Importing the dependencies

```
import numpy as np
#for creating numpy arrays
import pandas as pd
#for creating data frames
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler #to standardise our data
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split #to split data into training and test data
from sklearn import svm
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
```

Data Collection and Analysis

PIMA Diabetes Dataset

```
#loading the diabetes data set to a pandas Dataframe
diabetes_dataset = pd.read_csv('/content/diabetes.csv')
```

```
pd.read_csv?
#a google collab feature
```

```
#printing the first five rows of the dataset
diabetes_dataset.head()
```

	Pregnancies	Glucose	BloodPressure	SkinThickness	Insulin	BMI	DiabetesPedigreeFu
0	6	148	72	35	0	33.6	
1	1	85	66	29	0	26.6	
2	8	183	64	0	0	23.3	
3	1	89	66	23	94	28.1	
4	0	137	40	35	168	43.1	

```
#number of rows and columns in this dataset
diabetes_dataset.shape
#meaning the data is taken from 768 people and 9 columns worth data was recorded
```

```
(768, 9)
```

```
#getting statistical measures of the data
diabetes_dataset.describe()
```

	Pregnancies	Glucose	BloodPressure	SkinThickness	Insulin	BMI	Dia
count	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	
mean	3.845052	120.894531	69.105469	20.536458	79.799479	31.992578	
std	3.369578	31.972618	19.355807	15.952218	115.244002	7.884160	
min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
25%	1.000000	99.000000	62.000000	0.000000	0.000000	27.300000	
50%	3.000000	117.000000	72.000000	23.000000	30.500000	32.000000	
75%	6.000000	140.250000	80.000000	32.000000	127.250000	36.600000	
max	17.000000	199.000000	122.000000	99.000000	846.000000	67.100000	

```
diabetes_dataset['Outcome'].value_counts()
```

```
0    500
1    268
Name: Outcome, dtype: int64
```

0 --> Non diabetic 1 --> Diabetic

```
diabetes_dataset.groupby('Outcome').mean()
```

Outcome	Pregnancies	Glucose	BloodPressure	SkinThickness	Insulin	BMI	DiabetesPedigreeF
0	3.298000	109.980000	68.184000	19.664000	68.792000	30.304200	(
1	4.865672	141.257463	70.824627	22.164179	100.335821	35.142537	(

```
#separating the data and the labels
X = diabetes_dataset.drop(columns= 'Outcome', axis=1)
#to drop a column, drop=1, if a row then drop=0
Y = diabetes_dataset['Outcome']
```

```
print(X)
```

```
     Pregnancies  Glucose  BloodPressure  SkinThickness  Insulin   BMI  \
0              6      148             72             35        0  33.6
1              1       85             66             29        0  26.6
2              8      183             64              0        0  23.3
3              1       89             66             23       94  28.1
4              0      137             40             35      168  43.1
..           ...      ...            ...            ...      ...   ...
763           10      101             76             48      180  32.9
764            2      122             70             27        0  36.8
765            5      121             72             23      112  26.2
766            1      126             60              0        0  30.1
767            1       93             70             31        0  30.4

     DiabetesPedigreeFunction  Age
0                       0.627   50
1                       0.351   31
2                       0.672   32
3                       0.167   21
4                       2.288   33
..                        ...  ...
763                     0.171   63
764                     0.340   27
765                     0.245   30
766                     0.349   47
767                     0.315   23

[768 rows x 8 columns]
```

```
print(Y)
```

```
0      1
1      0
2      1
3      0
4      1
      ..
763    0
764    0
765    0
766    1
767    0
Name: Outcome, Length: 768, dtype: int64
```

Data Standardisation

```
scaler = StandardScaler()
#implies we are taking one instance of Standard Scaler func
```

Double-click (or enter) to edit

```
scaler.fit(X)
```

```
▾ StandardScaler
StandardScaler()
```

```
standardized_data = scaler.transform(X)
```

```
print(standardized_data)
```

```
[[ 0.63994726  0.84832379  0.14964075 ...  0.20401277  0.46849198
   1.4259954 ]
 [-0.84488505 -1.12339636 -0.16054575 ... -0.68442195 -0.36506078
  -0.19067191]
 [ 1.23388019  1.94372388 -0.26394125 ... -1.10325546  0.60439732
  -0.10558415]
 ...
 [ 0.3429808   0.00330087  0.14964075 ... -0.73518964 -0.68519336
  -0.27575966]
 [-0.84488505  0.1597866  -0.47073225 ... -0.24020459 -0.37110101
   1.17073215]
 [-0.84488505 -0.8730192   0.04624525 ... -0.20212881 -0.47378505
  -0.87137393]]
```

```
X = standardized_data
Y = diabetes_dataset['Outcome']
```

```
print(X)
print(Y)
```

```
[[ 0.63994726  0.84832379  0.14964075 ...  0.20401277  0.46849198
   1.4259954 ]
 [-0.84488505 -1.12339636 -0.16054575 ... -0.68442195 -0.36506078
  -0.19067191]
 [ 1.23388019  1.94372388 -0.26394125 ... -1.10325546  0.60439732
  -0.10558415]
 ...
 [ 0.3429808   0.00330087  0.14964075 ... -0.73518964 -0.68519336
  -0.27575966]
 [-0.84488505  0.1597866  -0.47073225 ... -0.24020459 -0.37110101
   1.17073215]
 [-0.84488505 -0.8730192   0.04624525 ... -0.20212881 -0.47378505
  -0.87137393]]
0      1
1      0
2      1
3      0
4      1
      ..
763    0
764    0
765    0
766    1
767    0
Name: Outcome, Length: 768, dtype: int64
```

Train test split

```
X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X,Y, test_size = 0.2, stratify=Y, random_state=2)
```

```
print(X.shape, X_train.shape, X_test.shape)
```

```
(768, 8) (614, 8) (154, 8)
```

Training the model

```
classifier = svm.SVC(kernel='linear') #support vector classifier
```

```
#training the support vector machine classifier
classifier.fit(X_train, Y_train)
```

```
SVC
SVC(kernel='linear')
```

Model Evaluation

Accuracy Score

```
#accuracy score on the training data
X_train_prediction = classifier.predict(X_train)
training_data_accuracy = accuracy_score(X_train_prediction, Y_train)


print('Accuracy score of the training data: ', training_data_accuracy)
```

```
Accuracy score of the training data:  0.7866449511400652
```

```
#accuracy score on the test data
X_test_prediction = classifier.predict(X_test)
test_data_accuracy = accuracy_score(X_test_prediction, Y_test)


print('Accuracy score of the test data: ', test_data_accuracy)
```

```
Accuracy score of the test data:  0.7727272727272727
```

making a predictive system

```
input_data = (5,166,72,19,175,25.8,0.587,51)

#changing the input data to a numpy array
input_data_as_numpy_array = np.asarray(input_data)

#reshape the array as we are predicting for one instance
input_data_reshaped = input_data_as_numpy_array.reshape(1,-1)

# standardize the input data
std_data = scaler.transform(input_data_reshaped)
print(std_data)

prediction = classifier.predict(std_data)
print(prediction)

if (prediction[0] == 0):
  print('The person is not diabetic')
else:
    print('The person is diabetic')
```

```
[[ 0.3429808   1.41167241  0.14964075 -0.09637905  0.82661621 -0.78595734
   0.34768723  1.51108316]]
[1]
The person is diabetic
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/base.py:439: UserWarning: X does not have valid feature names, but StandardScaler was fi
  warnings.warn(
```

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