

Q1)

class Point:

def init(self, x, y):

self.x = x

self.y = y

class ConvexHull:

def do_graham(self, points):

min_index = 0

Search for minimum y-coordinate (and lowest x-coordinate if y's are the same)

for i in range(1, len(points)):

if points[i].y < points[min_index].y:

min_index = i

Continue along the values with the same y component

for i in range(len(points)):

if points[i].y == points[min_index].y and points[i].x > points[min_index].x:

min_index = i

return min_index # Returning min index for verification purposes

Example usage

if name == "main":

points = [Point(0, 0), Point(1, 1), Point(2, 2), Point(1, 0)]

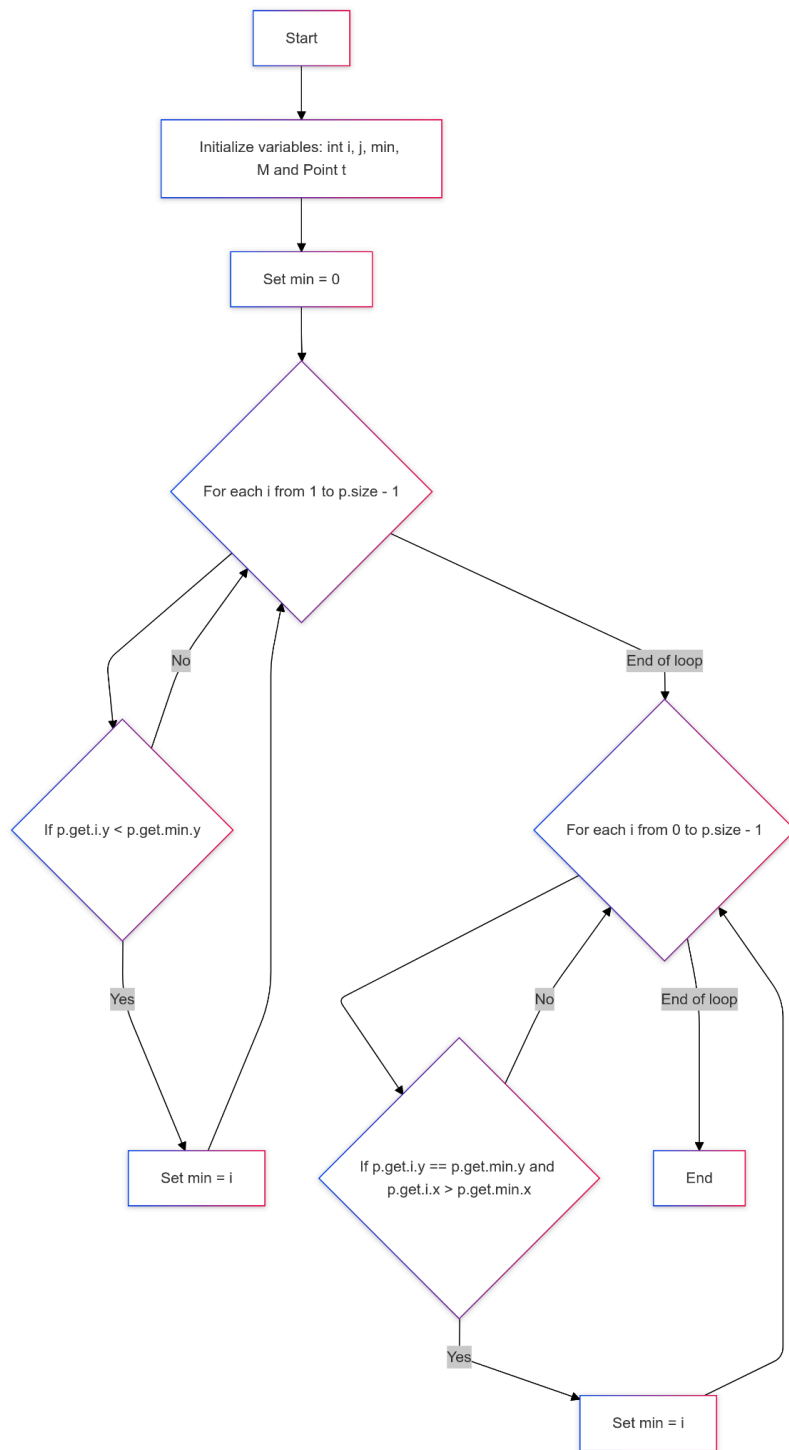
convex_hull = ConvexHull()

min_index = convex_hull.do_graham(points)

print(f"The index of the minimum point is: {min_index}")

print(f"The minimum point is: ({points[min_index].x}, {points[min_index].y})")

Q2)



Q3)

Statement Coverage

Objective: Ensure each line of code is executed at least once.

