

Matrix Theory(EE5609) Assignment 3

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Abstract—This Assignment finds the value of a and b that satisfies the given equation

Download all python codes from

<https://github.com/anshum0302/EE5609/blob/master/assignment3/solu3.py>

and latex-tikz codes from

<https://github.com/anshum0302/EE5609/blob/master/assignment3/assign3.tex>

We need to find a and b in

$$\mathbf{A}^2 + a\mathbf{A} + b\mathbf{I} = 0 \quad (3.0.7)$$

Comparing (3.0.6) and (3.0.7) we get $a = -4$ and $b = 1$.

1 PROBLEM STATEMENT

For the matrix $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$, find the numbers a and b such that $\mathbf{A}^2 + a\mathbf{A} + b\mathbf{I} = 0$.

2 THEORY

Cayley-Hamilton Theorem : A matrix satisfies its own characteristic equation. That is if the characteristic equation of an $n \times n$ matrix \mathbf{A} is

$$\lambda^n + a_{n-1}\lambda^{n-1} + \dots + a_1\lambda + a_0 = 0, \text{ then}$$

$$\mathbf{A}^n + a_{n-1}\mathbf{A}^{n-1} + \dots + a_1\mathbf{A} + a_0\mathbf{I} = 0$$

3 SOLUTION

For a general square matrix (A), the characteristic equation in variable λ is defined by

$$\det(\mathbf{A} - \lambda\mathbf{I}) = 0 \quad (3.0.1)$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{vmatrix} 3 - \lambda & 2 \\ 1 & 1 - \lambda \end{vmatrix} = 0 \quad (3.0.2)$$

$$\Rightarrow (3 - \lambda)(1 - \lambda) - 2 = 0 \quad (3.0.3)$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda^2 - 4\lambda + 3 - 2 = 0 \quad (3.0.4)$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda^2 - 4\lambda + 1 = 0 \quad (3.0.5)$$

Now by Cayley-Hamilton Theorem \mathbf{A} satisfies (3.0.5), then replacing λ with \mathbf{A} we get

$$\mathbf{A}^2 - 4\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{I} = 0 \quad (3.0.6)$$