Grundlagen des maschinellen Lernens (2023/24)

Hausaufgaben

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Aufgabe 1

Beweisen Sie die folgende, auf den Vorlesungsfolien postulierte Identität:

$$\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} (x_i y_i - \overline{x} \overline{y})}{\sum_{i=1}^{N} (x_i^2 - \overline{x}^2)} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} (x_i - \overline{x}) y_i}{\sum_{i=1}^{N} (x_i - \overline{x})^2}$$

$$\overline{x} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i$$
 $\overline{y} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} y_i$

OBEN

$$\sum_{i=1}^{N} (x_i y_i - \overline{x} \, \overline{y}) = \sum_{i=1}^{N} x_i y_i - n \overline{x} \, \overline{y} = \sum_{i=1}^{N} x_i y_i - \overline{x} \sum_{i=1}^{N} y_i = \sum_{i=1}^{N} x_i y_i - \sum_{i=1}^{N} \overline{x}_i, y_i = \sum_{i=1}^{N} x_i y_i - \sum_{i=1}^{N} \overline{x}_i, y_i = \sum_{i=1}^{N} x_i y_i - \sum$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{N} (x_i y_i - \overline{x} y_i) = \sum_{i=1}^{N} (x_i - \overline{x})^2 y_i$$

UNTEN

$$\sum_{i=1}^{N} (x_i^2 - \overline{x}^2) = \sum_{i=1}^{N} x_i^2 - n \overline{x}^2 = \sum_{i=1}^{N} x_i^2 + n \overline{x}^2 - 2n \overline{x} = \sum_{i=1}^{N} x_i^2 + n \overline{x}^2 - 2 \overline{x} n \overline{x} = \sum_{i=1}^{N} x_i^2 + n \overline{x}^2 - 2 \overline{x} n \overline{x} = \sum_{i=1}^{N} x_i^2 - n \overline{x}^2 = \sum_{i=1}^{N} x_i^2$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{N} x_i^2 + n\bar{x}^2 - 2\bar{x}\sum_{i=1}^{N} x_i = \sum_{i=1}^{N} x_i^2 + n\bar{x}^2 - \sum_{i=1}^{N} 2x_i\bar{x} = \sum_{i=1}^{N} (x_i^2 + \bar{x}^2 - 2x_i\bar{x}) = \underline{\sum_{i=1}^{N} (x_i - \bar{x})^2}$$

ZUSAMMEN

$$= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} (x_i - \bar{x}) y_i}{\sum_{i=1}^{N} (x_i - \bar{x})^2}$$