

BEGIN

```
import standard library utils
```

```
import prompt toolkit library
```

```
units = ["mm", "cm", "m", "km", " miles", " yoctometers", " planck lengths"]
```

```
UI setup root controller with renderer RootScreen
```

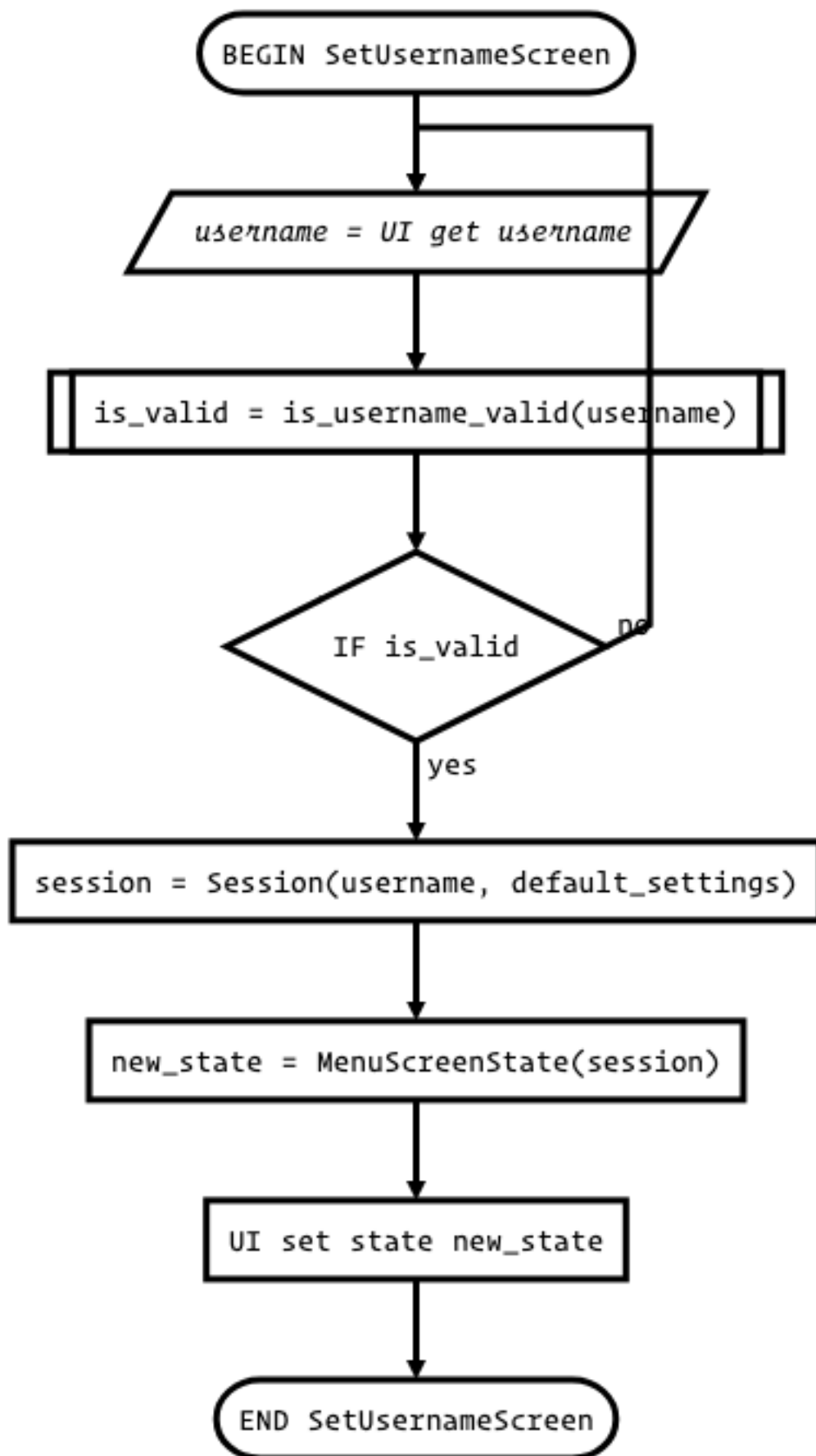
