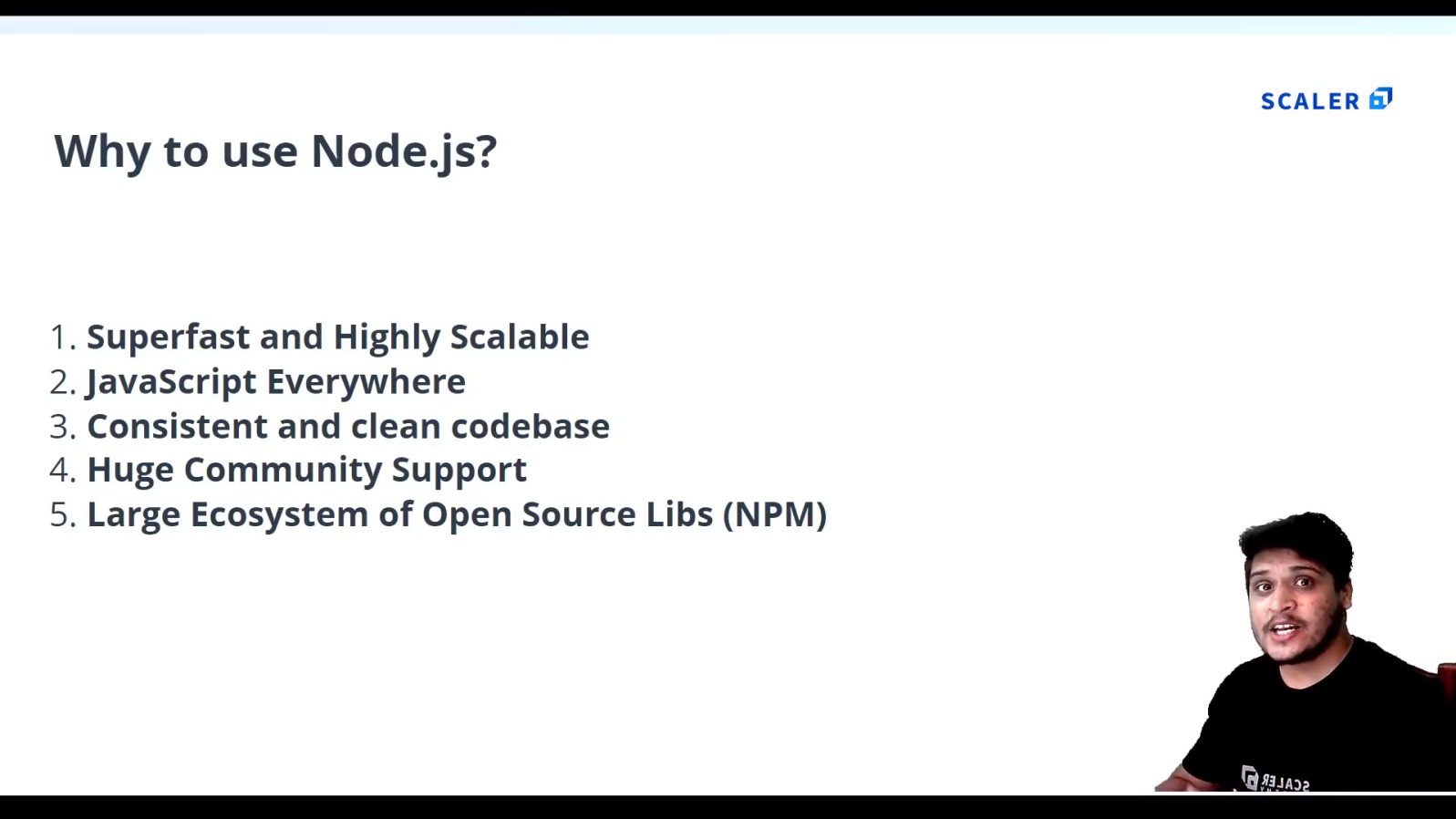
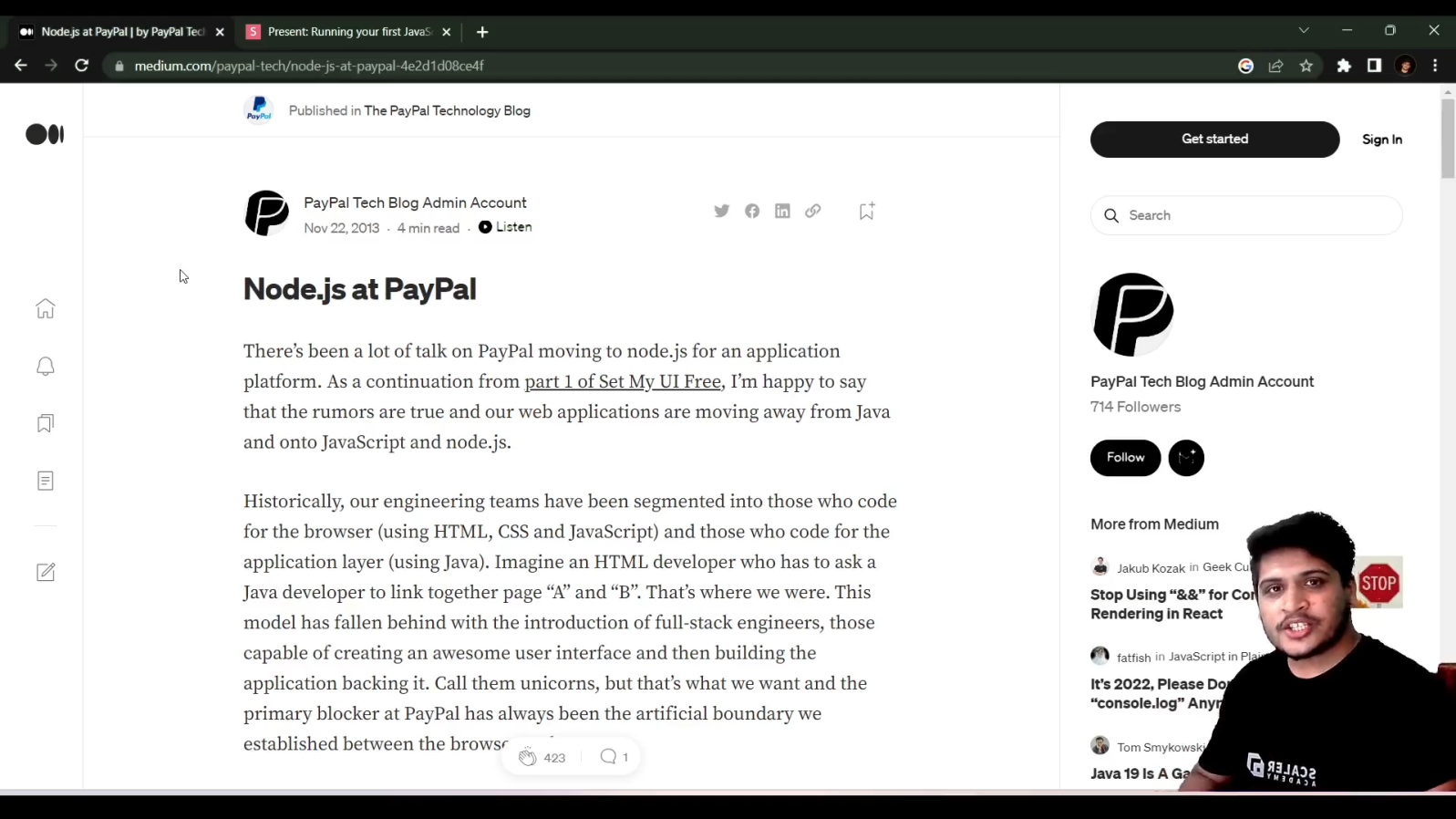
