

18. Feladat. Legyen $g: \mathbf{R} \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$ egy adott folytonos függvény, x_0 egy rögzített valós szám és

$$f: \mathbf{R} \rightarrow \mathbf{R}, \quad f(x) := g(x)|x - x_0|.$$

Adjunk szükséges és elégséges feltételt arra, hogy az f függvény differenciálható legyen az x_0 pontban!

19. Feladat. Adja meg a következő függvények deriváltját!

$$1. \quad f(x) = 4x^5 + 2x^3 - 8, \quad 2. \quad f(x) = 3x^6 - 2x^3 + x,$$

$$3. \quad f(x) = x^2 \sqrt{x^3 \sqrt{x^3}}, \quad 4. \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt[3]{x^2}},$$

$$5. \quad f(x) = 4x^5 + \frac{1}{x^3} + \frac{3}{\sqrt[3]{x}}, \quad 6. \quad f(x) = \frac{2x^3 + 3x^2}{\sqrt[3]{x^4}},$$

$$7. \quad f(x) = 2 \sin \frac{\pi}{4} - 4 \cos x, \quad 8. \quad f(x) = \operatorname{ctg} x - \operatorname{tg} x + e^{\pi+2},$$

$$9. \quad f(x) = (x^3 + 5) \ln x, \quad 10. \quad f(x) = x e^x + x,$$

$$11. \quad f(x) = \sqrt[4]{x} \operatorname{tg} x - \operatorname{arcth} 1, \quad 12. \quad f(x) = (3 \cdot 2^x + 2^3) \sin x,$$

$$13. \quad f(x) = \sqrt{x} \log_2 x + 3, \quad 14. \quad f(x) = e^x \arcsin x,$$

$$15. \quad f(x) = \sin x + x^2 \cos x, \quad 16. \quad f(x) = 3 \cos x + \sqrt[4]{x} \arccos x,$$

$$17. \quad f(x) = \left(x^4 - \frac{3}{x}\right) 2^x, \quad 18. \quad f(x) = (\sqrt[3]{x^2} + 2x) \cos x,$$

$$19. \quad f(x) = \frac{x+1}{x-1}, \quad 20. \quad f(x) = \frac{\ln x}{\cos x},$$

$$21. \quad f(x) = \frac{\sin x - \cos x}{\sin x + \cos x}, \quad 22. \quad f(x) = \frac{e^x + x}{e^x + 1},$$

$$23. \quad f(x) = \frac{x^3 + 2x - 1}{\operatorname{ctg} x}, \quad 24. \quad f(x) = \frac{\operatorname{tg} x + x}{\sqrt{2}},$$

$$25. \quad f(x) = \frac{x \ln x}{\sqrt{x} + 1}, \quad 26. \quad f(x) = \frac{x^2 \sin x}{\cos x + 1},$$

$$27. \quad f(x) = \frac{x^3 - 1}{x e^x}, \quad 28. \quad f(x) = \frac{x + \sin x}{2 - x + \cos x},$$