```
UI setup keybindings, focus management and styling
```

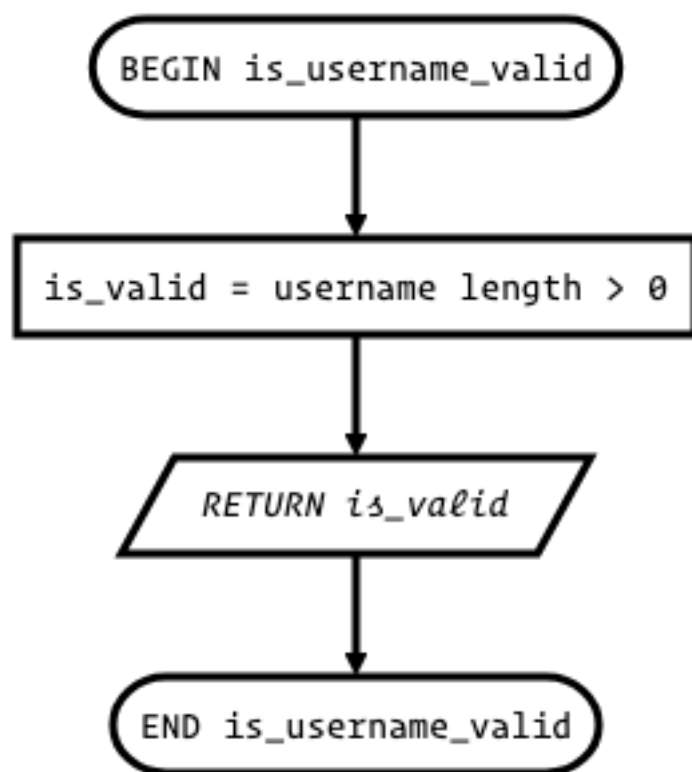
```
UI set state UsernameScreenState