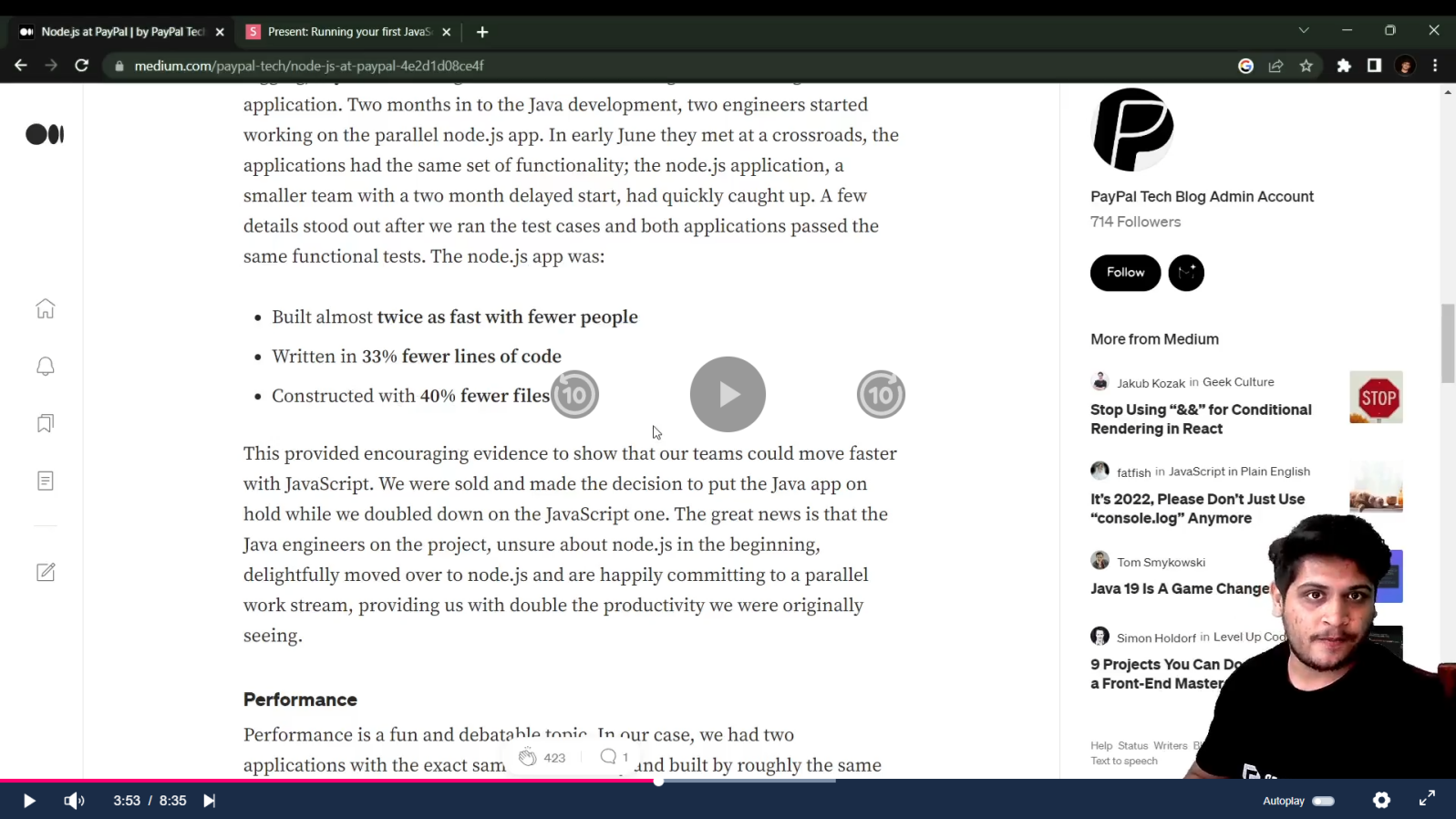
**NODE JS - SCALAR**

