

# Fake News Analysis Report

Query ID: 72

## VERDICT: FAKE NEWS

### Query News Sample



"The upper caste Ashraf Muslims in APs Guntur have demolished with full impunity the dargah revered by BC Nagoor Meera & Dudekula Pasmanda Muslims. I strongly condemn the act of snatching away the religious rights of BC Muslims & demand strict action against the perpetrators."

### Top Visual Evidence



"Tensions over dargah being demolished to build Mosque in Andhra's Guntur"

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## Final Unified Reasoning

- Detailed Reasoning:

The final classification is FAKE, with high confidence, primarily driven by the strong negative score from the web-based claim verification (Evidence 3). The web search indicates a low support score of -20.0, suggesting the claim is not substantiated by credible news sources.

- Arguments FOR FAKE classification:

**Strong Web Search Result:** The most significant factor is the low support score from the web search. This indicates that the claim of a demolition of a dargah in Guntur, Andhra Pradesh, is not being reported by reliable news outlets.

- Image-Text Mismatch:** Evidence 1 highlights a clear mismatch between the text and the image.

The text describes a destructive event (demolition) filled with anger and condemnation, while the image shows a person painting a structure. This inconsistency strongly suggests manipulation or fabrication. The sentiment, entities, and event/action are all misaligned.

**Image-Image Consistency (Minor Counterpoint):** Evidence 2 shows consistency between the two images, indicating they depict the same scene. However, this consistency only reinforces the fact that the scene is one of construction/renovation, further contradicting the text's claim of demolition.

- Arguments AGAINST FAKE classification:

**Image-Image Consistency:** The consistency between the two images (Evidence 2) could be interpreted as a sign that the image is not entirely fabricated. However, it's possible to take a genuine image of construction and falsely caption it to create a misleading narrative.

In conclusion, the overwhelming evidence points towards the claim being false. The web search result is the strongest indicator, and the image-text mismatch provides further confirmation. The image-image consistency, while suggesting the image itself is not manipulated, does not negate the overall deceptive nature of the post.

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## Image vs. Text Analysis (Query)

Okay, let's break down this analysis step-by-step.

- STEP 1: Sentiment Alignment
  - **Text Sentiment:** The text expresses strong negative sentiment – anger, condemnation, and outrage. It highlights the violation of religious rights and demands action against perpetrators.
  - **Image Sentiment:** The image depicts a man painting a blue structure, with another person standing nearby. The scene itself is relatively neutral. There's no obvious visual indication of destruction, conflict, or distress. The overall tone is somewhat mundane.
  - **Comparison:** Sentiment Mismatch
  - **Reasoning:** The text is highly charged with negative emotion, while the image presents a seemingly ordinary scene of construction or maintenance. The image lacks any visual cues that would reflect the anger and condemnation described in the text.
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- STEP 2: Entity Consistency
  - **Text Entities:**
    - Ashraf Muslims
    - BC Nagoor Meera
    - Dudekula Pasmanda Muslims
    - Guntur (AP - Andhra Pradesh)
  - **Image Entities:** The image shows people, a building, and a gate. It's difficult to identify any of the specific groups mentioned in the text. The location (Guntur) is not identifiable from the image.
  - **Comparison:** Entities Mismatch
  - **Reasoning:** The text references specific religious and caste groups, and a location (Guntur). The image does not visually represent any of these entities.
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- STEP 3: Event/Action Consistency
  - **Text Event/Action:** The text describes the demolition of a dargah (a Sufi shrine) by one group against another. It's an act of destruction and a violation of religious rights.
  - **Image Depiction:** The image shows a man painting a structure. This action is the opposite of demolition. It suggests construction or renovation, not destruction.
  - **Comparison:** Event/Action Mismatch
  - **Reasoning:** The text describes a destructive event (demolition), while the image depicts a constructive action (painting). These are fundamentally different actions.
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- STEP 4: Final Judgment
- **Judgment:** FAKE
- **Brief Reasoning:** All three analyses (Sentiment Alignment, Entity Consistency, and Event/Action Consistency) point to a significant disconnect between the text and the image. The image does not

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reflect the negative sentiment, the specific entities, or the destructive event described in the text. The image depicts a completely different action, making the pairing highly misleading and likely fabricated.

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## Query Image vs. Evidence Image Analysis

Okay, let's analyze the two images step-by-step.

