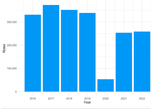
511_project_EDA

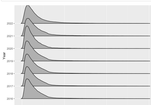
2022-11-15

EDA

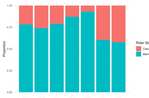
```
# import data
data <- read.csv('/Users/anthonymaduneh/Desktop/511 Project/Data/Combined_df.csv')

# have a looking
# looked_books 5 yyyy
library(dplyr)

##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##     filter, lag

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##     intersect, setdiff, setequal, union

y <- data$Start.date
y <- as.Date(y)
year <- as.numeric(format(y, "%Y"))

data$start_year <- year

# stop various values
casual_stations <- c('Start.date', 'End.date', 'Start.station', 'End.station.number', 'End.station', 'Start.station' )
df_clean2 <- select(data,c('Start.date', 'End.date', 'Start.station', 'End.station.number', 'End.station', 'Start.station' ))

# EDA
# Start by analyzing the number of trips per year (monthly)

usage <- data.frame(c(2015,2016,2017,2018,2019,2020, 2021, 2022) , c(sum(df_clean2.start_year...),

names(usage) <- c('Year' , 'Rides')

library(ggplot2)
options(scipen=999)
ggplot(usage, aes(x = Year, y = Rides)) +
  geom_col(fill = '#0099ff') +
  labs(
    title = 'Capital Bike usage per year'
  ) +
  theme(
    plot.title = element_text(size = 0.5),
    plot.subtitle = element_text(size = 0.5),
    plot.caption = element_text(size = 5)
  )
ggsave("Capital Bike usage per year.png")
```




```
# EDA
# Start by analyzing the average trip time per year (monthly)

duration_2015 <- df_clean2$df_clean2$Start_year == 2015,]$Duration
duration_2017 <- df_clean2$df_clean2$Start_year == 2017,]$Duration
duration_2018 <- df_clean2$df_clean2$Start_year == 2018,]$Duration
duration_2019 <- df_clean2$df_clean2$Start_year == 2019,]$Duration
duration_2020 <- df_clean2$df_clean2$Start_year == 2020,]$Duration
duration_2021 <- df_clean2$df_clean2$Start_year == 2021,]$Duration
duration_2022 <- df_clean2$df_clean2$Start_year == 2022,]$Duration

df_duration=c(mean_duration(duration_2015),mean_duration(duration_2017),mean_duration(duration_2018),mean_duration(duration_2019),mean_duration(duration_2020),mean_duration(duration_2021),mean_duration(duration_2022))
df_duration=data.frame(df_duration)
df_duration$Year=c('2015', '2017', '2018', '2019', '2020', '2021', '2022')

library(ggplot2)

#ggplot(df_duration, aes(x = year_function(df$Start_Time), fill=when_rain)) + geom_density_ridges_gradient(scale=3, rel_min_height=0.01) + scale_fill_viridis_d(name="Rain", option = "C")

p <- df_duration[order(df_duration$Trip_Durations, decreasing = FALSE),] %>% ggplot(aes(x=Trip_Durations, y = Year)) +
  geom_bar(stat="identity")
p
```




```
# membership growth per year

df_clean2$Member_type[df_clean2$Member_type == 'Casual'] <- 'Casual'
df_clean2$Member_type[df_clean2$Member_type == 'Member'] <- 'Member'

# 2015 membership data
membership_15 <- data.frame(c(df_clean2$Member_type == 2015 ,]$Member_type))

membership_15 <- data.frame(c('Casual','Member') , c(membership_15$Casual_table.df_clean2.df_clean2.start_year...
.2015...,Member.type.))

names(membership_15) <- c('Membership_status' , 'Count')

# 2017 membership data
membership_17 <- data.frame(c(df_clean2$df_clean2$df_clean2$Start_year == 2017 ,]$Member_type))

membership_17 <- data.frame(c('Casual','Member') , c(membership_17$Casual_table.df_clean2.df_clean2.start_year...
.2017...,Member.type.))

names(membership_17) <- c('Membership_status' , 'Count')

# 2018 membership data
membership_18 <- data.frame(c(df_clean2$df_clean2$df_clean2$Start_year == 2018 ,]$Member_type))

membership_18 <- data.frame(c('Casual','Member') , c(membership_18$Casual_table.df_clean2.df_clean2.start_year...
.2018...,Member.type.))

names(membership_18) <- c('Membership_status' , 'Count')

# 2019 membership data
membership_19 <- data.frame(c(df_clean2$df_clean2$df_clean2$Start_year == 2019 ,]$Member_type))

membership_19 <- data.frame(c('Casual','Member') , c(membership_19$Casual_table.df_clean2.df_clean2.start_year...
.2019...,Member.type.))

