Given two strings `s` and `goal`, return `true` *if you can swap two letters in* `s` *so the result is equal to* `goal`, *otherwise, return* `false`.

Swapping letters is defined as taking two indices `i` and `j` (0-indexed) such that `i != j` and swapping the characters at `s[i]` and `s[j]`.

- For example, swapping at indices `0` and `2` in `"abcd"` results in `"cbad"`.

Example 1:

```
Input: s = "ab", goal = "ba"
Output: true
Explanation: You can swap s[0] = 'a' and s[1] = 'b' to get "ba", which is equal to goal.
```

Example 2:

```
Input: s = "ab", goal = "ab"
Output: false
Explanation: The only letters you can swap are s[0] = 'a' and s[1] = 'b', which results in "ba"
!= goal.
```

Example 3:

```
Input: s = "aa", goal = "aa"
Output: true
Explanation: You can swap s[0] = 'a' and s[1] = 'a' to get "aa", which is equal to goal.
```

Example 4:

```
Input: s = "aaaaaaabc", goal = "aaaaaaacb"
Output: true
```

Constraints:

- `1 <= s.length, goal.length <= 2 * 10^4`
- `s` and `goal` consist of lowercase letters.