

18228(M)

B. Tech 6th Semester Examination

Compiler Design (CBS)

CS-603

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 60

The candidates shall limit their answers precisely within the answer-book (40 pages) issued to them and no supplementary/continuation sheet will be issued.

Note : Attempt one question from each unit. Question no. 9 is compulsory.

UNIT - I

1. Draw and explain the various phases of compiler. (10)
2. Discuss the action taken by every phase of the compiler on the following string:
 $M := P * Q + 40$ (10)

UNIT - II

3. Construct SLR Parsing table for the following grammar:
 $S \rightarrow L = R$
 $S \rightarrow R$
 $L \rightarrow * R$
 $L \rightarrow id$
 $R \rightarrow L$ (10)
4. What is syntax directed translation? Explain the types of attributes used in syntax directed translation. (10)

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UNIT - III

5. What do you mean by Directed Acyclic Graph? Explain in detail with example. (10)
6. Describe global data-flow analysis in detail. (10)

UNIT - IV

7. What do you understand by pee-hole optimization? (10)
8. Write a short note on issue in design of code generator. (10)

UNIT - V

9. Multiple choice questions:
 - (i) The most powerful parser is
 - (a) Canonical LR Parser
 - (b) SLR Parser
 - (c) LALR Parser
 - (d) LL (1) Parser.
 - (ii) Symbol table used for
 - (a) Generating code
 - (b) optimizing the code
 - (c) Checking the type compatibility
 - (d) for handling the recursive procedures
 - (iii) LR (1) parser are less powerful than SLR (1) parser.
 - (a) True
 - (b) False

- (iv) Pattern is a rule describing the set of lexemes that can represent a particular token in source language.
 - (a) True
 - (b) False
- (v) A lexeme is a sequence of characters in a source program that is matched by the pattern for a token.
 - (a) True
 - (b) False
- (vi) What is Compiler?
 - (a) Compiler is an Editor.
 - (b) Compiler is a program that converts high level source program into the machine code.
 - (c) Compiler is a program that converts low level source program into machine code.
 - (d) Compiler is a general purpose application program.
- (vii) Synthesized attribute of any node depends on:
 - (a) Parent node
 - (b) Left Sibling
 - (c) Right sibling
 - (d) None of These
- (viii) A grammar which can be successfully parse by a predictive parser is said to be
 - (a) LL (1) grammar.
 - (b) Operator Grammar.

- (c) Unambiguous grammar.
- (d) None of These
- (ix) A grammar is said to be ambiguous when:
 - (a) Grammar can have more than one parse tree.
 - (b) Grammar has only one parse tree.
 - (c) Grammar has no parse tree
 - (d) None of these.
- (x) A Grammar is said to be operator precedence if....
 - (a) there is no production on the right side ϵ .
 - (b) there should not be any production rule processing two adjacent non-terminal at the right hand side.
 - (c) The language produced by this grammar rule contains the operators.
 - (d) all of the above. (2×10=20)