```

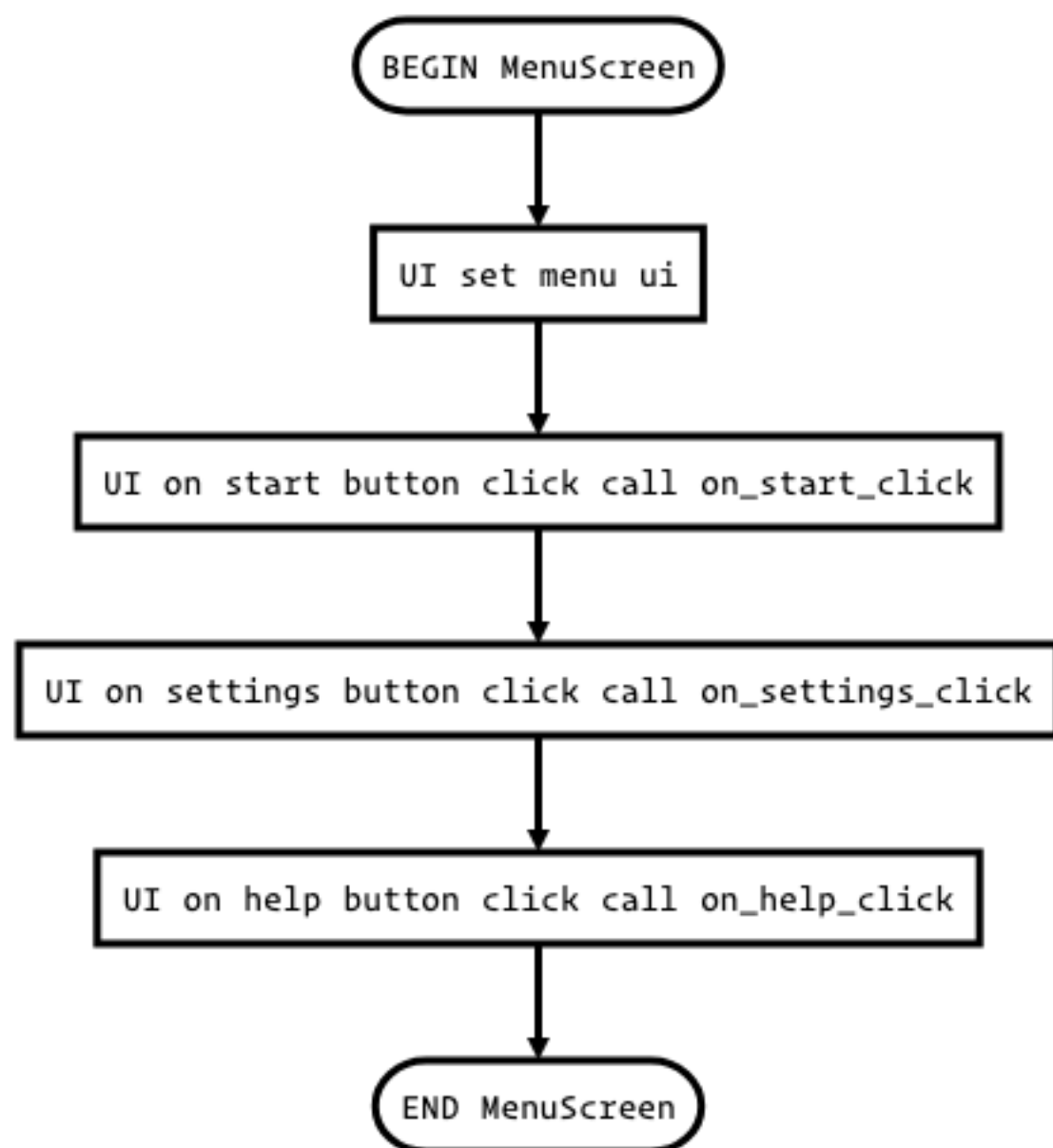
```
UI setup prompt_toolkit application
```

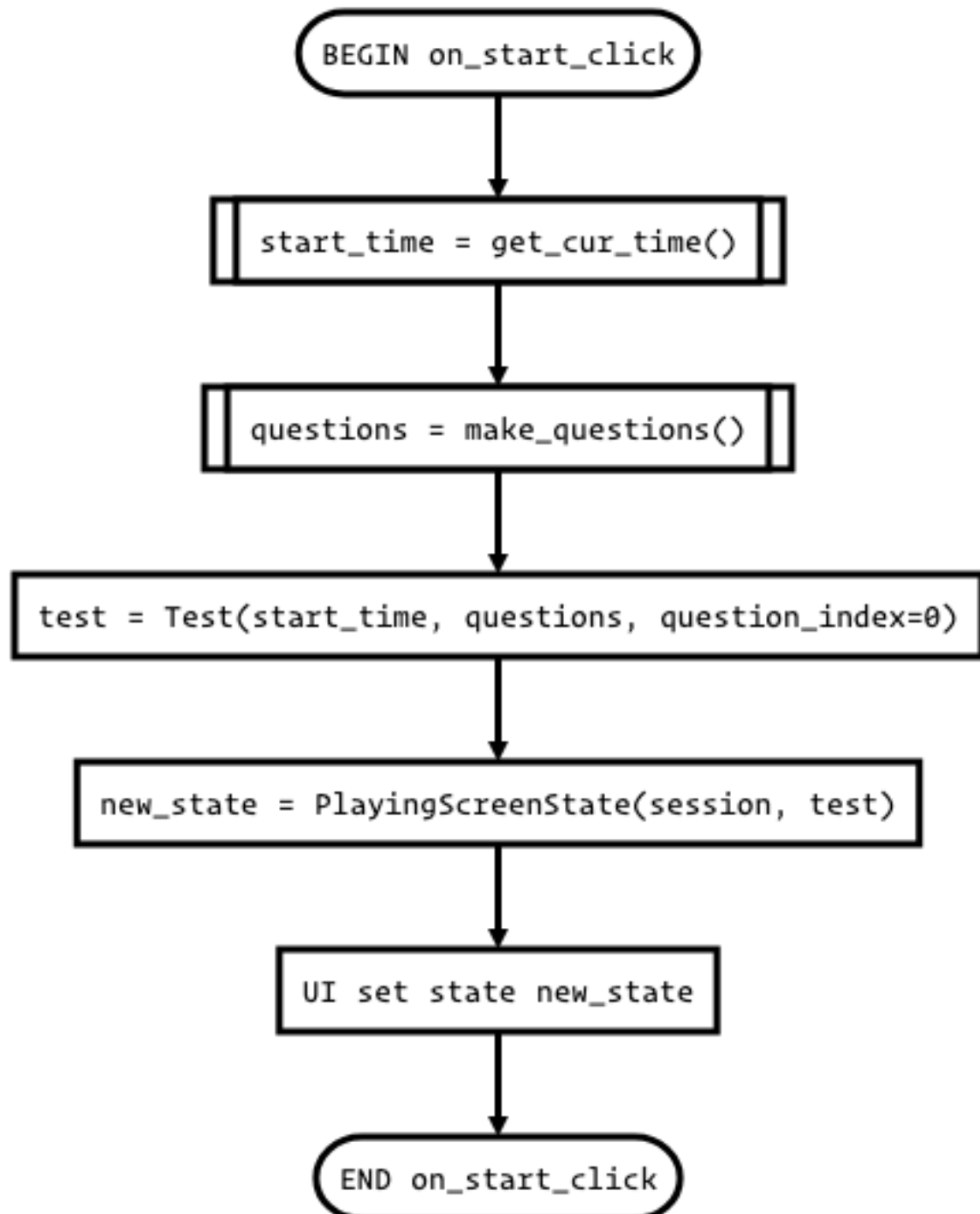
