7/6/2017 Report

Complete the oddsum class below, which should add up all the odd integers between two integer bounds. As an example, given the two input bounds 3 and 8, the program should compute 3 + 5 + 7 = 15, and print the value 15.

Complete the following code:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
/**
   Computes a sum of odd integers between two bounds.
   Input: a, the lower bound (may be odd or even).
   Input: b, the upper bound (may be odd or even).
   Output: sum of odd integers between a and b (inclusive).
*/
public class OddSum
{
   public static void main(String[] args)
      // Read values for a and b
      Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
      int a = in.nextInt();
      int b = in.nextInt();
      // your work here
      System.out.println(sum);
   }
}
```

Complete the following file:

OddSum.java

```
6
        Input: b, the upper bound (may be odd or even).
 7
       Output: sum of odd integers between a and b (inclusive).
 8
9
    public class OddSum
10
       public static void main(String[] args)
11
12
13
           // Read values for a and b
           Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
14
           int a = in.nextInt();
15
           int b = in.nextInt();
16
17
18
           int num = a;
19
           int num1 = b;
20
21
           int sum = 0;
22
23
            while (num <= num1) {</pre>
24
                if (num % 2 != 0) {
25
                    sum += num;
                 }
26
27
                num ++;
28
             }
29
30
31
           System.out.println(sum);
```

Testing OddSum.java

```
Test 1
```

3 8 15

pass

Test 2

4 8

12

pass

Test 3

3 11

35

pass

Test 4

4 11 32

pass

Test 5

-10 2

-24

pass

Student files

OddSum.java:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
 2
 3
        Computes a sum of odd integers between two bounds.
        Input: a, the lower bound (may be odd or even).
        Input: b, the upper bound (may be odd or even).
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        Output: sum of odd integers between a and b (inclusive).
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    public class OddSum
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           // Read values for a and b
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           Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
           int a = in.nextInt();
```

```
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   16
               int b = in.nextInt();
   17
   18
               int num = a;
               int num1 = b;
   19
   20
   21
               int sum = 0;
   22
   23
                while (num <= num1) {</pre>
   24
                     if (num % 2 != 0) {
   25
                         sum += num;
   26
                      }
   27
                     num ++;
   28
                 }
   29
   30
   31
   32
               System.out.println(sum);
   33
            }
   34
         }
```

Score

5/5

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