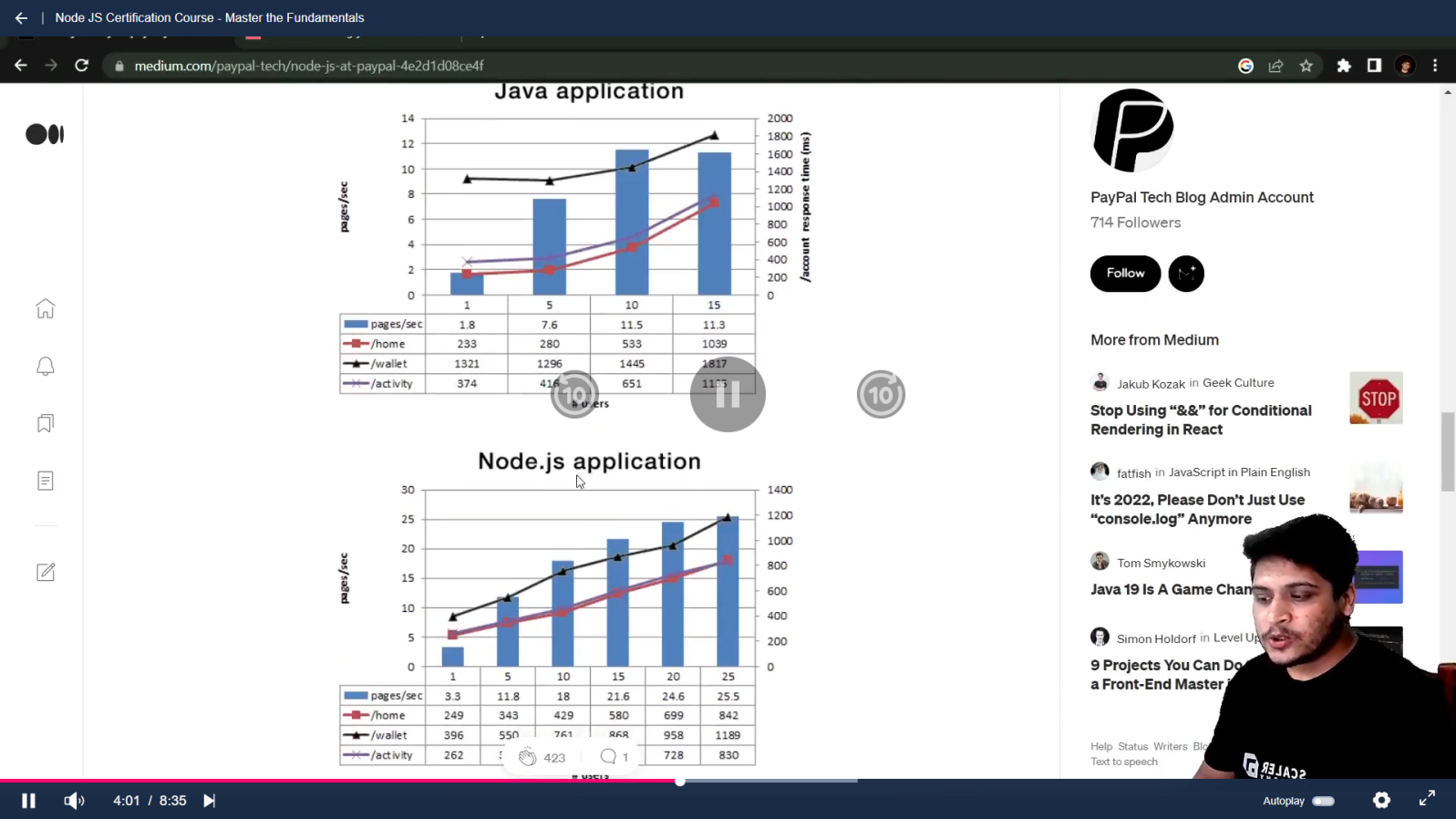
1. ***Introduction* :**

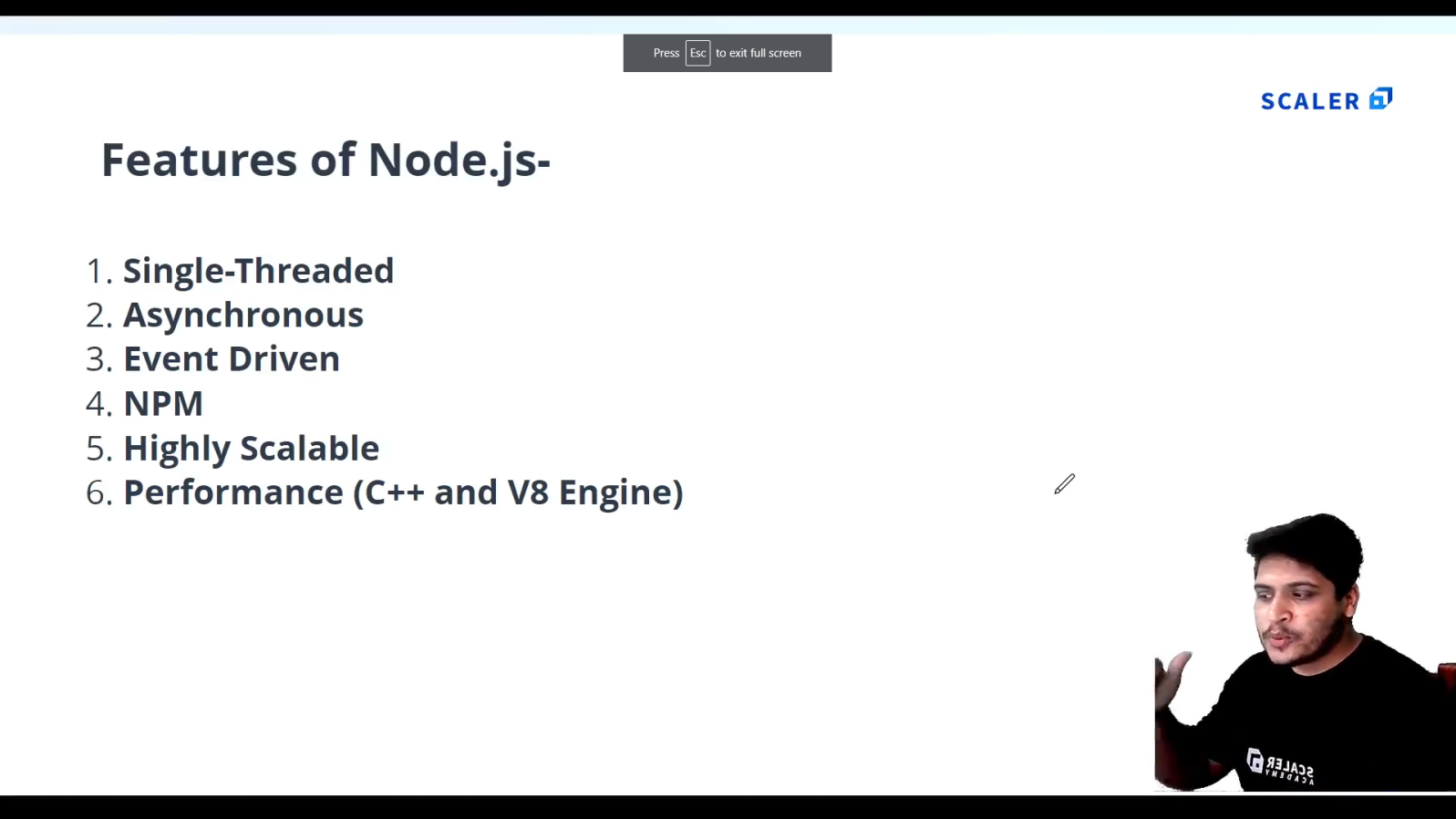
****

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1. ***Getting Started with Node JS*:** 
   1. **Install Node.js and VScode.**
   2. **First Node program :**
      1. **Create a js file with a function:p1\_test.js**

console.log('Hello World');

function sayHello(){

    console.log('Hello from anshad');

}

sayHello();

* + 1. **To Execute type “node name\_of\_program.js” : node p1\_test.js**
  1. **There is no “window” object in Node js instead we have “global” object.**

console.log(global);

PS E:\MCA\COURSES\NODE JS\nodejs\_certification@scalar> node p1\_test.js

<ref \*1> Object [global] {

  global: [Circular \*1],

  clearImmediate: [Function: clearImmediate],

  setImmediate: [Function: setImmediate] {

    [Symbol(nodejs.util.promisify.custom)]: [Getter]

  },

  clearInterval: [Function: clearInterval],

  clearTimeout: [Function: clearTimeout],

  setInterval: [Function: setInterval],

  setTimeout: [Function: setTimeout] {

    [Symbol(nodejs.util.promisify.custom)]: [Getter]

  },

  queueMicrotask: [Function: queueMicrotask],

  structuredClone: [Function: structuredClone],

  atob: [Getter/Setter],

  btoa: [Getter/Setter],

  performance: [Getter/Setter],

  fetch: [Function: value],

  crypto: [Getter]

}

1. ***Node Module system*:**
   1. **The “global” Object :**

//GLOBAL OBJECT

//are built-in objects that are part of the JavaScript and can be used directly in the application without importing any particular module.

let name = 'Anshad';

console.log(global.name);//undefined

* 1. **Modules and Modularity :**

1. **Create ‘calculator.js’ file :**

//CALCULATOR :

function add(a , b ){

    console.log( a + b );

}

function sub(a , b ){

    console.log( a - b );

}

function mul(a , b ){

    console.log( a \* b );

}

function div(a , b ){

    console.log( a / b );

}

//Exporting functions:

module.exports = {

    addition : add ,

    subtraction : sub,

    multiplication : mul,

    division : div

}

1. **Create main file ‘modularity.js’ file :**

//1.create a seperate file 'calculator.js'.