```
UI run application if is main file
```

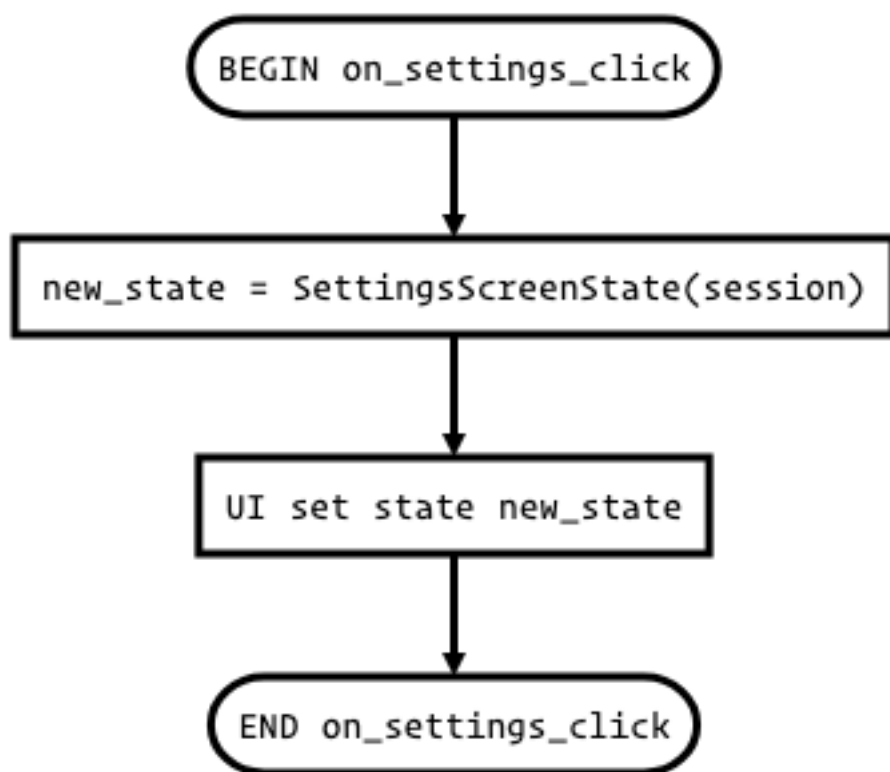
END









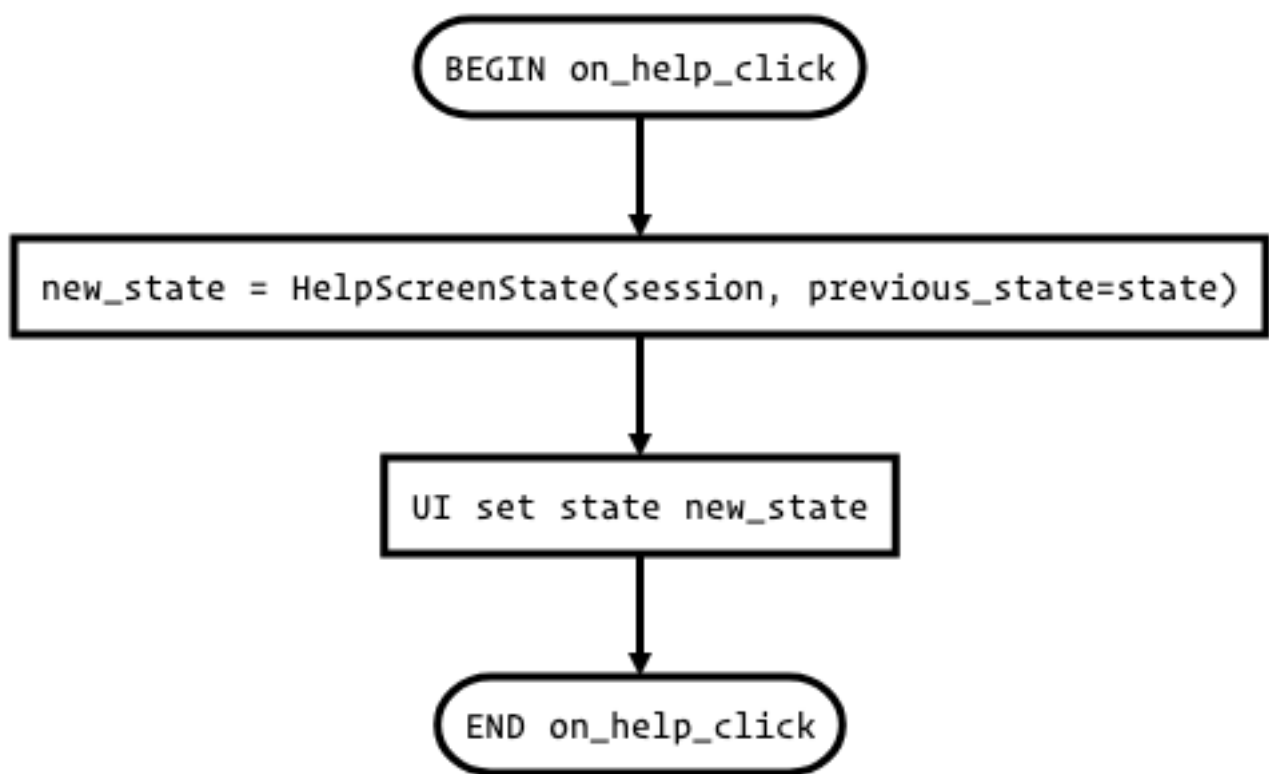


