- 1. Edit header.tex
- 2. Write the document
- 3. Cite something. [1, p. 999] You need at least one \cite command in your document somewhere, or BibTeX will throw up its hands in defeat.
- 4. Write the abstract
- 5. Spell-check
- 6. Make sure your references look nice
- 7. Empty this todo list

A Very Fancy Paper

Your Name

Your Organization

youremail@internet.com

Month Date, Year

Abstract

A good abstract convinces someone to read your paper. This abstract does no such thing.

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1 Web Security

1.1 How To Be Secure

Don't let people hack your stuff. [citation needed]

2 Forgetting Things

You may wish to occasionally remind yourself that something in your document needs fixing or finishing.

2.1 Being Specific

The scouter said that his power level was \overline{WHAT} ?. Note that we use brackets in the source—instead of the usual curly braces—because the argument is optional.

2.2 The Longbottom Approach

In which you can't remember what you've forgotten:

FIX ME!

2.3 Security

Always remember the practical tips discussed in section 1.1 on page 2.

References

 $[1] \,$ Zefram Cochrane. A Useful Source. Knowledge Inc., April 2063.