//Modularity lets us use those contents in calculator.js in this file.

const calculator = require('./calculator');//import calculator.js

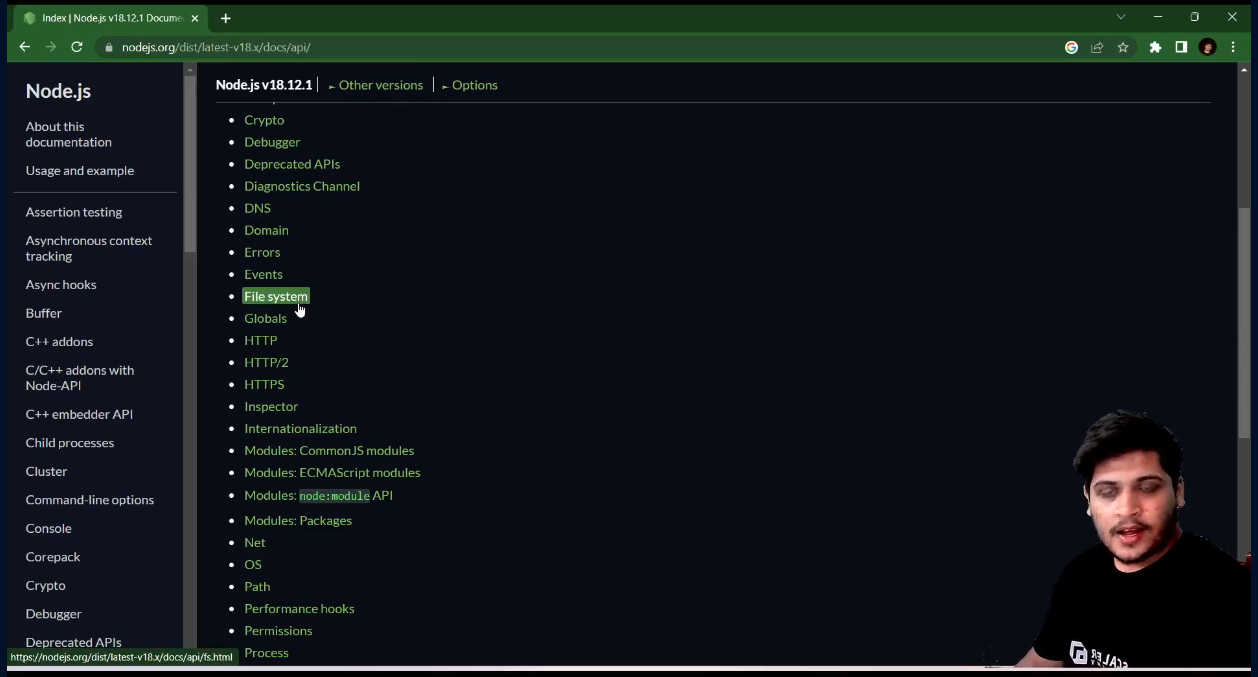
calculator.addition(3 , 4);//Calls the function in calculator.js by passing values to that.

calculator.subtraction( 5 ,2);

calculator.multiplication( 3 , 4);

calculator.division(10 , 2);

* 1. **Introduction to Node Modules :**



* 1. **Child Process Module :**

//Child process is a node module used to create sub process within a script .

//You can perform different tasks with your script by just using some methods.

const cp = require('child\_process');//Importing child-process module.

cp.execSync('calc') ; //Opens a calculator.['calc' is short code for opening calculator.]

cp.execSync('start chrome'); //opens chrome browser.

cp.execSync('start chrome https://www.google.com/');//opens google page directly

console.log('Output '+cp.execSync('node p1\_test.js'));//prints output from a specified File.

* 1. **OS Module :**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Code** | **Output** |
| //OS Module :(to get the information of your current system)  const os = require('os');//Import OS module  console.log(os.arch());//Displays Architecture of your OS (64 or 32)  console.log(os.platform());//Displays the platform of your OS  console.log(os.networkInterfaces());//Displays the network informations of your Os  console.log(os.cpus());//Displays the cpu's details (graphics,processor,configurations)  console.log('Total Memory : ',os.totalmem());//Displays the total memory .  console.log('Free Memory : ',os.freemem());//Displays the free memory. | PS E:\MCA\COURSES\NODE\_JS\nodejs\_certification@scalar\Module\_3> node .\osModule.js  x64  win32  {  Ethernet: [  {  address: '192.168.1.12',  netmask: '255.255.255.0',  family: 'IPv4',  mac: 'f8:0d:ac:29:a8:91',  internal: false,  cidr: '192.168.1.12/24'  }  ],  'Loopback Pseudo-Interface 1': [  {  address: '::1',  netmask: 'ffff:ffff:ffff:ffff:ffff:ffff:ffff:ffff',  family: 'IPv6',  mac: '00:00:00:00:00:00',  internal: true,  cidr: '::1/128',  scopeid: 0  },  {  address: '127.0.0.1',  netmask: '255.0.0.0',  family: 'IPv4',  mac: '00:00:00:00:00:00',  internal: true,  cidr: '127.0.0.1/8'  }  ]  }  [  {  model: 'AMD Ryzen 5 3550H with Radeon Vega Mobile Gfx ',  speed: 2096,  times: { user: 101765, nice: 0, sys: 115328, idle: 1025421, irq: 13640 }  },  {  model: 'AMD Ryzen 5 3550H with Radeon Vega Mobile Gfx ',  speed: 2096,  times: { user: 73468, nice: 0, sys: 51812, idle: 1117078, irq: 1656 }  },  {  model: 'AMD Ryzen 5 3550H with Radeon Vega Mobile Gfx ',  speed: 2096,  times: { user: 94734, nice: 0, sys: 97968, idle: 1049656, irq: 1468 }  },  {  model: 'AMD Ryzen 5 3550H with Radeon Vega Mobile Gfx ',  speed: 2096,  times: { user: 81906, nice: 0, sys: 47234, idle: 1113218, irq: 1312 }  },  {  model: 'AMD Ryzen 5 3550H with Radeon Vega Mobile Gfx ',  speed: 2096,  times: { user: 58578, nice: 0, sys: 38953, idle: 1144828, irq: 1046 }  },  {  model: 'AMD Ryzen 5 3550H with Radeon Vega Mobile Gfx ',  speed: 2096,  times: { user: 59406, nice: 0, sys: 34625, idle: 1148328, irq: 859 }  },  {  model: 'AMD Ryzen 5 3550H with Radeon Vega Mobile Gfx ',  speed: 2096,  times: { user: 55937, nice: 0, sys: 33125, idle: 1153296, irq: 843 }  },  {  model: 'AMD Ryzen 5 3550H with Radeon Vega Mobile Gfx ',  speed: 2096,  times: { user: 61718, nice: 0, sys: 31375, idle: 1149265, irq: 875 }  }  ]  Total Memory : 14901878784  Free Memory : 6341722112 |

* 1. **Path Module :**

//PATH Module :(We need a File to work with path Eg:f1.txt )

//NOTE : USE DOUBLE SLASHES in path.

const path = require('path');//import path Module.

