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Matrix Theory(EE5609) Assignment 4

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Abstract—This Assignment proves the property of a given triangle

Download latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/anshum0302/EE5609/blob/master/assignment4/assign4.tex

1 PROBLEM STATEMENT

 $\triangle ABC$ is an isosceles triangle in which AB = AC. Side BA is produced to D such that AD = AB. Show that $\angle BCD$ is a right angle.

2 Solution

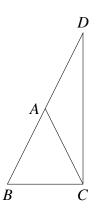


Fig. 1

We are given that AB = AC. So

$$\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}\| = \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C}\|$$
 (2.0.1)

Also BA is produced to D such that AB = AD. Therefore we have

$$\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B} = \mathbf{D} - \mathbf{A} \tag{2.0.2}$$

Taking dot product of vectors CB and CD we get

$$\mathbf{CB.CD} = (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C})^{T}(\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{C})$$

$$= (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A} + \mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C})^{T}(\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{A} + \mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C})$$

$$= ((\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}) + (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C}))^{T}((\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{A}) + (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C}))$$

using (2.0.2) we get

$$CB.CD = ((B - A) + (A - C))^{T}((D - A) + (A - C))$$

$$= ((B - A) + (A - C))^{T}((A - B) + (A - C))$$

$$= (-(A - B) + (A - C))^{T}((A - B) + (A - C))$$

$$= -\|A - B\|^{2} - (A - B)^{T}(A - C)$$

$$+ (A - C)^{T}(A - B) + \|A - C\|^{2}$$

now $(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B})^T (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C})$ and $(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C})^T (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B})$ are both dot product of vectors $(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B})$ and $(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C})$ and so

$$CB.CD = -\|A - B\|^{2} - (A - B)^{T}(A - C)$$
$$+ (A - C)^{T}(A - B) + \|A - C\|^{2}$$
$$= -\|A - B\|^{2} + \|A - C\|^{2}$$

using (2.0.1) we get

$$CB.CD = -\|A - B\|^2 + \|A - C\|^2 = 0$$
 (2.0.3)

since **CB.CD** = 0,therefore BC \perp CD and $\angle BCD$ is a right angle.