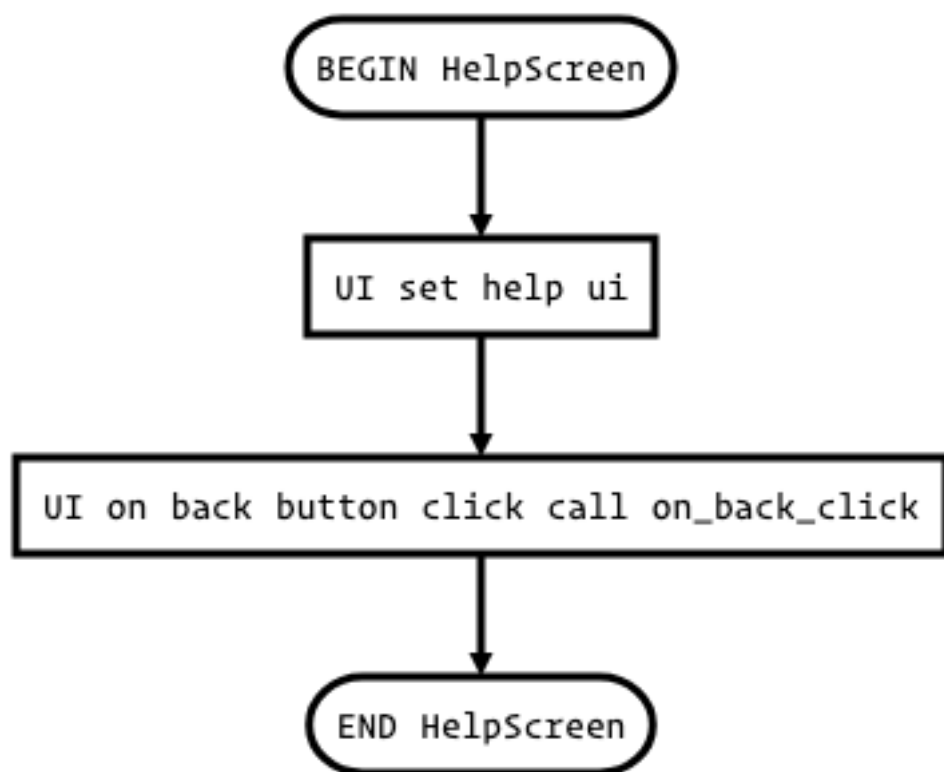
BEGIN on_help_click

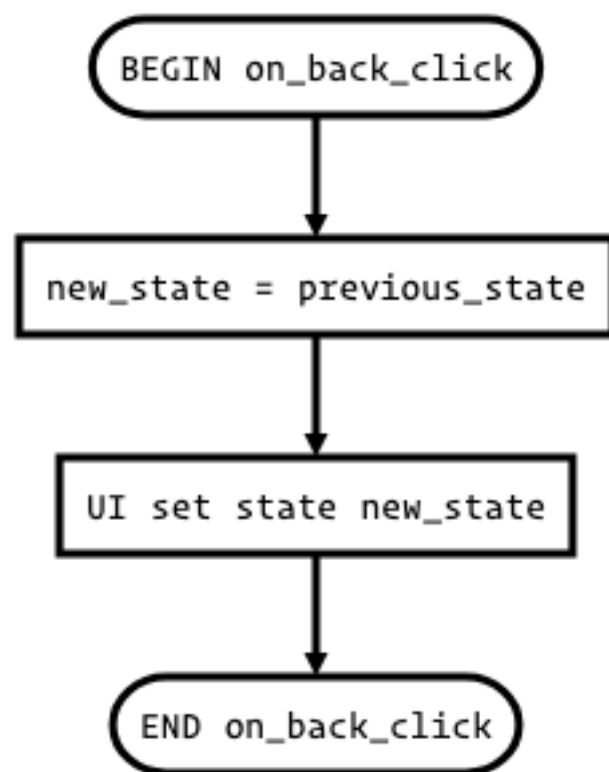