//1.extname : To know the extension of a File in a Path:

let ext = path.extname('E:\\MCA\\COURSES\\NODE\_JS\\nodejs\_certification@scalar\\Module\_3\\f1.txt');

//2.basename : To know the extension of a File in a Path:

let base = path.basename('E:\\MCA\COURSES\\NODE\_JS\\nodejs\_certification@scalar\\Module\_3\\f1.txt');

console.log(ext);

console.log(base);

//3.To display the path of current file (this file)

console.log(\_\_filename);

//4.To display the directory of current file (this file)

console.log(\_\_dirname);

/\*

output :

.txt

f1.txt

e:\MCA\COURSES\NODE\_JS\nodejs\_certification@scalar\Module\_3\pathModule.js

e:\MCA\COURSES\NODE\_JS\nodejs\_certification@scalar\Module\_3

\*/

* 1. **FS Module with Files [readFileSync(),writeFileSync(),appendFileSync(),unlinkSync() ].**

//FS Module with files :(TO handle Files)

const fs = require('fs');//import fs.

//Create f1.txt ,f2.txt and f3.txt

//1.Reading a file [readFileSync()]:

let fileContent = fs.readFileSync('f1.txt');

console.log('Data of FIle 1 - >' + fileContent);//Use '+' to convert buffer to string data.

//2.Writing in a File [writeFileSync()],(Data inside will be overwritten) :

fs.writeFileSync('f2.txt','File 2 is Overwritten');//File 2 will be overwritten

//Even if f2.txt is not there it will create it.

console.log('File has been written');

//3.Append to a File[appendFileSync()],(Updating a File) :

fs.appendFileSync('f3.txt','Updating File 3');

console.log('File has been appended');

// 4.Delete a FIle [unlinkSync()] :

fs.unlinkSync('f2.txt');

console.log('File has been deleted.');

/\*OUTPUT:

PS E:\MCA\COURSES\NODE\_JS\nodejs\_certification@scalar\Module\_3> node fs.js

Data of FIle 1 - >Hi i am file 1

File has been written

File has been appended

\*/

* 1. **FS Module with Directories :**

// //FS Module With Directory:

const fs = require('fs');//import fs.

// 1.First Create Directory [mkdirSync()] :

fs.mkdirSync('myDirectory');

// //2.Check the content inside of a  Directory [readdirSync()]:

let folderPath = 'E:\\MCA\\COURSES\\NODE\_JS\\nodejs\_certification@scalar\\Module\_3\\myDirectory';

let folderContent = fs.readdirSync(folderPath);

console.log('Folder Content : ' , folderContent);

/\*OUTPUT :

Folder Content :  [ 'f1.txt', 'f3.txt' ]

\*/

//3.Check particular directory exists or not [existSync()]:

let doesExist = fs.existsSync('myDirectory');

console.log(doesExist);//true

//4.Remove Directory []:

//Before that empty the directory.

fs.rmdirSync('myDirectory');

console.log('Directory Has been Deleted');

1. **Node Package Manager(NPM):[Third party packages that we can use in JS]**
   1. **Introduction to NPM :(We can use npm install different packages)**





* 1. **How to Install and use an NPM Package :**

1. **Create a folder and open it in terminal and run ‘npm init’:**

npm init

PS E:\MCA\COURSES\NODE\_JS\nodejs\_certification@scalar\Module\_4\npm\_package> npm init

This utility will walk you through creating a package.json file.

It only covers the most common items, and tries to guess sensible defaults.

See `npm help init` for definitive documentation on these fields

and exactly what they do.

Use `npm install <pkg>` afterwards to install a package and

save it as a dependency in the package.json file.

Press ^C at any time to quit.

package name: (npm\_package)

version: (1.0.0)

description: it is my package

entry point: (index.js)

test command:

git repository:

keywords:

author:

license: (ISC)

About to write to E:\MCA\COURSES\NODE\_JS\nodejs\_certification@scalar\Module\_4\npm\_package\package.json:

{

  "name": "npm\_package",

  "version": "1.0.0",

  "description": "it is my package",

  "main": "index.js",

  "scripts": {

    "test": "echo \"Error: no test specified\" && exit 1"

  },

  "author": "",

  "license": "ISC"

}

Is this OK? (yes)

1. **“package.json” file will be created inside that folder :**

{

  "name": "npm\_package",

  "version": "1.0.0",

  "description": "it is my package",

  "main": "index.js",

  "scripts": {

    "test": "echo \"Error: no test specified\" && exit 1"

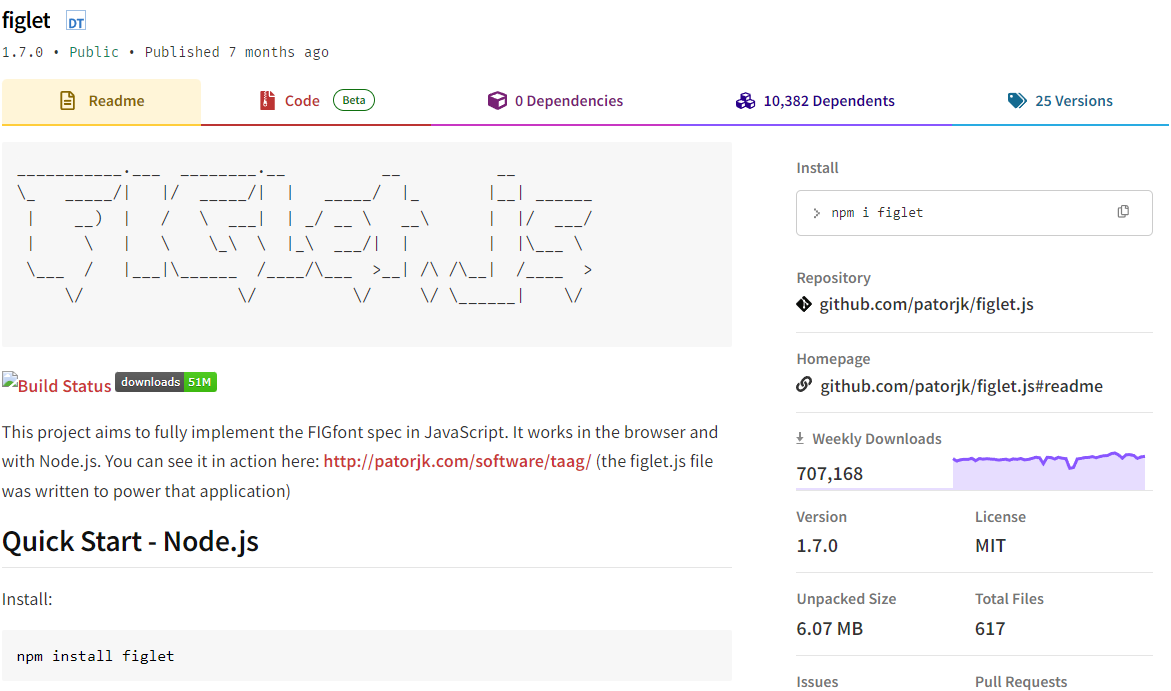
  },

  "author": "",

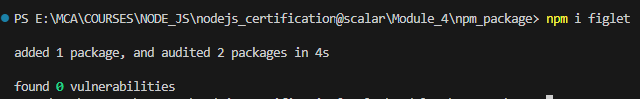
  "license": "ISC"