- STEP 1: Sentiment Alignment
- **Image 1 Sentiment:** The image shows a person painting a blue structure, seemingly engaged in a task. The overall sentiment appears neutral, with a slight undertone of activity or work.
- **Image 2 Sentiment:** The image shows the same person continuing to paint the structure. The sentiment remains neutral, similar to Image 1.
- **Comparison:** Sentiment Aligned
- **Reasoning:** Both images depict a similar scene of someone painting, conveying a neutral and consistent emotional tone.
- STEP 2: Entity Consistency
- **Entities in Image 1:** The main entities are a person (wearing a white garment and a light blue shirt), a blue structure (likely a gate or archway), and a building in the background.
- **Entities in Image 2:** The same person, the same blue structure, and the same building in the background are visible.
- **Comparison:** Entities Aligned
- **Reasoning:** The key entities (person, structure, and background) are consistently present in both images.
- STEP 3: Event/Action Consistency
- **Event/Action in Image 1:** A person is painting a blue structure.
- **Event/Action in Image 2:** The person continues painting the same blue structure.
- **Comparison:** Event/Action Aligned
- **Reasoning:** Both images show the same action - a person painting a structure - occurring in the same location.
- STEP 4: Final Judgment
- **Judgment:** TRUE
- **Brief Reasoning:** All three analyses (Sentiment, Entity, and Event/Action) indicate alignment and consistency between the two images. The evidence image appears to be a continuation of the scene depicted in the query image, supporting the claim that they are related and not manipulated.

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## Text vs. Text Factual Consistency Analysis

### Evidence Snippet #1

**Factual Score:** 1

**Rationale:** Both sentences describe the same event: the demolition of a dargah in Guntur, Andhra Pradesh. Sentence A provides more detail about the groups involved (upper caste Ashraf Muslims, BC Nagoor Meera & Dudekula Pasmanda Muslims) and expresses condemnation, but Sentence B accurately reports the core factual event of the demolition and its location.

### Evidence Snippet #2

**Factual Score:** 0

**Rationale:** Sentence A describes a specific event: the demolition of a dargah by upper caste Ashraf Muslims in Guntur, impacting BC Nagoor Meera & Dudekula Pasmanda Muslims. Sentence B simply states that the demolition of a dargah in Guntur was shared online, without confirming the details of who did it, who it affected, or the timeframe. They refer to the same general topic (demolition of a dargah in Guntur) but do not describe the same specific event or facts.

### Evidence Snippet #3

**Factual Score:** -1

**Rationale:** Sentence B is from BOOM, a fact-checking website, and the title of the article indicates it addresses a claim of a dargah demolition. Sentence A describes a demolition of a dargah. The article likely debunks or clarifies the claim in Sentence A, thus warranting a score of -1.

### Evidence Snippet #4

**Factual Score:** -1

**Rationale:** Sentence B is from BOOM, a fact-checking website, and the title of the article indicates it addresses a claim of a dargah demolition. Sentence A describes a demolition of a dargah. The article likely debunks or clarifies the claim in Sentence A, thus warranting a score of -1.

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## Text vs. Text Analysis (cont.)

### Evidence Snippet #5

**Factual Score:** 0

**Rationale:** Sentence A describes the demolition of a dargah by upper caste Ashraf Muslims, impacting BC Nagoor Meera & Dudekula Pasmanda Muslims. Sentence B describes attacks on temples and calls for Hindu autonomy. These are different events and do not describe the same real-world situation.

### Evidence Snippet #6

**Factual Score:** 0

**Rationale:** Sentence A describes an incident of a dargah being demolished by upper caste Ashraf Muslims, impacting BC Nagoor Meera & Dudekula Pasmanda Muslims in Guntur, AP. Sentence B discusses attacks on Hindu temples in Andhra Pradesh. These are distinct events and do not describe the same real-world situation.

### Evidence Snippet #7

**Factual Score:** 0

**Rationale:** Sentence A describes a specific event: the demolition of a dargah by upper caste Ashraf Muslims in Guntur, AP, impacting BC Nagoor Meera & Dudekula Pasmanda Muslims. Sentence B refers to a viral video of a memorial being razed in Andhra Pradesh, but does not specify the religious affiliation of those involved, the location, or the specific community affected. While related to the topic of religious sites and potential communal tensions, they do not describe the same event.

### Evidence Snippet #8

**Factual Score:** 0

**Rationale:** Sentence A describes the demolition of a dargah by upper caste Ashraf Muslims, impacting BC Nagoor Meera & Dudekula Pasmanda Muslims. Sentence B reports on temple vandalism in Andhra Pradesh. While both relate to religious sites and Andhra Pradesh, they describe

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different incidents. Therefore, they do not convey the same factual information.

## Evidence Snippet #9

**Factual Score:** -1

**Rationale:** Sentence A claims that upper caste Ashraf Muslims demolished a dargah revered by BC Nagoor Meera & Dudekula Pasmanda Muslims. Sentence B is from Alt News, a fact-checking website, and the title states that a video of a Muslim man's memorial being razed in Andhra Pradesh is viral with a communal spin. This indicates that Alt News is investigating or debunking the claim made in Sentence A.

## Evidence Snippet #10

**Factual Score:** 0

**Rationale:** Sentence A describes a specific incident of demolition of a dargah by upper caste Ashraf Muslims in Guntur, AP, impacting BC Nagoor Meera & Dudekula Pasmanda Muslims. Sentence B refers to 'Temple attacks in Andhra Pradesh,' which is a broader topic and does not describe the same specific event or facts as Sentence A. They are related by location (Andhra Pradesh) but not in terms of the specific incident.