

LINE CHARTS

Line charts are pretty much useful and very common in practice. Line charts are the way to depict relations b/w two continuous variables and hence they are bivariate i.e you need at least 2 variables to plot a line chart.

Advantages :

1. Easy to interpret the trends over time and also helps to extrapolate the data.
2. A-line break can also depict the presence of missing data.
3. We can also estimate the correlation value by seeing the steepness in the line.

Disadvantages:

4. Though line charts are easy to interpret but plotting two line charts over the same figure can make it difficult to compare the results.

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
```

```
In [2]: df = pd.read_csv(r'E:\Downloads\auto-mpg.csv', na_values = ['?'])
df.head()
```

Out[2]:

	mpg	cylinders	displacement	horsepower	weight	acceleration	model year	origin	car name
0	18.0	8	307.0	130.0	3504	12.0	70	1	chevrolet chevelle malibu
1	15.0	8	350.0	165.0	3693	11.5	70	1	buick skylark 320
2	18.0	8	318.0	150.0	3436	11.0	70	1	plymouth satellite
3	16.0	8	304.0	150.0	3433	12.0	70	1	amc rebel sst
4	17.0	8	302.0	140.0	3449	10.5	70	1	ford torino

```
In [3]: df.isna().sum()
```

```
Out[3]: mpg          0
cylinders        0
displacement     0
horsepower       6
weight           0
acceleration     0
model year       0
origin           0
car name         0
dtype: int64
```

```
In [4]: df['horsepower'].fillna(df['horsepower'].median(), inplace = True)
```

```
In [5]: df.sort_values(by = 'mpg', inplace = True)
```

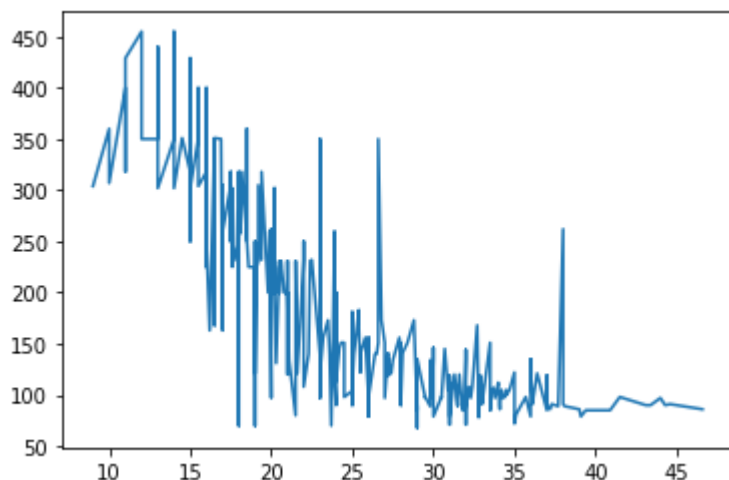
```
In [6]: df.head()
```

```
Out[6]:
```

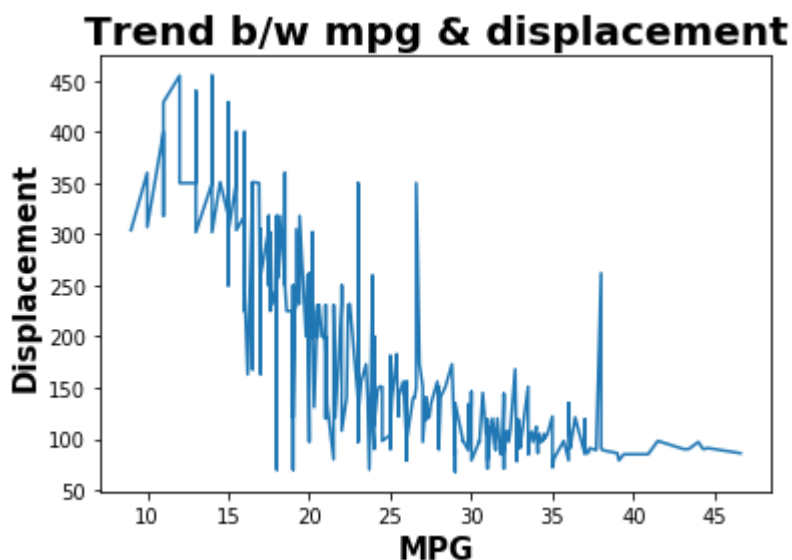
	mpg	cylinders	displacement	horsepower	weight	acceleration	model year	origin	car name
28	9.0	8	304.0	193.0	4732	18.5	70	1	hi 1200d
25	10.0	8	360.0	215.0	4615	14.0	70	1	ford f250
26	10.0	8	307.0	200.0	4376	15.0	70	1	chevy c20
103	11.0	8	400.0	150.0	4997	14.0	73	1	chevrolet impala
124	11.0	8	350.0	180.0	3664	11.0	73	1	oldsmobile omega