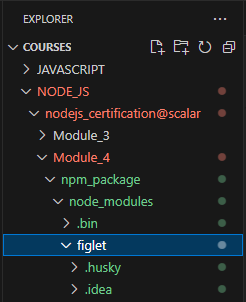
}

1. **Example : Installing ‘figlet’ package :**
2. **Goto npm site and type figlet :**



1. **Install figlet :**







1. **Add example code in a new file ‘npm\_figlet\_example.js’ :**



const figlet = require('figlet'); //figlet package which we installed is  imported.

figlet("Hello World!!", function (err, data) {

  if (err) {

    console.log("Something went wrong...");

    console.dir(err);

    return;

  }

  console.log(data);

});

PS E:\MCA\COURSES\NODE\_JS\nodejs\_certification@scalar\Module\_4\npm\_package> node .\npm\_figlet\_example.js

  \_   \_      \_ \_        \_\_        \_\_         \_     \_ \_ \_

 | | | | \_\_\_| | | \_\_\_   \ \      / /\_\_  \_ \_\_| | \_\_| | | |

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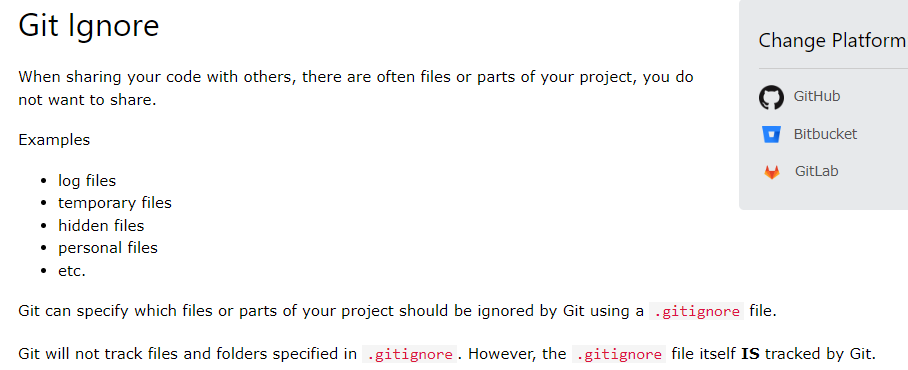
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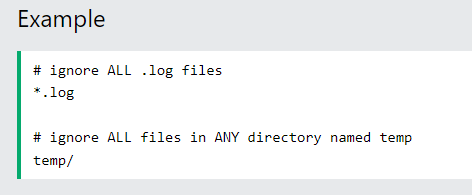
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PS E:\MCA\COURSES\NODE\_JS\nodejs\_certification@scalar\Module\_4\npm\_package>

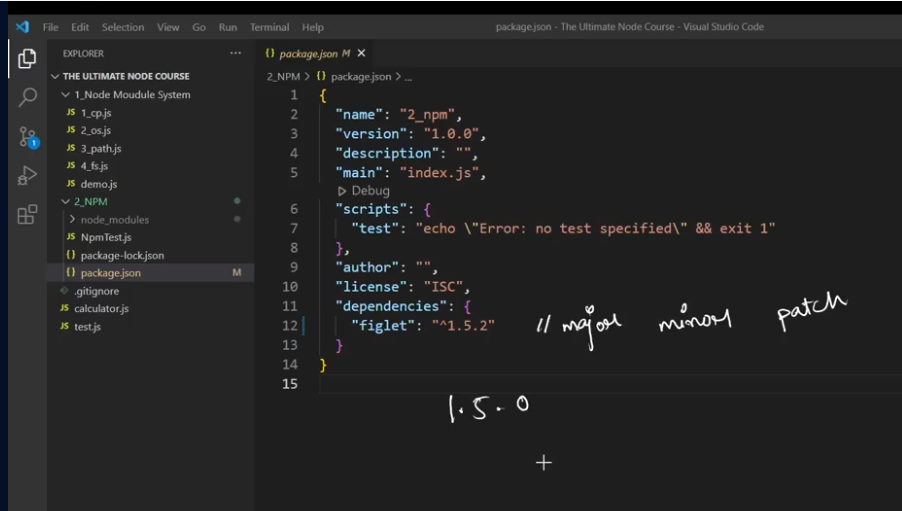
* 1. **All about ‘.gitignore ‘ :**



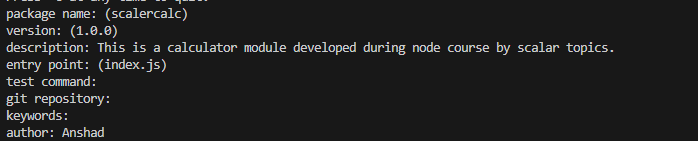




* 1. **Semantic Versioning :(major , minor , patching)**



* 1. **Publishing your own NPM package :**
     1. **First create a folder ‘scalarCalc’ .**
     2. **Then install npm : ‘npm init’.**

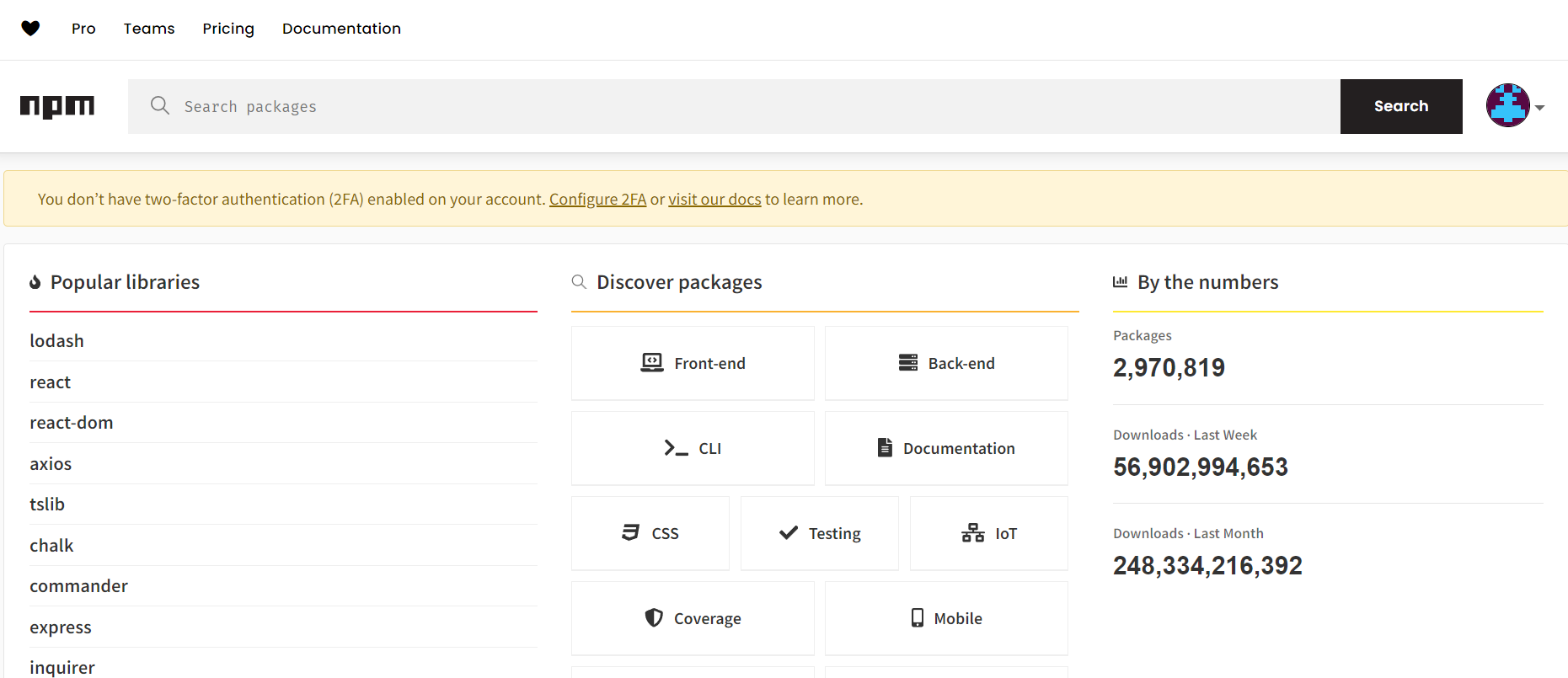


* + 1. **Now create an Account in npm .(Adding a user).It will take us into a page to create a user.**

