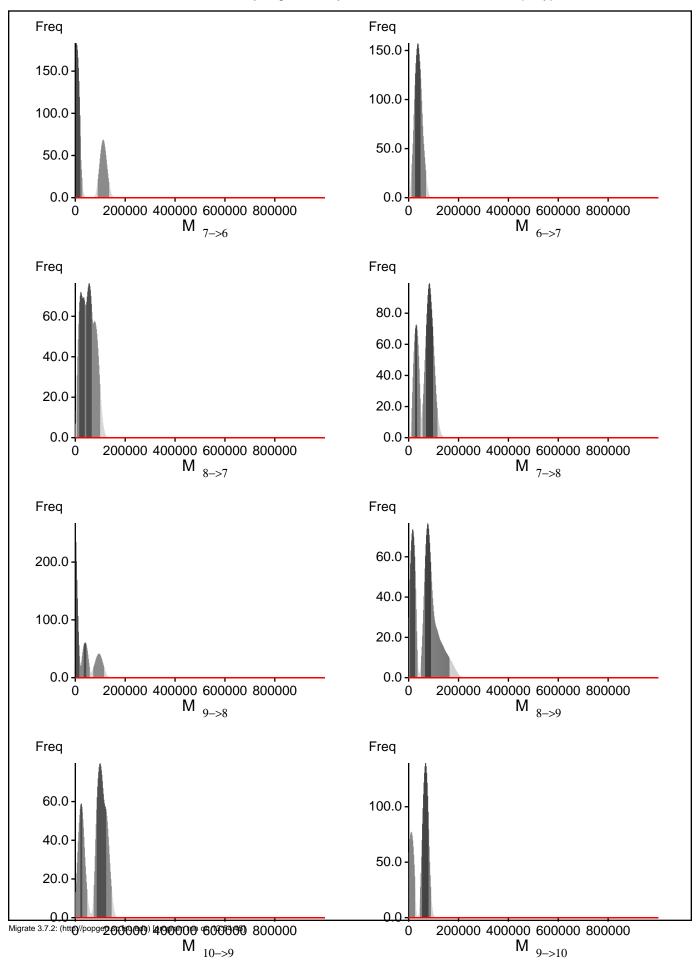
<ul> <li>Beerli P., 2006. Comparison of Bayesian and maximum-likelihood inference of population genetic parameters.</li> <li>Bioinformatics 22:341-345</li> <li>Beerli P., 2007. Estimation of the population scaled mutation rate from microsatellite data,</li> <li>Genetics, 177:1967-1968.</li> <li>Beerli P., 2009. How to use MIGRATE or why are Markov chain Monte Carlo programs difficult to use?</li> <li>In Population Genetics for Animal Conservation, G. Bertorelle, M. W. Bruford, H. C. Hauffe, A. Rizzoli,</li> <li>and C. Vernesi, eds., vol. 17 of Conservation Biology, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge UK, pp. 42-79.</li> </ul>

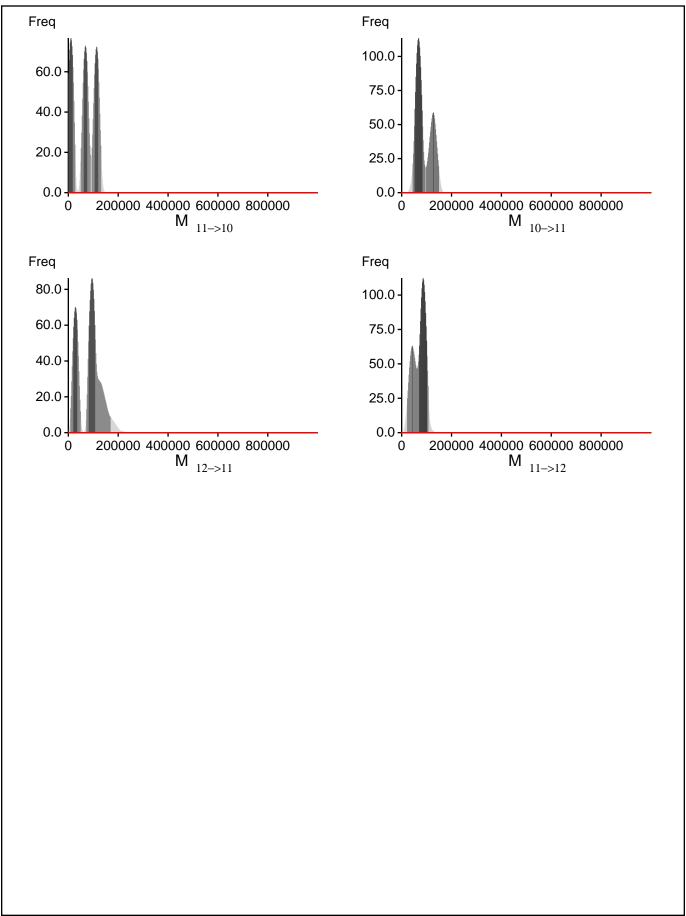


Migrate 3.7.2: (http://popgen.sc.fsu.edu) [program run on 13:54:45]









#### Log-Probability of the data given the model (marginal likelihood)

Use this value for Bayes factor calculations:

BF = Exp[ ln(Prob(D | thisModel) - ln( Prob( D | otherModel) or as LBF = 2 (ln(Prob(D | thisModel) - ln( Prob( D | otherModel)) shows the support for thisModel]

Method	In(Prob(D Model))	Notes
Thermodynamic integration	-2206.212670	(1a)
	-2126.686352	(1b)
Harmonic mean	-1889.844182	(2)

(1a, 1b and 2) are approximations to the marginal likelihood, make sure that the program run long enough! (1a, 1b) and (2) should give similar results, in principle.

