

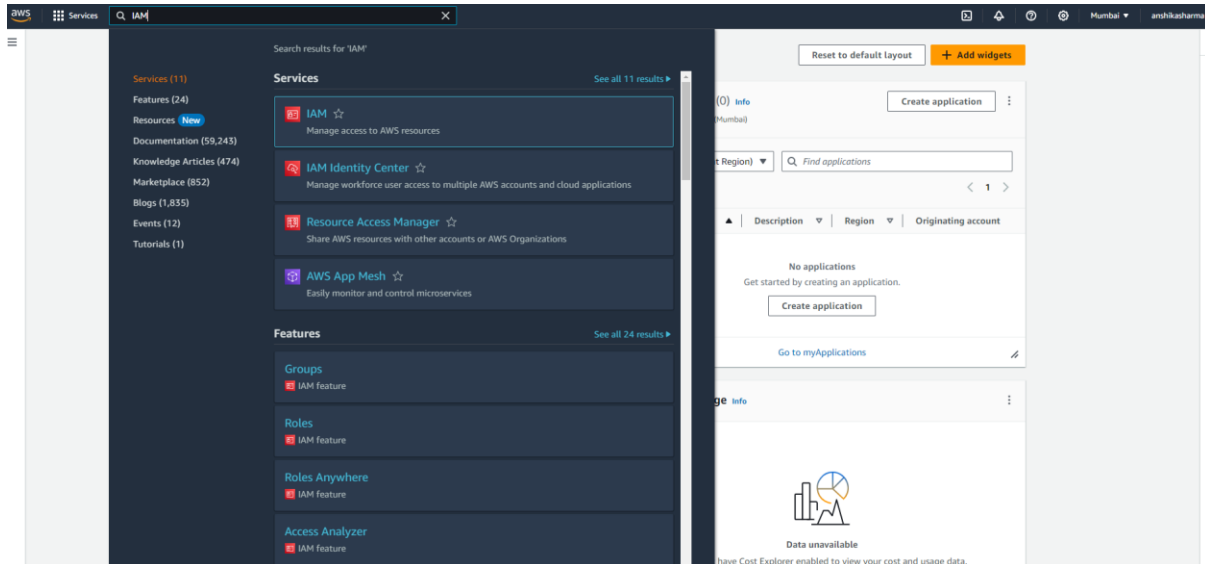
Practical-3 Identity Access Management

Name: Anshika Sharma

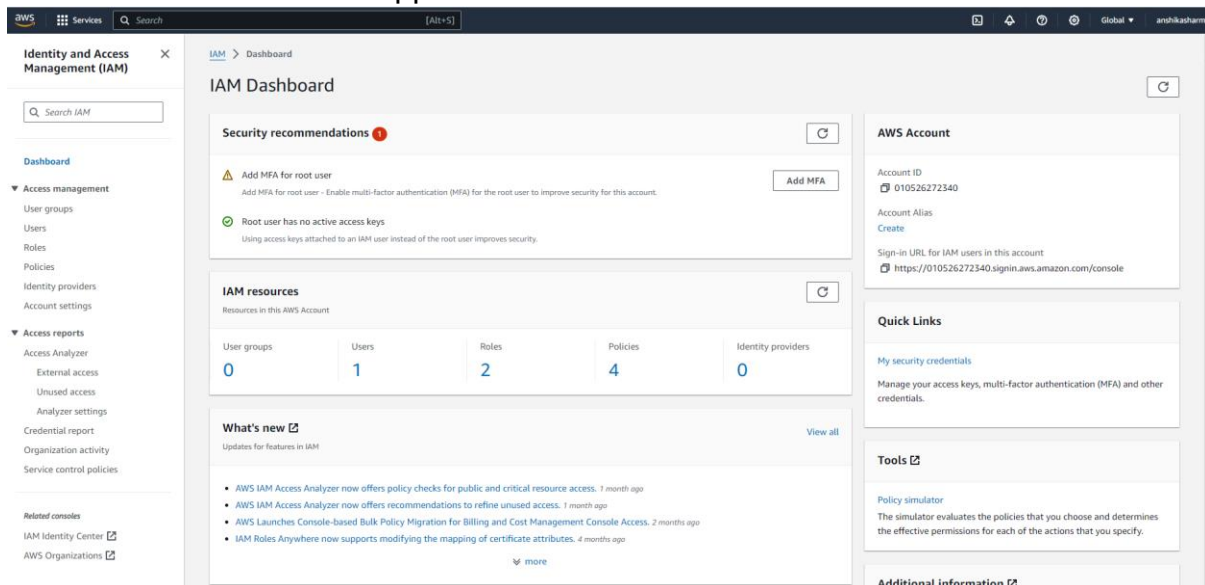
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Roll No: A061

1.Navigate to the search bar and search for "IAM."



2.The IAM dashboard will appear.



3.Select "Users" from the left pane. Enter the user details and click "Next."

The screenshot shows the 'Specify user details' step in the AWS IAM console. The left sidebar indicates the current step is 'Specify user details' (Step 1), with 'Set permissions' (Step 2) and 'Review and create' (Step 3) as subsequent steps. The main content area is titled 'Specify user details' and contains a 'User details' section. In this section, the 'User name' field is populated with 'anshika_sharma'. Below the field, a note states: 'The user name can have up to 64 characters. Valid characters: A-Z, a-z, 0-9, and + = , @ _ - (hyphen)'. There is an unchecked checkbox for 'Provide user access to the AWS Management Console - optional' with a note: 'If you're providing console access to a person, it's a best practice to manage their access in IAM Identity Center.' A blue information box at the bottom of the section states: 'If you are creating programmatic access through access keys or service-specific credentials for AWS CodeCommit or Amazon Keyspaces, you can generate them after you create this IAM user. Learn more'. At the bottom right of the form are 'Cancel' and 'Next' buttons.

4.Set permissions by selecting "Add user to group."

The screenshot shows the 'Set permissions' step in the AWS IAM console. The left sidebar indicates the current step is 'Set permissions' (Step 2), with 'Specify user details' (Step 1) and 'Review and create' (Step 3) as other steps. The main content area is titled 'Set permissions' and includes a sub-header 'Add user to an existing group or create a new one. Using groups is a best-practice way to manage user's permissions by job functions. Learn more'. Below this, the 'Permissions options' section has three radio buttons: 'Add user to group' (selected), 'Copy permissions', and 'Attach policies directly'. The 'Add user to group' option has a description: 'Add user to an existing group, or create a new group. We recommend using groups to manage user permissions by job function.' The 'Copy permissions' option has a description: 'Copy all group memberships, attached managed policies, and inline policies from an existing user.' The 'Attach policies directly' option has a description: 'Attach a managed policy directly to a user. As a best practice, we recommend attaching policies to a group instead. Then, add the user to the appropriate group.' Below these options is a blue information box titled 'Get started with groups' with the text: 'Create a group and select policies to attach to the group. We recommend using groups to manage user permissions by job function, AWS service access, or custom permissions. Learn more'. To the right of this box is a 'Create group' button. At the bottom of the form are 'Cancel', 'Previous', and 'Next' buttons.

5.Review the details and click "Create user."

