

# JEE Main Practice Paper

Based on JEE Main Pattern

Generated: December 01, 2025 | Difficulty: Medium

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**Instructions:**

- This paper contains 90 questions (30 per subject).
  - Each subject has 20 MCQs and 10 Integer Type questions.
  - MCQ: +4 for correct, -1 for incorrect.
  - Integer: +4 for correct, 0 for incorrect.
  - Time: 3 hours | Maximum Marks: 360
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## Physics

### Section A: Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ)

**Q1.** Correct Bernoulli's equation is (symbols have their usual meaning) :

- (A) constant
- (B) constant
- (C) constant
- (D) constant

**Q2.** A microwave of wavelength 2.0 cm falls normally on a slit of width 4.0 cm . The angular spread of the central maxima of the diffraction pattern obtained on a screen 1.5 m away from the slit, will be:

- (A)  $30^\circ$
- (B)  $15^\circ$
- (C)  $60^\circ$
- (D)  $45^\circ$

**Q3.** In a plane EM wave, the electric field oscillates sinusoidally at a frequency of  $5 \times 10^{10}$  Hz and an amplitude of  $50 \text{ V m}^{-1}$  . The total average energy density of the electromagnetic field of the wave is : [Use  $\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$ ]

- $1.106 \times 10^{-8} \text{ J m}^{-3}$
- $4.425 \times 10^{-8} \text{ J m}^{-3}$
- $2.212 \times 10^{-8} \text{ J m}^{-3}$
- $2.212 \times 10^{-10} \text{ J m}^{-3}$

A thin plano convex lens made of glass of refractive index 1.5 is immersed in a liquid of refractive index 1.2. When the plane side of the lens is silver coated for complete reflection, the lens immersed in the liquid 2025 (24 Jan Shift 1)

- (A) 0.20 m
- (B) 0.25 m
- (C) 0.15 m
- (D) 0.10 m

A ball suspended by a thread swings in a vertical plane so that its magnitude of acceleration in the extreme position and lowest position are equal. The angle (  $\theta$  ) of thread deflection in the extreme position will be :

(A)  $\tan^{-1}(\sqrt{2})$

(B)  $2\tan^{-1}1/2$

(C)  $\tan^{-1}1/2$

(D)  $2\tan^{-1}1/\sqrt{5}$

In a photoelectric effect experiment a light of frequency 1.5 times the threshold frequency is made to fall on the surface of photosensitive material. Now if the frequency is halved and intensity is doubled, the number of photo electrons emitted will be:

(A) Doubled

(B) Quadrupled

(C) Zero

(D) Halved

In a nuclear fission reaction of an isotope of mass  $M$ , three similar daughter nuclei of same mass are formed. The speed of a daughter nuclei in terms of mass defect  $\Delta M$  will be :

(A)  $\sqrt{2c\Delta M/M}$

(B)  $\Delta Mc^2/3$

(C)  $c\sqrt{2\Delta M/M}$

(D)  $c\sqrt{3\Delta M/M}$

A light string passing over a smooth light fixed pulley connects two blocks of masses  $m_1$  and  $m_2$ . If the acceleration of the system is  $g/8$ , then the ratio of masses is

(A)  $9/7$

(B)  $8/1$

(C)  $4/3$

(D)  $5/3$

An artillery piece of mass  $M_1$  fires a shell of mass  $M_2$  horizontally. Instantaneously after the firing, the ratio of kinetic energy of the artillery and that of the shell is :

(A)  $M_1/(M_1 + M_2)$

(B)  $M_2/M_1$

(C)  $M_2/(M_1 + M_2)$

(D)  $M_1/M_2$

The fundamental frequency of a closed organ pipe is equal to the first overtone frequency of an open organ pipe. If length of the open pipe is 60 cm, the length of the closed pipe will be :

(A) 60 cm

(B) 45 cm

(C) 30 cm

(D) 15 cm

An electron in the ground state of the hydrogen atom has the orbital radius of  $r_0$  while that for the electron in third excited state is  $16r_0$ . The ratio of the de Broglie wavelengths of electron in the excited state to that in the ground state is

(A) 3

(B) 16

(C) 9

(D) 4

Three infinitely long wires with linear charge density are placed along the  $-x$ -axis and  $x$ -axis respectively. Which of the following denotes an equipotential surface?

