

# Start Here

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## 0.1 Amazon work sample

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## 0.2 A. pre-data peeking brainstorm

### 0.2.1 task description

- Dataset
- features are attributes ==> need to figure out what they could be, and how to interpret each of them
- Each point is a date/device\_id. Need to determine the sparsity in both dimensions, to know which modelisation could make sense.
- is there a feature bias linked to the moment a maintenance occurs ? (e.g. no more data after a failure) this could build a bias in the data.
- Problem
- Failure detection: two signal axis (which device fails, when does a device fail ) to consider. Consider mixing two models ? eg:
- model1 : which device is the most likely to require maintenance.
- model2 : based on past signals, when is a maintenance the most likely to occur.
- Failure detection: positives could be sparse. to be checked. SVD could be worth something. This is a precision/recall problem.
- On the other hand, no obvious advantage in detecting a false positive over a false negative.
- Infos
- 3D technologies is electronics, the device sends out telemetry: multiple failure modes ( wrong telemetry, bad transmission, etc...) ==> we could be detecting multiple failure modes. ensemble models ?

## 0.3 The Plan

1. [Exploratory Analysis](#)
2. Data shape
3. Labels
4. [features](#)
5. Modeling
6. Decide on a model / a list of models
7. Model(s) optimisation process
  1. Dataset building
  2. First model and calibration
  3. Feature optimisation
  4. Test different Models
  5. TPOT
8. Final test on validation set.

## 1 1. Exploratory Analysis

### 1.1 A. Data shape

#### In general:

- Each line is indexed as a (device, time)
- 9 attributes (features)
- 1168 devices, 106 failing (small data, few positives)
- Date Range: daily timestamps from 2015-01-01 to 2015-11-02

#### Devices are not always on !

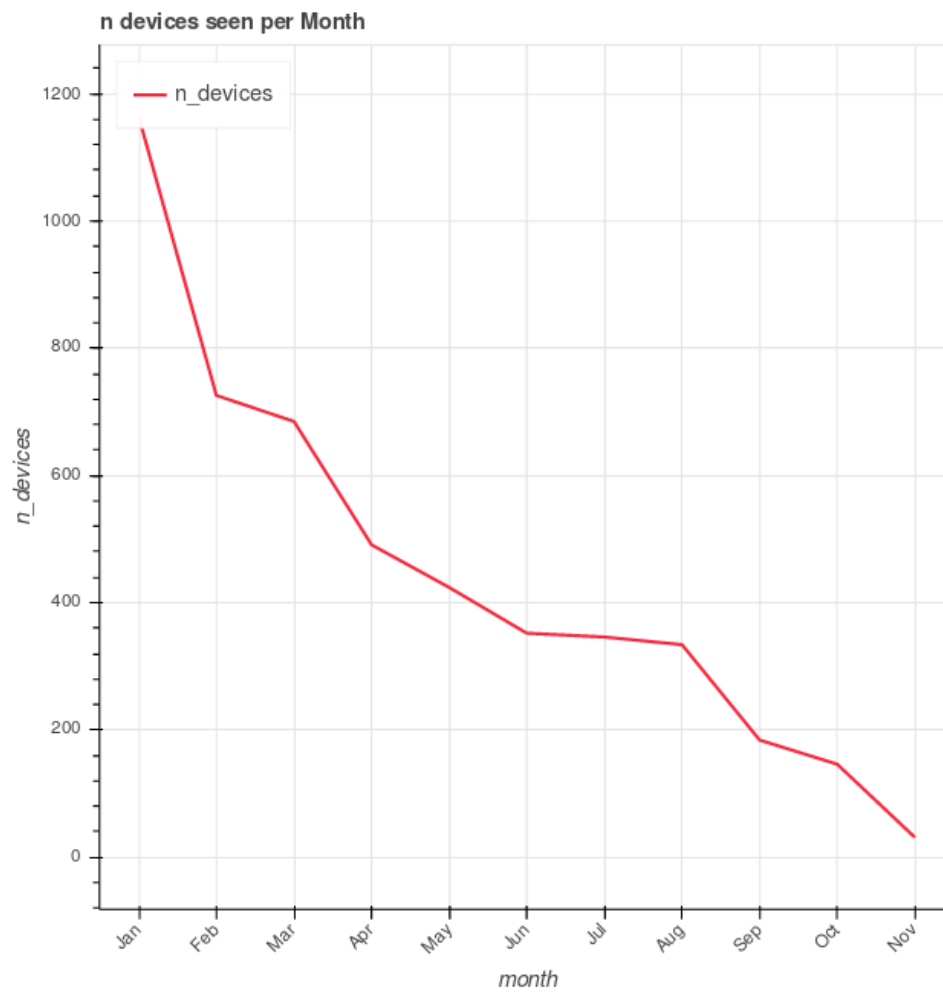
- Each device is active during a given period, `device_period < dataset period`
- The device 'start\_time' is biased toward the beginning of the dataset. (1163/1168 start the first day)
- There are much fewer devices at the end of the measurement period (see graph below)

