

Integrity Instruments

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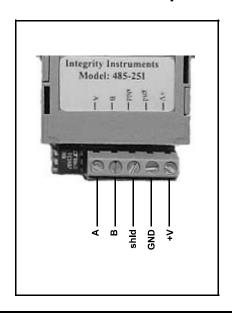
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485-25I RTS Enabled

RS-232 to RS-485 Converter

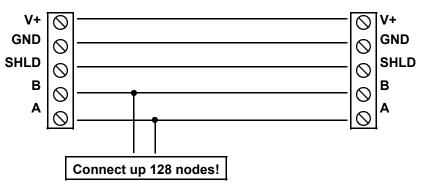
485-25I Connector pin out



Electrical Characteristics:

- * Opto-isolation is rated at 5 kV
- * V+ voltage 7.5Vdc to 12Vdc rated 250 ma.nominal
- * Power consumption is nominally 45 ma.
- * 39 V ZNR device between V+ and GND
- * 15 V bi-directional TransZorb® between A and GND
- * 15 V bi-directional TransZorb® between B and GND

485-25l half-duplex cabling diagram



General Operational Notes:

- 1) TxD is connected to DB25 pin 2
- 2) RxD is connected to DB25 pin 3
- 3) RS-232 GND is connected to DB25 pin 7
- 4) DTR DB25 pin 20 must be active (UART MSR bit 0 = 1) during operation of the **485-25I**
- 5) RTS DB25 pin 4 must be active (UART MSR bit 1 = 1) during transmit on the **485-25I**
- 6) RTS DB25 pin 4 must be inactive (UART MSR bit 1 = 0) during receive on the **485-25I**
- 7) V+ reverse polarity is diode protected
- 8) A power source is required for proper operation
- 9) Reminder: This is a half-duplex device

Performance Characteristics:

- Data rates of up to 57.6 KBPS can be sustained when using compliant RS-232 interface drivers.
- 2) Opto-isolation is rated at 5000 volts
- 3) The RS-485 driver is low EMI and capable of driving 250 ma.

Transient Protection:

Transient protection for the **485-25I** comes in the form of bidirectional TransZorbs® protecting each of the **A and B** signal lines. Also a 39 V ZNR device protects the power input **V+**.

DTE vs. DCE:

The **485-25I** expects the transmitted data to be present on pin 2 of the DB25 connector. Conversely, the received data is output on pin 3 of the DB25 connector. If the inverse is required, use a NULL MODEM cable, or switch the TxD and RxD signals.

RS-232 TxD transmitted data: DB25 pin 2 RS-232 RxD received data: DB25 pin 3

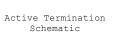
NOTICE:

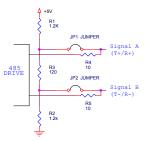
DTR must be set active (+12 V)

RTS must be set active (+12 V) for transmit RTS must be set inactive (-12 V) for receive

BUS Termination:

- RS-485 nodes at the extreme ends of the cable require termination.
- Passive Termination is a 120 ohm resistor placed across the RS-485 data lines A and B.
- 3) **Active Termination** is a 1.2K ohm resistor from signal A to +5V and a 1.2K ohm resistor between signal B and GND.
 - This ensures a stable RxD signal. No false start bits!
- 4) **FACTORY TERMINATION:** The **485-25I** does not have built-in termination.





RTS Transmit/Receive:

- The 485-25I uses the RTS line to activate transmit drive on the RS-485 bus.
- 2) Transmit/Receive turn-around time is typically less than 1 µs
- 3) Receive/Transmit turn-around time is typically less than 1 μs

Notes:

- Some Laptop computers do not provide a consistent +/-12 Vdc RS-232 signal and as such the converter may not work well at the maximum rated 57.6 KBPS.
- The GND and shield signals are connected and therefore electrically equivalent.
- 3) We suggest our PS9CST 9 Vdc 400 ma power supply.
- For longer distances we highly recomend that twisted pair wire be used at least 24 AWG.

Warranty:

Integrity Instruments warranties **all** products against defective workmanship and components for the life of the unit. Integrity Instruments agrees to repair or replace, at it's sole discretion, a defective product if returned to Integrity Instruments with proof of purchase.

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