

You are given two strings `s1` and `s2` of equal length. A **string swap** is an operation where you choose two indices in a string (not necessarily different) and swap the characters at these indices.

Return `true` if it is possible to make both strings equal by performing **at most one string swap on exactly one** of the strings. Otherwise, return `false`.

#### Example 1:

**Input:** `s1 = "bank", s2 = "kanb"`

**Output:** `true`

**Explanation:** For example, swap the first character with the last character of `s2` to make "bank".

#### Example 2:

**Input:** `s1 = "attack", s2 = "defend"`

**Output:** `false`

**Explanation:** It is impossible to make them equal with one string swap.

#### Example 3:

**Input:** `s1 = "kelb", s2 = "kelb"`

**Output:** `true`

**Explanation:** The two strings are already equal, so no string swap operation is required.

#### Example 4:

**Input:** `s1 = "abcd", s2 = "dcba"`

**Output:** `false`

#### Constraints:

- `1 <= s1.length, s2.length <= 100`
- `s1.length == s2.length`
- `s1` and `s2` consist of only lowercase English letters.