The screenshot shows the 'Review and create' step of the AWS IAM 'Create user' process. The left sidebar indicates the progress: Step 1 (Specify user details), Step 2 (Set permissions), and Step 3 (Review and create). The main content area is titled 'Review and create' and includes a sub-header 'User details'. Below this, there are three fields: 'User name' (anshika_sharma), 'Console password type' (None), and 'Require password reset' (No). A 'Permissions summary' section shows a table with columns 'Name', 'Type', and 'Used as', but it is currently empty with the message 'No resources'. Below the permissions summary is a 'Tags - optional' section with a note that tags are key-value pairs used to identify, organize, or search for resources. It states 'No tags associated with the resource.' and provides an 'Add new tag' button. At the bottom right, there are three buttons: 'Cancel', 'Previous', and 'Create user'.

Step 1
Specify user details

Step 2
Set permissions

Step 3
Review and create

Review and create

Review your choices. After you create the user, you can view and download the autogenerated password, if enabled.

User details

User name anshika_sharma	Console password type None	Require password reset No
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Permissions summary

Name	Type	Used as
No resources		

Tags - optional

Tags are key-value pairs you can add to AWS resources to help identify, organize, or search for resources. Choose any tags you want to associate with this user.

No tags associated with the resource.

[Add new tag](#)

You can add up to 50 more tags.

[Cancel](#) [Previous](#) [Create user](#)

6.The user is successfully created.

The screenshot shows the 'Users' page in the AWS IAM console. A green banner at the top indicates 'User created successfully' with a 'View user' button. The left sidebar shows the 'Identity and Access Management (IAM)' menu with options like 'Dashboard', 'Access management', 'Access reports', and 'Related consoles'. The main content area is titled 'Users (1) info' and includes a search bar. Below the search bar is a table with columns: 'User name', 'Path', 'Group', 'Last activity', 'MFA', 'Password age', 'Console last sign-in', 'Access key ID', and 'Active key age'. The table contains one entry for the user 'anshika_sharma'.

Identity and Access Management (IAM)

Search IAM

Dashboard

Access management

- User groups
- Users**
- Roles
- Policies
- Identity providers
- Account settings

Access reports

- Access Analyzer
- External access
- Unused access
- Analyzer settings
- Credential report
- Organization activity
- Service control policies

Related consoles

- [IAM Identity Center](#)
- [AWS Organizations](#)

User created successfully

You can view and download the user's password and email instructions for signing in to the AWS Management Console.

[View user](#)

Users (1) info

An IAM user is an identity with long-term credentials that is used to interact with AWS in an account.

Search

	User name	Path	Group	Last activity	MFA	Password age	Console last sign-in	Access key ID	Active key age
<input type="checkbox"/>	anshika_sharma	/	0	-	-	-	-	-	-

7.Click on the newly created user named "anshika_sharma." Navigate to Security Credentials and click on "Enable Console Access."

Identity and Access Management (IAM)

anshika_sharma

Summary

ARN arn:aws:iam::010526272340:user/anshika_sharma	Console access Disabled	Access key 1 Create access key
Created August 03, 2024, 14:39 (UTC+05:30)	Last console sign-in -	

Permissions | **Groups** | **Tags** | **Security credentials** | **Access Advisor**

Console sign-in

Console sign-in link
<https://010526272340.signin.aws.amazon.com/console>

Console password
Not enabled

Multi-factor authentication (MFA) (0)

Use MFA to increase the security of your AWS environment. Signing in with MFA requires an authentication code from an MFA device. Each user can have a maximum of 8 MFA devices assigned. [Learn more](#)

[Remove](#) [Resync](#) [Assign MFA device](#)

Type	Identifier	Certifications	Created on
No MFA devices. Assign an MFA device to improve the security of your AWS environment			

[Assign MFA device](#)

8. Customize the password and then click on "Enable Console Access."

Enable console access

Enable console access for anshika_sharma.

