

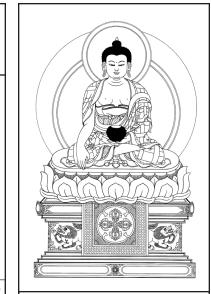
Namô Tassa Bhagavatô Arahatô Sammâ-Sambuddhassa

Taking Refuge in the Triple Jem

बुद्ध Buddham Saranam Gacchâmi I take refuge in the Buddha, the qualities of the enlightened mind.

धम्म Dhammam Saranam Gacchâmi I take refuge in the Dharma, the teachings of the enlightened ones.

सङ्घ Sangham Saranam Gacchâmi I take refuge in the Sangha, the company of noble beings.



Sākyamuni // Gautama The Buddha

Majjhima Nikāya:10 // Satipatthāna Sutta

On one occasion the Blessed One was living in Kammāsadhamma. There he addressed the disciples thus:

Wise ones, this is the direct path for the purification of beings, for the surmounting of sorrow and lamentation, for the dissolution of pain and grief, for the attainment of the true way, for the realization of Nibbāna – namely, the four foundations of mindfulness.

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Mindfulness of Breathing

Majjhima Nikāya:118 // Ānāpānasati Sutta

Majjhima Nikāya :118 // Ānāpānasati Sutta	Mindfulness of Breathing
One trains thus:	
'I shall breathe in contemplating impermanence	I shall breathe out contemplating impermanence.'
'I shall breathe in contemplating detachment I sh	· · · · · ·
'I shall breathe in contemplating cessation I shall	I breathe out contemplating cessation.'
'I shall breathe in contemplating relinguishment	I shall breathe out contemplating relinquishment.'



Fulfilment of the Four Foundations of Mindfulness

And how, wise ones, does mindfulness of breathing, developed and cultivated, fulfill the four foundations of mindfulness?

Majjhima Nikāya :118 // Ānāpānasati Sutta	Mindfulness of Breathing	
Mindfulness of Body (kāyagatā-sati)		
When breathing long, one understands: 'I breathe in long I breathe out long';		
when breathing short, one understands: 'I breathe in short I breathe out short';		
one trains thus: 'I shall breathe in experiencing the whole body I shall breathe out experiencing the whole body';		
'I shall breathe in tranquilizing the bodily sankhāra I s	•	
on that occasion, one abides contemplating the body as a bo	dv.	
I say that this is a certain body among the bodies, namely, in-bit abides contemplating the body as a body, ardent, fully aware, a world.	reathing and out-breathing. That is why on that occasion one	

	Majjhima Nikāya :118 // Ānāpānasati Sutta	Mindfulness of Breathing] [
	Mindfulness of Feelings / Sensations (vedanā-sati) When one trains thus: 'I shall breathe in experiencing rapture I shall breathe out experiencing rapture'; 'I shall breathe in experiencing pleasure I shall breathe out experiencing pleasure'; 'I shall breathe in experiencing the mental sankhāra I shall breathe out experiencing the mental sankhāra'; 'I shall breathe in tranquilizing the mental sankhāra I shall breathe out tranquilizing the mental sankhāra' — on that occasion, one abides contemplating feelings as feelings. I say that this is a certain feeling among feelings, namely, giving close attention to in-breathing and out-breathing. That is why on that occasion one abides contemplating feelings as feelings, ardent, fully aware, and mindful, having put away covetousness and grief for the world.			
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	Majjhima Nikāya :118 // Ānāpānasati Sutta	Mindfulness of Breathing	
1 1 1	Mindfulness of Mind / Consciousness (citta-sati) On whatever occasion one trains thus: 'I shall breathe in experiencing the mind I shall breathe in gladdening the mind I shall breathe if shall breathe in concentrating the mind I shall breathe if shall breathe in liberating the mind I shall breathe of the mind I shall breathe of the mind occasion, one abides contemplating mind as mind. I do not say that there is the development of mindfulness of brown that is why on that occasion one abides contemplating mind a covetousness and grief for the world.	e out gladdening the mind'; out concentrating the mind'; out liberating the mind' — eathing for one who is forgetful, who is not fully aware.	7

Mindfulness of Breathing

Majjhima Nikāya:118 // Ānāpānasati Sutta

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Majjhima Nikāya:118 // Ānāpānasati Sutta Mindfulness of Breathing



Fulfilment of the Seven Enlightenment Factors (satta sambojjhangā)

And how, wise ones, do the four foundations of mindfulness, developed and cultivated, fulfill the seven enlightenment factors? On whatever occasion a one abides contemplating the 1. body as a body, 2. feelings as feelings, 3. mind as mind and 4. mental phenomenon as mental phenomenon, ardent, fully aware, and mindful, having put away covetousness and grief for the world —

Mindfulness (sati/smrti)

...on that occasion unremitting mindfulness is established. On whatever occasion unremitting mindfulness is established in one, the mindfulness enlightenment factor is aroused, and one develops it, and by development, it comes to fulfillment.

Investigation of the Dharma (dhamma vicaya)

Abiding thus mindful, one investigates and examines the dharma with wisdom and embarks upon a full inquiry into it. On that occasion, the investigation-of-dharma enlightenment factor is aroused, one develops it, and by development it comes to fulfillment.

Majjhima Nikāya:118 // Ānāpānasati Sutta Mindfulness of Breathing

Energy (viriya)

In one who investigates and examines that state with wisdom and embarks upon a full inquiry into it, tireless energy is aroused. On that occasion, the energy enlightenment factor is aroused, and one develops it, and by development it comes to fulfillment.

Joy / Rapture (pīti)

In one who has aroused energy, unworldly rapture arises. On that occasion, the rapture enlightenment factor is aroused, and one develops it, and by development it comes to fulfillment.

Relaxation / Tranquility (passaddhi)

In one who is rapturous, the body and the mind become tranquil. On that occasion, the tranquility enlightenment factor is aroused, and one develops it, and by development it comes to fulfillment.

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Majjhima Nikāya :118 // Ānāpānasati Sutta	Mindfulness of Breathing	
Concentration (samādhi) In one whose body is tranquil and who feels pleasure, the mind becomes concentrated. On that occasion, the concentration enlightenment factor is aroused, and one develops it, and by development it comes to fulfillment.		
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phenomenon as mental phenomenon, ardent, fully aware, and r	nindful, having put away covetousness and grief for the world,	
	Concentration (samādhi) In one whose body is tranquil and who feels pleasure, the mind On that occasion, the concentration enlightenment factor is aroufulfillment. Equanimity (upekkha) One closely looks on with equanimity at the mind thus concentration aroused, and one develops it, and by development it comes to for the occasion one abides contemplating 1. body as body phenomenon as mental phenomenon, ardent, fully aware, and mental phenomenon, ardent, fully aware, and mental phenomenon.	Concentration (samādhi) In one whose body is tranquil and who feels pleasure, the mind becomes concentrated. On that occasion, the concentration enlightenment factor is aroused, and one develops it, and by development it comes to fulfillment.

Majjhima Nikāya :118 // Ānāpānasati Sutta	Mindfulness of Breathing	
Wise ones, that is how the four foundations of mindfulness, de	veloped and cultivated, fulfill the seven enlightenment factors.	
Fulfilment of True Knowledge and Deliverance		
And how, wise ones, do the seven enlightenment factors, developed the factors of enlightenment, supported by relinquishment. That is how the seven enlightenment factors, do	·	12