Rajagiri College of Social Sciences (Autonomous)

First Semester MCA Degree Examination – October 2018

(Regular/Supplementary - 2016 admission onwards)

Code: 2212

Sub: MCA 102- Computer Organization and Architecture

Max. Marks: 75

Duration: 3Hrs

SECTION A

Answer any **TEN** questions. (Each question carries 3 marks)

10 X 3 = 30

- 1 Write the hexadecimal sequence for decimal 0 through 20.
- 2 Convert (435)₈ to decimal and hexadecimal.
- 3 Write the logic diagram and truth table for Full adder.
- What is the advantage of JK flip flop over SR flip flop?
- 5 Define the terms Microinstruction, Microroutine.
- 6 What is cache miss? How is read miss and write miss handled?
- 7 Write control signals for storing a word in memory.
- 8 List the techniques used for grouping of the control signals.
- 9 Discuss the I/O interface for an input device.
- 10 What is the purpose of MFC?
- 11 What is locality of reference?
- 12 Realize AB'+BC+A'B' using logic gates.

SECTION B

Answer ALL questions. (Each question carries 9 marks)

5 X 9 = 45

13 a) Perform the following operations on the given binary numbers:

> i. 110111.1/ 101 ii. 10110 X10.1 iii. 1001.11- 101011.01

> > [OR]

b) Perform BCD addition on the following decimal numbers:

i)
$$(113)_{10} + (101)_{10}$$

ii) (17) ₁₀ + (12)₁₀

a) What is an encoder? Design a decimal to binary encoder and explain its working.

[OR]

b) List out and illustrate the basic rules of boolean algebra.

a) Explain with necessary diagrams, the direct mapping in cache.

[OR]

- b) What is indexed mode? What are its variations?
- 16 a) With a neat block diagram, explain in detail about micro programmed control unit and explain its operations.

[OR]

- b) Describe the concept of pipelining with example.
- 17 a) Explain different mechanisms used for bus arbitration.

[OR]

b) Explain about DMA in detail.

Rajagiri College of Social Sciences (Autonomous) First Semester MCA Degree Examination- October 2018 (Regular/Supplementary – 2106 admission onwards)

Code: 2214

Sub: MCA 104- Database Management System

Max. Marks: 75

Duration: 3Hrs

SECTION A

Answer any **TEN** questions. (Each question carries 3 marks)

 $10 \times 3 = 30$

- 1 Define null values.
- What is a data model? List the types of data model used.
- 3 Describe the selection and projection operator in Relational Algebra.
 - Database systems use some variant of relational algebra to represent query evaluation plans. Explain why algebra is suitable for this purpose?
- 5 Define the Union and Decomposition rules used to infer the closure of FDs with example.
- 6 Discuss 3NF with an example.
- 7 Mention the different set operators in SQL with examples.
- 8 What do you mean by self-join? Give example.
- 9 What is the role of precedence graph in database transactions?
- 10 What are the methods for dealing deadlock problem?
- 11 List any four applications of DBMS.
- 12 Compare left outer join and right outer join.

SECTION B

Answer **ALL** questions. (Each question carries 9 marks)

 $5 \times 9 = 45$

13 a) Compare database management systems and traditional file systems. Illustrate the concept of physical and logical data independence with examples

[OR]

b) What are the categories of users in a database management system? Explain their roles.

- 14 a) Describe how to translate the following into relational tables with example.
 - (i) Entity Sets (ii) Relationship sets (iii) Relationship sets with key constraints and participation constraint.

[OR]

- b) A. Define the following operations of the relational algebra in terms of the basic operations: (i) Intersection (ii) Join (iii) Division
 - B. Consider the relations City (city_name, state) Hotel (name, address)

 City_hotel (hotel_name, city_name, owner) Answer the following queries in relational algebra
 - (i) Find the names and address of hotels in Agra.
 - (ii) List the names of cities which have no hotel.
 - (iii) List the names of the hotels owned by 'Taj Group'.
- 15 a) Discuss how schema refinement through dependency analysis and normalization can improve schemas obtained through ER design.