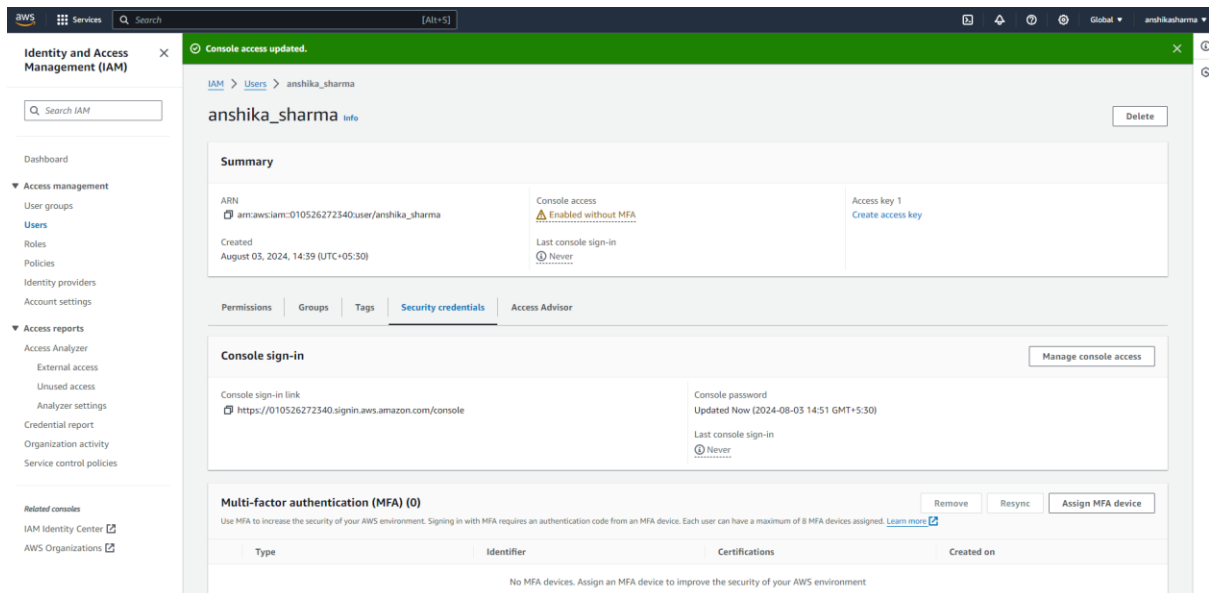
Console password

☒ Autogenerated password

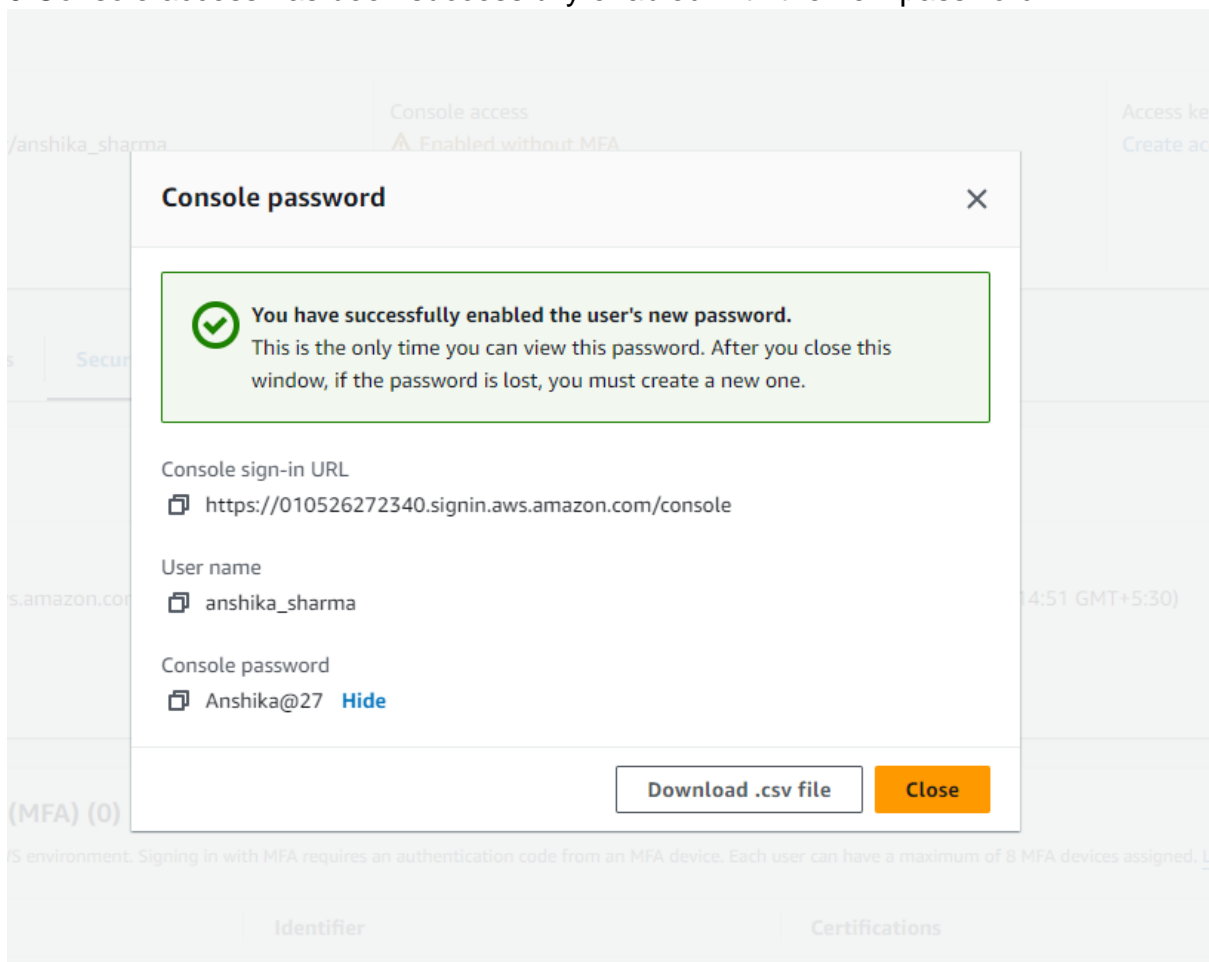
☐ Custom password

☐ User must create new password at next sign-in
Users automatically get the [IAMUserChangePassword](#) policy to allow them to change their own password.

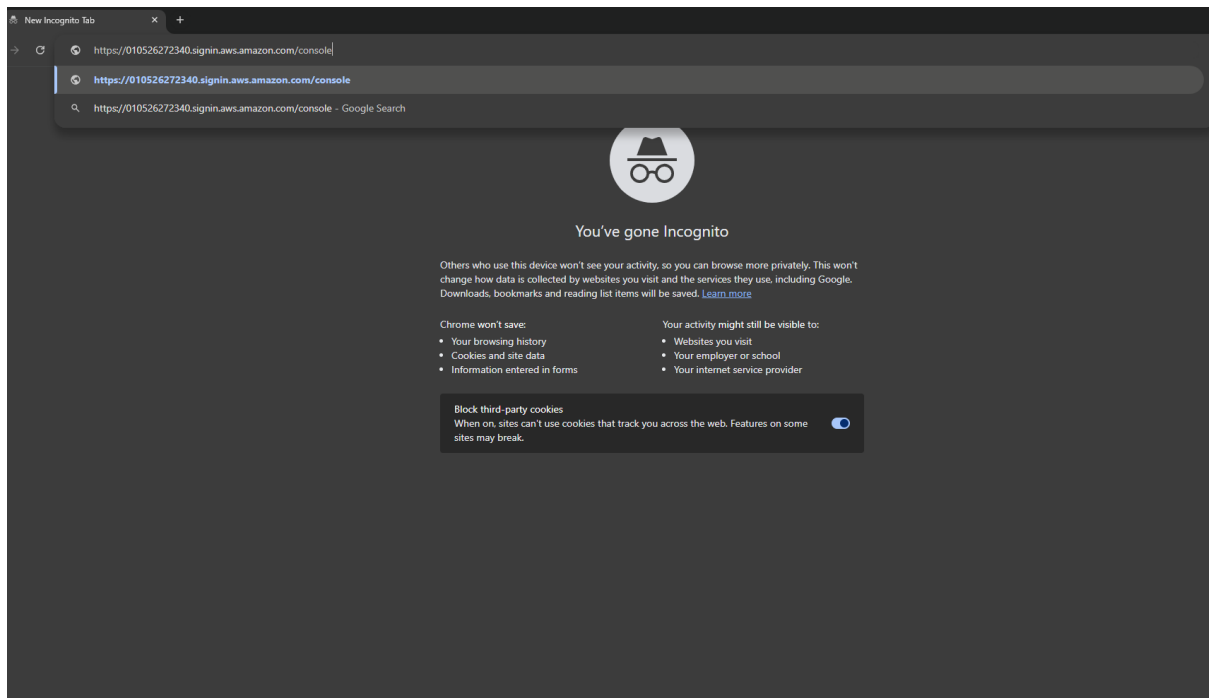
[Cancel](#) [Enable console access](#)



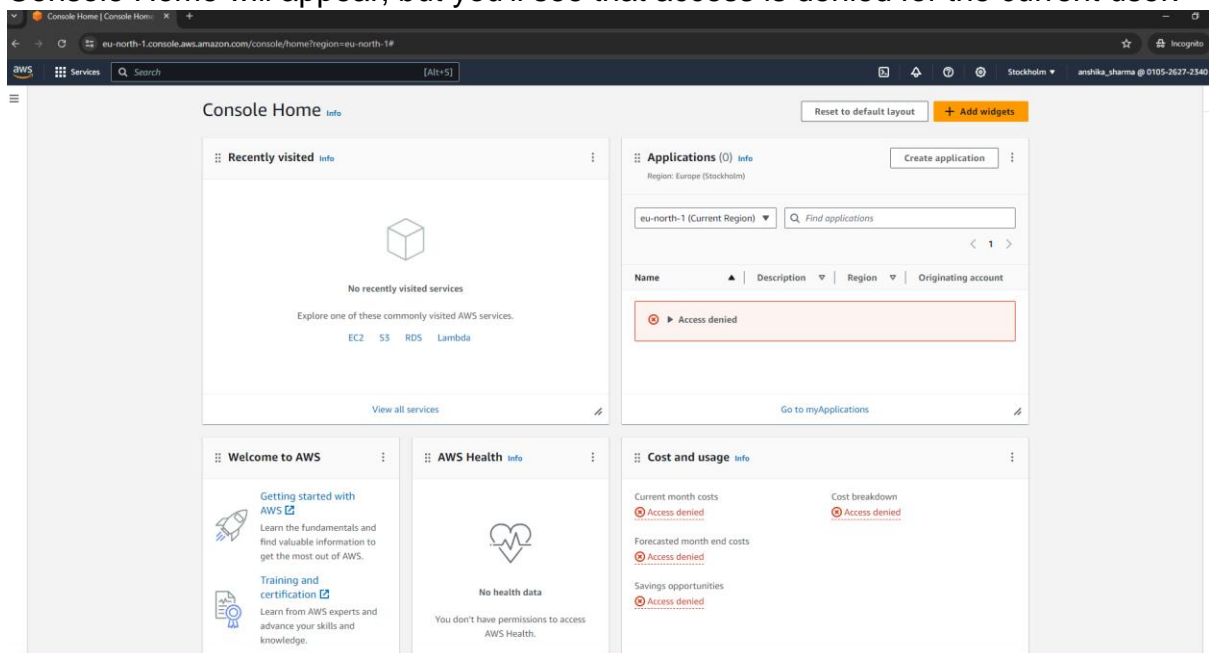
9. Console access has been successfully enabled with the new password.