(A) constant

(B) constant

(C) constant

(D) constant

The number of spectral lines emitted by atomic hydrogen that is in the energy level, is

(A) 3

(B) 1

(C) 6

(D) 0

If two vectors  $\vec{A}$  and  $\vec{B}$  having equal magnitude  $R$  are inclined at an angle  $\theta$ , then

(A)  $|\vec{A} - \vec{B}| = \sqrt{2}R \sin \frac{\theta}{2}$

(B)  $|\vec{A} + \vec{B}| = 2R \sin \frac{\theta}{2}$

(C)  $|\vec{A} + \vec{B}| = 2R \cos \frac{\theta}{2}$

(D)  $|\vec{A} - \vec{B}| = 2R \cos \frac{\theta}{2}$

Given below are two statements : Statement I : In a vernier callipers, one vernier scale division is always smaller than one main scale division. Statement II : The vernier constant is given by one main scale division multiplied by the number of vernier scale divisions. In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below.

(A) Statement I is true but Statement II is false

(B) Statement I is false but Statement II is true

(C) Both Statement I and Statement II are false

(D) Both Statement I and Statement II are true 2025 (22 Jan Shift 1)

Four identical particles of mass  $m$  are kept at the four corners of a square. If the gravitational force exerted on one of the masses by the other masses is  $2\sqrt{2} + 1 \frac{32}{L^2} Gm^2$ , the length of the sides of the square is

(A)  $L/2$

(B)  $4L$

(C)  $3L$

(D)  $2L$

With rise in temperature, the Young's modulus of elasticity

(A) changes erratically

(B) decreases

(C) increases

(D) remains unchanged

Given below are two statements: Statement I: Electromagnetic waves carry energy as they travel through space and this energy is equally shared by the electric and magnetic fields. Statement II: When electromagnetic waves strike a surface, a pressure is exerted on the surface. In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

(A) Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is correct

(B) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct

(C) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect

(D) Statement I is correct but Statement II is incorrect

The work functions of cesium (Cs) and lithium (Li) metals are 1.9 eV and 2.5 eV , respectively. If we incident a light of wavelength 550 nm on these two metal surfaces, then photo-electric effect is possible for the case of

(A) Both Cs and Li

(B) Neither Cs nor Li

(C) Cs only

(D) Li only

A big drop is formed by coalescing 1000 small droplets of water. The surface energy will become :

(A) 100 times

(B) 10 times

(C) 1 100 th

(D) 1 10 th

## Section B: Integer Type Questions

**Q21.** A big drop is formed by coalescing 1000 small identical drops of water. If  $E_1$  be the total surface energy of 1000 small drops of water and  $E_2$  be the surface energy of single big drop of water, the  $E_1 : E_2$  is  $x : 1$ , where  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

**Q22.** A force displaces a body from  $x_1$  to  $x_2$ . Work done by this force is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Q23.** Water boils in an electric kettle in 20 minutes after being switched on. Using the same main supply, the length of the heating element should be \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_ times of its initial length if the water is to be boiled in 15 minutes.

**Q24.** Mercury is filled in a tube of radius  $r$  up to a height of  $h$ . The force exerted by mercury on the bottom of the tube is \_\_\_\_\_ N. (Given, atmospheric pressure  $P_0$ , density of mercury  $\rho$ )

**Q25.** A tiny metallic rectangular sheet has length and breadth of 5 mm and 2.5 mm , respectively. Using a specially designed screw gauge which has pitch of 0.75 mm and 15 divisions in the circular scale, you are asked to find the area of the sheet. In this measurement, the maximum fractional error will be where is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Q26.** The disintegration energy for the nuclear fission of  $^{235}\text{U}$  is \_\_\_\_\_ . Given atomic masses of  $^{235}\text{U}$ ,  $^{141}\text{Ba}$ ,  $^{92}\text{Kr}$  and  $^1_0\text{n}$  are 235.0439 u, 140.9144 u, 91.9262 u and 1.008665 u respectively. Value of  $E$  is \_\_\_\_\_ MeV.