To achieve statement coverage:

1. We need to run the code through both for loops and satisfy all if conditions at least once.

Test Case for Statement Coverage

Test Case 1:

- **Input:** `p = [Point(2, 3), Point(4, 1), Point(5, 2)]`
- **Expected Output:** `min = 1`

This test case will:

- Execute the first for loop and the if condition to find the smallest y.
- The second loop will also run, but no tie will occur.

Test Case 2 (for Tie Case):

- **Input:** `p = [Point(2, 3), Point(4, 1), Point(3, 1), Point(5, 2)]`
- **Expected Output:** `min = 2`

This test case will:

- Execute both loops and trigger the if condition in the second loop to handle a tie on y by choosing the point with the larger x.

These two test cases cover each line of code, fulfilling **Statement Coverage**.

b. Branch Coverage

Objective: Ensure each branch (true/false for each condition) is covered.

To achieve branch coverage, we need to make sure each possible outcome (true/false) of each conditional expression is tested.

Test Case for Branch Coverage

We can use the same test cases as above, with some additions to ensure all branches are covered.

Test Case 1:

- **Input:** `p = [Point(2, 3), Point(4, 1), Point(5, 2)]`
- **Expected Output:** `min = 1`

This case will:

- Cover the true and false branches of the first loop's `if` statement.

Test Case 2 (for Tie Case):

- **Input:** `p = [Point(2, 3), Point(4, 1), Point(3, 1), Point(5, 2)]`
- **Expected Output:** `min = 2`

This case will:

- Cover both true and false branches in the second loop's `if` statement to resolve the tie by `x`.

Additional Test Case 3 (No Change in min):

- **Input:** `p = [Point(2, 3), Point(3, 3), Point(4, 3)]`
- **Expected Output:** `min = 0`

This case will:

- Ensure that the `if` conditions do not trigger any changes in `min`.

These test cases fulfill **Branch Coverage**.

c. Basic Condition Coverage

Objective: Ensure each basic condition within the expressions is evaluated to both true and false.

Each `if` statement has two basic conditions:

1. `(p.get(i).y < p.get(min).y)` in the first loop.

2. `(p.get(i).y == p.get(min).y) and (p.get(i).x > p.get(min).x)` in the second loop.

Test Cases for Basic Condition Coverage

Test Case 1 (Condition where y is less than minimum):

- **Input:** `p = [Point(2, 3), Point(4, 1), Point(5, 2)]`
- **Expected Output:** `min = 1`

This case will:

- Test `p.get(i).y < p.get(min).y` to be true.

Test Case 2 (Condition where y is equal and x is greater):

- **Input:** `p = [Point(2, 3), Point(4, 1), Point(3, 1), Point(5, 2)]`
- **Expected Output:** `min = 2`

This case will:

- Test both `p.get(i).y == p.get(min).y` and `p.get(i).x > p.get(min).x` to be true.

Test Case 3 (Condition where both conditions are false):

- **Input:** `p = [Point(2, 3), Point(5, 3)]`
- **Expected Output:** `min = 0`

This case will:

- Test both conditions in the second `if` to be false.

These three test cases provide **Basic Condition Coverage**, ensuring that each individual condition in the expressions has been tested with true and false values.

[*] Start mutation process:

- targets: point
- tests: test_points

[*] 3 tests passed:

- test_points [0.24341 s]

[*] Start mutants generation and execution:

- [# 1] COI point:

```
6:
7: def find_min_point(points):
8:     min_index = 0
9:     for i in range(1, len(points)):
- 10:         if points[i].y < points[min_index].y:
+ 10:         if not (points[i].y < points[min_index].y):
11:             min_index = i
12:     for i in range(len(points)):
13:         if (points[i].y == points[min_index].y and points[i].x > points[min_index].x):
14:             min_index = i
```

[0.15408 s] killed by test_points.py::TestFindMinPointPathCoverage::testMultiplePoints

- [# 2] COI point:

```
9:     for i in range(1, len(points)):
10:         if points[i].y < points[min_index].y:
11:             min_index = i
```

```
12: for i in range(len(points)):
- 13:     if (points[i].y == points[min_index].y and points[i].x > points[min_index].x):
+ 13:     if not ((points[i].y == points[min_index].y and points[i].x > points[min_index].x)):
14:         min_index = i
15: return points[min_index]
```

