

9: One Turn

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1 Goals

- To implement a menu-based user interface.
- To implement the logic for one player taking one turn.
- To add to your Game class.
- To test the Game class, its interface, and their interaction with the classes PlayerList, Player, Board, Column and Dice.

2 Another Enum.

To your file `enums.hpp`, add an enumeration for the status of the game: `begun`, `done`, or `quit`. `Begun` is the initial state, `done` means that some player has won the game, and `quit` is used when the last player resigns.

3 Modify the Game Class

Game data members. Your Game class should have these data members; remove the single players and single columns that were used earlier.

- A Board.
- A CList of Players.
- A Dice* pointing to dynamically allocated FakeDice
- A `const int*` for the current pair-values of the dice.
- The game state.

Game functions.

- **Constructor and destructor**

The constructor must initialize all game parts then call `getPlayers()`. The constructor will be called from `main()`. You will probably not need a print function to debug this class.

- **getPlayers()**

A private function that will input a list of two to four players from the keyboard, create Player objects, and insert them on the player list. (You might choose to have the number of players passed as a parameter to this function. My own program stops adding players when I enter a / instead of a name.) Get a name and a color for each player. Use the `colorNames` to print the colors. You must ensure that every player has a different color. (My program does this easily using a mask array. Let me know if you want hints.)

- **void play()**

A public function called from `main()`. Eventually, it will play one game, start to finish. For this program, simply call `oneTurn()` twice.

- **status oneTurn(Player* p)**

A private function called from `play()`. It starts, carries out, and finishes a single turn.

Tell the Board that Player `p` is starting a new turn, print out the name, color, score and scoreboard for `p`, then repeat the actions below (in some appropriate order) until the player stops or goes bust or wins or resigns from the game.

- At the beginning of the turn, present a menu to ask whether the player wants to roll, stop, or resign. If resign is chosen, remove this player from the list of players.
- If stop is chosen, tell the Board to end the move and call `Player::wonColumn()` for each column which was captured on this turn.
- If roll is chosen, call `Dice::roll()`, which will display the dice to the human, ask the human to choose pairs, and display the pairs.
- Call `Board::move()` twice using the two dice-pair values.
- Go bust if both moves fail.
- Display the board showing the results of the move.

Testing.

- Test this with three players in the list. Let one of them resign before the first turn. Design a FakeDice input file so that that one player goes bust, the other stops soon enough. One turn each is enough, but be sure the results are clearly displayed.