new_state = HelpScreenState(session, previous_state=state)

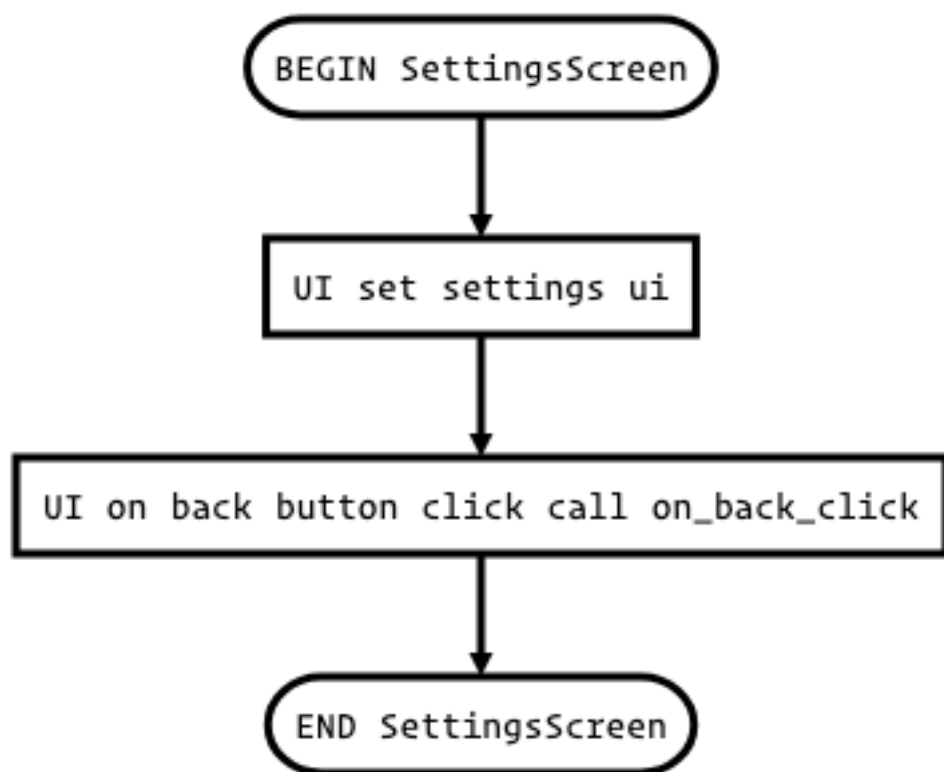
UI set state new_state

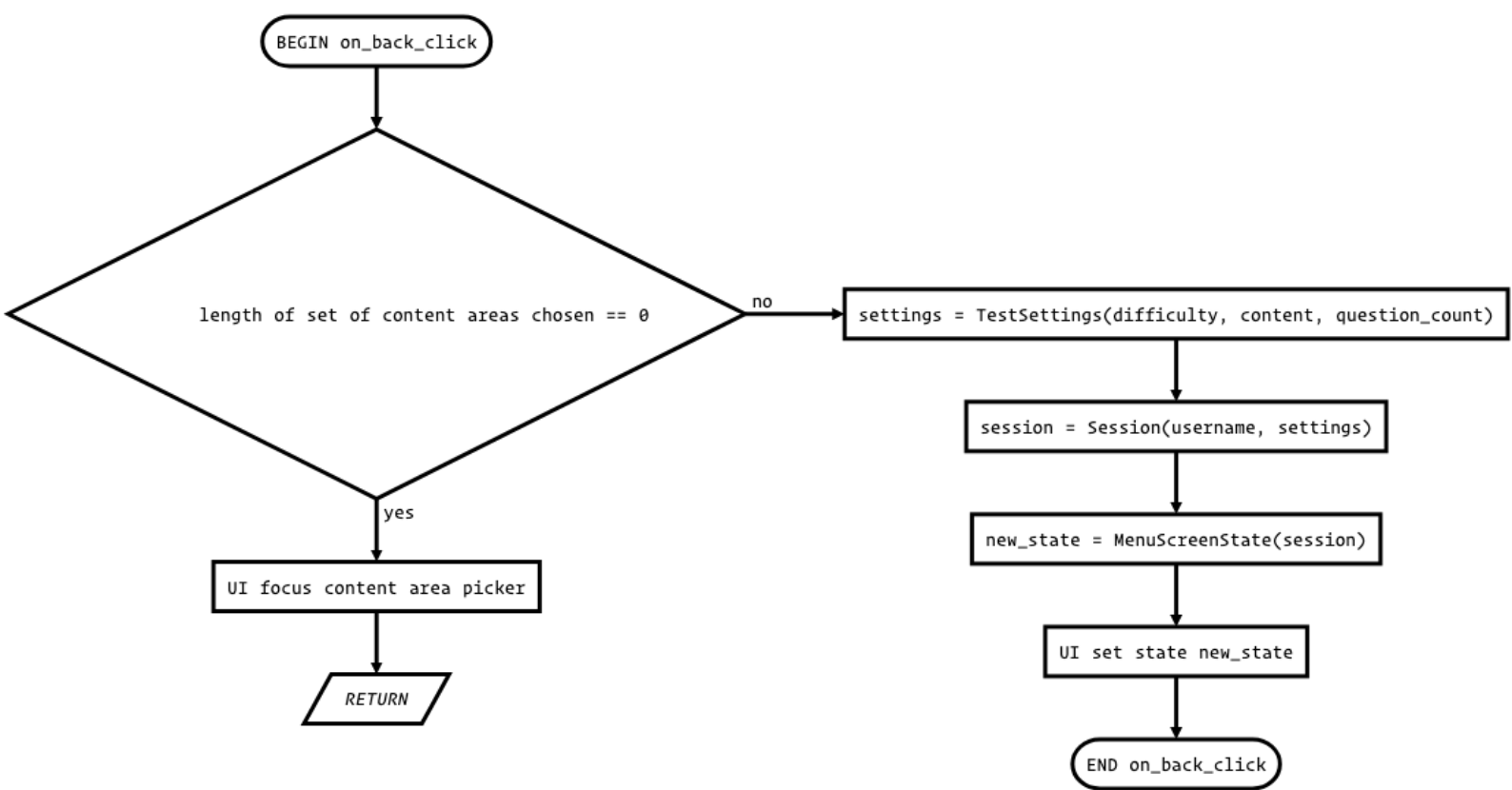
