SL Project - Incorrect

December 14, 2022

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[1]: import torchvision
      import torch
      import torch.nn as nn
      from torchsummary import summary
 [2]: from torchvision import transforms, datasets
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      from tqdm import tqdm
 [4]: transform = transforms.Compose([
          transforms.Resize(256),
          transforms.RandomCrop(224),
          transforms.ToTensor()
      ])
 [5]: PATH = "../../data/asl_alphabet_train/"
 [6]: dataset = datasets.ImageFolder(PATH, transform=transform)
 [7]: n = len(dataset)
 [8]: torch.manual_seed(1)
      indices = torch.randperm(n)
 [9]: test_proportion = 0.2 # 20 percent of data used for testing
      test_size = int(n * test_proportion)
[10]: test_dataset = torch.utils.data.Subset(dataset, indices[:test_size])
[11]: test_dataloader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(dataset=test_dataset,
                                                    batch_size=32,
                                                    shuffle=False,
                                                    num workers=4)
 [3]: model = torch.load("../../data/googlenet_asl_v2.pth")
[17]: incorrect_imgs = torch.Tensor().to('cuda')
      incorrect_preds = torch.IntTensor().to('cuda')
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incorrect_labels = torch.IntTensor().to('cuda')
      with torch.no_grad():
          it = iter(test_dataloader)
          while incorrect_imgs.size(0) < 20:</pre>
              images, labels = next(it)
              images, labels = images.to('cuda'), labels.to('cuda')
              output = model(images)
              pred = output.argmax(dim=1)
              incorrects = (pred != labels).nonzero()
              if incorrects.size(0) > 0:
                  idx = incorrects[0]
                  incorrect_imgs = torch.cat((incorrect_imgs, images[idx]))
                  incorrect_preds = torch.cat((incorrect_preds, pred[idx]))
                  incorrect_labels = torch.cat((incorrect_labels, labels[idx]))
[20]: classes = dataset.classes
[25]: fig = plt.figure(figsize=(12, 11))
      for i in range(20):
          plt.subplot(4, 5, i+1)
          plt.imshow(incorrect_imgs[i].cpu().permute(1, 2, 0), cmap='gray',u
       ⇔interpolation='none')
          pred = classes[incorrect_preds[i].item()]
          true = classes[incorrect_labels[i].item()]
          plt.title(f'{[i+1]} Prediction: {pred}\nLabel: {true}',
                    fontsize=14)
          plt.axis('off')
```



- Many J have been classified as I because they are pratically similar signs with J having motion. (J and Z are two alphabets that have motion). Refer: [1], [2], [3], [12], [16] and [18].
- U and R are also similar gestures with R having the two fingers crossed. So when it is not very clear to see that the fingers are crossed, they are classfied as U. Refer [13] and [20].
- Otherwise, some images are cropped and unclear. For example, [5], [6], [7], [8], [10], [11] and [14] are some cropped images and [11] is unclear.