

Q1) write the apriori algorithm. solve the following by applying apriori algorithm

Consider the transaction below

TID	Item
T <sub>1</sub>	1,3,4
T <sub>2</sub>	2,3,5
T <sub>3</sub>	1,2,3,5
T <sub>4</sub>	2,5
T <sub>5</sub>	1,3,5

Generate all possible Association rule by generating Candidate Set  
Considering minimum Support as 2 and the Confidence % for the rule should be  $\geq 60\%$ .

Solution

Candidate Set C<sub>1</sub>

Item	Support count
1	3
2	3
3	4
4	1
5	4

L<sub>1</sub>

F <sub>1</sub>	Frequent Itemset
1	3
2	3
3	4
5	4

Candidate set  $C_2$

Item	Support count
1, 2	1
1, 3	3
1, 5	2
2, 3	2
2, 5	3
3, 5	3

$L_2$

$f_i$	Frequent Itemset
1, 3	3
1, 5	2
2, 3	2
2, 5	3
3, 5	3

Candidate set  $C_3$

Item	Support count
1, 3, 5	2
2, 3, 5	2

$L_3$

$f_i$	Frequent Itemset
1, 3, 5	2
2, 3, 5	2

Candidate set  $C_4$  can't be generated, thus the item set which are identified as two distinct frequent item sets are

1, 3, 5 and 2, 3, 5

Rule for  $\{1, 3, 5\}$

$$\{1, 3, 5\} \rightarrow \{1, 3\}, \{1, 5\}, \{3, 5\}, \{1\}, \{3\}, \{5\}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \{1, 3\} \Rightarrow \{1, 3, 5\} - \{1, 3\}$$

$$1 \wedge 3 \rightarrow 5$$

$$\text{Support} = \frac{2/5}{3/5} = \frac{2}{3} = \boxed{66\%}$$

② {1,5}

$$1 \text{ n } 5 \rightarrow 3$$

$$\text{Support} = \frac{2}{2} = \boxed{100\%}$$

③ {3,5}

$$3 \text{ n } 5 \rightarrow 1$$

$$\text{Support} = \frac{2}{3} = \boxed{66\%}$$

④ {1}

$$1 \rightarrow 3 \text{ n } 5$$

$$\text{Support} = \frac{2}{3} = \boxed{66\%}$$

⑤ {3}

$$3 \rightarrow 1 \text{ n } 5$$

$$\text{Support} = \frac{2}{4} = \underline{\underline{50\%}}$$

⑥ {5}

$$5 \rightarrow 1 \text{ n } 3$$

$$\text{Support} = \frac{2}{4} = \underline{\underline{50\%}}$$

Rule for  $\{2,3,5\} \rightarrow \{2,3\}, \{2,5\}, \{3,5\}, \{2\}, \{3\}, \{5\}$

①  $2 \wedge 3 \rightarrow 5$

$$\text{Support} = \frac{2/5}{2/5} = \boxed{100\%}$$

②  $\{2,5\}$

$$2 \wedge 5 \rightarrow 3$$

$$\text{Support} = \frac{2}{3} = \boxed{66\%}$$

③  $\{3,5\}$

$$3 \wedge 5 \rightarrow 2$$

$$\text{Support} = \frac{2}{3} = 66\%$$

④  $\{2\}$

$$2 \rightarrow 3 \wedge 5$$

$$\text{Support} = \frac{2}{3} = 66\%$$

⑤  $\{3\}$

$$3 \rightarrow 2 \wedge 5$$

$$\text{Support} = \frac{2}{4} = 50\%$$

⑥  $\{5\}$

$$5 \rightarrow 2 \wedge 3$$

$$\text{Support} = \frac{2}{4} = 50\%$$

Threshold Confidence :-  $\{1,3\}, \{1,5\}, \{3,5\}, \{1\}$

$\{2,3\}, \{2,5\}, \{3,5\}, \{2\}$



Q2)

Consider many transactions with minimum 15 transactions. Apply hash based technique and partitioning technique to identify frequent itemset.

