- 1.
 - a) If you pass the course, then you did not miss the final exam.
 - b) you will fail the course if and only if you miss the final exam.
 - c) You do not have a cold or you missed the final exam.
- d) If, you missed the exam and passed the course, then you didnt have a have a cold if and only if you passed the course.
- 2.
 - a) The given proposition is a tautology so the semantics are: True for all values.
- b) The negation of this proposition is a contradiction so the semantics are: False for all values.
- 3.
- a) semantics of T -> ((not p -> q) -> p):

$$p q T -> ((not p -> q) -> p)$$

T T

T F I

FT T

FF F

- b) The above proposition is logically equivalent to "F or (p or q) and (not p)
- 4.
- a)
- b)

4.
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 $\frac{1}{2}$ \frac

$$w \to \neg((r \to u) \ \land \ (u \to \neg \ w) \ \land \ (w \to r))$$

$$\equiv w \rightarrow \neg ((\neg r \lor u) \land (\neg u \lor \neg w) \land (\neg w \lor r))$$

$$\equiv W \rightarrow \neg (\neg W \land \neg W)$$

$$\equiv W \rightarrow (W \lor W)$$

$$\equiv \neg w \lor (w \lor w)$$

Therefore it is a tautology

a)
$$p = F$$
, $q = T$

b)
$$p = T$$
, $q = T$

c)
$$p = T$$
, $q = T$, $r = F$

a)
$$(r \rightarrow (p \ \lor \ q) \ \land \ (p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow r))$$

b) (not r (p or q)) and (not p or (not q or r)

8. R =
$$(b0 \rightarrow b2) \land (b2 \rightarrow b0)$$