npm adduser

* + 1. **Now Login to that .**

npm login



* + 1. **Create a file ‘index.js’ inside ‘scalarCalc’ :**

//CALCULATOR :

function add(a , b ){

    console.log( a + b );

}

function sub(a , b ){

    console.log( a - b );

}

function mul(a , b ){

    console.log( a \* b );

}

function div(a , b ){

    console.log( a / b );

}

//Exporting functions:

module.exports = {

    addition : add ,

    subtraction : sub,

    multiplication : mul,

    division : div

}

* + 1. **Now publish it :**

npm publish

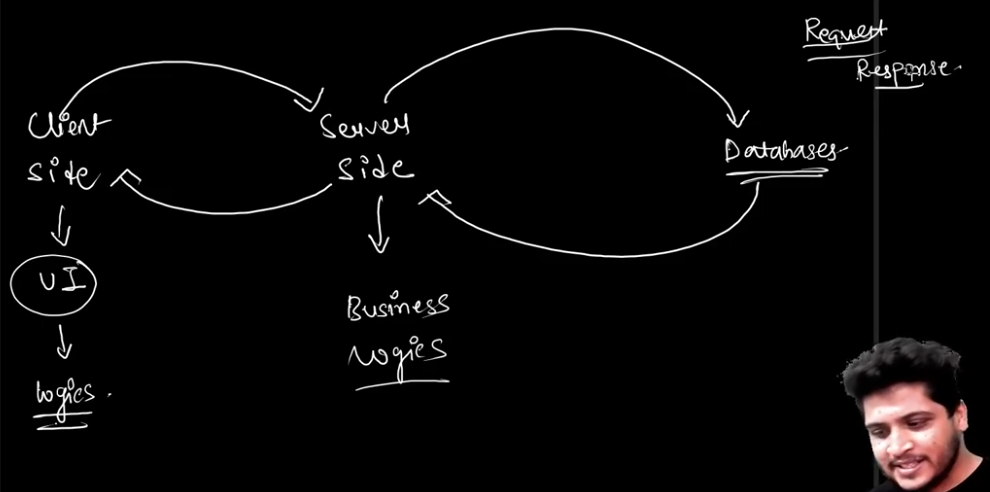
**Now Package is published to npm.**

* + 1. **Now GOTO npm site and type your package name : ‘scalarCalc’ .**
    2. **Where you can see the published npm.**
    3. **Now You can use it by :**

1. **Create a test folder.**
2. **“npm init --yes”.**
3. **“npm i scalarCalc”.**
4. **Now we can use it.by importing**

const calc = require('scalarCalc');

1. **Getting Started with Express :**
   1. **Introduction to Express :**



* ***We will be focusing on Server-side.***
* ***For that we will be using Node Js with Express.js .***



* ***What is Express.js* ?**
* **Express.js is a Framework that is built for Node JS.**
* **Node JS is not a Framework.**
* **Node JS is Runtime Environment (Server side)for JAVASCRIPT by  Ryan Dalh.**
* **Node JS uses ‘V8’ Engine.**
* **‘V8’ : is a JavaScript and WebAssembly engine developed by Google for its Chrome browser.**
* ***Features of Express.js* :**

1. **Fast and Robust Appliacations.(When you are using just Node, without using Express, you have to create to many Boilerplate codes and Configurations.You have to consider so many things.So Express is here to help you to Remove all these Boilerplate codes and Configurations)**
2. **Middlewares :( are the middle processes that execute between processes. In terms of web development, when we store passwords in a database using a server, we use middleware to encrypt our passwords to make them secure. But Node JS does not contain any middleware by default, but we can create our own custom middleware in it. Instead of Node JS, Express.js contains built-in middleware like express.static())**

app.use(express.static('public'));

1. **Routing :(Routing is the process of handling an HTTP request that defines which kind of response will be sent to the client on which particular request.**

* **In Node JS, we have a module called ‘http’ to create a server, where we create a server using http.createServer and pass a callback function to http.createServer, where we get requests and responses as parameter and using if else and URL, we setup routes).**

**NODE JS**

if (method === 'GET' && url === '/') {  
 res.end('Hello, World!');  
 }

* **In Express JS, routing and creating servers is an inbuilt feature, we don’t need to setup if else statements to setup routes. We can directly use the simple methods of Express JS to setup routes.)**

**Express.js**

app.get('/', (req, res) => { res.send('Hello, World!'); });

* 1. **Express Installation :**
     1. **Create a Folder ‘Module\_5\_Express’.**
     2. **Open Terminal and type :**

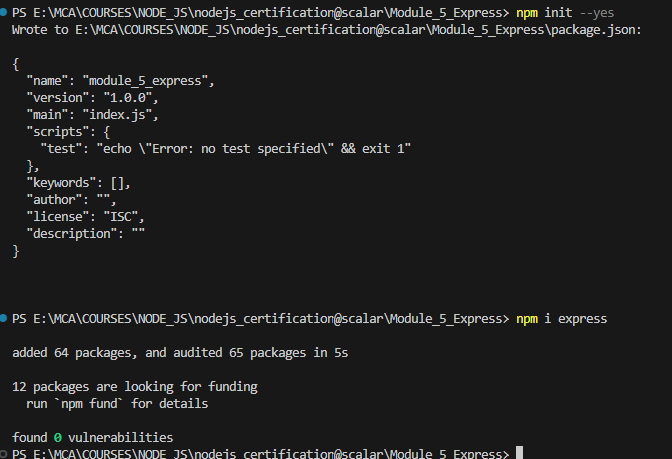
npm init --yes

* + 1. **GOTO npm website and search for ‘express’ and use the code to install express.**

npm i express

* + 1. **or You can go directly to express webpage and use the code to install.**

$ npm install express --save



* 1. **Let’s Use Express :**
     1. **Create ‘app.js’ .**

//First import Express:

const express = require('express');

//This function will return lot of methods.

//To get those methods define another variable:

const app = express();

//Methods : get() , post() , put() ,delete().

