## 3. Calculation of formula for preparation

Prepare 20 g of Salicylic Acid and Sulphur Cream BP.

## Product formula (from the *British Pharmacopoeia* 1980, p 548)

	Master	100 g	10 g	30 g
Salicylic Acid BP	20 g	2 g	200 mg	600 mg
Precipitated Sulphur BP	20 g	2 g	200 mg	600 mg
Aqueous Cream BP	960 g	96 g	9.6 g	28.8 g

## 4. Method of preparation

- **a.** Solubility where applicable Not applicable.
- **b.** Vehicle/diluent

Aqueous Cream BP is used as the base in this preparation as per the product formula.

c. Preservative

There is no preservative included as per the product formula.

**d.** Flavouring when appropriate Creams are for external use and so no flavouring is required.

The following method would be used to prepare 30 g of Salicylic Acid and Sulphur Cream BP from the formula above:

- 1. Weigh 600 mg Salicylic Acid BP on a Class II or electronic balance.
- 2. Transfer to a glass mortar and grind with a pestle.
- 3. Weigh 600 mg Precipitated Sulphur BP on a Class II or electronic balance.

## Tips

Note that a vulcanite spatula would be the spatula of choice as traditional stainless steel spatulas may react with acids, tannins, iodine and mercury salts.

Vulcanite (also called ebonite) is a hard, usually black, rubber produced by vulcanising natural rubber with sulphur. Such spatulas are used for making ointments containing corrosive substances or substances that react with steel.

- 4. Add to the Salicylic Acid BP in the glass mortar and continue mixing with a pestle until a smooth well-mixed powder is formed.
- 5. Transfer the powder to a glass tile.
- 6. Weigh 28.8 g Aqueous Cream BP on a Class II or electronic balance.
- 7. Transfer the Aqueous Cream BP to the glass tile and triturate with the powders to produce a smooth product.
- Weigh 20 g of the product and pack into a collapsible tube or amber glass jar. Label and dispense.