29. $f(x) = \frac{x \arcsin x + \cos x}{\sin x - 1},$
30. $f(x) = \frac{\log_3 x + x^2}{e^x + x + 1},$
31. $f(x) = \left(8 - \frac{1}{x^2}\right)^5,$
32. $f(x) = \frac{1}{(\operatorname{tg} x + x - 2)},$
33. $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x^4 + 4x^2 - \frac{1}{x}},$
34. $f(x) = \frac{x - x^2}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}},$
35. $f(x) = (3x - 2)^6 \operatorname{tg} x,$
36. $f(x) = \sin^2 x + \sin x,$
37. $f(x) = \sqrt{\sin x^3 + x \cos x},$
38. $f(x) = e^{x^2+1},$
39. $f(x) = x^2 e^{\cos x},$
40. $f(x) = \frac{e^{2x} + x}{e^{\frac{x}{2}}},$
41. $f(x) = x e^{x^2} + x^2 e^x,$
42. $f(x) = \ln(\cos x),$
43. $f(x) = \ln\left(\frac{x+2}{x-3}\right),$
44. $f(x) = \ln(x^2 \sin x),$
45. $f(x) = \ln(2^x + 2),$
46. $f(x) = 2^{\sin x+1},$
47. $f(x) = \log_2\left(\frac{x+x^2}{\sqrt{x}+x}\right),$
48. $f(x) = \frac{\log_3(x^2 - x) + x}{3 + \operatorname{tg} x},$
49. $f(x) = \sin x^2 + x \cos x^4,$
50. $f(x) = \sin \sqrt{2x + x^2},$
51. $f(x) = \operatorname{tg} \frac{1}{x} \cdot e^{\operatorname{ctg} x},$
52. $f(x) = \operatorname{arctg} \frac{x}{2} + \ln^2 \frac{x}{2},$
53. $f(x) = x \arcsin \sqrt{\frac{x}{x+1}},$
54. $f(x) = \frac{1}{(e^{\operatorname{arctg} x} + 2)^4},$
55. $f(x) = \ln^3 \sqrt{\frac{\sin x + x}{\cos x - x}},$
56. $f(x) = x \arcsin \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{3},$
57. $f(x) = 10^{\ln^2 x + x e^{2x}},$
58. $f(x) = x^2 \operatorname{arctg}(\sqrt{x} + 1),$
59. $f(x) = \sin^3(x^2 + 1) \sqrt{x + 1},$
60. $f(x) = 2^{\frac{x}{x+1}} \sin x^2,$
61. $f(x) = \left(\sqrt{x+2} \cos x\right)^{-\frac{3}{2}},$
62. $f(x) = \log_\pi \frac{1}{\operatorname{ctg} x + x},$

$$\begin{array}{ll}
63. \quad f(x) = \frac{\cos(\ln 5x)}{x^2 \ln x}, & 64. \quad f(x) = e^{\sin^2 x - \pi}(x + e^2), \\
65. \quad f(x) = \arcsin e^{x^2}, & 66. \quad f(x) = \ln \left(\ln^2(x^3 + 1) \right), \\
67. \quad f(x) = \sqrt{\operatorname{tg} \sqrt{x} 2^{x+2}}, & 68. \quad f(x) = \pi^{\log_2(\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{x} - 1)}, \\
69. \quad f(x) = \frac{\cos x^4 \operatorname{tg}(x + 2)}{\cos^4 x + 2}, & 70. \quad f(x) = \frac{\operatorname{ctg}(x + \ln 2x)}{3\sqrt{x} + \pi^2}.
\end{array}$$

20. Feladat. Adja meg a következő függvények deriváltját!

$$\begin{array}{l}
1. \quad f(x) = \operatorname{tg} \left(\cos x + \sqrt{\sin \frac{1}{x^3}} \right) \ln \left(x - \sqrt[3]{\cos \frac{1}{x}} \right)^2, \\
2. \quad f(x) = \frac{x \operatorname{tg} x e^x + \arcsin^2(2 \sin x + \pi) - \frac{1}{x}}{\sqrt{x + \pi^2} e^{\frac{x}{2}}}, \\
3. \quad f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x^2} 2^{(\operatorname{tg}^2 x^3 + \sin(x + \pi)^2)(\log_2^2 x^3 + \sqrt{x^2 + 1})}, \\
4. \quad f(x) = \sqrt[3]{\frac{3^{x^2+1} \sin^3 x + \ln^2(x - e)}{\sin x \left(3 - \frac{1}{x^2} \right)}} \cdot e^{x \operatorname{arctg} x^2 + 8}.
\end{array}$$

21. Feladat. Adja meg a következő függvények deriváltját!

$$\begin{array}{l}
1. \quad f(x) = x^x \quad (x > 0), \\
2. \quad f(x) = x^{\sqrt{x}} \quad (x > 0), \\
3. \quad f(x) = (\sin x)^{\cos x} \quad \left(0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2} \right), \\
4. \quad f(x) = (1 + \operatorname{tg} x)^{\operatorname{ctg} x} \quad \left(0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2} \right), \\
5. \quad f(x) = (\operatorname{arctg} x)^{x^2+1} \quad (x > 0), \\
6. \quad f(x) = (x^3 + x)^{\ln x} \quad (x > 1), \\
7. \quad f(x) = x^{x^x} \quad (x > 0).
\end{array}$$