[0.14159 s] killed by test_points.py::TestFindMinPointPathCoverage::testMultiplePointSamyY

- [# 3] LCR point:

```
9: for i in range(1, len(points)):
10:     if points[i].y < points[min_index].y:
11:         min_index = i
12: for i in range(len(points)):
- 13:     if (points[i].y == points[min_index].y and points[i].x > points[min_index].x):
+ 13:     if (points[i].y == points[min_index].y or points[i].x > points[min_index].x):
14:         min_index = i
15: return points[min_index]
```

[0.15599 s] killed by test_points.py::TestFindMinPointPathCoverage::testMultiplePointSamyY

- [# 4] ROR point:

```
6:
7: def find_min_point(points):
8:     min_index = 0
9:     for i in range(1, len(points)):
```

```
- 10:     if points[i].y < points[min_index].y:
+ 10:     if points[i].y > points[min_index].y:

11:         min_index = i

12: for i in range(len(points)):

13:     if (points[i].y == points[min_index].y and points[i].x > points[min_index].x):

14:         min_index = i
```

[0.14234 s] killed by test_points.py::TestFindMinPointPathCoverage::testMultiplePoints

- [# 5] ROR point:

```
6:

7: def find_min_point(points):

8:     min_index = 0

9:     for i in range(1, len(points)):

- 10:         if points[i].y < points[min_index].y:
+ 10:         if points[i].y <= points[min_index].y:

11:             min_index = i

12: for i in range(len(points)):

13:     if (points[i].y == points[min_index].y and points[i].x > points[min_index].x):

14:         min_index = i
```

[0.11556 s] survived

- [# 6] ROR point:

```
9:     for i in range(1, len(points)):
```



```
10:     if points[i].y < points[min_index].y:
11:         min_index = i
12:     for i in range(len(points)):
- 13:         if (points[i].y == points[min_index].y and points[i].x > points[min_index].x):
+ 13:         if (points[i].y != points[min_index].y and points[i].x > points[min_index].x):
14:             min_index = i
15:     return points[min_index]
```

[0.14255 s] killed by test_points.py::TestFindMinPointPathCoverage::testMultiplePointSamyY

- [# 7] ROR point:

```
9:     for i in range(1, len(points)):
10:         if points[i].y < points[min_index].y:
11:             min_index = i
12:     for i in range(len(points)):
- 13:         if (points[i].y == points[min_index].y and points[i].x > points[min_index].x):
+ 13:         if (points[i].y == points[min_index].y and points[i].x < points[min_index].x):
14:             min_index = i
15:     return points[min_index]
```

[0.14933 s] killed by test_points.py::TestFindMinPointPathCoverage::testMultiplePointSamyY

- [# 8] ROR point:

```
9:     for i in range(1, len(points)):
10:         if points[i].y < points[min_index].y:
```

```

11:     min_index = i

12:     for i in range(len(points)):

- 13:         if (points[i].y == points[min_index].y and points[i].x > points[min_index].x):

+ 13:         if (points[i].y == points[min_index].y and points[i].x >= points[min_index].x):

14:         min_index = i

15:     return points[min_index]

```

[0.11332 s] survived

Q4)

```

import unittest
from point import Point, findMinPoint

class TestFindMinPointPathCoverage(unittest.TestCase):

    def TestEmptyList(self):
        points = []
        with self.assertRaises(IndexError):
            findMinPoint(points)

    def TestSinglePoint(self):
        points = [Point(2, 2)]
        result = findMinPoint(points)
        self.assertEqual(result, points[0])

    def testTwoUniquePoint(self):
        points = [Point(2, 1), Point(3, 2)]
        result = findMinPoint(points)
        self.assertEqual(result, points[0])

    def TestMultipleuniquePoint(self):
        points = [Point(1, 3), Point(2, 4), Point(3, 5)]
        result = findMinPoint(points)
        self.assertEqual(result, points[0])

    def testMultiplePointSameY(self):

```

```
points = [Point(1, 2), Point(3, 2), Point(2, 2)]
result = findMinPoint(points)
self.assertEqual(result, points[1])

def testMultiplePoints(self):
    points = [Point(1, 2), Point(2, 2), Point(3, 1), Point(4, 1)]
    result = findMinPoint(points)
    self.assertEqual(result, points[3])

# Run the tests if this file is executed
if __name__ == "__main__":
    unittest.main()
```

Test Result with mut.py

Mutation score [1.52260 s]: 75.0%

- all: 8
- killed: 6 (75.0%)
- survived: 2 (25.0%)
- incompetent: 0 (0.0%)
- timeout: 0 (0.0%)