## SL Project - Scratch

## December 14, 2022

```
[1]: import torchvision
      import torch
      import torch.nn as nn
      from torchsummary import summary
 [2]: from torchvision import transforms, datasets
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      from tqdm import tqdm
 [3]: transform = transforms.Compose([
          transforms.ToTensor()
      ])
 [4]: PATH = "../../data/asl_alphabet_train/"
 [5]: dataset = datasets.ImageFolder(PATH, transform=transform)
 [6]: n = len(dataset)
 [7]: torch.manual_seed(1)
      indices = torch.randperm(n)
 [8]: test_proportion = 0.2 # 20 percent of data used for testing
      test_size = int(n * test_proportion)
 [9]: train_dataset = torch.utils.data.Subset(dataset, indices[test_size:])
      test_dataset = torch.utils.data.Subset(dataset, indices[:test_size])
[10]: len(train_dataset)
[10]: 69600
[11]: len(test dataset)
[11]: 17400
[12]: train_dataloader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(dataset=train_dataset,
                                                     batch_size=32,
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shuffle=True,
                                                      num_workers=4)
      test_dataloader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(dataset=test_dataset,
                                                     batch_size=32,
                                                     shuffle=False,
                                                     num_workers=4)
[13]: classes = dataset.classes
[14]: class ASLNeuralNet(nn.Module):
          def __init__(self, num_classes=1000):
              super(ASLNeuralNet, self).__init__()
              # declare all the layers for feature extraction
              self.features = nn.Sequential(
                  nn.Conv2d(in_channels=3, out_channels=64, kernel_size=11, stride=4,_
       →padding=2),
                  nn.ReLU(inplace=True),
                  nn.MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2, stride=2),
                  nn.Conv2d(in_channels=64, out_channels=192, kernel_size=3,_
       ⇒padding=2),
                  nn.ReLU(inplace=True),
                  nn.MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2, stride=2),
                  nn.Conv2d(in_channels=192, out_channels=256, kernel_size=3,_
       →padding=1),
                  nn.ReLU(inplace=True),
                  nn.MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2, stride=2),)
              # declare all the layers for classification
              self.classifier = nn.Sequential(
                  nn.Linear(6 * 6 * 256, 200),
                  nn.ReLU(inplace=True),
                  nn.Dropout(p=0.5),
                  nn.Linear(200, 500),
                  nn.ReLU(inplace=True),
                  nn.Linear(500, num classes),)
          def forward(self, x):
              # apply the feature extractor in the input
              x = self.features(x)
              # squeeze the spatial dimensions in one
              x = x.view(-1, 6 * 6 * 256)
              # classify the images
              x = self.classifier(x)
              return x
```

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[15]: model = ASLNeuralNet().to('cuda')
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[16]: # sanity check
      print(model)
     ASLNeuralNet(
       (features): Sequential(
         (0): Conv2d(3, 64, kernel_size=(11, 11), stride=(4, 4), padding=(2, 2))
         (1): ReLU(inplace=True)
         (2): MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
     ceil_mode=False)
         (3): Conv2d(64, 192, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(2, 2))
         (4): ReLU(inplace=True)
         (5): MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
     ceil_mode=False)
         (6): Conv2d(192, 256, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
         (7): ReLU(inplace=True)
         (8): MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
     ceil_mode=False)
       )
       (classifier): Sequential(
         (0): Linear(in_features=9216, out_features=200, bias=True)
         (1): ReLU(inplace=True)
         (2): Dropout(p=0.5, inplace=False)
         (3): Linear(in_features=200, out_features=500, bias=True)
         (4): ReLU(inplace=True)
         (5): Linear(in_features=500, out_features=1000, bias=True)
       )
     )
```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
 Conv2d-1	======================================	23,296
ReLU-2	[-1, 64, 49, 49]	0
MaxPool2d-3	[-1, 64, 24, 24]	0
Conv2d-4	[-1, 192, 26, 26]	110,784
ReLU-5	[-1, 192, 26, 26]	0
MaxPool2d-6	[-1, 192, 13, 13]	0
Conv2d-7	[-1, 256, 13, 13]	442,624
ReLU-8	[-1, 256, 13, 13]	0
MaxPool2d-9	[-1, 256, 6, 6]	0
Linear-10	[-1, 200]	1,843,400
ReLU-11	[-1, 200]	0
Dropout-12	[-1, 200]	0
Linear-13	[-1, 500]	100,500
ReLU-14	[-1, 500]	0

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     Total params: 3,021,604
     Trainable params: 3,021,604
     Non-trainable params: 0
     Input size (MB): 0.46
     Forward/backward pass size (MB): 5.60
     Params size (MB): 11.53
     Estimated Total Size (MB): 17.59
[18]: batch size = 64
[19]: def train_one_epoch(train_loader, model, device, optimizer, log_interval, u
       ⊶epoch):
         model.train()
         losses = []
         counter = []
         for i, (img, label) in enumerate(train_loader):
             img, label = img.to(device), label.to(device)
             optimizer.zero_grad()
             output = model(img)
             loss = criterion(output, label)
             loss.backward()
             optimizer.step()
             if (i+1) % log_interval == 0:
                 losses.append(loss.item())
                 counter.append(
                     (i * batch_size) + img.size(0) + epoch * len(train_loader.
       →dataset))
         return losses, counter
[20]: def test_one_epoch(test_loader, model, device):
         model.eval()
         test_loss = 0
         num_correct = 0
         with torch.no_grad():
             for i, (img, label) in enumerate(test_loader):
                 img, label = img.to(device), label.to(device)
                 output = model(img)
                 pred = torch.argmax(output, dim=1)
                 num_correct += (pred == label).sum().item()
                 test_loss += criterion(output, label).item()
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[-1, 1000]

501,000

Linear-15

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test_loss /= len(test_loader.dataset)
          return test_loss, num_correct
[21]: criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
[22]: no_of_epochs = 10
[23]: lr = 0.01
      log_interval = 100
      optimizer = torch.optim.SGD(model.parameters(), lr=lr)
      train_losses = []
      train counter = []
      test_losses = []
      test_correct = []
      train_correct = []
      for epoch in tqdm(range(no_of_epochs)):
          train_loss, counter = train_one_epoch(train_dataloader, model, "cuda", __
       →optimizer, log_interval, epoch)
          test_loss, num_correct = test_one_epoch(test_dataloader, model, "cuda")
          _, num_correct_train = test_one_epoch(train_dataloader, model, "cuda")
          # record results
          train_losses.extend(train_loss)
          train_counter.extend(counter)
          test_losses.append(test_loss)
          test_correct.append(num_correct)
          train_correct.append(num_correct_train)
     100%|
                | 10/10 [29:18<00:00, 175.81s/it]
[24]: print(f"test accuracy: {test_correct[-1]/len(test_dataloader.dataset)}")
      print(f"train accuracy: {train_correct[-1]/len(train_dataloader.dataset)}")
     test accuracy: 0.9916091954022989
     train accuracy: 0.9939511494252874
[25]: SAVE_PATH = "../../data/googlenet_asl_v0.pth"
[26]: torch.save(model, SAVE_PATH)
```