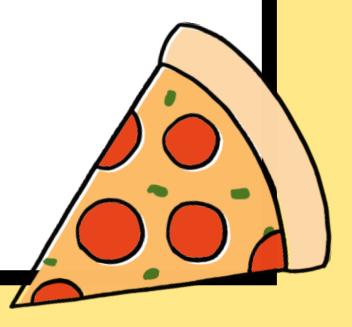


Retrieve the total number of orders placed.

--- Retrieve the total number of orders placed.

SELECT COUNT(order\_id) FROM orders;

|   | COUNT(order_id) |
|---|-----------------|
| • | 21350           |



#### Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.

```
-- Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.

SELECT

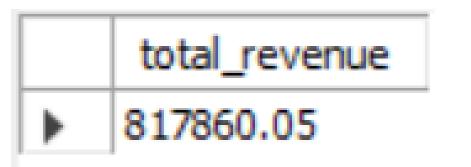
SUM(pizzas.price * order_details.quantity) AS total_revenue

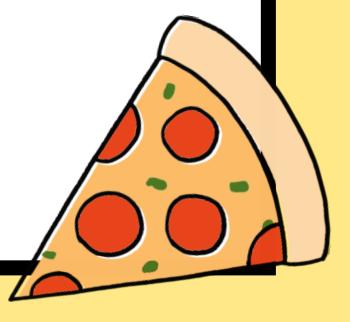
FROM

pizzas

JOIN

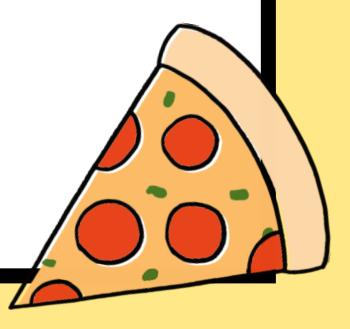
order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id;
```





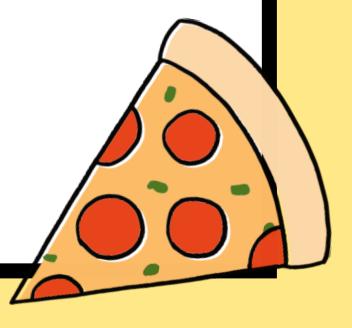
#### Identify the highest-priced pizza.

|   | name            | price |  |
|---|-----------------|-------|--|
| • | The Greek Pizza | 35.95 |  |



#### Identify the most common pizza size ordered.

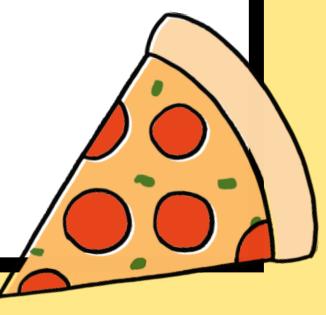
|   | size | COUNT(order_details.order_details_id) |
|---|------|---------------------------------------|
| • | M    | 15385                                 |
|   | L    | 18526                                 |
|   | S    | 14137                                 |
|   | XL   | 544                                   |
|   | XXL  | 28                                    |



# List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
        JOIN
    order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY quantity DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

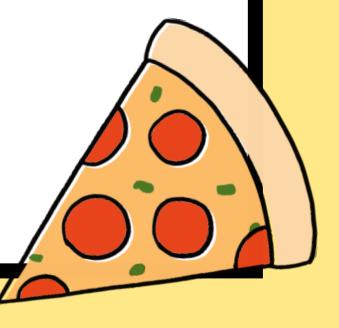
|   | name                       | quantity |
|---|----------------------------|----------|
| • | The Classic Deluxe Pizza   | 2453     |
|   | The Barbecue Chicken Pizza | 2432     |
|   | The Hawaiian Pizza         | 2422     |
|   | The Pepperoni Pizza        | 2418     |
|   | The Thai Chicken Pizza     | 2371     |



Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category, SUM(order_details.quantity) as quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
        JOIN
    order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY quantity desc;
```

|   | category | quantity |
|---|----------|----------|
| • | Classic  | 14888    |
|   | Supreme  | 11987    |
|   | Veggie   | 11649    |
|   | Chicken  | 11050    |

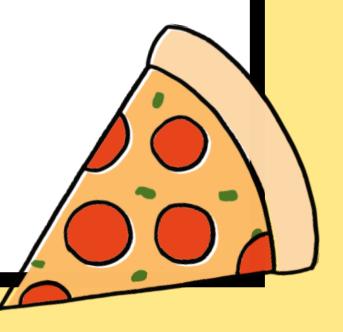


Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the

day.

