## Data types and structures

Ralf Ansorg 2025-09-05

## **Exercise 1**

Suppose you got the following data or data frame:

```
a <- c(1:5) # mouse ID
b <- c(5, 6, 3, 10, 7) # licks per hours
c <- c("17.18", "16.03", "15.9", "17.99", "14") # length in cm
d <- c("Female", "Male", "Female", "Maile") # sex of mouse
e <- c(TRUE, FALSE, TRUE, TRUE, FALSE) # healthy mouse</pre>
```

```
df <- data.frame(a=a, b=b, c=c, d=d, e=e)</pre>
```

1. Which vectors (or columns of the data frame) need some work-over? If so, please write the correct code (*hint*: try to figure this out by looking at its structure; recall coercion and accessing elements of vectors, and factors. Think about on how to assign new a value to a particular element of a vector, e.g. my\_example\_vector[5].

```
class(c)

[1] "character"

c

[1] "17.18" "16.03" "15.9" "17.99" "14"

c <- as.numeric(c)
c</pre>
```

```
[1] 17.18 16.03 15.90 17.99 14.00
```

```
class(c)
```

```
[1] "numeric"
```

```
d[5] <- "Male" # was misspelled as "Maile"
d <- as.factor(d)
d</pre>
```

```
[1] Female Male Male Female Male
Levels: Female Male
```

2. Add all vectors to a new data frame df\_clean with proper/meaningful headers (instead of a,..., e)

```
df_clean <- data.frame(ID=a, licks=b, length=c, sex=d, healthy=e)
df_clean</pre>
```

3. What is the mean of the length of the mice? *Hint*: you could use the mean() function. What is the median?

```
mean(df_clean$length)
```

```
[1] 16.22
```

```
median(df_clean$length)
```

```
[1] 16.03
```

The mean length of the mice is 16.22 and the median is 16.03.1

4. Look at the structure **and** summary if your cleaned-up data is reasonable and briefly explain why. Bullet points only (use the \* or - symbol), no essay.

```
str(df)
```

```
'data.frame': 5 obs. of 5 variables:

$ a: int 1 2 3 4 5

$ b: num 5 6 3 10 7

$ c: chr "17.18" "16.03" "15.9" "17.99" ...

$ d: chr "Female" "Male" "Female" ...

$ e: logi TRUE FALSE TRUE TRUE FALSE
```

```
summary(df)
```

```
a b c d
Min. :1 Min. : 3.0 Length:5 Length:5
1st Qu.:2 1st Qu.: 5.0 Class :character Class :character
Median :3 Median : 6.0 Mode :character Mode :character
Mean :3 Mean : 6.2
3rd Qu.:4 3rd Qu.: 7.0
Max. :5 Max. :10.0
e
Mode :logical
FALSE:2
TRUE :3
```

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Check the .qmd file on how to have inline code!

```
str(df_clean)
```

```
'data.frame': 5 obs. of 5 variables:

$ ID : int 1 2 3 4 5

$ licks : num 5 6 3 10 7

$ length : num 17.2 16 15.9 18 14

$ sex : Factor w/ 2 levels "Female", "Male": 1 2 2 1 2

$ healthy: logi TRUE FALSE TRUE TRUE FALSE
```

## summary(df\_clean)

```
ID licks length sex healthy
Min. :1 Min. : 3.0 Min. :14.00 Female:2 Mode :logical
1st Qu.:2 1st Qu.: 5.0 1st Qu.:15.90 Male :3 FALSE:2
Median :3 Median : 6.0 Median :16.03 TRUE :3
Mean :3 Mean : 6.2 Mean :16.22
3rd Qu.:4 3rd Qu.: 7.0 3rd Qu.:17.18
Max. :5 Max. :10.0 Max. :17.99
```

## **Comments**

- length had to be converted to numerical (from character)
- sex should be a factor
- factors and logicals are displayed differently (counts)