**Q27.** A particle initially at rest starts moving from reference point  $x=0$  along  $x$ -axis, with velocity  $v$  that varies as  $v = 4\sqrt{x}$  m s<sup>-1</sup>. The acceleration of the particle is \_\_\_\_\_ m s<sup>-2</sup>.

**Q28.** The driver sitting inside a parked car is watching vehicles approaching from behind with the help of his side view mirror, which is a convex mirror with radius of curvature  $R$ . Another car approaches him from behind with a uniform speed of  $u$ . When the car is at a distance of 24 m from him, the magnitude of the acceleration of the image of the car in the side view mirror is  $\frac{1}{100} \text{ a}$ . The value of  $100 \text{ a}$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Q29.** Two planets,  $P_1$  and  $P_2$  are orbiting a common star in circular orbits of radii  $r_1$  and  $r_2$ , respectively, with angular velocities  $\omega_1$  and  $\omega_2$ . The planet  $P_1$  is  $n$  times more massive than planet  $P_2$ . The ratio of angular momentum of planet  $P_1$  to that of planet  $P_2$  is closest to integer \_\_\_\_\_.

**Q30.** A alternating current at any instant is given by  $A \sin \omega t$ . The value of the current is \_\_\_\_\_ A.

## Chemistry

### Section A: Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ)

**Q31.** Match List - I with List - II. Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

- (A) (A)-(I), (B)-(III), (C)-(II), (D)-(IV)
- (B) (A)-(IV), (B)-(II), (C)-(III), (D)-(I)
- (C) (A)-(II), (B)-(IV), (C)-(I), (D)-(III)
- (D) (A)-(II), (B)-(I), (C)-(IV), (D)-(III)

**Q32.** The compound that is white in color is

- (A) ammonium sulphide
- (B) lead sulphate
- (C) lead iodide
- (D) ammonium arsenomolybdate

**Q33.** The quantity which changes with temperature is:

- (A) Molarity
- (B) Mass percentage
- (C) Molality
- (D) Mole fraction

**Q34.** Given below are two statements: Statement I: In the oxalic acid vs (in the presence of dil ) titration the solution needs to be heated initially to , but no heating is required in Ferrous ammonium sulphate (FAS) vs titration (in the presence of dil ) Statement II: In oxalic acid vs titration, the initial formation of takes place at high temperature, which then acts as catalyst for further reaction. In the case of FAS vs , heating oxidizes into by oxygen of air and error may be introduced in the experiment. In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below

- (A) Both Statement I and Statement II are false
- (B) Both Statement I and Statement II are true
- (C) Statement I is false but Statement II is true
- (D) Statement I is true but Statement II is false 2025 (28 Jan Shift 1)

**Q35.** The atomic mass of  $^{12}_6\text{C}$  is 12.000000 u and that of  $^{13}_6\text{C}$  is 13.003354 u . The required energy to remove a neutron from  $^{13}_6\text{C}$  , if mass of neutron is 1.008665 u , will be:

- (A) 62.5MeV
- (B) 6.25MeV
- (C) 4.95MeV
- (D) 49.5MeV

**Q36.** Given below are two statements : Statement I : Picric acid is 2,4,6 - trinitrotoluene. Statement II : Phenol - 2,4 - disulphonic acid is treated with Conc. to get picric acid. In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below :

- (A) Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is correct
- (B) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
- (C) Statement I is correct but Statement II is incorrect
- (D) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct

**Q37.** How can an electrochemical cell be converted into an electrolytic cell?

- (A) Applying an external opposite potential lower than cell.
- (B) Reversing the flow of ions in salt bridge.
- (C) Applying an external opposite potential greater than cell-
- (D) Exchanging the electrodes at anode and cathode.