[OR]

- b) Given R = (CID, CNAME, CCITY, STATE, PID, PNAME, PCOST, PPROFIT, SALE, SALEDT) F = {CID ? CNAME, CCITY PID ? PNAME, PCOST, PPROFIT CCITY ? STATE, CID, PID, SALEDT ? SALE} Normalize the relation.
- 16 a) What aggregate operators does SQL Support? Explain the Group By Having clause.

 Mention any restrictions that must be satisfied by the fields that appear in the Group By clause.

[OR]

- b) What is trigger? Explain the different types of triggers with examples.
- 17 a) Explain Deadlock in transactions with example.

[OR]

b) How are users added to a database? Discuss the guidelines for managing tablespaces and objects.

Rajagiri College of Social Sciences (Autonomous) First Semester MCA Degree Examination - October 2018

(Regular/Supplementary - 2016 admission onwards)

Code: 2211

Sub: MCA 101- Probability And Statistics

Max. Marks: 75

Duration: 3Hrs

SECTION A

Answer any **TEN** questions. (Each question carries 3 marks)

 $10 \times 3 = 30$

- 1 What is standard deviation? Explain its superiority over other measures of dispersion.
- 2 Define correlation. Explain the various types of correlation with suitable examples.
- If the probability of a horse A winning a race is 1/5 and the probability of a horse B winning the same is 1/6. What is the probability that one of the horses will win?
- 4 The probability that a student Mr.X passes Mathematics is 2/3, the probability that he passes statistics is 4/9. If the probability of passing at least one subject is 4/5, what is the probability that Mr. X will pass both the subjects?
- 5 Prove that $Var(aX) = a^2 Var(X)$, where a is a constant.
- What is the probability of guessing correctly at least 6 of the ten answers in a True- False objective test?
- 7 Explain stratified sampling.
- 8 State central limit theorem.
- 9 Write a note on the power of a test.
- 10 Explain the term- Level of Significance.
- 11 Define a random variable. Distinguish discrete and continuous random variable.
- 12 What are the applications of t distribution?

SECTION B

Answer **ALL** questions. (Each question carries 9 marks)

 $5 \times 9 = 45$

13 a) Calculate the mean and standard deviation from the following data.

Value	90-99	80-89	70-79	60-69	50-59	40-49	30-39
Frequency	2	12	22	20	14	4	1

[OR]

b) Find the rank Corelation Coefficient between poverty and overcrowding from the table below:

Town	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J
Poverty	17	13	15	16	6	11	14	9	7	12
Over crowding	36	46	35	24	12	18	27	22	2	8

- 14 a) (i) 20% of all students in a university are graduates and 80% are undergraduates.

 The probability that graduate students are married is 0.50 and the probability that an undergraduate student is married is 0.10. If a student is selected at random, what is the probability that the student is married?
 - (ii) If A and B are independent events, prove that A and B' are independent.

[OR]

- b) There are 4 men and 3 women. Find the probability of selecting 3 of which
 - i) Exactly two are women.
 - ii) No woman.
 - iii) At least one woman.
 - iv At the most 2 women.
- 15 a) If a random variable X follows Poisson distribution such that P(X=1)=P(X=2), find a) the mean and variance of the distribution b) P(X=0).

[OR]

- b) A manufacturer of blades knows that 5% of his product is defective. If he sells blades in boxes of 100, and guarantees that no more than 10 blades will be defective, what is the probability that a box will fail to meet the guarantee quality? (e-5= 0.0067).
- 16 a) What are the main steps involved in a sample survey?

OR

- b) Describe the important properties of a good estimator.
- 17 a) In a big city 325 men out of 600 men were found to be smokers. Does this information support the conclusion that the majority of men in this city are smokers?

 [State the hypothesis clearly]

[OR]

b) Godrej Soap Manufacturing Company was distributing a particular brand of soap through a large number of retail shops. Before a heavy advertisement campaign, the mean sales per week per shop was 140 dozens. After the campaign, a sample of 26 shops was taken and the mean sales was found to be 147 dozens with standard deviation 16. Can you consider the advertisement effective? Use 5% level of significance.

