DAY 23-DAILY ASSIGNMENTS

ANSU MARIUM SHIBU

1.infix to postfix

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<ctype.h>
char stack[100];
int top=-1;
void push(char x);
char pop();
int priority(char x);
int main(){
    char exp[100];
    char *e,x;
    printf("neter exp:");
    scanf("%s",exp);
    e=exp;
    while(*e!='\0'){
        if(isalnum(*e)){
            printf("%c",*e);
        else if(*e=='('){
            push(*e);
        else if(*e==')'){
           while((x=pop())!='(')
            printf("%c",x);
```

```
Multe(*e;= /0.){
        else if(*e==')'){
        else {
           while(priority(stack[top])>=priority(*e)){
                 printf("%c",pop());
            push(*e);
        e++;
    while(top!=-1){
        printf("%c",pop());
void push(char x){
    stack[++top]=x;
char pop(){
    if(top==-1){
        return -1;
    else{
       return stack[top--];
```

```
hi Tiiri ( %c , hoh())
void push(char x){
   stack[++top]=x;
char pop(){
   if(top==-1){
       return -1;
   else{
       return stack[top--];
int priority(char x){
   if(x=='('){
       return 0;
   else if(x=='+'||x=='-'){
       return 1;
    else if(x=='*'||x=='/'){
       return 2;
    else if(x=='^'){
       return 3;
```

```
PS D:\c progrms coding> gcc infixpost.c
PS D:\c progrms coding> ./a
neter exp:(a+b)+(a-b)
ab+ab-+
PS D:\c progrms coding> [
```

2. Reverse a string using stack

```
stckrevstr.c > 🗘 revstr(char 📙)
    #include<stdio.h>
    void revstr(char string[]);
    int main(){
        char string[100];
        printf("enter string:");
        scanf("%s",string);
        revstr(string);
    void revstr(char string[]){
        char stack[100];
        int i=0,top=0;
        while(string[i]!='\0'){
            top++;
            stack[top]=string[i];
            i++;
        while(top!=0){
            printf("rev string:%c\n",stack[top]);
            top--;
```

```
PS D:\c progrms coding> gcc stckrevstr.c
PS D:\c progrms coding> ./a
enter string:ansu
rev string:u
rev string:s
rev string:n
rev string:a
PS D:\c progrms coding>
```

3. 1. Simulate a Call Center Queue

Create a program to simulate a call center where incoming calls are handled on a first-come, first-served basis. Use a queue to manage call handling and provide options to add, remove, and view calls

```
queueassi1.c > 😭 dequeue()
   #include <stdio.h>
   int front = -1, rear = -1;
   int queue[100];
   void enqueue(int call) {
       if (rear == 99) {
           printf("Queue is full.\n");
           return;
       if (front == -1) front = 0;
       queue[++rear] = call;
       printf("Call %d added to the queue.\n", call);
   void dequeue() {
       if (front == -1 || front > rear) {
           printf("Queue is empty.\n");
           return;
       printf("remove call %d.\n", queue[front]);
       front++;
       if (front > rear) front = rear = -1;
   }
```

```
Tu dednede() (
    if (front == -1 || front > rear) {
    printf("remove call %d.\n", queue[front]);
    front++;
    if (front > rear) front = rear = -1;
void viewQueue() {
    if (front == -1 || front > rear) {
        printf("Queue is empty.\n");
        return;
    printf("Calls in queue: ");
    for (int i = front; i <= rear; i++) {</pre>
        printf("%d ", queue[i]);
    printf("\n");
int main() {
    int choice, call;
    while (1) {
```

```
int choice, call;
while (1) {
   printf("\n1. Add Call\n2. Remove Call\n3. View Queue\n4. Exit\n");
   printf("Enter your choice: ");
   scanf( %d , &choice);
    if (choice == 1) {
        printf("Enter call ID: ");
scanf("Xd", &call);
        enqueue(call);
    ) else if (choice == 2) [
       dequeue();
    ) else if (choice == 3) {
        viewQueue();
    } else if (choice == 4) {
       break;
        printf("Invalid choice.\n");
return 0;
```

```
4. Exit
PS D:\c progrms coding> gcc queueassi1.c
PS D:\c progrms coding> ./a

1. Add Call
2. Remove Call
3. View Queue
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter call ID: 12
Call 12 added to the queue.