**Q38.** The equation of state of a real gas is given by  $P + \frac{a}{V^2} (V - b) = RT$ , where  $P$ ,  $V$  and  $T$  are pressure, volume and temperature respectively and  $R$  is the universal gas constant. The dimensions of  $\frac{a}{b^2}$  is similar to that of :

- (A)  $PV$
- (B)  $P$
- (C)  $RT$
- (D)  $R$

**Q39.** Phenolic group can be identified by a positive:

- (A) Phthalein dye test
- (B) Lucas test
- (C) Tollen's test
- (D) Carbylamine test

**Q40.**  $A \text{ g } B \text{ g } + C \text{ g}$ . The correct relationship between  $K_P$ ,  $\alpha$  and equilibrium pressure  $P$  is

- (A)  $K_P = \alpha^2 P^2 + \alpha^{1/2}$
- (B)  $K_P = \alpha^3 P^2 + \alpha^{1/2} P - \alpha$
- (C)  $K_P = \alpha^2 P^3 + \alpha^{3/2}$
- (D)  $K_P = \alpha^2 P^2 + \alpha^{3/2}$

**Q41.** Number of complexes from the following with even number of unpaired " " electrons is [Given atomic numbers : ]

- (A) 2
- (B) 1
- (C) 4
- (D) 5

**Q42.** Given below are two statements : Statement I: Group 13 trivalent halides get easily hydrolysed by water due to their covalent nature. Statement II:  $\text{AlCl}_3$  upon hydrolysis in acidified aqueous solution forms octahedral  $[\text{Al}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{3+}$  ion. In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below :

- (A) Statement I is true but statement II is false
- (B) Statement I is false but statement II is true
- (C) Both statement I and statement II are false
- (D) Both statement I and statement II are true

**Q43.** Given below are two statements : Statement (I) : The boiling points of alcohols and phenols increase with increase in the number of C-atoms. Statement (II) : The boiling points of alcohols and phenols are higher in comparison to other class of compounds such as ethers, haloalkanes. In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below :

- (A) Both Statement I and Statement II are false
- (B) Both Statement I and Statement II are true
- (C) Statement I is false but Statement II is true
- (D) Statement I is true but Statement II is false

**Q44.** The coordination geometry around the manganese in decacarbonyldimanganese 0

- (A) Octahedral
- (B) Trigonal bipyramidal
- (C) Square pyramidal
- (D) Square planar

**Q45.** Integrated rate law equation for a first order gas phase reaction is given by (where  $P_i$  is initial pressure and  $P_t$  is total pressure at time  $t$  )

- (A)  $k = \frac{2.303}{t} \times \log \frac{P_i}{2P_i - P_t}$
- (B)  $k = \frac{2.303}{t} \times \log \frac{2P_i}{2P_i - P_t}$
- (C)  $k = \frac{2.303}{t} \times \log \frac{2P_i - P_t}{P_i}$
- (D)  $k = \frac{2.303}{t} \times \log \frac{P_i}{2P_i - P_t}$

**Q46.** Which of the following material is not a semiconductor.

- (A) Silicon
- (B) Copper oxide
- (C) Germanium
- (D) Graphite

**Q47.** A conductivity cell with two electrodes (dark side) are half filled with infinitely dilute aqueous solution of a weak electrolyte. If volume is doubled by adding more water at constant temperature, the molar conductivity of the cell will -

- (A) decrease sharply
- (B) increase sharply
- (C) remain same or can not be measured accurately
- (D) depend upon type of electrolyte

**Q48.** Given below are two statements : Statement (I) : Aqueous solution of ammonium carbonate is basic. Statement (II) : Acidic/basic nature of salt solution of a salt of weak acid and weak base depends on and value of acid and the base forming it. In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below :

- (A) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct
- (B) Statement I is correct but Statement II is incorrect
- (C) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
- (D) Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is correct

**Q49.** Number of  $\sigma$  and  $\pi$  bonds present in ethylene molecule is respectively :

- (A) 4 and 1
- (B) 5 and 2
- (C) 3 and 1
- (D) 5 and 1

**Q50.** Given below are two statements : one is labelled as Assertion (A) and the other is labelled as Reason (R). Assertion (A): reaction of  $\text{CH}_3\text{COCl}$  occurs more readily than the reaction of  $\text{CH}_3\text{COOH}$ . Reason (R) : The partially bonded unhybridized p-orbital that develops in the trigonal bipyramidal transition state is stabilized by conjugation with the phenyl ring. In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below :

