

### Infix Notation

- To add A, B, we write

  A+B
- To multiply A, B, we write
  - A\*B
- The operators ('+' and '\*') go in between the operands ('A' and 'B')
- This is "Infix" notation.

## Prefix Notation

- Instead of saying "A plus B", we could say "add A,B " and write + A B
- "Multiply A,B" would be written
  - \* A B
  - This is Prefix notation.

## Postfix Notation

Another alternative is to put the operators after the operands as in AB+

and

AB\*

This is *Postfix* notation.

## Pre A In B Post

The terms intix, pretix, and postfix tell us whether the operators go between, before, or after the operands.

#### Parentheses

- Evaluate 2+3\*5.
- + First:

$$(2+3)*5 = 5*5 = 25$$

\* First:

$$2+(3*5) = 2+15 = 17$$

■Infix notation requires Parentheses.

## What about Prefix Notation?

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$$+ 2 * 35 =$$

$$= + 2 * 35$$

$$= + 2 15 = 17$$

$$* + 2 35 =$$

$$= * + 2 35$$

$$= * 55 = 25$$
No parentheses needed!

## Postfix Notation

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## Conclusion:

Infix is the only notation that requires parentheses in order to change the order in which the operations are done.

# Fully Parenthesized Expression

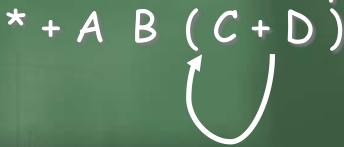
- A FPE has exactly one set of Parentheses enclosing each operator and its operands.
- Which is fully parenthesized?

$$(A + B) * C$$
 $((A + B) * C)$ 
 $((A + B) * (C))$ 

Move each operator to the left of its operands & remove the parentheses: ((A + B) \* (C + D))

Move each operator to the left of its operands & remove the parentheses: (+AB\*(C+D))

Move each operator to the left of its operands & remove the parentheses:



Move each operator to the left of its operands & remove the parentheses: \* + A B + C D

Order of operands does not change!

## Infix to Postfix

A B + C \* D E + F / 
Operand order does not change!

Operators are in order of evaluation!

# Computer Algorithm FPE Infix To Postfix

- Assumptions:
- 1. Space delimited list of tokens represents a FPE infix expression
- 2. Operands are single characters.
- 3. Operators +,-,\*,/

- Initialize a Stack for operators, output list
- Split the input into a list of tokens.
- if it is operand: append to output if it is '(': push onto Stack if it is ')': pop & append till '('

$$(((A+B)*(C-E))/(F+G))$$

- stack: <empty>
- output: []

$$((A+B)*(C-E))/(F+G))$$

- stack: (
- output: []

$$(A + B)*(C - E))/(F + G))$$

- stack: ((
- output: []

$$A + B)*(C - E))/(F + G))$$

- stack: (((
- output: []

- stack: (((
- output: [A]

$$B)*(C-E))/(F+G))$$

- stack: ( ( ( +
- output: [A]

- **stack**: ( ( ( +
- output: [A B]

- stack: ((
- output: [A B + ]

$$(C-E))/(F+G))$$

- stack: ((\*
- output: [A B + ]

- stack: ((\*(
- output: [AB+]

- stack: ((\*(
- output: [AB+C]

- stack: ((\*(-
- output: [A B + C]

- stack: ((\* (-
- output: [AB+CE]

- stack: ((\*
- output: [A B + C E ]

- stack: (
- output: [A B + C E \*]

$$(F+G)$$

- stack: (/
- output: [AB+CE-\*]

- stack: (/(
- output: [AB+CE-\*]

- stack: (/(
- output: [AB+CE-\*F]

G))

- stack: (/(+
- output: [AB+CE-\*F]

```
stack: ( / ( +
```

))

output: [AB+CE-\*FG]

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stack: (/
output: [AB+CE-*FG+]
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stack: <empty>

output: [AB+CE-\*FG+/]