File I/O

Files

- Conceptually, a file is a sequence of data stored in memory
- To use a file in a Python script, create an object of type file
 - o file is a data type

Built-in function "constructs" a file object

- o <varname> = open(<filename>,<mode>)
 - <filename>: string
 - <mode>: string, "r" for read, "w" for write, "a" for append (and others)
- o Ex: dataFile = open("years.dat", "r")

Common File Methods

Method Name

Functionality

read()

Read the entire content from the file,

returned as a string object

readline()

Read one line from file, returned as a string object (which includes the "\n"). If it returns

"", then you've reached the end of the file

write(string)

Write a string to the file

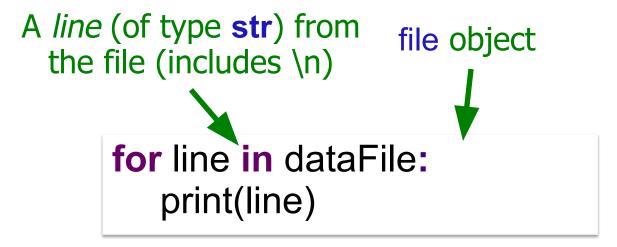
close()

Close the file. Must close the file after done

reading from/writing to a file

Reading from a File

- A file is a sequence of data
- Can use a for loop to iterate through a file



Read as: for each line in the file, do something

Writing to a File

- Create a file object in write mode:
 - o myFile = open("years.txt", "w")

- Example: create a file from user input
 - file write.py

What happens if you execute the program again with different user input?

Data Types of Loop Variables

What are the data types of the loop variable x?

```
string = "some string"
dataFile = open("years.dat", "r")
for x in range(len(string)):
   # loop body ...
for x in string:
   # loop body ...
for x in dataFile:
   # loop body ...
```

Data Types of Loop Variables

What are the data types of the loop variable x?

```
string = "some string"
dataFile = open("years.dat", "r")
for x in range(len(string)):
                                                        integer
   # loop body ...
for x in string:
                                                     string \( \single \)
   # loop body ...
                                                       characters
for x in dataFile:
                                                      string | line
   # loop body ...
                                                      (include \n)
```

File I/O

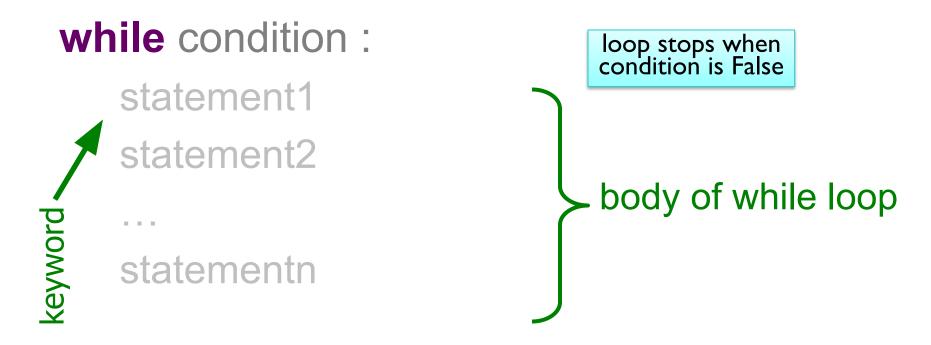
More details

Reading Files with a while loop

Review

- How can we make something repeat when some condition is true?
- True or False: Every for loop can be converted into a while loop
- True or False: A while loop is more powerful than a for loop

Review: While Loop Syntax



- Like a looped if statement
 - Execute statements only when condition is true

A Very Simple Therapist

- Whenever a user tells the computer/program what they think, the program asks, "How does that make you feel?"
- Ends when user enters nothing ("")
- Partial example output:

Tell me what is bothering you.

There is too much going on in my life.

How does that make you feel?

I feel like I am out of control and can't juggle it all.

How does that make you feel?

Really stressed and tired.

How does that make you feel?

Thank you! Come again!

Design Pattern: Sentinel Loop

- Sentinel: when to stop
 - "guard" to the loop

```
value = initialize
while value != sentinel :
   process value
   value = updated value
```

Another Way to Read from a File

```
FILENAME="data/years.dat"
dataFile = open(FILENAME, "r")
line = dataFile.readline()
while line != "":
  line = line.rstrip()
  print(line)
  line = dataFile.readline()
dataFile.close()
```

Writing files

Writing to a File

- Create a file object in write mode:
 - myFile = open("years.txt", "w")

- Example: create a file from user input
 - file_write.py

What happens if you execute the program again with different user input?

Handling Numeric Data

- We have been dealing with reading and writing strings so far
 - Read from a file: get a string
 - Write to file: use a string
- What do we need to do to read numbers from a file?

How can we write numbers to a file?

Handling Numeric Data

- We have been dealing with reading and writing strings so far
 - Read from a file: get a string
 - Write to file: use a string
- What do we need to do to read numbers from a file?
 - Cast as a numeric type, e.g., int or float
- How can we write numbers to a file?
 - Cast number as a str

Problem: Temperature Data

- Given: data file that contains the daily high temperatures for last year at one location
 - Data file contains one temperature per line
 - Example: data/florida.dat
- Problem: What is the average high temperature (to 2 decimal places) for the location?

Rule of Thumb: Always look at data file before processing it

Problem

- Given a file of the form
 - <lastname> <year>
- Goal: I want to quickly find out what a student's class year is
 - How do we want to model the data?
 - What is the key? What is the value?
 - How to display the mapping in a pretty way?
 - What order is the data printed in?

Problem

- Modify the previous program to keep track of the *number* of students of each year
 - How do we want to model the data?
 - What is the key? What is the value?

Could we solve this using a list?

Analyzing years_dictionary2.py

 Anything useful/general that we could put in a function?

Equivalent Solutions

```
if key not in dictionary :
    dictionary[key] = 1
else:
    value = dictionary[key] + 1
    dictionary[key] = value
```

```
if key not in dictionary :
         dictionary[key] = 1
else:
    dictionary[key] += 1
```

Problem: Create a Summary Report

- Given: a file containing students names and their years (first years, sophomore, junior, or senior) for this class
- Problem: create a report (in a file) that says the year and how many students from that year are in this class, on the same line.