names(membership_19) <- c('Membership_status' , 'Count')

# 2020 membership data
membership_20 <- data.frame(c(df_clean2$df_clean2$df_clean2$Start_year == 2020 ,]$Member_type))

membership_20 <- data.frame(c('Casual','Member') , c(membership_20$Casual_table.df_clean2.df_clean2.start_year...
.2020...,Member.type.))

names(membership_20) <- c('Membership_status' , 'Count')

# 2021 membership data
membership_21 <- data.frame(c(df_clean2$df_clean2$df_clean2$Start_year == 2021 ,]$Member_type))

membership_21 <- data.frame(c('Casual','Member') , c(membership_21$Casual_table.df_clean2.df_clean2.start_year...
.2021...,Member.type.))

names(membership_21) <- c('Membership_status' , 'Count')

# 2022 membership data
membership_22 <- data.frame(c(df_clean2$df_clean2$df_clean2$Start_year == 2022 ,]$Member_type))

membership_22 <- data.frame(c('Casual','Member') , c(membership_22$Casual_table.df_clean2.df_clean2.start_year...
.2022...,Member.type.))

names(membership_22) <- c('Membership_status' , 'Count')

df_membership <- data.frame(rbind(c(2015, 2) , rep(2017,2), rep(2018 , 2), rep(2019,2), rep(2020,2), rep(2021,2)
, rep(2022 ,2)) , rep(c('Member', 'Casual'), 7))
names(df_membership) <- c('Start_year' , 'Member_type')
df_membership$Value <- 0

df_membership = df_membership %>%
  mutate(Value = case_when(
    Start_year == 2015 & Member_type == 'Casual' ~ as.numeric(membership_15[membership_15$`Membership_status` ==
'Casual',2]),
    Start_year == 2015 & Member_type == 'Member' ~ as.numeric(membership_15[membership_15$`Membership_status` ==
'Member',2]),

    Start_year == 2017 & Member_type == 'Casual' ~ as.numeric(membership_17[membership_17$`Membership_status` ==
'Casual',2]),
    Start_year == 2017 & Member_type == 'Member' ~ as.numeric(membership_17[membership_17$`Membership_status` ==
'Member',2]),

    Start_year == 2018 & Member_type == 'Casual' ~ as.numeric(membership_18[membership_18$`Membership_status` ==
'Casual',2]),
    Start_year == 2018 & Member_type == 'Member' ~ as.numeric(membership_18[membership_18$`Membership_status` ==
'Member',2]),

    Start_year == 2019 & Member_type == 'Casual' ~ as.numeric(membership_19[membership_19$`Membership_status` ==
'Casual',2]),
    Start_year == 2019 & Member_type == 'Member' ~ as.numeric(membership_19[membership_19$`Membership_status` ==
'Member',2]),

    Start_year == 2020 & Member_type == 'Casual' ~ as.numeric(membership_20[membership_20$`Membership_status` ==
'Casual',2]),
    Start_year == 2020 & Member_type == 'Member' ~ as.numeric(membership_20[membership_20$`Membership_status` ==
'Member',2]),

    Start_year == 2021 & Member_type == 'Casual' ~ as.numeric(membership_21[membership_21$`Membership_status` ==
'Casual',2]),
    Start_year == 2021 & Member_type == 'Member' ~ as.numeric(membership_21[membership_21$`Membership_status` ==
'Member',2]),

    Start_year == 2022 & Member_type == 'Casual' ~ as.numeric(membership_22[membership_22$`Membership_status` ==
'Casual',2]),
    Start_year == 2022 & Member_type == 'Member' ~ as.numeric(membership_22[membership_22$`Membership_status` ==
'Member',2]),
  )

# Plotted 1 percent
ggplot(df_membership, aes(fill=Member_type, y=Value, x=Start_year)) +
  geom_bar(position="fill", stat="identity") + scale_fill_manual(name = "Rides per Rider Status", values=c("#69b3a2", "#404080")) + labs(x = "Year", y = "Proportion") + scale_x_continuous(breaks = c(2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022)) + theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 0.5))
```




```
# Season and work day trimmed analysis

# Let the day and month of work well

df_seasonal <- data('Start.date')

df_seasonal <- df_seasonal %>% mutate(Start.date = fixNumeric(Start.date), 'Dy-Mo-Yr') %>% mutate(Month = to
nmonlie(Start.date, 'Mo')) %>%
  mutate(Season = case_when(Month %in% c('December', 'January') %>%
    mutate(Season = case_when(Month %in% c( '12' , '1' ) ~ 'Autumn',
                              Month %in% c( '2' , '3' ) ~ 'Winter',
                              Month %in% c( '4' , '5' ) ~ 'Spring',
                              Month %in% c( '6' , '7' ) ~ 'Summer'
    ))

  mutate(Workday = case_when(Day %in% c( 'Saturday' , 'Sunday' ) ~ 'No' ,
                             Day %in% c( 'Monday' , 'Tuesday' , 'Wednesday' , 'Thursday' , 'Friday' ) ~ 'Yes'))

df_seasonal$Trip <- 1
# Group by the results

df_seasonal_grouped <- df_seasonal %>% group_by(Start.date , Season , Workday) %>% summarise(Trips = n())

## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'Start.date', 'Season'. You can override
