

SQL Schema >

Table: `Employee`

+-----+-----+		
Column Name	Type	
+-----+-----+		
id	int	
name	varchar	
salary	int	
managerId	int	
+-----+-----+		

`id` is the primary key column for this table.

Each row of this table indicates the ID of an employee, their name, salary, and the ID of their manager.

Write an SQL query to find the employees who earn more than their managers.

Return the result table in **any order**.

The query result format is in the following example.

Example 1:

Input:

Employee table:

+---+-----+-----+-----+				
id	name	salary	managerId	
+---+-----+-----+-----+				
1	Joe	70000	3	
2	Henry	80000	4	
3	Sam	60000	Null	
4	Max	90000	Null	
+---+-----+-----+-----+				

Output:

+-----+	
Employee	
+-----+	
Joe	
+-----+	

Explanation: Joe is the only employee who earns more than his manager.