//1.get() :[To request and get response]

app.get('/',(req , res) =>{

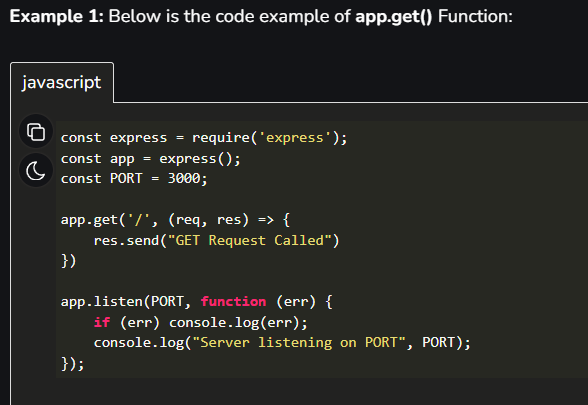
    res.send('Hello from Scalar Topics');

})

//Now if you run the code you will not see anything in output .

//This is bcs you have to Specify the PORT :

app.listen(3000,()=> console.log('Port is Running on 3000'));

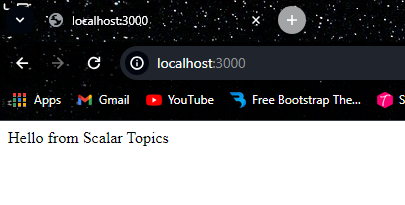


* + 1. **Now run app.js :**

node app.js



* + 1. **Goto browser and type ‘localhost:3000’.[which will display the request message we passed]:**



* + 1. **Now make some changes(add another route of ‘about’) :**

//First import Express:

const express = require('express');

//This function will return lot of methods.

//To get those methods define another variable:

const app = express();

//Methods : get() , post() , put() ,delete().

//1 app.get() :[To route HTTP GET requests to the specified path]

app.get('/',(req , res) =>{

    res.send('Hello from Scalar Topics');

})

app.get('/about',(req , res) =>{

    res.send('We create Impact');

})

//Now if you run the code you will not see anything in output .

//This is bcs you have to Specify the PORT :

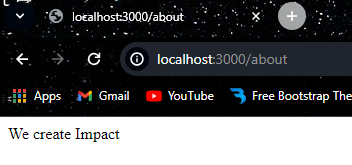
app.listen(3000,()=> console.log('Port is Running on 3000'));

* + 1. **Now to see the changes , you have to STOP THE SERVER and RUN AGAIN.(But this is not a good thing.Each time whenever we make updations we have to re run the server.Solution : ‘Nodemon’ which we will discuss in next part)**

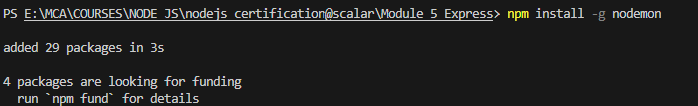
node app.js



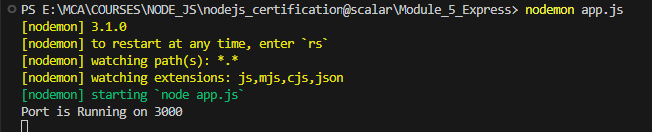
* + 1. **Goto browser and type ‘localhost:3000/about’:**



* 1. **Nodemon :(Used to automatically restarting the node application when file changes in the directory are detected.)**
     1. **To use First install Nodemon:[‘npm install -g nodemon’-To install globally]**

\

* + 1. **Now you have to run your js file using nodemon : [‘nodemon app.js’]**

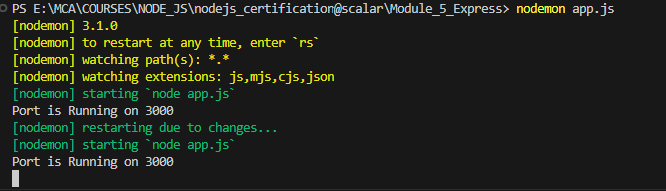


* + 1. **Now make changes and See it automatically updates :**

app.get('/contact',(req , res) =>{

    res.send('Contact us on abcd@gmail.com ');

})





* 1. **Environment Variables and PORT :[**The variable that will change according to whatever environment you are working-that is if you are working in local environment or hosted environment**].**
     1. **Here we are assigning PORT number statically.But in Production Environment PORT is assigned Dynamically.**

app.listen(3000,()=> console.log('Port is Running on 3000'));

* + 1. **So here we will use Environment Variables.[The variable that will change according to whatever environment you are working-that is if you are working in local environment or hosted environment].**
    2. **To Use Env variables ,use process object for that :**

//ENVIRONMENT VARIABLE - for PORTs

const port = process.env.PORT || 3000//for static

const port = process.env.PORT //for dynamic

app.listen(port,()=> console.log(`Port is Running on ${port}`));

* 1. **Routes Parameters :**
     1. Route parameters are named URL segments that are used to capture the values specified at their position in the URL .
     2. The captured values are populated in the “req.params” object, with the name of the route parameter specified in the path as their respective keys.
     3. Create same “app3\_route\_para.js” with same code and add new route with parameters:

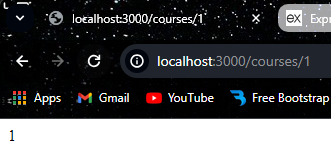
//Route Parameters :

app.get('/courses/:id',(req , res) =>{

    res.send(req.params.id); //To get id as response

    console.log(req.params);

})

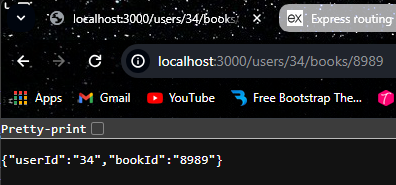


//Example 2 :

app.get('/users/:userId/books/:bookId', (req, res) => {

    res.send(req.params)

  })



* 1. **Handling Multiple Routes :**
     1. **Set objects inside an array with id and name. And then define route:**

//Handling Multiple routes:

const courses = [

    {id:1 , name : 'JavaScript'},

    {id:2 , name : 'Java'},

    {id:3 , nmae : 'Python'},

]

app.get('/courses/:coursename',(req , res) =>{

    console.log(req.params.coursename);

    let course = courses.find(course => course.name === req.params.coursename);//parseInt to convert string to int

    //To handle Error when specific course is not there.

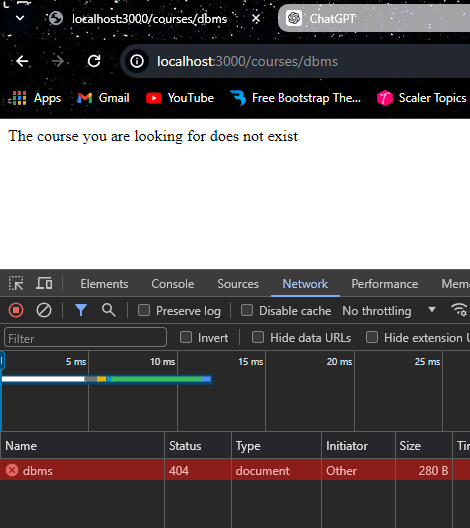
    if(!course) res.status(404).send('The course you are looking for does not exist')

    res.send(course);

})



**Handling Errors:**



* + 1. Asd
    2. Asd
  1. **Postman :**
  2. **Http Post Method :**
  3. **Http Put Method :**
  4. **Http Delete Method :**

1. **Asd**
2. **Asd**
3. **Asd**
4. **asda**