Project Title: Participial Adjectives

Project Font: Open Sans

Font Size: xx (Titles, Subtitles, Content, Buttons)

Project Color Scheme:

#F8D0A9

#4F323F

#9F4423

#CB9234

#FFF3E2

SLIDE	VISUALS	TEXT	BUTTONS/DEVELOPER NOTES	РНОТО
1 Welcome	-welcome.png Image: Image of a man sitting at his desk studying	-Participial Adjectives -START LESSON	-START LESSON: Jump to next slide	PARTICIPIAL ADJECTIVES STANTLESON
2 Intro	-woman.png Image: Image of a woman pointing at the outline of the lesson	-PARTICIPIAL ADJECTIVES -Paragraph Text: In this lesson, you will learn about participial adjectives. You will learn the different forms and when to use each form. -Definition -Forms and Uses -Memory -Exercises -NEXT	-NEXT: Jump to next slide Animations: 1. Text box: Fade from right at 1s 2. PARTICIPIAL ADJECTIVES text: Fade from right at 3s 3. Paragraph Text: Fade from right at 5s 4. Definition, Forms and Uses, Memory, and Exercises text: Fade from right at 7s, 9s, 11s, and 13s respectively 5. NEXT button: Fade from bottom at 15s	PARTICIPIAL ADJECTIVES In this lesson, you will learn about participial adjectives. You will earn and upon the different forms and when to use each form. Definition - Definition - Form and Use - Matching - Exercises MEXT

3	-desk.png	-PARTICIPIAL ADJECTIVES	-NEXT: Jump to next slide	
Definition	-uesk.prig	-FARTICIFIAL ADJECTIVES	-NEXT. Jump to flext slide	PARTICIPIAL ADJECTIVES
Deminion	Image:	-DEFINITION		DEFINITION PARTICIPLE ADJECTIVES
	Image of a man	DEI IIII III		A participial adjective is an adjective that is a participle in origin and form, such as burned, cutting, and engaged.
	sitting at his desk	-PARTICIPLE ADJECTIVES		F-6.6 1
	studying	-A participial adjective is an		NEXT
	, 0	adjective that is a participle in		
		origin and form, such as		
		burned, cutting, and		
		engaged.		
4	-desk.png	-PARTICIPIAL ADJECTIVES	-NEXT: Jump to next slide	
Forms and				PARTICIPIAL ADJECTIVES FORMS AND USES
Uses	Image:	-FORMS AND USES		PAST PARTICIPLE FORM An adjective that ends in -ed is used to describe a feeling for how a person feelst or an emotion. It is
	Image of a man			used to describe a temporary thing. Since only people (and some animals) have feelings, ed adjectives cannot be used to describe an object or
	sitting at his desk	-PAST PARTICIPLE FORM		stuation.
	studying	-An adjective that ends in -ed		NEXT
		is used to describe a feeling		
		(or how a person feels) or an		
		emotion. It is used to		
		describe a temporary thing. Since only people (and some		
		animals) have feelings, -ed		
		adjectives cannot be used to		
		describe an object or		
		situation.		
5	-man.png	-PAST PARTICIPLE FORM	-NEXT: Jump to next slide	
Examples				PAST PARTICIPLE FORM EXAMPLES
	Image:	-EXAMPLES	-Use bullet points for example	He is bored . (He feels bored; he has the feeling of boredom)
	Image of a man		sentences	The students are confused by the problem. (The students are confused by the problem) They were frightened by the roller-coaster ride. (The had the feeling of fright because of the roller-
	holding a top hat			coaster ride)
	above his head		Animations:	NEXT

6 Forms and Uses	-desk.png Image: Image of a man sitting at his desk studying	-He is bored . (He feels bored; he has the feeling of boredom) The students are confused by the problem. (The students are confused by the problem) They were frightened by the roller-coaster ride. (The had the feeling of fright because of the roller-coaster ride) -PARTICIPIAL ADJECTIVES -FORMS AND USES -PRESENT PARTICIPLE FORM -An adjective that ends in -ing is used to describe the characteristic of a person, a thing or a situation. If a person, thing, or situation gives a feeling, use -ing.	 Text box: Fade from bottom at 0s Man: Fade from right at 1.5s NEXT button: Fade from bottom at 3s 	PARTICIPIAL ADJECTIVES FORMS AND USES PRESENT PARTICIPLE FORM An adjective that ends in .nig is used to describe the characteristic of a period, a thing or a situation. If a person, thing, or situation gives a feeling, use .nig. NEXT
7 Examples	-man.png Image: Image of a man holding a top hat above his head	-PRESENT PARTICIPLE FORM -EXAMPLES -He is boring. (He is a boring person; he gives the feeling of boredom)	-NEXT: Jump to next slide -Use bullet points for example sentences Animations: 1. Text box: Fade from bottom at 0s	PRESENT PARTICULE FORM EXAMPLES 1 to its boring, gits it is a poring person; he gives the relief set beneform boring and resident of the relief set beneform of the relief set benefo

	The movie was confusing. (The movie caused me to be confused – I did not understand it) They roller-coaster ride was frightening. (The roller-coaster gave them the feeling of fright)	2. Man: Fade from right at 1.5s3. NEXT button: Fade from bottom at 3s	
8 Matching	- Match the sentence with the participial adjective. -Drag Items (left side): relaxed exhausting terrifying exhausted relaxing -Drop Targets (right side): I hate doing housework! It's	Type: Matching activity -Clicking check mark after completing activity goes to next screen -Unlimited tries allowed before submitting -Warning message appears if clicking check mark before completion with the following text:	Match the sentence with the participial adjective. Felicidad
	She was so after work, she went to bed right away. A nice hot bath is so after a long day. She was so on the sofa that she didn't want to move. What a dog! It's huge!	-Invalid Answer -You must complete the question before submitting -OK -Message appears when matching is completed -Continue goes to next screen, regardless of how many answers are correct	Match the sentence with the participial adjective. Correct That's right You selected the correct response. Continue Match the sentence with the participial adjective. Vou did not select the correct response. Continue

	-Correct answers: I hate doing housework! It's exhausting! She was so exhausted after work, she went to bed right away. A nice hot bath is so relaxing after a long day. She was so relaxed on the sofa that she didn't want to move. What a terrifying dog! It's huge!	