1. Add Call
2. Remove Call
3. View Queue
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
```

- 1. Add Call
- 2. Remove Call

Enter call ID: 34

- 3. View Queue
- 4. Exit

Enter your choice: 1 Enter call ID: 34

Call 34 added to the queue.

- 1. Add Call
- 2. Remove Call
- 3. View Queue
- 4. Exit

Enter your choice: 1 Enter call ID: 23

Call 23 added to the queue.

- 1. Add Call
- 2. Remove Call

```
Call 23 added to the queue.

1. Add Call
2. Remove Call
3. View Queue
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 2
remove call 12.

1. Add Call
2. Remove Call
3. View Queue
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 3
Calls in queue: 34 23

1. Add Call
2. Remove Call
```

4. 2.Print Job Scheduler

Implement a print job scheduler where print requests are queued. Allow users to add new print jobs, cancel a specific job, and print jobs in the order they were added.

```
eueassiz.c / 🗘 addrob(int, chai [])
 #include <stdio.h>
 #include <string.h>
 #include <stdlib.h>
 struct PrintJob {
     int id;
     char description[50];
 };
 struct PrintJob queue[100];
 int front = -1, rear = -1;
 void addJob(int id, char description[]) {
     if (rear == 99) {
         printf("Queue is full. Cannot add new print job.\n");
         return;
     if (front == -1) {
         front = 0; // Initialize front for the first job
     rear++;
     queue[rear].id = id;
     strcpy(queue[rear].description, description);
     printf("Print job %d added: %s\n", id, description);
```

```
al describition[]/ [
         if (front == -1) {
19
             front = 0; // Initialize front for the first job
20
21
         rear++;
22
         queue[rear].id = id;
23
         strcpy(queue[rear].description, description);
24
         printf("Print job %d added: %s\n", id, description);
25
26
27
     void cancelJob(int id) {
28
         if (front == -1 || front > rear) {
29
             printf("Queue is empty. No jobs to cancel.\n");
30
             return;
31
32
         int found = 0;
33
         for (int i = front; i <= rear; i++) {
34
             if (queue[i].id == id) {
35
                  found = 1;
36
                 for (int j = i; j < rear; j++) {</pre>
37
                      queue[j] = queue[j + 1];
38
39
                 rear--;
40
                  printf("Print job %d canceled.\n", id);
41
                  break;
```

```
int found = 0;
    for (int i = front; i <= rear; i++) {
        if (queue[i].id == id) {
            found = 1;
            for (int j = i; j < rear; j++) {
                queue[j] = queue[j + 1];
            rear--;
            printf("Print job %d canceled.\n", id);
            break;
   if (!found) {
        printf("Print job %d not found.\n", id);
   if (front > rear) {
       front = rear = -1; // Reset queue if empty
void viewJobs() {
   if (front == -1 || front > rear) {
        printf("Queue is empty. No print jobs to display.\n");
```

```
if (front == -1 || front > rear) {
    printf("Queue is empty. No print jobs to display.\n");
    return;
}

printf("Print jobs in queue:\n");
for (int i = front; i <= rear; i++) {
    printf("Job ID: %d, Description: %s\n", queue[i].id, queue[i].description);
}

int main() {
    int main() {
    int choice, id;
    char description[50];

while (1) {
    printf("\nPrint Job Scheduler\n");
    printf("1. Add Print Job\n");
    printf("2. Cancel Print Job\n");
    printf("4. Exit\n");
    printf("4. Exit\n");
    printf("Enter your choice: ");
    scanf("%d", &choice);
}</pre>
```

```
printf("Enter job ID: ");
    scanf("%d", &id);
    printf("Enter job description (single word only): ");
    scanf("%s", description);
    addJob(id, description);
   break;
case 2:
   printf("Enter job ID to cancel: ");
    scanf("%d", &id);
    cancellob(id);
    break;
case 3:
    viewJobs();
    break;
case 4:
    printf("Exiting...\n");
    exit(0);
default:
    printf("Invalid choice. Please try again. \n");
```

```
Enter your choice: Ca
PS D:\c progrms coding> gcc queueassi2.c
PS D:\c progrms coding> ./a
Print Job Scheduler
1. Add Print Job
2. Cancel Print Job
3. View Print Jobs
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter job ID: 23
Enter job description (single word only): hr
Print job 23 added: hr
Print Job Scheduler
1. Add Print Job
2. Cancel Print Job
3. View Print Jobs
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter job ID: 45
Enter job description (single word only): documnt
Print job 45 added: documnt
Print Job Scheduler
1. Add Print Job
2. Cancel Print Job
```

