

ft\_printf

Because ft\_putnbr() and ft\_putstr() aren't enough

Summary: The goal of this project is quite straightforward: you will reimplement printf(). This will primarily teach you how to handle a variable number of arguments.

How cool is that? Actually, it's pretty cool! :)

Version: 10.2

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## Chapter I

## Introduction

You will explore one of the most popular and versatile functions in C: printf(). This exercise provides an excellent opportunity to improve your programming skills. It is considered moderately difficult.

You will discover variadic functions in C.

The key to a successful ft\_printf is well-structured and extensible code.



Once you have successfully completed this assignment, you will be allowed to add your ft\_printf() to your libft, making it available for use in your school C projects.

## Chapter II

#### **Common Instructions**

- Your project must be written in C.
- Your project must be written in accordance with the Norm. If you have bonus files/functions, they are included in the norm check, and you will receive a 0 if there is a norm error.
- Your functions should not quit unexpectedly (segmentation fault, bus error, double free, etc.) except for undefined behavior. If this occurs, your project will be considered non-functional and will receive a 0 during the evaluation.
- All heap-allocated memory must be properly freed when necessary. Memory leaks will not be tolerated.
- If the subject requires it, you must submit a Makefile that compiles your source files to the required output with the flags -Wall, -Wextra, and -Werror, using cc. Additionally, your Makefile must not perform unnecessary relinking.
- Your Makefile must at contain at least the rules \$(NAME), all, clean, fclean and re.
- To submit bonuses for your project, you must include a bonus rule in your Makefile, which will add all the various headers, libraries, or functions that are not allowed in the main part of the project. Bonuses must be placed in \_bonus.{c/h} files, unless the subject specifies otherwise. The evaluation of mandatory and bonus parts is conducted separately.
- If your project allows you to use your libft, you must copy its sources and its associated Makefile into a libft folder. Your project's Makefile must compile the library by using its Makefile, then compile the project.
- We encourage you to create test programs for your project, even though this work does not need to be submitted and will not be graded. It will give you an opportunity to easily test your work and your peers' work. You will find these tests especially useful during your defence. Indeed, during defence, you are free to use your tests and/or the tests of the peer you are evaluating.
- Submit your work to the assigned Git repository. Only the work in the Git repository will be graded. If Deepthought is assigned to grade your work, it will occur

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# Chapter III Mandatory part

Program name	libftprintf.a
Turn in files	Makefile, *.h, */*.h, *.c, */*.c
Makefile	NAME, all, clean, fclean, re
External functs.	malloc, free, write,
	va_start, va_arg, va_copy, va_end
Libft authorized	Yes
Description	Write a library that contains ft_printf(), a
/	function that will mimic the original printf()

You have to recode the printf() function from libc.

```
The prototype of ft_printf() is:

int ft_printf(const char *, ...);
```

Here are the requirements:

- Do not implement the original printf()'s buffer management.
- Your function has to handle the following conversions: cspdiuxX%
- Your implementation will be evaluated against the behavior of the original printf().
- You must use the command ar to create your library.

  The use of the libtool command is strictly forbidden.
- libftprintf.a must be created at the root of your repository.

You have to implement the following conversions:

- %c Prints a single character.
- %s Prints a string (as defined by the common C convention).
- %p The void \* pointer argument has to be printed in hexadecimal format.
- %d Prints a decimal (base 10) number.
- %i Prints an integer in base 10.
- %u Prints an unsigned decimal (base 10) number.
- %x Prints a number in hexadecimal (base 16) lowercase format.
- %X Prints a number in hexadecimal (base 16) uppercase format.
- %% Prints a percent sign.

# Chapter IV Bonus part

You don't have to do all the bonuses.

#### Bonus list:

- Manage any combination of the following flags: '-0.' and the field minimum width under all conversions.
- Manage all the following flags: '# +' (Yes, one of them is a space)



If you plan to complete the bonus part, consider the implementation of your additional features from the beginning. This will help you avoid the pitfalls of a naive approach.



The bonus part will only be assessed if the mandatory part is PERFECT. To be considered perfect, the mandatory part must be fully implemented and function correctly without any errors. If you have not passed ALL the mandatory requirements, your bonus part will not be evaluated at all.

## Chapter V

## Submission and peer-evaluation

Submit your assignment in your Git repository as usual. Only the work inside your repository will be evaluated during the defense. Don't hesitate to double-check the names of your files to ensure they are correct.

Once you have completed this assignment, you will be allowed to add your ft\_printf() to your libft, enabling its use in your school C projects.