10. Copy the Console sign-in URL and paste it into an incognito window.



11. Using the customised login id and password you login to console home. The Console Home will appear, but you'll see that access is denied for the current user.



12. To grant access to the newly created user, create policies:

- Go to your account.
- From the left pane, select "Policies."
- Click on "Create Policies."

Identity and Access Management (IAM)

Search IAM

Dashboard

- Access management
 - User groups
 - Users
 - Roles
 - Policies**
 - Identity providers
 - Account settings
- Access reports
 - Access Analyzer
 - External access
 - Unused access
 - Analyzer settings
 - Credential report
 - Organization activity
 - Service control policies
- Related consoles
 - IAM Identity Center
 - AWS Organizations

Policies (1221)

A policy is an object in AWS that defines permissions.

Filter by Type: All types

Policy name	Type	Used as	Description
AdministratorAccess	AWS managed - job function	None	Provides full access to AWS services an...
AdministratorAccess-Angify	AWS managed	None	Grants account administrative permis...
AdministratorAccess-AWSElasticBeanstalk	AWS managed	None	Grants account administrative permis...
AlexaForBusinessDeviceSetup	AWS managed	None	Provide device setup access to AlexaFo...
AlexaForBusinessFullAccess	AWS managed	None	Grants full access to AlexaForBusiness ...
AlexaForBusinessGatewayExecution	AWS managed	None	Provide gateway execution access to A...
AlexaForBusinessLifeSizeDelegatedAccess...	AWS managed	None	Provide access to LifeSize AVS devices
AlexaForBusinessNetworkProfileServicePo...	AWS managed	None	-
AlexaForBusinessPolyDelegatedAccessPolicy	AWS managed	None	Provide access to Poly AVS devices
AlexaForBusinessReadOnlyAccess	AWS managed	None	Provide read only access to AlexaForB...
AmazonAPIGatewayAdministrator	AWS managed	None	Provides full access to create/edit/dele...
AmazonAPIGatewayInvokeFullAccess	AWS managed	None	Provides full access to invoke APIs in A...
AmazonAPIGatewayPushToCloudWatchLogs	AWS managed	None	Allows API Gateway to push logs to us...
AmazonAppFlowFullAccess	AWS managed	None	Provides full access to Amazon AppFlo...
AmazonAppFlowReadOnlyAccess	AWS managed	None	Provides read only access to Amazon A...
AmazonAppStreamFullAccess	AWS managed	None	Provides full access to Amazon AppStr...
AmazonAppStreamPCAAccess	AWS managed	None	Amazon AppStream 2.0 access to AWS...

13.Specify permissions for the user.

Specify permissions

Step 1: Specify permissions

Step 2: Review and create

Policy editor

Visual JSON Actions

Select a service

Specify what actions can be performed on specific resources in a service.

Service

Choose a service

+ Add more permissions

Cancel Next

14.Under the Service option, select S3 to grant access for bucket creation.

Specify permissions

Step 1: Specify permissions

Step 2: Review and create

Policy editor

Visual JSON Actions

Select a service

Specify what actions can be performed on specific resources in a service.

Service

Choose a service

Filter services

Commonly used services

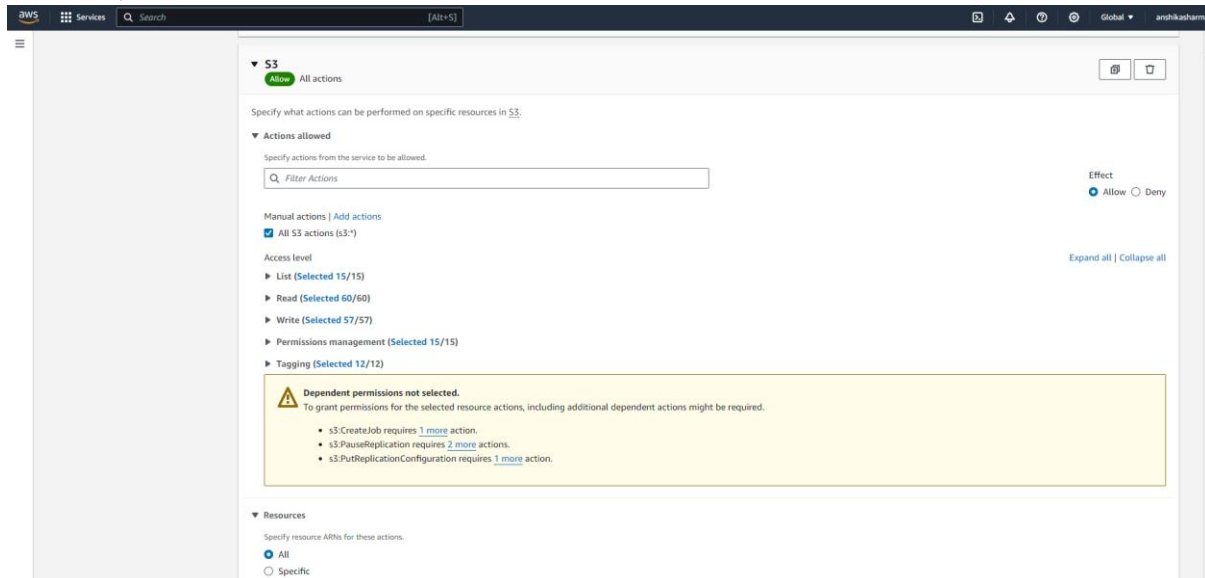
- Auto Scaling
- CloudFront
- EC2
- IAM
- Lambda
- RDS
- S3**
- SNS

