How to connect to a DB2 database via JDBC toolkit

This document describes a step by step instruction to connect to a DB2 database via JDBC toolkit and get the SQL code and SQL message in case of any error.

1 - Download the DB2 jdbc driver (db2jcc4.jar) from:

http://www-01.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=swg21363866

2 - Create a database and a test table in your DB2 database

login as db2inst1 on your DB2 server

create a database for example TESTDB2

create a test table and insert some data into table.

```
db2 create database TESTDB2
DB200001 The CREATE DATABASE command completed successfully.
db2 connect to TESTDB2 user db2inst1 using db2passwd
Database Connection Information
Database server = DB2/LINUXX8664 11.1.1
SQL authorization ID = DB2INST1
Local database alias = TESTDB2
db2 "create table test (name varchar(30), id int)";
DB20000I The SQL command completed successfully.
db2 "insert into test values ('jim', 1)";
DB20000I The SQL command completed successfully.
db2 "insert into test values ('kati', 2)";
DB20000I The SQL command completed successfully.
db2 "select * from test";
NAME ID
2 record(s) selected.
```

3- Create a SPL project in your Streams server

JDBCDb2/Makefile

JDBCDb2/opt/db2jcc4.jar

```
# Copyright (C) 2014, 2017 International Business Machines Corporation and
# others. All Rights Reserved.
// *********************
// The sample SPL application JDBCDb2 demonstrates how to connect to a DB2 database
// and select data from a table using JDBCRun operator.
// It demonstrates also how to get the SQL message in case of any error.
//
// Required Streams Version = 4.1.x.x
// Required JDBC Toolkit Version = 1.2.2
// https://github.com/IBMStreams/streamsx.jdbc/releases/tag/v1.2.2
// DB2 jdbc driver (db2jcc4.jar)
// http://www-01.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=swg21363866
//
// To connect to database, the following parameters need to be specified:
// jdbcDriverLib : the jdbc driver libraries (download the jdbc driver file from DB2 site
// and store it in the opt folder, e.g. opt/db2jcc4.jar)
// jdbcClassName : the class name for db2 jdbc driver (com.ibm.db2.jcc.DB2Driver)
// jdbcUrl
                : the database URL. (e.g. "jdbc:db2://<your db2 databsae server>:50000/<y
// If you want to get more information in case of any SQL error add the following DB2
// JDBC parameter to your jdbcUrl:
// retrieveMessagesFromServerOnGetMessage=true;
// more detail in:
// https://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/en/SSEPGG_11.1.0/com.ibm.db2.luw.apdv.java.do
// dbcUser : the database user on whose behalf the connection is being made.
// jdbcPassword
                : the user's password.
// sqlStatusAttr : "error";
 // In this SPL sample:
// "select" operator demonstrates how to run SQL statement from stream attribute via stateme:
// In this sample the JDBCRun operator connect to the database and read all rows from test to
// write them into data/output.csv
// The second output port "error" provide SQL code SQL Status and SQL message in case of an
namespace application ;
use com.ibm.streamsx.jdbc::* ;
use com.ibm.streamsx.jdbc.types::*;
/******************************
 * JDBCRunErrorPort demonstrates how to Error Port with JDBCRun operator.
 **********************************
composite JDBCDb2
{
param
expression<rstring> $jdbcDriverLib : "opt/db2jcc4.jar" ;
expression<rstring> $jdbcClassName : "com.ibm.db2.jcc.DB2Driver" ;
expression<rstring> $jdbcUrl : "jdbc:db2://tank143.fyre.ibm.com:50000/TESTDB2:retrieveMessage
Expression<rstring> $jdbcUser : "db2inst1" ;
Expression<rstring> $jdbcPassword : "db2passwd" ;
InsertSchema = int32 ID, rstring NAME ;
msSchema = int32 ID, rstring NAME;
SelectSchema = rstring sql ;
Stream<insertSchema> pulse = Beacon()
param
iterations: 1000u;
initDelay: 5.0;
\Box
```

```
##Stream<rsSchema> runSql ; stream<tuple<insertSchema> inTuple, JdbcSqlStatus T error> errors
JDBCRun (pulse)
Ioqic
state:
mutable int32 count = 0 ;
☑ mutable int32 n=0
onTuple pulse : printStringLn((rstring) count++) ;
jdbdDriverLib : $jdbcDriverLib ;
jdbdClassName : $jdbcClassName ;
jdbdUrl : $jdbcUrl;
jdbdUser : $jdbcUser;
jdbdPassword : $jdbcPassword;
//statement
               : "SELECT * FROM TEST" ;
Statement : "SELECT * FROM TEST2";
SqlStatusAttr : "error" ;
(1) as errorprint = Custom(errors)
Ilogic
OnTuple errors : printStringLn("sqlCode: " +(rstring) error.sqlCode + ", sqlState: " +
emrom.sqlState + ", sqlMessage: " + error.sqlMessage) ;
as runSqlprint = FileSink(runSql)
Ilogic
OnTuple runSql: printStringLn((rstring) ID + "," + NAME);
file: "output.csv";
]
}
```

4 - Make the SPL application

create a Makefile and run make

```
$(SPLC) $(SPLC_FLAGS) -M $(SPL_MAIN_COMPOSITE1) --output-dir ./$(BUILD_OUTPUT_DIR) $(SPL_Cl data: mkdir data clean: $(SPLC) $(SPLC_FLAGS) -C -M $(SPL_MAIN_COMPOSITE1) --output-dir output Hrm -rf toolkit.xml Hrm -rf data/output.csv
```

5 - Run the SPL application

Change the database credentials in SPL file with your database credentials and run

```
$> make
```

Start the application with

```
$> output/bin/standalone
```

6 - check the SQL message

Change the statement in SPL file to

```
statement : "SELECT * FROM TEST2" ;
```

The table TEST2 doesn't exist in the database

```
$> make
$> output/bin/standalone
```

The JDCBRun operator delivers the following SQL code and SQL message, because the table TEST2 does not exist.

```
sqlCode: -204, sqlState: 42704, sqlMessage: "DB2INST1.TEST2" is an undefined name.. SQLCODE=
```