Task Management System Requirement Document

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1. Introduction

This document outlines the requirements for a **full-stack task management system**, designed to enable users to manage their tasks efficiently. The application supports essential features such as **user registration**, **login**, **task creation**, **updating**, **filtering**, and **role-based access control**. To ensure business integrity, it enforces rules like preventing task creation on **public holidays** and **weekends**.

It is designed as a **scalable**, **secure**, and **user-friendly** system, with a frontend built in **Angular 19** and a backend powered by **Node.js and PostgreSQL**.

2. Functional Requirements

- Authentication & User Management (JWT Authentication, Role-Based Access Control)
- CRUD Operations on Tasks
- Task Filtering & Pagination
- Tasks Cannot Be Created on Public Holidays & Weekends
- Only Admins Can Delete Tasks

3. Non-Functional Requirements

3.1 Security

- **JWT Authentication** Users sign in via **JWT tokens** to access APIs.
- Role-Based Access Control (RBAC) Admins/validators can delete, users cannot.
- Rate Limiting Express Rate Limit to prevent API abuse.
- Soft Deletes for Audit Deleted tasks remain stored but hidden.
- Input Validation Zod/Yup validation to prevent bad inputs.
- **Database Indexing** Speeds up querying and prevents performance bottlenecks.
- Data Encryption Passwords are stored using bcrypt.
- Helmet.js for setting secure HTTP headers.
- Environment variables are managed via .env for secrets like JWT_SECRET.

3.2 Performance Optimization

- Indexed DB gueries for fast database access.
- Pagination on task APIs to limit large responses.
- Public holiday data is cached in a DB table to avoid external API calls.
- Frontend responsiveness: Used CDS and tailwind.
- Angular lazy loading and module chunking to reduce load time.

Optimized filtering using Sequelize query conditions.

3.3 Scalability

- Modular, component-based Angular 19 frontend.
- API-first design on the backend (Node.js + Express).
- Dockerized app for containerized deployment.
- Supports horizontal scaling via Docker Compose / Kubernetes.

3.4 Error Handling

- Centralized global error handling using middleware.
- Consistent API response structure with success, message, and data.
- Logging via custom LoggingService.

3.5 Testing & CI/CD

- Unit tests were implemented using Jest / Jasmine.
- Integrated with CircleCI for continuous integration.
- Automated build + Docker image generation.
- Test coverage reports to ensure code reliability.

3.6 Swagger API Documentation

- Swagger UI exposed at /api-docs.
- Uses swagger-jsdoc with inline annotations in routes & controllers.
- Contract-first design reviewed across teams before freezing.

3.7 Best Practices & Production Considerations

- Secure headers, HTTPS enforcement, and CORS control
- Persist JWT token via HTTPS only cookie for secure authentication across network.
- SQL Injection protection with Sequelize ORM.
- Validation for input types & enum values (e.g. role, priority).
- Metadata (roles, priorities, public holidays) fetched via global API /api/meta for consistency across UI forms.
- Built using **Angular 19** for the latest performance, SSR, and standalone APIs.

4. Agile Considerations

- Incremental feature rollout
- Sprint-based approach for task completion
- User feedback-driven iterations

4.1 Goals:

- Provide a secure and role-based task management system
- Ensure intuitive and responsive UI
- Support task filtering & pagination
- Prevent task creation on public holidays & weekends Allow only Admins to delete tasks

4.2 User Stories:

ID	User Story	Benefit
1	As a user, I want to create tasks with a title, description, priority, and due date.	Allows users to manage their workload.
2	As a user, I want to filter tasks based on priority or due date.	Make tasks search efficient.
3	As a user, I want to paginate through tasks.	Improves performance and usability.
4	As an admin, I want to delete tasks.	Maintains data integrity and control.
5	As a user, I want to mark tasks as completed.	Helps in tracking task progress.
6	As a system, I want to prevent task creation on public holidays & weekends.	Ensures compliance with business rules.
7	As a user, I want to undo my changes on task	Help is reverting any unexpected changes

4.3 Sprint Breakdown:

Sprint	Features	
Sprint 0	Discovery Planning & Setup	
Sprint 1	User authentication, Task CRUD API	
Sprint 2 Frontend integration, UI design		
Sprint 3	Filtering, Pagination	

5. Acceptance Criteria

ID	Feature	Acceptance Criteria
1	Authentication	Users can register/login via JWT.
2	Task CRUD	Users can create, update, and view tasks.
3	Filtering & Pagination	Users can filter tasks and paginate results.
4	Public Holiday & Weekend Restriction	Task creation is blocked on public holidays & weekends.
5	Undo Feature	Users can undo the last change within 2 minutes of the change being made
6	Role-Based Access	Admins can delete tasks.

6. Assumptions made:

- 1. Assuming to show the public holiday dates disabled on the due date picker.
- 2. Storing public holidays in the database
- 3. Setting role and priorities values as an enum
- 4. Sending the public holiday and enum constant values to the front end using app metadata api.
- 5. Assuming a one-level undo feature from BE and DB and allowing the user to undo
- 6. Schedule a script to run at the end of the day, to remove the historical records which are older than 20mins.
- 7. Assuming reset form feature on FE form

7. API Endpoints & JSON Contracts

Please check the JSON contract file on the link provided below: **json-contract.txt**

8. Testing Plan Summary

Layer	Tool / Framework	Purpose / Coverage
Backend	Jest + Supertest	Unit & API tests for endpoints, role logic, validation
Frontend	Jasmine + Karma	Component tests, MobX store logic
Integration	Postman + Cypress	End-to-end task flows (create \rightarrow update \rightarrow delete)
API Contract Validation	Swagger / OpenAPI	Live testing, schema validation, and API contract enforcement

9. Deployment & DevOps Strategy

- CI/CD Pipelines (GitHub Actions)
- Containerized (Docker)
- Production Hosting (AWS, GCP, or Vercel for frontend)

10. Open Questions

- 1. Should we integrate a task calendar view?
- 2. Should users be able to assign tasks to other users?
- 3. Should admins be able to override public holiday restrictions?