```
3. View Print Jobs
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter job ID: 45
Enter job description (single word only): documnt
Print job 45 added: documnt
Print Job Scheduler
1. Add Print Job
2. Cancel Print Job
3. View Print Jobs
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 3
Print jobs in queue:
Job ID: 23, Description: hr
Job ID: 45, Description: documnt
Print Job Scheduler
1. Add Print Job
2. Cancel Print Job
3. View Print Jobs
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 2
Enter job ID to cancel: 45
Print job 45 canceled.
Print Job Scheduler
```

```
Print Job Scheduler
1. Add Print Job
2. Cancel Print Job
3. View Print Jobs
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 3
Print jobs in queue:
Job ID: 23, Description: hr
Job ID: 45, Description: documnt
Print Job Scheduler
1. Add Print Job
2. Cancel Print Job
3. View Print Jobs
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 2
Enter job ID to cancel: 45
Print job 45 canceled.
Print Job Scheduler
1. Add Print Job
2. Cancel Print Job
3. View Print Jobs
4. Exit
Enter your choice:
```

5. 3.Design a Ticketing System

Simulate a ticketing system where people join a queue to buy tickets. Implement functionality for people to join the queue, buy tickets, and display the queue's current state.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include (stdlib.h)
int queue[100];
int front = -1, rear = -1;
void joinQueue(int person) {
    if (rear == 99) {
       printf("Queue is full. No more people can join.\n");
       return;
    if (front == -1) {
       front = 0;
   rear++;
    queue[rear] = person;
    printf("Person %d joined the queue.\n", person);
void buyTicket() {
    if (front == -1 || front > rear) {
       printf("Queue is empty. No one to buy tickets.\n");
    printf("Person %d bought a ticket.\n", queue[front]);
    front++;
    if (front > rear) {
       front = rear = -1; // Reset queue if empty
```

```
eassi3.c > 😭 joinQueue(int)
void buyTicket() {
    if (front == -1 || front > rear) {
        printf("Queue is empty. No one to buy tickets.\n");
       return;
    printf("Person %d bought a ticket.\n", queue[front]);
    front++;
    if (front > rear) {
       front = rear = -1; // Reset queue if empty
void displayQueue() {
    if (front == -1 || front > rear) {
        printf("Queue is empty. No one in the queue.\n");
       return;
    printf("Current queue: ");
    for (int i = front; i <= rear; i++) {</pre>
        printf("%d ", queue[i]);
   printf("\n");
int main() {
   int choice, person;
   while (1) {
```

```
int main() {
   int choice, person;
   while (1) {
        printf("\nTicketing System\n");
        printf("1. Join the queue\n");
        printf("2. Buy ticket\n");
        printf("3. Display queue\n");
        printf("4. Exit\n");
        printf("Enter your choice: ");
        scanf("%d", &choice);
        switch (choice) {
            case 1:
                printf("Enter person ID: ");
                scanf("%d", &person);
                joinQueue(person);
                break;
            case 2:
                buyTicket();
               break;
            case 3:
                displayQueue();
                break;
            case 4:
                printf("Exiting the system.\n");
                exit(0);
            default:
```

```
printf("Enter person ID: ");
            scanf("%d", &person);
            joinQueue(person);
            break;
        case 2:
            buyTicket();
            break;
        case 3:
            displayQueue();
            break;
        case 4:
            printf("Exiting the system.\n");
            exit(0);
        default:
            printf("Invalid choice. Please try again.\n");
return 0;
```

```
Enter your choice: Queue is empty. No one in the queue.
PS D:\c progrms coding> gcc queueassi3.c
PS D:\c progrms coding> ./a
Ticketing System
1. Join the queue
2. Buy ticket
3. Display queue
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter person ID: 23
Person 23 joined the queue.
Ticketing System
1. Join the queue
2. Buy ticket
3. Display queue
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter person ID: 45
Person 45 joined the queue.
```

Enter person ID: 23

Person 23 joined the queue.

Ticketing System

- 1. Join the queue
- 2. Buy ticket
- 3. Display queue
- 4. Exit

Enter your choice: 1

Enter person ID: 45

Person 45 joined the queue.

Ticketing System

- 1. Join the queue
- 2. Buy ticket
- 3. Display queue
- 4. Exit

Enter your choice: 1

Enter person ID: 78

Person 78 joined the queue.

