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Subject : NAD

Expt no : 6

Aim : Write a program for providing security for transfer of data in the network. (RSA Algorithm)

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Write a program for providing security for transfer of data in the network. (RSA Algorithm)

Objectives:

- To encrypt and decrypt plain text using RSA algorithm in order to provides secure communication over the network.
- To ensures the information are confidential and authenticated.

Theory:

- Under RSA encryption, messages are encrypted with a key called a public key, which can be shared openly. Due to some distinct mathematical properties of the RSA algorithm, once a message has been encrypted with the public key, it can only be decrypted by another key, known as the private key. Each RSA user has a key pair consisting of their public and private keys. As the name suggests, the private key must be kept secret.
- RSA encryption is often used in combination with other encryption schemes, or for digital signatures which can prove the authenticity and integrity of a message.
- Security provided by RSA is based on the difficulty in factoring very large numbers. Based on this principle, the RSA encryption uses prime factorization as the trapdoor for encryption

Methodology :

Algorithm for RSA :

- Key Generation Process :
 - Chose two prime no p and q.
 - Compute the value of n and t (totient function):

$$n = p * q$$

$$t = (p-1) * (q-1)$$

- Select a number e that is co-prime with t

$$\gcd(e, t) = 1$$

- Compute d such that

$$d * e = 1 \text{ mod } t$$

- Public key is (e,n)
- Private Key is (d,n)
- Encryption Process :
 - Plain Text = M
 - Cipher Text = $C = M^e \text{ mod } n = 43$
- Decryption Process :
 - Decipher Text = $M = C^d \text{ mod } n = 10$

Example :

$$M = 10$$

$$p = 11$$

$$q = 29$$

$$n = p * q$$

$$n = 319$$

$$t = (p-1) * (q-1)$$

$$t = 280$$

$$e = 3$$

$$d * e = 1 \bmod n$$

$$d = 187$$

$$\text{Public Key} = (e, n) = (3, 319)$$

$$\text{Private Key} (d, n) = (187, 319)$$

$$C = M^e \bmod n = 43$$

$$M = C^d \bmod n = 10$$

Results :

```
students@CE-Lab3-603-U22:~/Desktop/saeem/NAD/6$ python rsa.py
Enter the value of p = 11
Enter the value of q = 29
Enter the value of text = 10
n = 319 t = 280 e = 3 d = 187 cipher text = 43 decrypted text = 10
```

Conclusion:

Here we can conclude that RSA algorithm can be used to encrypt and decrypt plain text in order to provide secure communication in the network.