TID	Items
T <sub>1</sub>	Lipstick, Mascara, Eyeliner
T <sub>2</sub>	Lipstick, Mascara
T <sub>3</sub>	Lipstick, Foundation
T <sub>4</sub>	Mascara, Nail polish
T <sub>5</sub>	Lipstick, Mascara, Foundation
T <sub>6</sub>	Nail polish, Eyeliner
T <sub>7</sub>	Lipstick, Eyeliner
T <sub>8</sub>	Mascara, Foundation
T <sub>9</sub>	Lipstick, Mascara, Eyeliner
T <sub>10</sub>	Nail polish, Foundation
T <sub>11</sub>	Lipstick, Mascara, Foundation
T <sub>12</sub>	Mascara, Eyeliner
T <sub>13</sub>	Mascara, Eyeliner, Nail polish
T <sub>14</sub>	Lipstick, Foundation, Nail polish
T <sub>15</sub>	Lipstick, Eyeliner, Foundation

Pass 1 : Counting pairs and Hashing

$$n = 7$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Pair (Lipstick, Mascara)} &: h(\text{Lipstick, Mascara}) = (1+2) \times 7 = 3 \\ \text{Pair (Lipstick, Eyeliner)} &: h(\text{Lipstick, Eyeliner}) = (1+3) \times 7 = 4 \\ \text{Pair (Lipstick, Foundation)} &: h(\text{Lipstick, Foundation}) = (1+4) \times 7 = 5 \\ \text{Pair (Lipstick, Nail polish)} &: h(\text{Lipstick, Nail polish}) = (1+5) \times 7 = 6 \\ \text{Pair (Mascara, Eyeliner)} &: h(\text{Mascara, Eyeliner}) = (2+3) \times 7 = 5 \\ \text{Pair (Mascara, Foundation)} &: h(\text{Mascara, Foundation}) = (2+4) \times 7 = 6 \\ \text{Pair (Mascara, Nail polish)} &: h(\text{Mascara, Nail polish}) = (2+5) \times 7 = 6 \end{aligned}$$

Pair (Eyeliner, Foundation):  $h(\text{Eyeliner}, \text{Foundation}) = (3+4) \times 7 = 0$

Pair (Eyeliner, Nail polish):  $h(\text{Eyeliner}, \text{Nail polish}) = (3+5) \times 7 = 1$

pair (Foundation, Nail polish):  $h(\text{Foundation}, \text{Nail polish}) = (4+5) \times 7 = 2$

Hash Bucket	Count	pair
0	2	(Mascara, Nail polish), (Eyeliner, Foundation)
1	1	(Eyeliner, Nail polish)
2	1	(Foundation, Nail polish)
3	1	(Lipstick, Mascara)
4	1	(Lipstick, eyeliner)
5	2	(Lipstick, Foundation), (Mascara, Eyeliner)
6	2	(Lipstick, Nail polish), (Mascara, Foundation)

pass 2 Filtering and Counting

Support threshold  $\geq 2$

Pair	Count
Mascara, Nail polish	2
Eyeliner, Foundation	2
Lipstick, Foundation	4
Mascara, Eyeliner	3
Lipstick, Nail polish	2
Mascara, Foundation	3

Assuming a minimum support count of 3.

## 1. partition the database

Partition 1

TID	Items
T1	Lipstick, Mascara, Eyeliner
T2	Lipstick, Mascara
T3	Lipstick, Foundation
T4	Mascara, Nail polish
T5	Lipstick, Mascara, Foundation

partition 2

TID	Items
T6	Nail polish, Eyeliner
T7	Lipstick, Eyeliner
T8	Mascara, Foundation
T9	Lipstick, Mascara, Eyeliner
T10	Nail polish, Foundation

Partition 3

TID	Items
T11	Lipstick, Mascara, Foundation
T12	Mascara, Eyeliner
T13	Mascara, Eyeliner, Nail polish
T14	Lipstick, Foundation, Nail polish
T15	Lipstick, Eyeliner, Foundation

## 2. Local Frequent Itemsets in each partitions

Partition 1 frequent Itemset

Itemset	Count
Lipstick	4
Mascara	4
Eyeliner	1
Foundation	2
Nail polish	1
Lipstick, Mascara	3
Lipstick, Foundation	2



### Partition 2

Itemset	Count
Lipstick	3
Mascara	2
Eyeline	3
Foundation	2
Nail polish	2
Lipstick, eyeline	2
Mascara, Eyeline	2

### Partition 3

Itemset	Count
Lipstick	3
Mascara	3
Eyeline	3
Foundation	3
Nail polish	2
Lipstick, Mascara	2
Lipstick, Foundation	2
Mascara, Eyeline	2

Merging the frequent Itemset

Itemset	Global Count
Lipstick	$4+3+3 = 10$
Mascara	$4+2+3 = 9$
Eyeline	$1+3+3 = 7$
Foundation	$2+2+3 = 7$
Nail polish	$1+2+2 = 5$
Lipstick, Mascara	$3+0+2 = 5$
Lipstick, Foundation	$2+0+2 = 4$
Lipstick, Eyeline	$0+2+0 = 2$
Mascara, Eyeline	$0+2+2 = 4$

Frequent Itemset are: Lipstick, Mascara, Eyeline, Foundation, Nail polish,  
(Lipstick, Mascara), (Lipstick, Foundation), (Mascara, Eyeline).