

Given a string `s`, return *the length of the longest substring between two equal characters, excluding the two characters*. If there is no such substring return `-1`.

A **substring** is a contiguous sequence of characters within a string.

Example 1:

Input: `s = "aa"`

Output: `0`

Explanation: The optimal substring here is an empty substring between the two 'a's.

Example 2:

Input: `s = "abca"`

Output: `2`

Explanation: The optimal substring here is "bc".

Example 3:

Input: `s = "cbzxy"`

Output: `-1`

Explanation: There are no characters that appear twice in `s`.

Example 4:

Input: `s = "cabbac"`

Output: `4`

Explanation: The optimal substring here is "abba". Other non-optimal substrings include "bb" and "".

Constraints:

- `1 <= s.length <= 300`
- `s` contains only lowercase English letters.