Other services

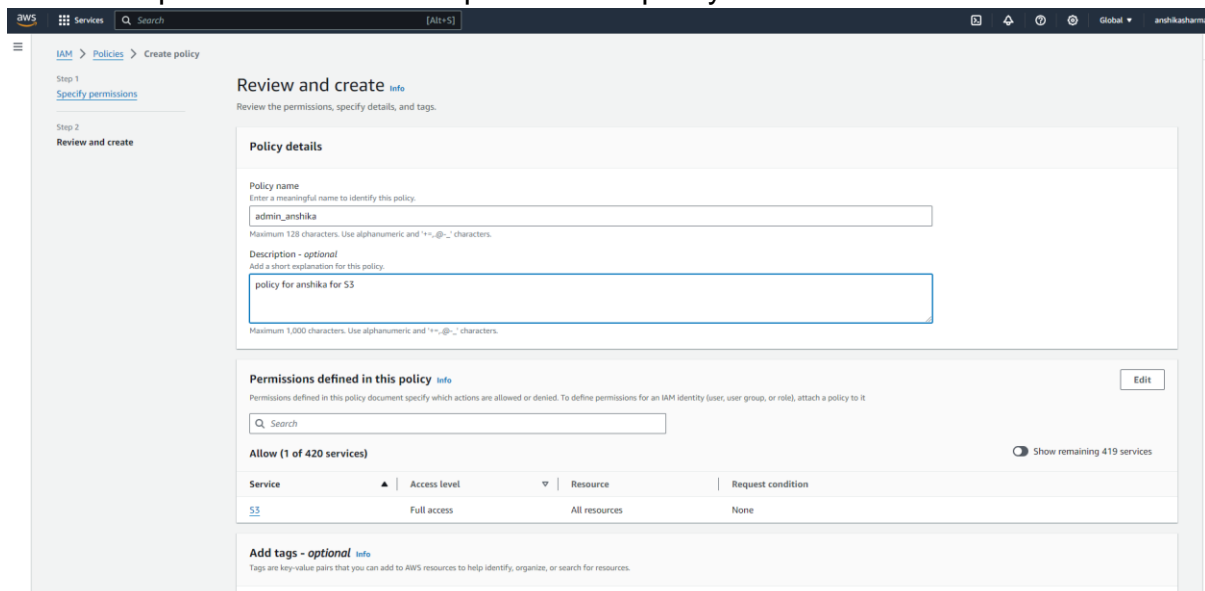
- Access Analyzer
- Account
- Activate
- Alexa for Business

Cancel Next

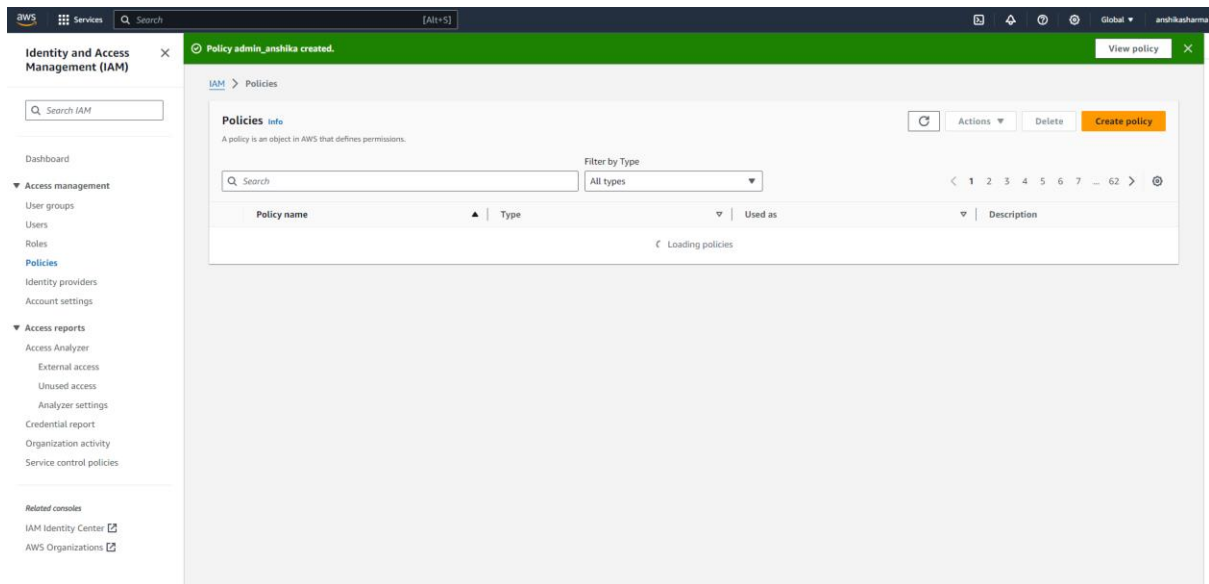
15. Next, select "All S3 actions" and "All" under the Resources section.



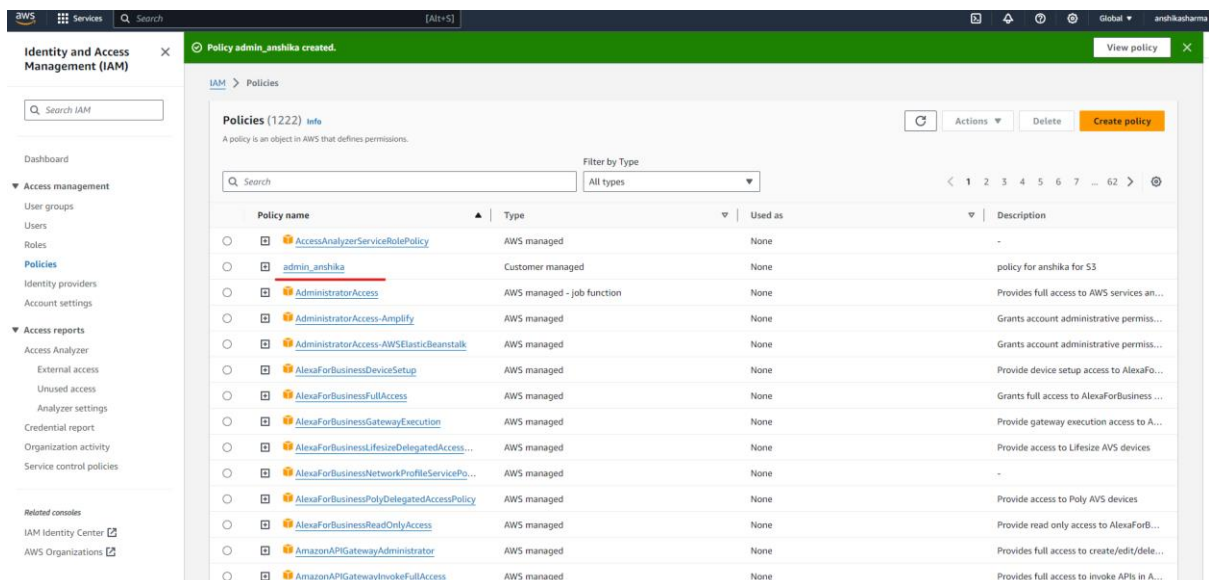
16. Proceed to the Review and Create pane, where you'll need to specify the policy name and provide a short description for the policy.