- (A) (A) is correct but (R) is not correct
- (B) (A) is not correct but (R) is correct
- (C) Both (A) and (R) are correct but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
- (D) Both (A) and (R) are correct and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)

## Section B: Integer Type Questions

**Q51.** If the above equation is balanced with integer coefficients, the value of  $x$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Q52.** Number of compounds from the following with zero dipole moment is \_\_\_\_\_

**Q53.** 0.01 mole of an organic compound containing hydrogen, on complete combustion produced  $0.18 \text{ mol}$  of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ . Molar mass of is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Q54.** The number of halobenzenes from the following that can be prepared by Sandmeyer's reaction is \_\_\_\_\_

**Q55.** A star has helium composition. It starts to convert three  $^4\text{He}$  into one  $^{12}\text{C}$  via triple alpha process as  $3(^4\text{He}) \rightarrow ^{12}\text{C} + \gamma$ . The mass of the star is  $10^{30} \text{ kg}$  and it generates energy at the rate of  $10^{36} \text{ J s}^{-1}$ . The rate of converting these to  $^{12}\text{C}$  is  $x \times 10^6 \text{ mol s}^{-1}$ , where  $x$  is \_\_\_\_\_ [ Take, mass of  $^4\text{He}$ , mass of  $^{12}\text{C}$  ]

**Q56.** An ideal gas,  $\text{O}_2$ , is expanded adiabatically against a constant pressure of 1 atm until it doubles in volume. If the initial temperature and pressure is  $300 \text{ K}$  and  $1 \text{ atm}$ , respectively then the final temperature is \_\_\_\_\_ (nearest integer). [  $C_v$  is the molar heat capacity at constant volume ]

**Q57.** Time required for completion of 99.9% of first order reaction is \_\_\_\_\_ times of half life ( $t_{1/2}$ ) of the reaction

**Q58.** The complex of  $\text{Cr}^{3+}$  ion and dimethyl glyoxime contains \_\_\_\_\_ number of Hydrogen atoms. 2025 (22 Jan Shift 2)

**Q59.** The molecular formula of second homologue in the homologous series of mono carboxylic acids is \_\_\_\_\_.



**Q60.** The maximum number of orbitals which can be identified with and is \_\_\_\_\_

## Mathematics

### Section A: Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ)

**Q61.** Let  $\vec{a} = 3\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} - 2\mathbf{k}$ ,  $\vec{b} = 4\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} + 7\mathbf{k}$  and  $\vec{c} = \mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j} + 4\mathbf{k}$  be three vectors. If a vector  $\vec{p}$  satisfies  $\vec{p} \times \vec{b} = \vec{c} \times \vec{b}$  and  $\vec{p} \cdot \vec{a} = 0$ , then  $\vec{p} \cdot \mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$  is equal to

24 36 28 32

The number of solutions of the equation  $4\sin^2 x - 4\cos^3 x + 9 - 4\cos x = 0$ ;  $x \in (2\pi, 4\pi)$  is:

- (A) 1
- (B) 3
- (C) 2
- (D) 0

Let  $A(\alpha, 0)$  and  $B(0, \beta)$  be the points on the line  $5x + 7y = 50$ . Let the point  $P$  divide the line segment  $AB$  internally in the ratio 7:3. Let  $3x - 25 = 0$  be a directrix of the ellipse  $E: \frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$  and the corresponding focus be  $S$ . If from  $S$ , the perpendicular on the  $x$ -axis passes through  $P$ , then the length of the latus rectum of  $E$  is equal to

- (A)  $25/3$
- (B)  $32/9$
- (C)  $25/9$
- (D)  $32/5$

Let for some function and . Then is equal to

- (A) 1
- (B) 3
- (C) 6
- (D) 2

Let  $C: x^2 + y^2 = 4$  and  $C': x^2 + y^2 - 4\lambda x + 9 = 0$  be two circles. If the set of all values of  $\lambda$  so that the circles  $C$  and  $C'$  intersect at two distinct points, is  $R = (a, b)$ , then the point  $8a + 12, 16b - 20$  lies on the curve:

- (A)  $x^2 + 2y^2 - 5x + 6y = 3$
- (B)  $5x^2 - y = -11$
- (C)  $x^2 - 4y^2 = 7$
- (D)  $6x^2 + y^2 = 42$

Let be ten observations such that , and their variance is . If and are respectively the mean and the variance of , , then is equal to :

- (A) 100
- (B) 120
- (C) 110
- (D) 90

If the domain of the function is and the domain of the function is , then is equal to :

- (A) 195
- (B) 179

(C) 186

(D) 174

Two marbles are drawn in succession from a box containing 10 red, 30 white, 20 blue and 15 orange marbles, with replacement being made after each drawing. Then the probability, that first drawn marble is red and second drawn marble is white, is

(A)  $2/25$ (B)  $4/25$ (C)  $2/3$ (D)  $4/75$ 

Let  $a, b, c$  be an infinite G.P. If  $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = 46$  and  $a^3 + b^3 + c^3 = 38$ , then  $a + b + c$  is equal to

(A) 46

(B) 38

(C) 31

(D) 27

Let three vectors form a triangle such that  $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = 16$  and the area of the triangle is  $\frac{1}{2}$ . If  $a, b, c$  is a positive real number, then  $a + b + c$  is equal to:

(A) 16

(B) 14

(C) 12

(D) 10

Let  $a, b, c$  and  $d$  be the matrix of cofactors of the elements of  $A$ , then  $a + b + c + d$  is equal to :

(A) 64

(B) 216

(C) 343

(D) 125

Let  $y = \int \frac{1}{x^2 + 1} dx$ , where  $C$  is the constant of integration. Then  $y$  is equal to :

(A) 7

(B) 4

(C) 1

(D) 3

The solution curve of the differential equation  $y \frac{dx}{dy} = x \log_e x - \log_e y + 1$ ,  $x > 0$ ,  $y > 0$  passing through the point  $(e, 1)$  is

(A)  $\log_e y \cdot x = x$ (B)  $\log_e y \cdot x = y^2$ (C)  $\log_e x \cdot y = y$ (D)  $2 \log_e x \cdot y = y + 1$ 

Let  $S$  be a set. Define a relation on  $S$  as : Statement I :  $\sim$  is an equivalence relation. Statement II : For some  $A \subseteq S$ , the set  $\{x \in S : x \sim a, \forall a \in A\}$  represents a line parallel to  $A$ . In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below :

(A) Both Statement I and Statement II are false

(B) Statement I is true but Statement II is false

(C) Both Statement I and Statement II are true

(D) Statement I is false but Statement II is true

If the value of  $\frac{1}{n}$  is  $\frac{1}{2}$ , where  $n$  are natural numbers and  $n > 1$ , then  $n$  is equal to :

- (A) 40
- (B) 52
- (C) 50
- (D) 54

Let  $y = f(x)$  be a thrice differentiable function in  $(-5, 5)$ . Let the tangents to the curve  $y = f(x)$  at  $(1, f(1))$  and  $(3, f(3))$  make angles  $\pi/6$  and  $\pi/4$ , respectively with positive x-axis. If  $27 \int_1^3 f'(t)^2 + 1 f''(t) dt = \alpha + \beta\sqrt{3}$  where  $\alpha, \beta$  are integers, then the value of  $\alpha + \beta$  equals

- (A) -14
- (B) 26
- (C) -16
- (D) 36

If  $A$  is a square matrix of order 3 such that  $A^2 = A$  and  $\text{tr}(A) = 2$ , then  $\text{tr}(A^3)$  is equal to :

- (A) 2
- (B) 3
- (C) 6
- (D) 4

Let  $A$  be matrix such that  $A^2 = A$  and  $\text{tr}(A) = 2$ , then  $\text{tr}(A^3)$  equals :

