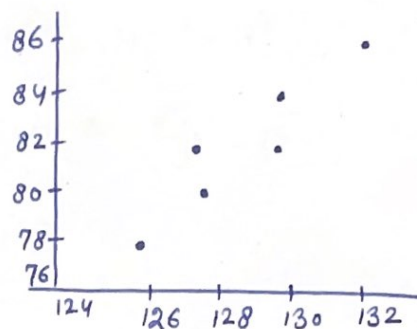


PCA EXAMPLEQuestion:

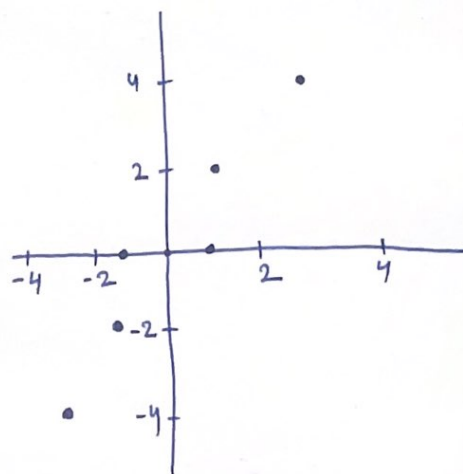
A	B
126	78
128	80
128	82
130	82
130	84
132	86

Solution:Step ①Centralize data

$$\text{mean}(A) = 129$$

$$\text{mean}(B) = 82$$

A	B
$126 - 129 = -3$	$78 - 82 = -4$
$128 - 129 = -1$	$80 - 82 = -2$
$128 - 129 = -1$	$82 - 82 = 0$
$130 - 129 = 1$	$82 - 82 = 0$
$130 - 129 = 1$	$84 - 82 = 2$
$132 - 129 = 3$	$86 - 82 = 4$



(2)

Step ② Covariance Matrix

$$\text{var}(A) = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum (A_i - \text{mean}(A))^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{6-1} ((-3)^2 + (-1)^2 + (-1)^2 + 1^2 + 1^2 + 3^2)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{5} (9 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 9) \Rightarrow \frac{22}{5} = \boxed{4.4}$$

$$\text{var}(B) = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum (B_i - \text{mean}(B))^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{5} ((-4)^2 + (-2)^2 + 0^2 + 0^2 + 2^2 + 4^2)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{5} (16 + 4 + 4 + 16) = \boxed{8}$$

$$\text{cov}(A, B) = \text{cov}(B, A) = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum (A_i - \text{mean}(A))(B_i - \text{mean}(B))$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{5} ((-3)(-4) + (-1)(-2) + (-1)(0) + 1(0) + 1(2) + 3(4))$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{5.6}$$

Hence,

covariance matrix is

$$\begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} A & B \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} A \\ B \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 4.4 & 5.6 \\ 5.6 & 8.0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

③

Step ③ Calculate Eigen Values of Covariance Matrix

$$\det \left( \begin{bmatrix} 4.4 & 5.6 \\ 5.6 & 8 \end{bmatrix} - \lambda \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \right) = 0$$

$$\det \left( \begin{bmatrix} 4.4 & 5.6 \\ 5.6 & 8 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda \end{bmatrix} \right) = 0, \det \begin{bmatrix} 4.4-\lambda & 5.6 \\ 5.6 & 8-\lambda \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$(4.4-\lambda)(8-\lambda) - (5.6)(5.6) = 0$$

Solving this will give 2 eigen values

$$\lambda_1 = 12.08$$

$$\lambda_2 = 0.32$$

Step ④ Calculate Eigen Vectors Corresponding to these Eigen values:

a. Eigen vector corresponding to 12.08

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4.4 & 5.6 \\ 5.6 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = 12.08 \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$4.4x + 5.6y = 12.08x$$

$$5.6x + 8.0y = 12.08y$$

Solving these equations will give

$$y = 1.37x$$

Hence,

Eigen vector corresponding to 12.08 is

$$V_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1.37 \end{bmatrix}$$

(4)

Normalize this vector  $v_1$  to unit vector by

$$\sqrt{1^2 + (1.37)^2} = 1.69$$

$$v_1 = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{1.69} \\ \frac{1.37}{1.69} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.59 \\ 0.81 \end{bmatrix}$$

b. Similarly compute eigen vector corresponds to eigen value 0.32.

$$v_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -0.81 \\ 0.59 \end{bmatrix}$$

step ⑤ Order the eigen vector in decreasing order of their eigen values:

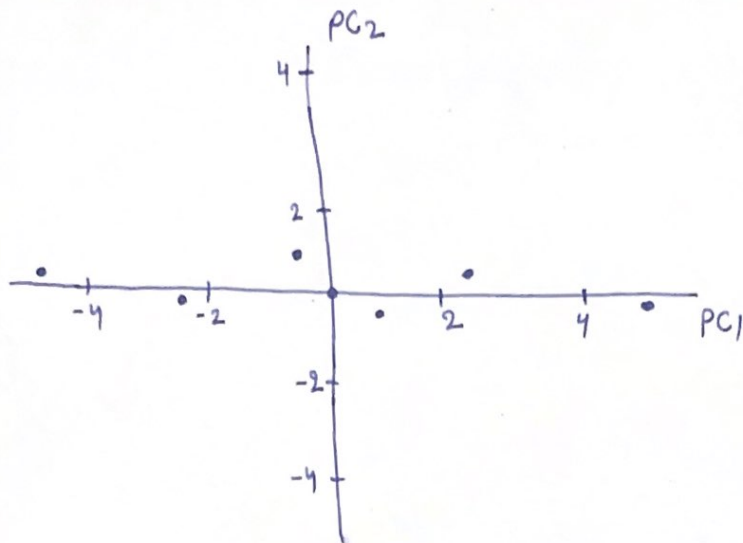
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0.59 & -0.81 \\ 0.81 & 0.59 \end{bmatrix}$$

step ⑥ Calculate principal Components

$$\begin{bmatrix} -3 & -4 \\ -1 & -2 \\ -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0.59 & -0.81 \\ 0.81 & 0.59 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} -5.0 & 0.1 \\ -2.2 & -0.4 \\ -0.6 & 0.8 \\ 0.6 & -0.8 \\ 2.2 & 0.4 \\ 5.0 & -0.1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(5)



Now we can see that variance is low in  $PC_2$  direction. Therefore, we can discard  $PC_2$ .

$$\% \text{ variance of } PC_1 = \frac{12.08}{12.08 + 0.32} \Rightarrow 97.4\%$$