17. Click on Create Policy, and the policy will be created successfully.

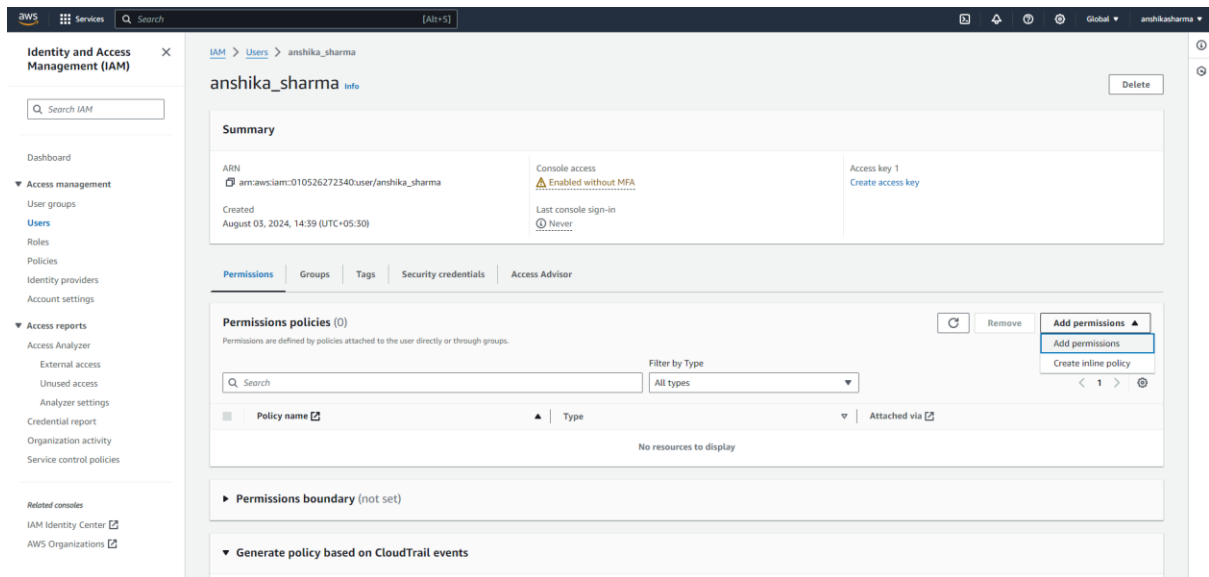


18. Your policy named admin_anshika, underlined in red, now appears in the policy list.

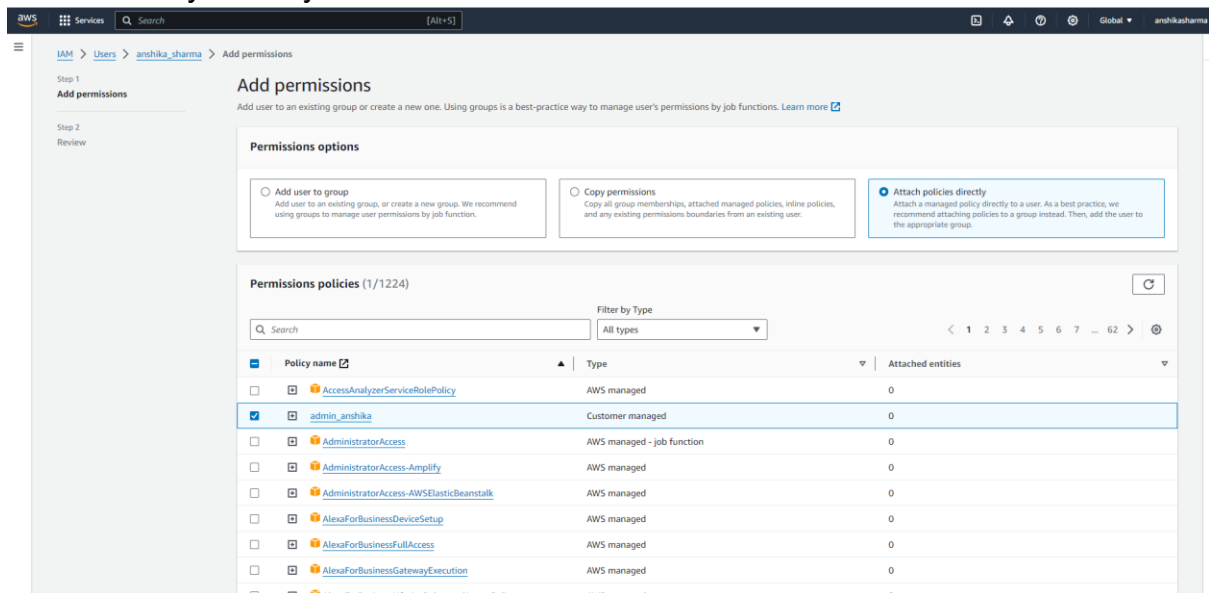


19. Next, you need to add this permission:

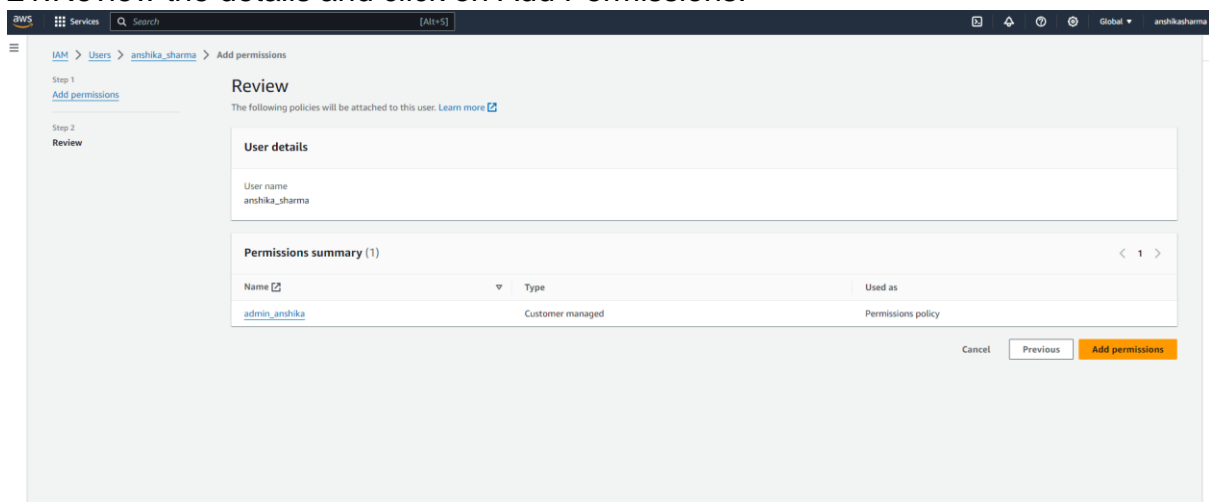
- Click on Users from the left pane.
- Select the Permissions tab.
- On the right side, click on Add Permissions.



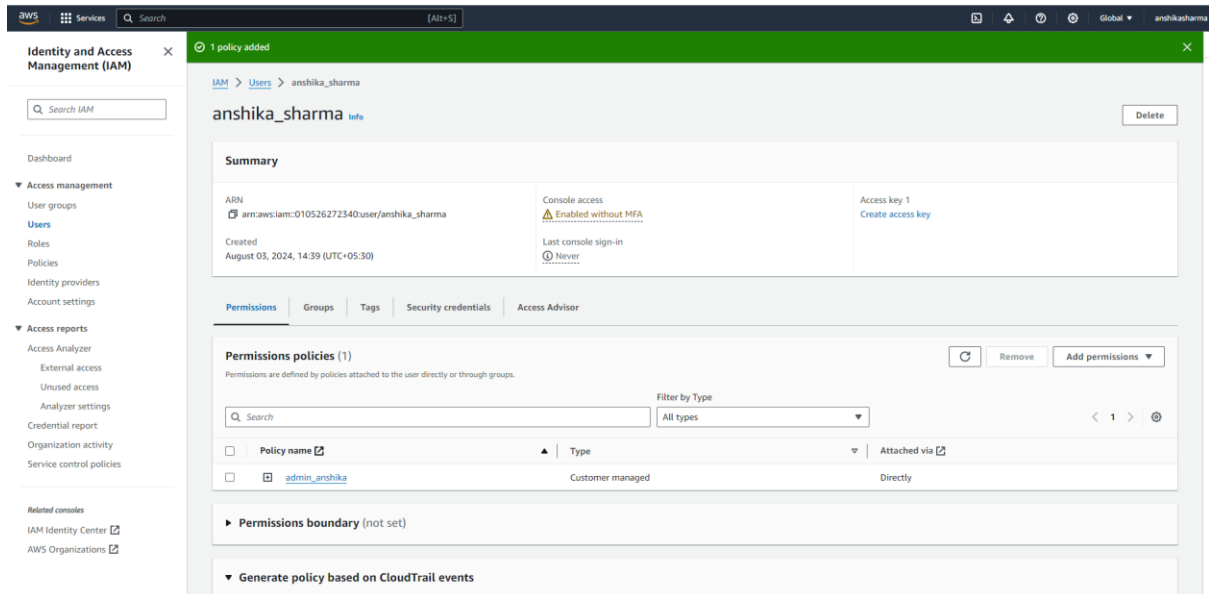
20. Select the policy you created under the "Add Permissions" section and click on "Attach Policy Directly".