```
In [7]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.style.use('default')
```

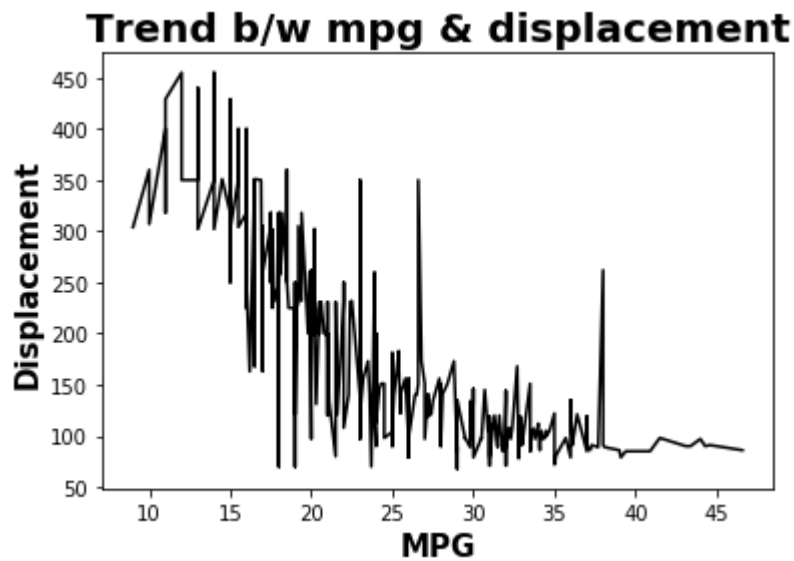
```
In [8]: plt.plot(df['mpg'], df['displacement'])  
plt.show()
```



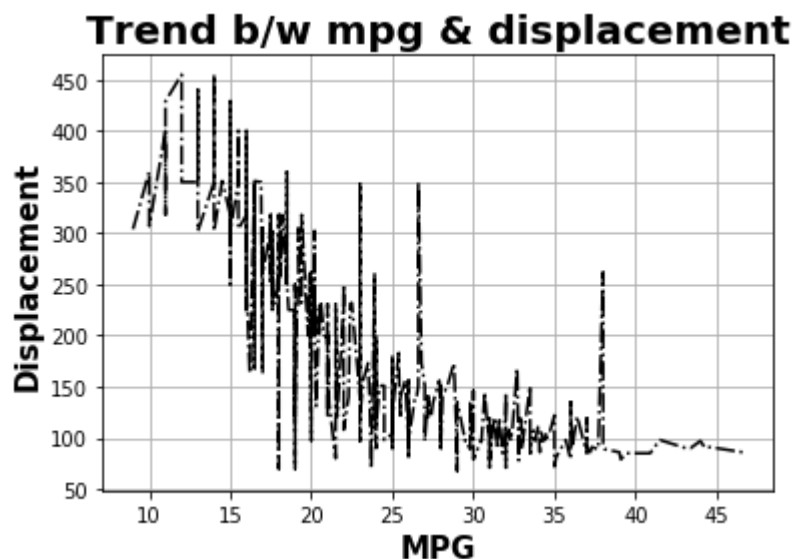
```
In [9]: plt.plot(df['mpg'], df['displacement'])  
plt.xlabel('MPG', size = 15, fontweight = 'bold')  
plt.ylabel('Displacement', size = 15, fontweight = 'bold')  
plt.title('Trend b/w mpg & displacement', size = 20, fontweight = 'bold')  
plt.show()
```



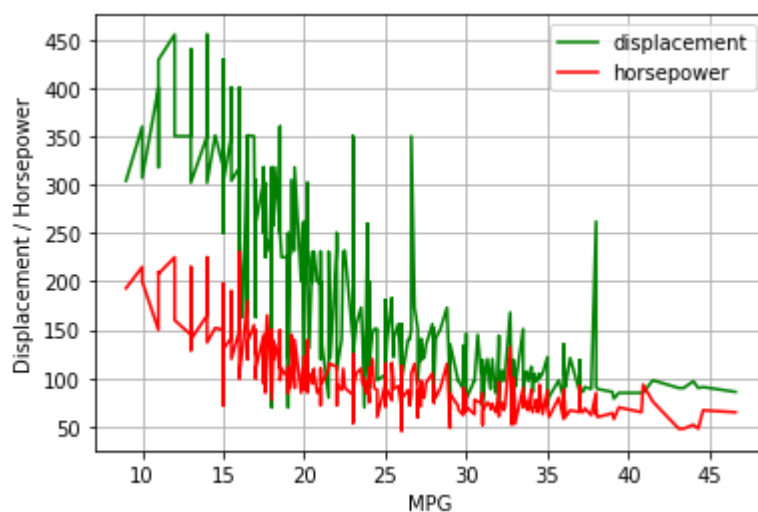
```
In [10]: plt.plot(df['mpg'], df['displacement'], color = 'k')
plt.xlabel('MPG', size = 15, fontweight = 'bold')
plt.ylabel('Displacement', size = 15, fontweight = 'bold')
plt.title('Trend b/w mpg & displacement', size = 20, fontweight = 'bold')
plt.grid()
plt.show()
```



