[Total No. of Questions - 9] [Total No. of Printed Pages - 4] (2125)

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B. Tech 1st Semester Examination Engineering Physics (CBS) PH-101

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 60

The candidates shall limit their answers precisely within the answerbook (40 pages) issued to them and no supplementary/continuation sheet will be issued.

Note: Attempt five questions in all, select one question from each sections I, II, III and IV. Section V (question 9) is compulsory.

SECTION - I

- 1. (a) How inertial frame differ from non-inertial frame of reference? Obtain Galilean transformation equations and write their consequences. (6)
 - (b) Discuss principle, construction and working of He-Ne laser. Why He is added in more proportion in this laser? (6)
- (a) What was the main objective of the Michelson Morely experiment? Discuss this experiment in detail. Write the main inference of this experiment.
 (6)
 - (b) Derive Einstein's mass-energy relation. Mention few experimental evidences in support of this relation. Find the speed at which a rocket appears to be 85% of its actual length, to an observer at rest. (4+2=6)

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SECTION - II

- (a) What are the characteristics of SHM? Obtain the differential equation of damped harmonic oscillation.
 Differentiate between free and forced vibrations. (6)
 - (b) What is total internal reflection? Define acceptance angle, numerical aperture. Differentiate between single mode and multimode fibres. (6)
- 4. (a) What is attenuation? Explain various types of losses in the optical fibers. How they can be minimised? What is optical window? (6)
 - (b) Discuss the application of the fibres in communication system and sensor system. A communication system uses a 20km fibre having a loss of 3.2dB. What will be output power if the input power is 950µW? (3+3=6)

SECTION - III

- (a) State and explain Heisenberg's uncertainty principle.
 Using this principle show that electrons cannot exist in
 the nucleus and also find the binding energy of an
 electron in the atom.
 - (b) Write the postulates of quantum mechanics. Why wave nature of matter is not apparent to our daily observation?

 (4)
 - (c) A particle is moving in a one dimensional box of width 40A°. Determine the probability of finding the particle inside the box and at interval of 3A° at the centre of the box in its ground state.
 (2)
- (a) Define phase velocity and group velocity. Show that the phase velocity of the de-Broglie wave is greater than velocity of light, but the group velocity is equal to the velocity of the particle with which the waves are associated.

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b)	Derive	the	time	independent	Schrödinger's	wav

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- e' equation. (4)
- Differentiate between soft and hard x-rays. (2)

SECTION - IV

- 7. (a) What is meant by Poynting vector? Deduce Poynting vector from Maxwell's equations and discuss its physical significance.
 - State and explain Meissner effect. Discuss its contradiction with the Maxwell's equation. (4)
 - What are high temperature superconductors? (2)
- 8. (a) Write Maxwell's equations in the integral form. Derive Maxwell's fourth equation and discuss its physical (6) significance.
 - (b) Explain isotope effect. How this effect gave the clue for the theory of superconductivity? Discuss BCS theory of superconductivity. (6)

SECTION - V

- Write postulates of special theory of relativity. (a)
 - The binding energy of an electron is 13.6eV. Calculate the loss of mass in the formation of one atom of hydrogen.
 - What is stimulated emission?
 - What is coherence length?
 - (e) What is the stumbling block in increasing the signal carrying capacity of the fibre with the increase of numerical aperture?

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- Define bit rate.
- Write significance of Maxwell's third equation.
- If the curl of a vector field is zero then what does it signify?
- Discuss wave impedance of free space.
- What is Bremsstrahlung effect? (j)
- Can de Broglie waves be electromagnetic or acoustic? Explain.
- Why superconductivity is a low temperature $(1 \times 12 = 12)$ phenomenon?