```
SELECT
   HOUR(order_time) AS hour, COUNT(order_id)
FROM
   orders
GROUP BY HOUR(order_time);
```

| hour | COUNT(order_id) |
|------|-----------------|
| 14   | 1472            |
| 15   | 1468            |
| 16   | 1920            |
| 17   | 2336            |
| 18   | 2399            |
| 19   | 2009            |
| 20   | 1642            |
| 21   | 1198            |
| 22   | 663             |
| 23   | 28              |
| 10   | 8               |
| 9    | 1               |



Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.

```
SELECT
    category, count(name)
FROM
    pizza_types
GROUP BY category;
```

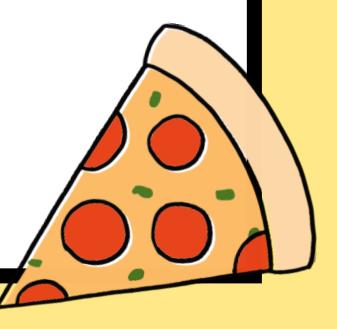
|   | category | count(name) |
|---|----------|-------------|
| • | Chicken  | 6           |
|   | Classic  | 8           |
|   | Supreme  | 9           |
|   | Veggie   | 9           |



Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.

```
SELECT
    round( AVG(quantity),0)
FROM
    (SELECT
         orders.order_date, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
    FROM
         orders
    JOIN order_details ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
    GROUP BY orders.order_date) AS ordee_quantity;
```

|   | round(<br>AVG(quantity),0) |
|---|----------------------------|
| • | 138                        |



#### Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on

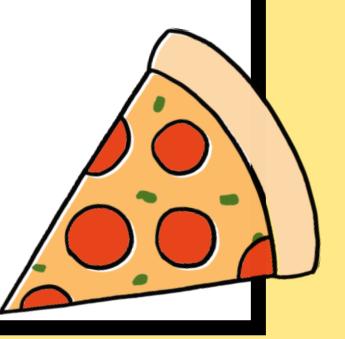
```
revenue.
```

|   | name                         | revenue  |
|---|------------------------------|----------|
| • | The Thai Chicken Pizza       | 43434.25 |
|   | The Barbecue Chicken Pizza   | 42768    |
|   | The California Chicken Pizza | 41409.5  |

# Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.

```
SELECT
   pizza_types.category,
    ROUND (
       SUM(pizzas.price * order_details.quantity) / (
            SELECT
                ROUND(SUM(pizzas.price * order details.quantity), 2)
            FROM
                pizzas
                JOIN order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
        ) * 100,
   ) AS total revenue
FROM
    pizza types
   JOIN pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
   JOIN order details ON pizzas.pizza id = order details.pizza id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY total revenue DESC;
```

|   | category | total_revenue |
|---|----------|---------------|
| • | Classic  | 26.91         |
|   | Supreme  | 25.46         |
|   | Chicken  | 23.96         |
|   | Veggie   | 23.68         |



#### Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

```
select order_date,
round(sum(revenue) over(order by order_date),2) as cum_revenue
from
(select orders .order_date,
sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas. price) as revenue
from order_details join pizzas
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas. pizza_id
join orders
on orders. order_id
= order_details. order_id
group by orders. order_date) as sales;
```

|   | order_date | cum_revenue |
|---|------------|-------------|
| • | 2015-01-01 | 2713.85     |
|   | 2015-01-02 | 5445.75     |
|   | 2015-01-03 | 8108.15     |
|   | 2015-01-04 | 9863.6      |
|   | 2015-01-05 | 11929.55    |
|   | 2015-01-06 | 14358.5     |
|   | 2015-01-07 | 16560.7     |
|   | 2015-01-08 | 19399.05    |
|   | 2015-01-09 | 21526.4     |
|   | 2015-01-10 | 23990.35    |
|   | 2015-01-11 | 25862.65    |
|   | 2015-01-12 | 27781.7     |
|   | 2015-01-13 | 29831.3     |
|   | 2015-01-14 | 32358.7     |
|   | 2015-01-15 | 34343.5     |
|   | 2015-01-16 | 36937.65    |
|   | 2015-01-17 | 39001.75    |
|   | 2015-01-18 | 40978.6     |

