# Disciplined Convex Optimization with CVXR

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useR! Conference 2016

Convex Optimization

**CVXR** 

**Examples** 

### **Outline**

Convex Optimization

CVXR

Examples

# **Convex Optimization**

minimize 
$$f_0(x)$$
  
subject to  $f_i(x) \le 0$ ,  $i = 1, ..., m$   
 $Ax = b$ 

with variable  $x \in \mathbf{R}^n$ 

- ▶ Objective and inequality constraints  $f_0, ..., f_m$  are convex
- Equality constraints are linear

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### Why?

- We can solve convex optimization problems
- ► There are many applications in many fields, including machine learning and statistics

#### **Convex Problems in Statistics**

- ► (Non-negative) Least squares
- ► Ridge and lasso regression
- Logistic regression
- ► Isotonic regression
- ► Huber (robust) regression
- Maximum entropy and related problems
- Support vector machines
- ► Sparse inverse covariance
- ...and new methods being invented every year!

# **Domain Specific Languages**

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- ► Slower than custom code, but extremely flexible and enables fast prototyping

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```
from cvxpy import *
beta = Variable(n)
cost = norm(y - X * beta)
prob = Problem(Minimize(cost))
prob.solve()
beta.value
```

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#### **CVXR**

A modeling language in R for convex optimization

- ► Connects to many open source solvers
- Supports parameters, multiple constraints
- ▶ Mixes easily with general R code and other libraries

CVXR

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Future Work

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# **Ordinary Least Squares (OLS)**

- ▶ minimize  $||X\beta y||_2^2$
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- ▶  $\beta \in \mathbf{R}^m$  is variable, X and y are constants

```
library(cvxr)
beta <- Variable(m)
obj <- SumSquares(y - X %*% beta)
prob <- Problem(Minimize(obj))
solution <- solve(prob)
solution$opt_val
solution$beta</pre>
```

- ▶ X and y are constants; beta, obj, and prob are S4 objects
- solve method returns a list that includes optimal beta

# Non-Negative Least Squares (NNLS)

▶ minimize  $||X\beta - y||_2^2$  subject to  $\beta \ge 0$ 

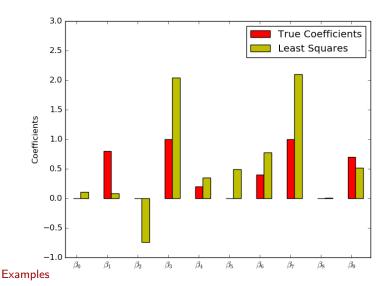
# Non-Negative Least Squares (NNLS)

▶ minimize  $||X\beta - y||_2^2$  subject to  $\beta \ge 0$ 

```
constr <- list(beta >= 0)
prob2 <- Problem(Minimize(obj), constr)
solution2 <- solve(prob2)
solution2$opt_val
solution2$beta</pre>
```

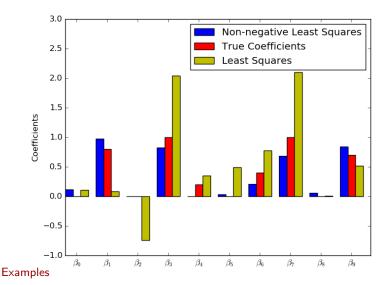
- Construct new problem with list constr of constraints formed from constants and variables
- Variables, parameters, expressions, and constraints exist outside of any problem

#### True Coefficients vs. OLS



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#### True Coefficients vs. NNLS



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#### **Direct Standardization**

- ightharpoonup Samples (X, y) drawn **non-uniformly** from a distribution
- **Expectations** of features of X are a known quantity  $b \in \mathbf{R}^m$
- ▶ Want to estimate probability  $p \in \mathbb{R}^n$  for all samples
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maximize 
$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} \operatorname{entr}(p_{i})$$
  
subject to  $p \geq 0$   $\mathbf{1}^{T}p = 1$   $X^{T}p = b$ 

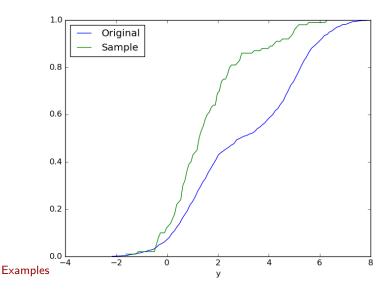
- (y, p) is an estimate of the true sampling distribution of the response variable

#### **Direct Standardization**

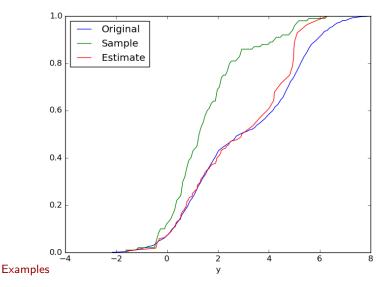
```
probs <- Variable(n)
cost <- SumEntries(Entr(probs))
constr <- list(probs >= 0, SumEntries(probs) == 1,
    t(X) %*% probs == b)
prob <- Problem(Maximize(cost), constr)
solution <- solve(prob)
solution$probs</pre>
```

- ▶ Entr is the elementwise entropy function
- ▶ solution\$probs is an R vector of sample probabilities

# True vs. Sample Cumulative Distribution



#### True vs. Estimated Cumulative Distribution



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#### **Future Work**

- ► More solvers SCS, CVXOPT, etc
- ► More convex functions and constraints
- ▶ Warm start to speed up convergence