STAT 261, Lab 2

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HIV prevalence from WHO

1601 Zimbabwe 1995

- Estimated HIV prevalence was obtained from the gapminder website https://www.gapminder.org/data/
 - Estimated number of people living with HIV per 100 population of age group 15-49.
 - Original data source is the UNAIDS online database at http://www.aidsinfoonline.org
- A spreadsheet of the data, HIVprev.csv, is necessary for this lab.

We can read in these data as follows (we'll learn about reading in data later in STAT 260):

```
library(tidyverse) # you must have already installed the tidyverse package
## Warning: package 'tidyverse' was built under R version 4.0.2
## -- Attaching packages -----
## v ggplot2 3.3.2
                       v purrr
                                 0.3.4
## v tibble 3.0.1
                       v dplyr
                                 0.8.5
## v tidyr
            1.1.2
                       v stringr 1.4.0
                       v forcats 0.5.0
## v readr
            1.3.1
## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 4.0.2
## Warning: package 'tidyr' was built under R version 4.0.2
## Warning: package 'readr' was built under R version 4.0.2
## Warning: package 'forcats' was built under R version 4.0.2
## -- Conflicts -----
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                    masks stats::lag()
hiv <- read.csv("HIVprev.csv", stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
hiv <- select(hiv,Country, year, prevalence)</pre>
Take a look at the top and bottom few lines of raw data.
head(hiv)
     Country year prevalence
## 1 Algeria 1990
                        0.06
## 2 Algeria 1991
                        0.06
## 3 Algeria 1992
                        0.06
## 4 Algeria 1993
                        0.06
## 5 Algeria 1994
                        0.06
## 6 Algeria 1995
                        0.06
tail(hiv)
         Country year prevalence
```

25.1

```
26.2
## 1602 Zimbabwe 1996
## 1603 Zimbabwe 1997
                             26.5
## 1604 Zimbabwe 1998
                             26.3
## 1605 Zimbabwe 1999
                             25.7
## 1606 Zimbabwe 2000
                             24.8
summary(hiv)
                             year
##
      Country
                                          prevalence
                                        Min.
##
   Length: 1606
                               :1990
                                               : 0.060
                        Min.
    Class : character
##
                        1st Qu.:1992
                                        1st Qu.: 0.060
##
    Mode :character
                        Median:1995
                                        Median : 0.200
##
                        Mean
                               :1995
                                               : 1.575
```

3rd Qu.: 1.100

Max.

:26.500

Exercises:

##

##

1. Plot time series of HIV prevalence by year for each country.

3rd Qu.:1998

:2000

Max.

- 2. Redo the above plot but experiment with different alpha values. What problem does setting a small alpha overcome? What feature of the graph is hidden when we do not set alpha?
- 3. In the following code chunk we create a new dataset comprised of countries that had HIV prevalence greater than 10% in one or more of the years monitored (we will learn about this kind of "data wrangling" in future lectures of STAT 260).

Add red lines for the above countries to your time series plot.