

## Math 143 Quiz 2

Names: \_\_\_\_\_

1. Use the integral test to determine the values of  $p$  for which  $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(\ln n)^p}$  converges.

2. Suppose that  $a_n > 0$  and suppose  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n$  converges. Does  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n^2$  converge? Why or why not?

3. Find the values of  $x$  for which  $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{(1+x)^n}{2^n}$  converges. Then find the exact value when it does.

4. Find the shaded area in the figure below (there are an infinite number of triangles).

