

[Total No. of Questions - 9] [Total No. of Printed Pages - 3]
(2064)

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B. Tech 4th Semester Examination

Discrete Structures (O.S.)

CS-4002

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

The candidates shall limit their answers precisely within the answer-book (40 pages) issued to them and no supplementary/continuation sheet will be issued.

Note : Attempt five questions in all selecting one from each of the Sections A, B, C & D. Section E is compulsory.

SECTION - A

1. (a) If A, B and C are three non-empty sets, prove that $A - (B \cup C) = (A - B) \cap (A - C)$. (10)
- (b) Let $U = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$, $A = \{1, 2, 3, 7\}$, $B = \{4, 5, 6, 7\}$, $C = \{1, 3, 6\}$.
Compute: (i) $A \cap B$, (ii) $A - B$, (iii) $A \cap (B \cup C)$, (iv) $\sim A \cup \sim C$. (10)
2. (a) List the members of sets $A = \{x \mid x \text{ is a prime number between 10 and 20}\}$ and $B = \{x \mid x = 3k + 2 \text{ where } k \text{ is an integer and } 2 < k < 8\}$. Find $A - B$. (10)
- (b) State and explain two De Morgan laws using suitable examples. (10)

SECTION - B

3. (a) Show that $p \Leftrightarrow q$ and $\neg p \Leftrightarrow \neg q$ are equivalent. (10)
- (b) Let $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$ and $B = \{1, 3, 5\}$. Give $A \oplus B$. (10)

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4. (a) Define tautology. Prove that for any proposition p, q, r the compound proposition $[(p \rightarrow q) \wedge (q \rightarrow r)] \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r)$ is a tautology. (10)
- (b) If R_1 and R_2 are equivalence relations on a set X then prove that $R_1 \cap R_2$ is an equivalence relation. Give a counter example to show that $R_1 \cup R_2$ need not be an equivalence relation. (10)

SECTION - C

5. (a) Prove that the intersection of any two subgroups of a group G is again a subgroup of G . (10)
- (b) What is adjacency matrix? How will you draw adjacency matrix for a given undirected graph? Give example. (10)
6. (a) Let T be a tree. Prove that removing any edge from T produces a graph, T' that is not connected. (10)
- (b) Write note on:
- (i) Homomorphic graphs
- (ii) Recurrence relation (10)

SECTION - D

7. (a) Show that maximum number of edges in a simple graph with n vertices is $\frac{n(n-1)}{2}$ (10)
- (b) Given $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ and $B = \{1, 3, 5\}$. Let R be the relation from $A \rightarrow B$ define by " x is greater than y ". Write relation R , its matrix and draw its graph. (10)
8. (a) State and prove the condition to find out if a given graph is an Euler graph. (10)
- (b) Define spanning tree. Write the Prim's algorithm to find a minimal spanning tree of a weighted graph. (10)

SECTION - E

9. (a) List all partitions of the set $\{a, b, c\}$.
- (b) Prove that for any 3 sets A, B and C, $A \cap (B \cup C) = (A \cap B) \cup (A \cap C)$.
- (c) Define symmetric relation with an example.
- (d) Prove that $\overline{A \cup B} = \overline{A} \cap \overline{B}$.
- (e) When is a simple graph G bipartite? Give an example.
- (f) Let A and B be sets. Prove that $(A-B) \cap (B-A) = \phi$.
- (g) Let $A = \{a, b, c\}$, find $A \times A$.
- (h) Define propositional calculus.
- (i) Explain preorder traversal of a binary tree.
- (j) How do you represent graphs inside computer? Explain.
(2×10=20)