## using the '.groups' argument.

df_seasonal_grouped %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=Trips, y=Season, fill=Workday)) +
  geom_boxplot() + ggtitle("Bike rentals based on season and workday")
ggsave("Bike rentals based on season and workday.png")
```

```
# Rides per day (year)

df_day <- df_seasonal %>% group_by(day) %>% summarise(Trips = n());

df_day <- df_seasonal %>% group_by(Day) %>% summarise(Trips = n());

df_day$Day <- factor(df_day$Day, levels= c("Sunday", "Monday",
  "Tuesday", "Wednesday", "Thursday", "Friday", "Saturday"))


df_day <- df_day[order(df_day$Day), ]

ggplot(df_day, aes(x = Day, y = Trips)) +
  geom_col(fill = '#0099ff') +
  labs(
    title = 'Capital Bike usage per weekday (2016 onwards)'
  ) +
  theme(
    plot.title = element_text(size = 0.5),
    plot.subtitle = element_text(size = 0.5),
    plot.caption = element_text(size = 5)
  )
ggsave("Capital Bike usage per weekday (2016 onwards).png")
```

```
# Rides per day (pre covid)

df_seasonal_pre2016 <- df_seasonal[as.Date(df_seasonal$Start.date) <= as.Date('2016-01-01'),]

df_seasonal_pre2016 <- df_seasonal_pre2016 %>% group_by(day) %>% summarise(Trips = n());


df_day_pre2016 <- df_seasonal_pre2016 %>% group_by(Day) %>% summarise(Trips = n());


df_day_pre2016$Day <- factor(df_day_pre2016$Day, levels= c("Sunday", "Monday",
  "Tuesday", "Wednesday", "Thursday", "Friday", "Saturday"))


df_day_pre2016 <- df_day_pre2016[order(df_day_pre2016$Day), ]

ggplot(df_day_pre2016, aes(x = Day, y = Trips)) +
  geom_col(fill = '#0099ff') +
  labs(
    title = 'Capital Bike usage per year pre covid'
  ) +
  theme(
    plot.title = element_text(size = 0.5),
    plot.subtitle = element_text(size = 0.5),
    plot.caption = element_text(size = 5)
  )
ggsave("Capital Bike usage per year pre covid.png")
```

```
# Rides per day (post 2019)

df_seasonal_post2020 <- df_seasonal[as.Date(df_seasonal$Start.date) >= as.Date('2020' ) ,]

df_seasonal_post2020 <- df_seasonal_post2020 %>% group_by(day) %>% summarise(Trips = n());


df_seasonal_post2020$Day <- factor(df_seasonal_post2020$Day, levels= c("Sunday", "Monday",
  "Tuesday", "Wednesday", "Thursday", "Friday", "Saturday"))


df_seasonal_post2020 <- df_seasonal_post2020[order(df_seasonal_post2020$Day), ]

ggplot(df_seasonal_post2020, aes(x = Day, y = Trips)) +
  geom_col(fill = '#0099ff') +
  labs(
    title = 'Capital Bike usage per year since covid'
  ) +
  theme(
    plot.title = element_text(size = 0.5),
    plot.subtitle = element_text(size = 0.5),
    plot.caption = element_text(size = 5)
  )
ggsave("Capital Bike usage per year since covid.png")
```

```
library(gridExtra)

##
## Attaching package: 'gridExtra'

## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##     combine

plot1 <- ggplot(df_day_pre2019, aes(x = Day, y = Trips)) +
  geom_col(fill = '#0099ff') +
  labs(
    title = 'Capital Bike usage per year pre covid'
  ) +
  theme(
    plot.title = element_text(size = 0.5),
    plot.subtitle = element_text(size = 0.5),
    plot.caption = element_text(size = 5)
  )
ggsave("Capital Bike usage per year pre covid.png")

plot2 <- ggplot(df_seasonal_post2020, aes(x = Day, y = Trips)) +
  geom_col(fill = '#0099ff') +
  labs(
    title = 'Capital Bike usage per year since covid'
  ) +
  theme(
    plot.title = element_text(size = 0.5),
    plot.subtitle = element_text(size = 0.5),
    plot.caption = element_text(size = 5)
  )
ggsave("Capital Bike usage per year since covid.png")
grid.arrange(plot1, plot2, ncol=2, widths = c(1,1))
```



```
# Distribution of rides per hour of day:
```