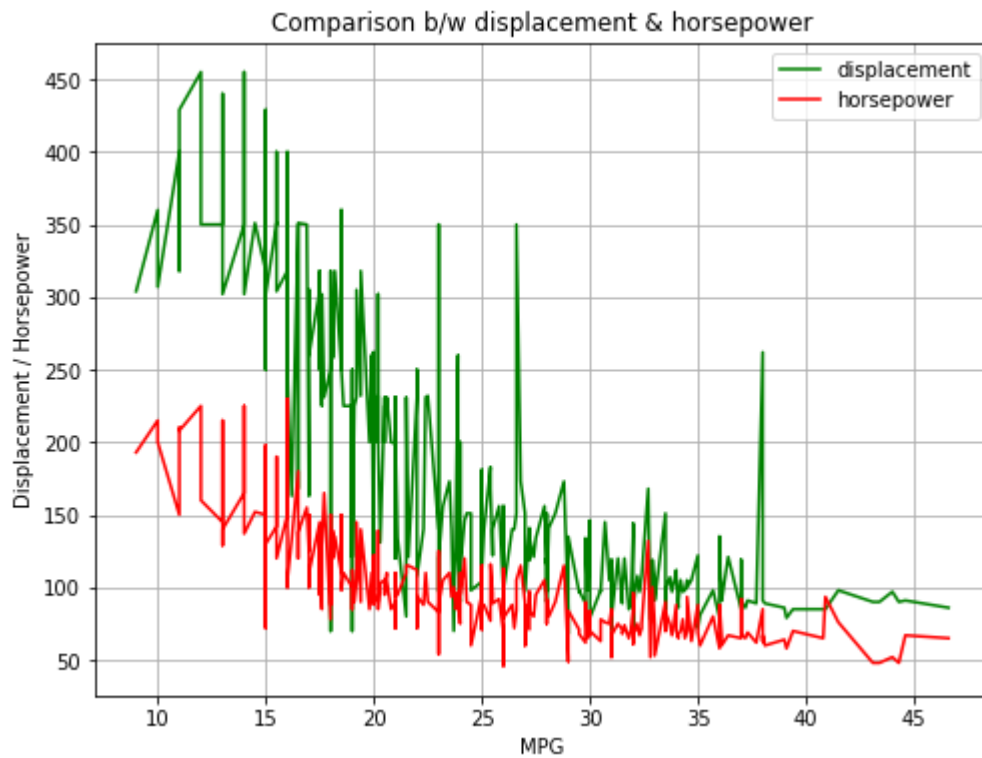
```
In [11]: plt.plot(df['mpg'], df['displacement'], color = 'k',  
                linestyle = '-.')  
plt.xlabel('MPG', size = 15, fontweight = 'bold')  
plt.ylabel('Displacement', size = 15, fontweight = 'bold')  
plt.title('Trend b/w mpg & displacement', size = 20, fontweight = 'bold')  
plt.grid()  
plt.show()
```



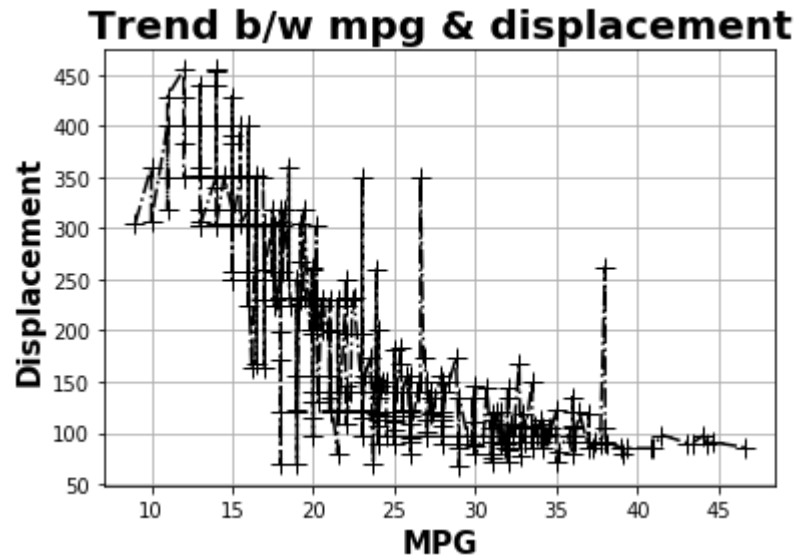
```
In [12]: plt.plot(df['mpg'], df['displacement'], label = 'displacement', color = 'g')  
plt.plot(df['mpg'], df['horsepower'], label = 'horsepower', color = 'r')  
plt.xlabel('MPG')  
plt.ylabel('Displacement / Horsepower')  
plt.legend()  
plt.grid()  
plt.show()
```



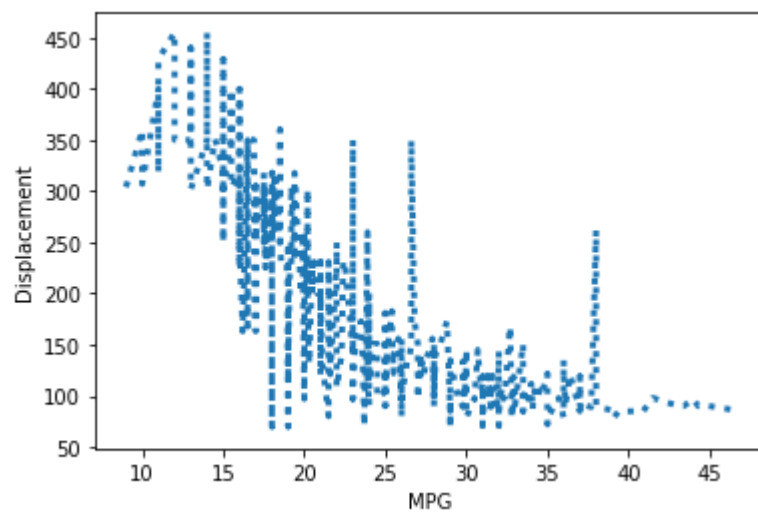
```
In [13]: plt.figure(figsize = (8, 6))
plt.plot(df['mpg'], df['displacement'], label = 'displacement', color = 'g')
plt.plot(df['mpg'], df['horsepower'], label = 'horsepower', color = 'r')
plt.xlabel('MPG')
plt.ylabel('Displacement / Horsepower')
plt.legend()
plt.grid()
plt.title('Comparison b/w displacement & horsepower')
plt.savefig(r'E:\Downloads\linechart.png')
```



```
In [14]: plt.plot(df['mpg'], df['displacement'], color = 'k',  
                linestyle = '-.', marker = '+', markersize = 10)  
plt.xlabel('MPG', size = 15, fontweight = 'bold')  
plt.ylabel('Displacement', size = 15, fontweight = 'bold')  
plt.title('Trend b/w mpg & displacement', size = 20, fontweight = 'bold')  
plt.grid()  
plt.show()
```



```
In [15]: plt.plot(df['mpg'], df['displacement'], linestyle = ':',  
                linewidth = 3)  
plt.xlabel('MPG')  
plt.ylabel('Displacement')  
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]:
```