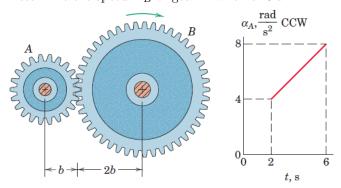
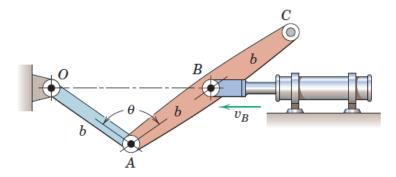
## **DYNAMICS (ME232)**

## Tutorial-5: Plane Kinematics of Rigid Bodies

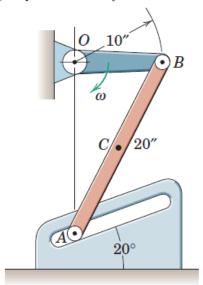
1. The design characteristic of a gear-reduction unit are under review. Gear B is rotating clockwise with a speed of 300 rev/min when a torque is applied to gear A at time t=2s to give gear A a counterclockwise acceleration  $\alpha$  which varies with time for a duration of 4 seconds as shown. Determine the speed  $N_B$  of gear B when t=6 s.



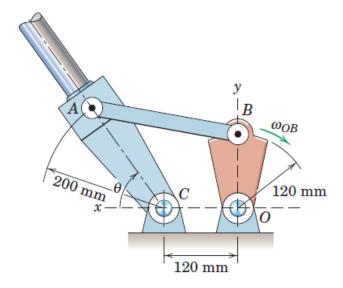
2. The piston rod of the hydraulic cylinder gives point B a velocity  $v_B$  as shown. Determine the magnitude  $v_C$  of the velocity of point C in terms of  $\theta$ .



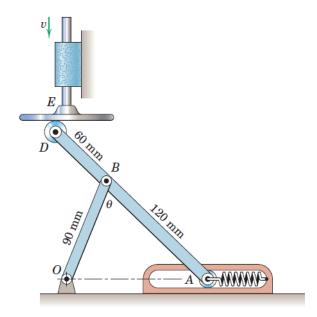
3. For the instant represented, crank OB has a clockwise angular velocity  $\omega = 0.8 \text{rad/sec}$  and is passing the horizontal position. Determine the corresponding velocity of the guide roller A in the  $20^{\circ}$  slot and the velocity of point C midway between A and B.



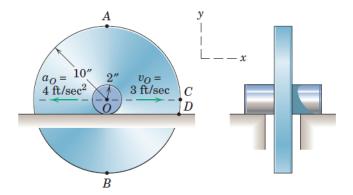
4. The element of the mechanism for deployment of a spacecraft magnetometer boom are shown. Determine the angular velocity of the boom when the driving link OB crosses the y-axis with an angular velocity  $\omega_{OB} = 0.5 \text{ rad/s}$  if  $\tan \theta = 4/3$  at this instant.



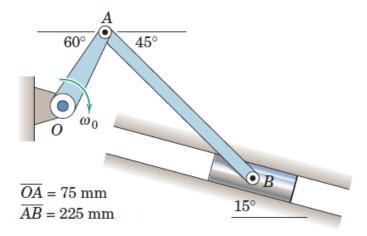
5. Motion of the roller A against its restraining spring is controlled by the downward motion of the plunger E. For an interval of motion the velocity of E is v = 0.2 m/s. Determine the velocity of A when  $\theta$  becomes 90°



6. The shaft of the wheel unit rolls without slipping on the fixed horizontal surface. If the velocity and acceleration of point O are 3 ft/sec to the right and 4 ft/sec<sup>2</sup> to the left, respectively, determine the accelerations of point A and D.



7. The crank OA of the offset slider-crank mechanism rotates with a constant clockwise angular velocity  $\omega_O=10$  rad/s. Determine the angular acceleration of link AB and the acceleration of B for the depicted position.



8. For the instant represented, link CB is rotating counterclockwise at a constant rate N=4 rad/sec, and its pin A causes a clockwise rotation of the slotted member ODE. Determine the angular velocity  $\omega$  and angular acceleration  $\alpha$  of ODE for this instant.