### 1.2 B. Labels

- 1168 devices, 106 failing (small data, few positives)
- failure ratio : 10%, ~1% per month
- in fact, the % failures varies month to month, from 5% to 0%

#### Weekly view

- Less failures over the weekend: devices are less strained during the weekend ?
- warnign: fewer failures during weekend could also be explained by maintenance hapening only du



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weekday	NB failures
0:Monday	27
1:Tuesday	18
2:Wednesday	15
3:Thursday	22
4:Friday	12
5:Saturday	8
6:Sunday	4

## Missing data

- During device "lifetime", most devices (1077/1168) have a signal per day, without missing days

## failure mode

- Almost all devices stops measuring after a failure
- Identified a list of devices, which are still measured after having failed.

three hypothesis: - The device is still fonctionnal after maintenance - The failure was a fluke - The measurement thereafter are false

=> if we cannot distinguish between these hypothesis, need to remove these devices from the dataset

## 1.3 C. Features

Using the [feature analyser notebook][1] (AX1) over each individual attribute.

[1]:[aws/data\_exploration\_feature]

- attribute 1: no real influence observed
- attribute 2:
  - Higher values on failures
  - Rising front before failures
- attribute 3:
  - Slightly higher for non-failing than for failing
  - Unclear temporal effect
- attribute 4
  - higher values for failing devices
  - Rising front before failures
  - failing frequency peak
- attribute 5 :
  - no clear impact
  - potential peaks when failing
- attribute 6 :

- unclear effect on value or fronts
  - on the other hand, signal on frequency distribution
- attribute 7 :
  - unclear effect
- attribute 8 :
  - idem
- attribute 9
  - frequency distribution ?

## Conclusion

- Need to check out for attribute values, derivatives and DFT peaks as features

## 2. Modeling

### 2.1 A. Decide on a model / a list of models

There seems to be some attributes having an effect on the device failing. What we actually want

Also, since what we want is to implement a maintenance model, it would be acceptable, if it is m

2 models to be Built: - A model predicting which device will fail at some point - A model predicting which device will fail and when, with an acceptable failure window

### 2.2 B. Models optimisation process

1. Dataset building
2. First model and calibration
3. Feature optimisation
4. Test different Models
5. TPOT

ML decision diary: [here](#)

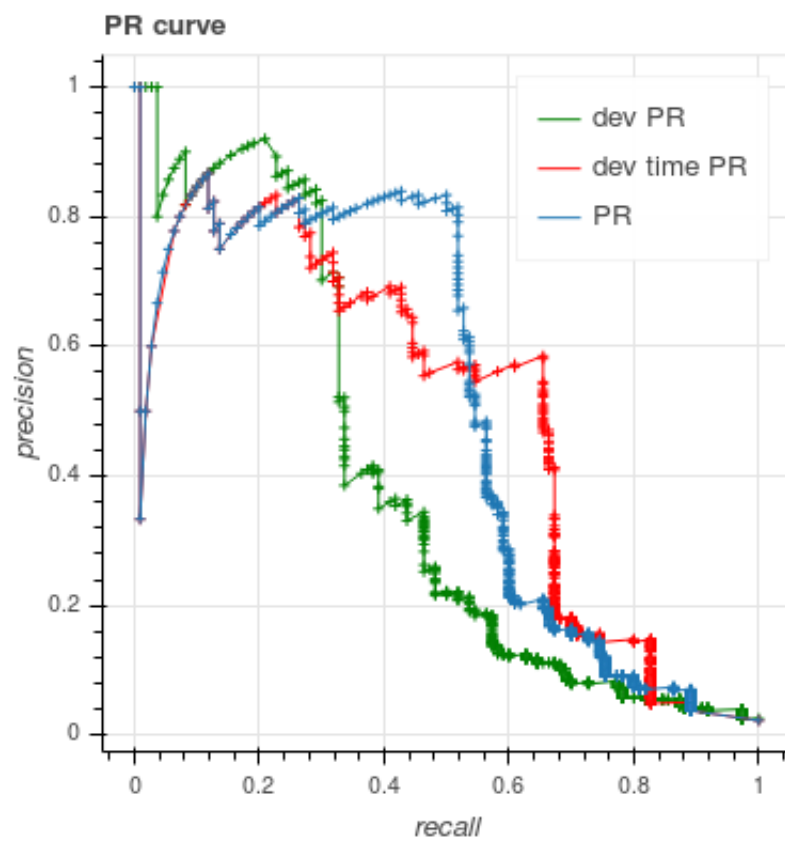
Each models are optimized on different notebooks:

- [device base model](#)
- [device base model and time](#)

### 2.3 C. Final Test

Test on a validation set, splitted after the device exploration

In [ ]:



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