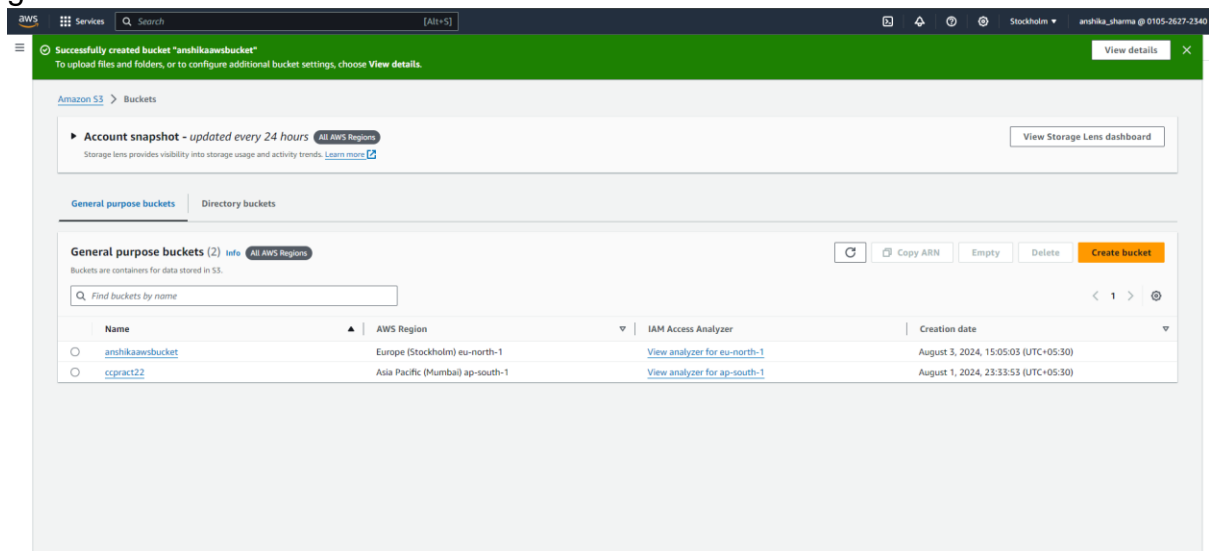
21. Review the details and click on Add Permissions.



22. Your policy has now been successfully added.

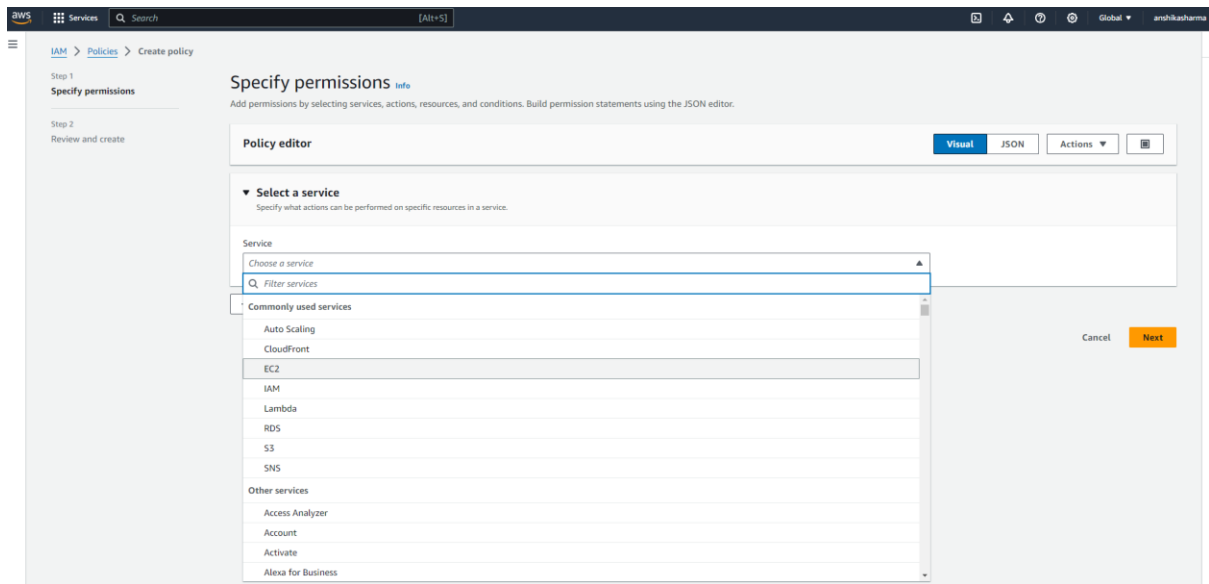


23. Return to the incognito window where you logged in as the new user and try to create a bucket. You'll see the bucket is created successfully, because of the granted access for S3.

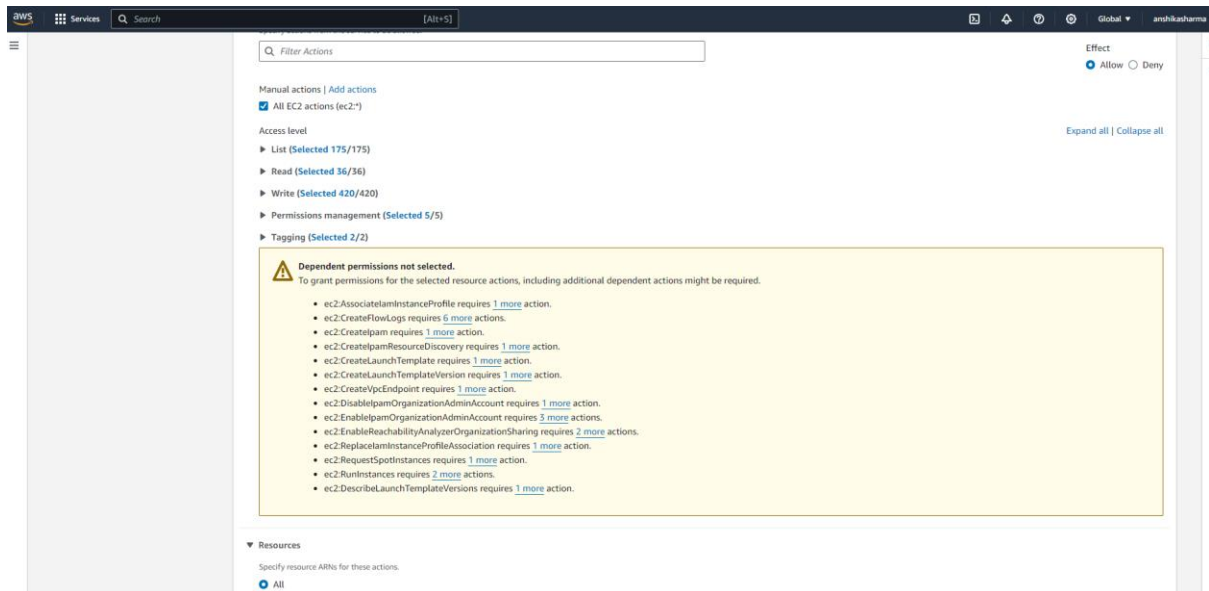


24. Repeat the same process for EC2: Just as you did for S3.

Under Specify Permissions service option select EC2.