But (2) is overestimating the likelihood, it is presented for historical reasons and should not be used (1a, 1b) needs heating with chains that span a temperature range of 1.0 to at least 100,000.

(1b) is using a Bezier-curve to get better approximations for runs with low number of heated chains

#### Citation suggestions:

Beerli P. and M. Palczewski, 2010. Unified framework to evaluate panmixia and migration direction among multiple sampling locations, Genetics, 185: 313-326.

# Acceptance ratios for all parameters and the genealogies

Parameter	Accepted changes	Ratio
$\Theta_1$	892/4522	0.19726
$\Theta_2$	505/4349	0.11612
$\mathbf{p}_{3}^{-}$	1165/4356	0.26745
$\Theta_{A}$	853/4322	0.19736
05	936/4328	0.21627
06	1849/4410	0.41927
) <sub>7</sub>	1752/4425	0.39593
) <sub>8</sub>	1472/4466	0.32960
$\mathbf{O}_{\mathbf{Q}}$	2052/4433	0.46289
) <sub>10</sub>	1442/4416	0.32654
211	1550/4436	0.34941
12	1896/4315	0.43940
1 2->1	4497/4497	1.00000
<b>1</b> 1−>2	4252/4252	1.00000
1 3->2	4383/4383	1.00000
1 2->3	4426/4426	1.00000
1 4->3	4354/4354	1.00000
1 3->4	4389/4389	1.00000
1 5->4	4318/4318	1.00000
1 4->5	4425/4425	1.00000
1 6->5	4439/4439	1.00000
1 5->6	4335/4335	1.00000
1 7->6	4426/4426	1.00000
1 6->7	4478/4478	1.00000
1 8->7	4333/4333	1.00000
1 7->8	4421/4421	1.00000
1 9->8	4441/4441	1.00000
1 8->9	4442/4442	1.00000
1 10->9	4361/4361	1.00000
10->9 1 <sub>9-&gt;10</sub>	4325/4325	1.00000
11->10	4476/4476	1.00000
10->11	4338/4338	1.00000
10->11	4397/4397	1.00000
11->12	4349/4349	1.00000
Genealogies	36922/150617	0.24514

# MCMC-Autocorrelation and Effective MCMC Sample Size

Parameter	Autocorrelation	Effective Sampe Size
$\Theta_1$	0.85825	256.09
$\Theta_2$	0.91422	136.21
$\Theta_3^-$	0.77163	427.86
$\Theta_A$	0.85069	252.51
$\Theta_5^{\tau}$	0.87821	197.74
) <sub>6</sub>	0.66013	709.02
$\mathbf{p}_{7}^{\circ}$	0.63068	716.32
) <sub>8</sub>	0.73849	469.06
$\mathbf{p}_{\mathbf{q}}$	0.61665	744.45
$\Theta_{10}$	0.78850	362.40
9 <sub>11</sub>	0.70909	552.40
12	0.75423	440.98
M <sup>2</sup> <sub>2-&gt;1</sub>	0.73502	495.19
<b>1</b> 1−>2	0.76256	407.17
$M_{3->2}$	0.66272	616.58
1 2->3	0.76863	399.35
1 4->3	0.76340	412.56
1 3->4	0.76489	407.38
1 <sub>5-&gt;4</sub>	0.82894	280.72
1 4->5	0.84836	252.15
1 6->5	0.74805	433.44
1 5->6	0.89330	169.12
1 7->6	0.65810	636.07
1 6->7	0.68647	575.94
1 8->7	0.80340	331.42
1 7->8	0.71053	516.46
Λ	0.71149	508.05
1 9->8 1 <sub>8-&gt;9</sub>	0.77600	385.20
10->9	0.69298	543.66
10->9 1 <sub>9-&gt;10</sub>	0.76700	398.48
1 11->10	0.77181	388.03
11->10	0.76241	405.99
10->11	0.76550	400.56
12->11 11->12	0.79122	352.29
n[Prob(D G)]	0.98042	29.66

### Potential Problems

This section reports potential problems with your run, but such reporting is often not very accurate. Whith many

parameters in a multilocus analysis, it is very common that some parameters for some loci will not be very
informative, triggering suggestions (for example to increase the prior range) that are not sensible. This suggestion
tool will improve with time, therefore do not blindly follow its suggestions. If some parameters are flagged, inspect
the tables carefully and judge wether an action is required. For example, if you run a Bayesian inference with
sequence data, for macroscopic species there is rarely the need to increase the prior for Theta beyond 0.1; but if
you use microsatellites it is rather common that your prior distribution for Theta should have a range from 0.0 to
100 or more. With many populations (>3) it is also very common that some migration routes are estimated poorly
because the data contains little or no information for that route. Increasing the range will not help in such
situations, reducing number of parameters may help in such situations.
No warning was recorded during the run