

## Functional Dependencies

Tamas Zsedrovits, Ph.D.

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## Recap

- Notion of Functional dependency
- Key definitions with FDs
- Legal and illegal instances
- Arsmtrong axioms
  - Reflexivity
  - Augmentation
  - Transitivity
- Derivation rules
  - Union
  - Decomposition
  - Pseudotransitivity

- Formal proof for Pseudotransitivity
  - With the tuple function
  - From the Armstrong axioms
- Logical consequence (implication)
- Closure of the dependency set F<sup>+</sup>
- Closure of the attribute set
  A<sup>+</sup>
- Find keys with FD-s



## Examples

• For which FD-s is the following instance legal?

- $A \rightarrow B$
- $B \rightarrow A$
- $A \rightarrow C$
- $B \rightarrow C$
- $A \rightarrow BC$
- $B \rightarrow AC$
- $AB \rightarrow C$

Α	В	C
1	2	3
6	7	3
10	11	12
1	4	3
7	7	3

Check if the particular FD holds on the given instance!

- $A \rightarrow B$
- $BC \rightarrow A$
- $B \rightarrow C$

Α	В	C
1	2	3
4	2	3
5	3	3

## Keys

- Given R(A, B, C, D) and the following FDs. For each case, find the possible candidate keys!
  - F1= {  $C \rightarrow D, C \rightarrow A, B \rightarrow C$  }
  - F2= { B  $\rightarrow$  C, D  $\rightarrow$  A }
  - F3= { ABC  $\rightarrow$  D, D  $\rightarrow$  A }
  - F4= { A  $\rightarrow$  B, BC  $\rightarrow$  D, A  $\rightarrow$  C }
  - F5= { AB  $\rightarrow$  C, AB  $\rightarrow$  D, C  $\rightarrow$  A, D  $\rightarrow$  B }