

Problem Statement

Given two strings a and b of equal length, what's the longest string (S) that can be constructed such that S is a child of both a and b .

A string x is said to be a child of a string y , if x can be formed by deleting 0 or more characters from y

Input format

Two strings a and b with a newline separating them

Constraints

All characters are upper-cased and lie between ASCII values 65-90. The maximum length of the strings a and b is 5000.

Output format

Length of the string S

Sample Input #0

```
HARRY
SALLY
```

Sample Output #0

```
2
```

The longest possible subset of characters that is possible by deleting zero or more characters from $HARRY$ and $SALLY$ is AY , whose length is 2.

Sample Input #1

```
AA
BB
```

Sample Output #1

```
0
```

AA and BB has no characters in common and hence the output is 0.

Sample Input #2

```
SHINCHAN
NOHARAAA
```

Sample Output #2

```
3
```

The largest set of characters, in order, between *SHINCHAN* and *NOHARAAA* is *NHA*.

Sample Input #3

```
ABCDEF  
FBDAMN
```

Sample Output #3

```
2
```

BD will be optimal substring.