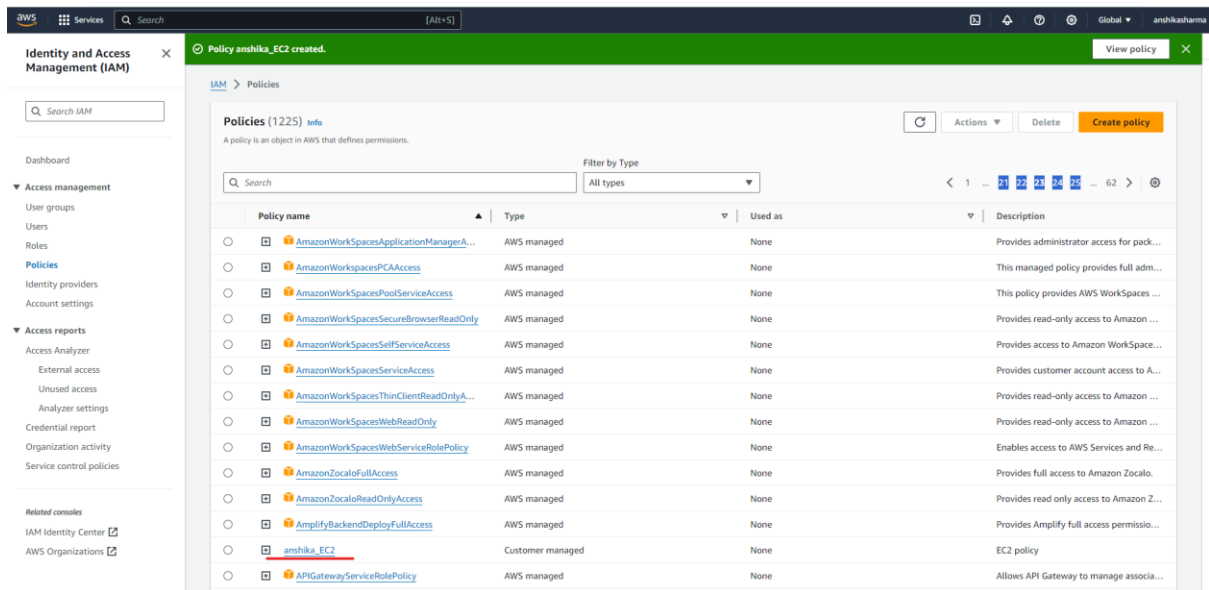


25. Select "All EC2 actions" and "All" under the Resources section



26. Proceed to the Review and Create pane, where you'll need to specify the policy name and provide a short description for the policy. Click on Create Policy, and the policy will be created successfully.

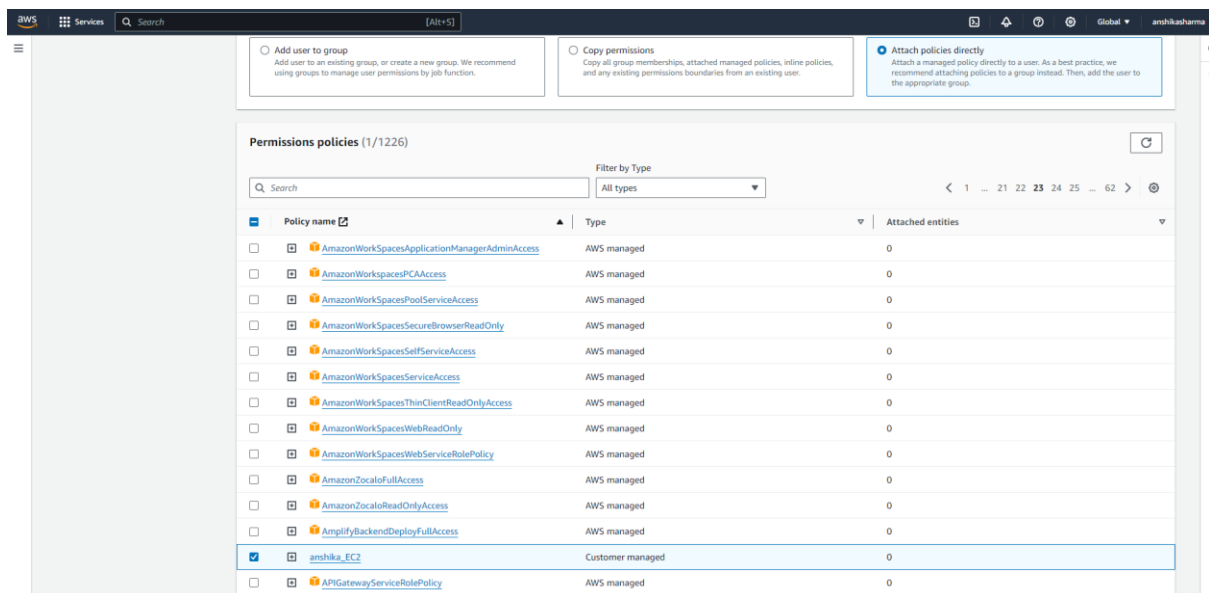
Your policy named Anshika_EC2, underlined in red, now appears in the policy list.



27. Next , you need to add this permission:

- Click on Users from the left pane.
- Select the Permissions tab.
- On the right side, click on Add Permissions

Select the policy you created under the "Add Permissions" section and click on "Attach Policy Directly"



28. Review the details and click on Add Permissions.

29. Your policy has now been successfully added.

The screenshot shows the AWS IAM console interface. At the top, a green banner indicates "1 policy added". The left sidebar contains navigation links for Identity and Access Management (IAM), including Dashboard, Access management, Access reports, and Related consoles. The main content area displays the user profile for "anshika_sharma".

Summary

ARN arn:aws:iam::010526272340:user/anshika_sharma	Console access Enabled without MFA	Access key 1 Create access key
Created August 03, 2024, 14:39 (UTC+05:30)	Last console sign-in Today	

Permissions policies (2)

Permissions are defined by policies attached to the user directly or through groups.

Policy name	Type	Attached via
admin_anshika	Customer managed	Directly
anshika_EC2	Customer managed	Directly

Permissions boundary (not set)

30. Return to the incognito window where you logged in as the new user and try to launch an instance. You'll see instance is launched successfully, because of the granted access for EC2.