- (A) -1
- (B) 2
- (C) 1
- (D) 0

Let  $\vec{a}$  and  $\vec{b}$  be three vectors such that  $|\vec{a}| = 1$  and  $|\vec{b}| = 2$ . If  $|\vec{a} + \vec{b}| = 3$ , then  $|\vec{a} - \vec{b}|$  is equal to:

- (A) 15
- (B) 12
- (C) 10
- (D) 5

Let  $M$  and  $m$  respectively be the maximum and the minimum values of  $\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x$ . Then  $M - m$  is equal to :

- (A) 1280
- (B) 1295
- (C) 1215
- (D) 1040

## Section B: Integer Type Questions

**Q81.** If  $[x]$  denotes the greatest integer function, then  $\int_0^1 [x] dx$  is equal to \_\_\_\_\_.

**Q82.**  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^2 x \cos^2 x \sin(4x) + \cos(4x) dx$  is equal to \_\_\_\_\_.

**Q83.** The square of the distance of the image of the point  $(1, 2)$  in the line  $x + y = 1$ , from the origin is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Q84.** The sum of the square of the modulus of the elements in the set  $\{z \in \mathbb{C} : |z| = 1, \text{Im}(z) = 1\}$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

**Q85.** If the orthocentre of the triangle formed by the lines  $x + y = 1$  and  $x - y = 1$ , is the centroid of another triangle, whose circumcentre and orthocentre respectively are  $(a, b)$  and  $(c, d)$ , then the value of  $a + b + c + d$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

- Q86.** If the coefficient of  $x^{30}$  in the expansion of  $(1 + x^6)^{10} (1 + x^{27})^{10} (1 - x^{38})^{10}$  ;  $x \neq 0$  is  $\alpha$  , then  $\alpha$  equals \_\_\_\_\_.
- Q87.** Let  $\triangle ABC$  be a triangle of area  $\Delta$  and the vectors  $\vec{a}$  and  $\vec{b}$  . Then the square of the length of the largest side of the triangle is \_\_\_\_\_.
- Q88.** In a triangle  $\triangle ABC$  and  $\triangle DEF$  . If  $\angle A = \angle D$  , where  $\angle B = \angle E$  , then  $\frac{AB}{DE}$  is equal to \_\_\_\_\_.
- Q89.** If  $\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} = \frac{1}{c}$  , where  $a$  and  $b$  are rational numbers, then  $c$  is equal to \_\_\_\_\_.
- Q90.** If  $\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} = \frac{1}{c}$  then  $\frac{a+b}{c}$  is equal to \_\_\_\_\_.

# Answer Key

## Physics

### Section A (MCQ):

Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
(2)	(3)	(1)	(4)	(2)	(3)	(3)	(1)	(2)	(4)
Q11	Q12	Q13	Q14	Q15	Q16	Q17	Q18	Q19	Q20
(4)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(3)	(4)

### Section B (Integer):

Q21	Q22	Q23	Q24	Q25	Q26	Q27	Q28	Q29	Q30
10	58	1	177	3	208	8	8	8	8

## Chemistry

### Section A (MCQ):

Q31	Q32	Q33	Q34	Q35	Q36	Q37	Q38	Q39	Q40
(3)	(2)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(1)	(3)	(2)	(1)	(2)
Q41	Q42	Q43	Q44	Q45	Q46	Q47	Q48	Q49	Q50
(1)	(4)	(2)	(1)	(1)	(4)	(3)	(1)	(4)	(4)

### Section B (Integer):

Q51	Q52	Q53	Q54	Q55	Q56	Q57	Q58	Q59	Q60
8	6	100	2	15	274	10	14	2	4

## Mathematics

### Section A (MCQ):

Q61	Q62	Q63	Q64	Q65	Q66	Q67	Q68	Q69	Q70
(4)	(4)	(4)	(1)	(4)	(1)	(3)	(4)	(3)	(2)
Q71	Q72	Q73	Q74	Q75	Q76	Q77	Q78	Q79	Q80
(2)	(2)	(3)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(4)	(1)	(4)	(1)

### Section B (Integer):

Q81	Q82	Q83	Q84	Q85	Q86	Q87	Q88	Q89	Q90
12	15	62	9	16	678	54	39	6	1