Rajagiri College of Social Sciences (Autonomous) First Semester MCA Degree Examination - October 2018 (Regular/Supplementary – 2016 admission onwards)

Code: 2213

Sub: MCA 103 - Problem Solving with Structured Programming in C

Max. Marks: 75 Duration: 3Hrs

SECTION A

Answer any **TEN** questions. (Each question carries 3 marks)

10 X 3 = 30

- 1 How floats are stored in memory?
- 2 What is an object module?
- 3 What do you mean by nesting of loops?
- State the difference between getc() and getchar() functions.
- 5 What are the benefits of declaring a static variable as local?
- 6 What is a function declaration and definition?
- 7 Write a program to copy one string into another without using string functions.
- 8 What is a union? How does it differ from structure?
- 9 What do the statement "int k = 0x32;" mean?
- What do the statement mean fp=fopen("test.txt", "r+");
- 11 Find the output of
 - a) a=5; printf("%d,%d",++a,++a);
 - b) a=10; printf("%d,%d", a++, a+1);
- 12 Discuss the statement int *ptr = &a;

SECTION B

Answer **ALL** questions. (Each question carries 9 marks)

5 X 9 = 45

13 a) State the rules for naming variables. Differentiate identifier & variable.

[OR]

- b) List out the main features of C Language.
- 14 a) Draw the flowchart and write the algorithm to find the reverse of a given number.

[OR]

b) Write the syntax of printf() function with format control string and conversion specification.

15 a) Write a C program to check whether a string is a palindrome or not?

[OR]

- b) Write a C program to calculate the largest of 3 numbers using functions.

 Provide functions for input, process and output.
- 16 a) Provide user-defined functions for adding, deleting and searching for books.

 Explain with an example to create a structure book.

OR

- c) What is a pointer? What is the difference between a pointer to an array & array of pointers?
- 17 a) What are the different storage classes? Explain each with example.

[OR]

b) What is a file? Discuss its types and uses. Discuss any two file handling operation in C.

Rajagiri College of Social Sciences (Autonomous) First Semester MCA Degree Examination – October 2018 (Regular/Supplementary – 2016 admission onwards)

Code: 2215

Sub: MCA 105- Essentials of Management & Organization Behaviour

Max. Marks: 75

Duration: 3Hrs

SECTION A

Answer any **TEN** questions. (Each question carries 3 marks)

 $10 \times 3 = 30$

- 1 Explain four of Henry Fayol's Principles.
- 2 Explain Levels of Management.
- 3 Explain any two types of employment tests done during the selection process.
- 4 Mention the external sources of recruitment.
- 5 What is coordination? Explain its importance.
- 6 Define leadership. What are the characteristics of leadership?
- 7 Explain the Product Life Cycle.
- 8 Explain the following terms: 1. Target Market. 2. Satisfied Customers.
- 9 Explain Self-Esteem and Self-Monitoring.
- 10 Explain the sixteen primary traits of Personality.
- 11 Explain the following Terms: 1. Power. 2. Accountability.
- 12 "Physiological needs in Maslow's need hierarchy theory is more important than other needs". Comment.

SECTION B

Answer **ALL** questions. (Each question carries 9 marks)

5 X 9 = 45

13 a) Illustrate the functions of management in detail.

[OR]

- b) Management is an Art or Science. Justify your answer.
- 14 a) Narrate in brief the different types of organisation.

[OR]

b) State and explain the stages of selection process.

15 a) Define leadership. Explain the importance of good leadership in an organisation. Explain the qualities of a good leader.

[OR]

- b) What are the essentials of a good control system?
- 16 a) What do you mean by Advertising Media? Are all advertising media suitable for all type of businesses? Justify your Answer.

[OR]

- b) What is Market Research? Explain its importance in modern business.
- 17 a) Define stress. Bring out the impact of stress on performance and satisfaction of employees.

[OR]

b) What is perception? Explain the factors affecting perception. How can you improve perception?