Ticketing System

- 1. Join the queue
- 2. Buy ticket
- 3. Display queue
- 4. Exit

Enter your choice: 3

```
Enter your choice. I
Enter person ID: 78
Person 78 joined the queue.
Ticketing System
1. Join the queue
2. Buy ticket
3. Display queue
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 3
Current queue: 23 45 78
Ticketing System
1. Join the queue
2. Buy ticket
3. Display queue
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 2
Person 23 bought a ticket.
Ticketing System
1. Join the queue
2. Buy ticket
3. Display queue
4. Exit
```

Enter your choice: 2

Person 45 bought a ticket.

- 2. Buy ticket
- 3. Display queue
- 4. Exit

Enter your choice: 2

Person 23 bought a ticket.

Ticketing System

- 1. Join the queue
- 2. Buy ticket
- 3. Display queue
- 4. Exit

Enter your choice: 2

Person 45 bought a ticket.

Ticketing System

- 1. Join the queue
- 2. Buy ticket
- 3. Display queue
- 4. Exit

Enter your choice: 2

Person 78 bought a ticket.

Ticketing System

- 1. Join the queue
- 2. Buy ticket
- 3. Display queue
- 4. Exit

4. Exit

Enter your choice: 2

Person 45 bought a ticket.

Ticketing System

- 1. Join the queue
- 2. Buy ticket
- 3. Display queue
- 4. Exit

Enter your choice: 2

Person 78 bought a ticket.

Ticketing System

- 1. Join the queue
- 2. Buy ticket
- 3. Display queue
- 4. Exit

Enter your choice: 3

Queue is empty. No one in the queue.

Ticketing System

- 1. Join the queue
- 2. Buy ticket
- 3. Display queue
- 4. Exit

Caban valle abadaa.

6.queue insertion deletion

```
#include <stdio.h>
int queue[100];
int front = -1;
int rear = -1;
void enqueue(int value, int size) {
    if (rear == size - 1) {
        printf("Queue is full (Overflow).\n");
    } else {
        if (front == -1) {
           front = 0;
        rear++;
        queue[rear] = value;
        printf("%d enqueued to the queue.\n", value);
void dequeue() {
    if (front == -1 || front > rear) {
        printf("Queue is empty (Underflow).\n");
    } else {
        printf("%d dequeued from the queue.\n", queue[front]);
        front++;
void display() {
```

```
void display() {
    if (front == -1 || front > rear) {
        printf("Queue is empty.\n");
    } else {
        for (int i = front; i <= rear; i++) {
            printf("%d ", queue[i]);
        printf("\n");
int main() {
    int choice, value, size;
    printf("Enter the size of the queue: ");
    scanf("%d", &size);
   while (1) {
        printf("\n1. Enqueue\n2. Dequeue\n3. Display\n4. Exit\n");
        printf("Enter your choice: ");
       scanf("%d", &choice);
        if (choice == 1) {
            printf("Enter the value to enqueue: ");
           scanf("%d", &value);
           enqueue(value, size);
        } else if (choice == 2) {
```

```
} else {
int main() {
    int choice, value, size;
    printf("Enter the size of the queue: ");
    scanf("%d", &size);
    while (1) {
        printf("\n1. Enqueue\n2. Dequeue\n3. Display\n4. Exit\n");
        printf("Enter your choice: ");
        scanf("%d", &choice);
        if (choice == 1) {
            printf("Enter the value to enqueue: ");
            scanf("%d", &value);
            enqueue(value, size);
        } else if (choice == 2) {
            dequeue();
        } else if (choice == 3) {
            display();
        } else if (choice == 4) {
            break;
            printf("Invalid choice.\n");
    return 0;
```

```
nter the size of the queue: 3
. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
3. Display
4. Exit
nter your choice: 1
nter the value to enqueue: 3
enqueued to the queue.
L. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
3. Display
4. Exit
inter your choice: 1
nter the value to enqueue: 4
lenqueued to the queue.
L. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
3. Display
4. Exit
inter your choice: 1
nter the value to enqueue: 5
 enqueued to the queue.
```

```
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter the value to enqueue: 5
5 enqueued to the queue.
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 3
3 4 5
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 2
3 dequeued from the queue.
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
3. Display
3 4 5
1. Enqueue
```

```
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 2
3 dequeued from the queue.

1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 3
4 5

1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
3. Display
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 3
4 5
```