END on_help_click









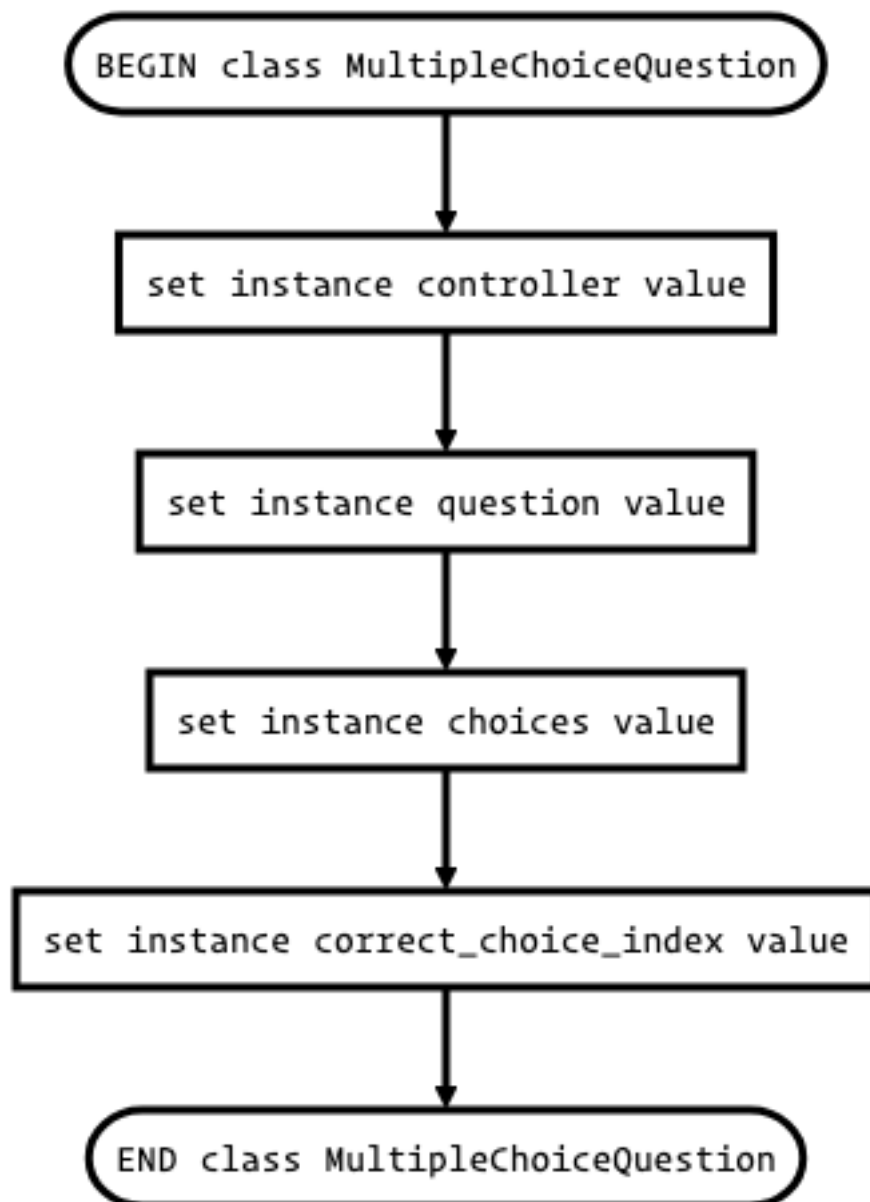


BEGIN get_is_test_current_question_answered

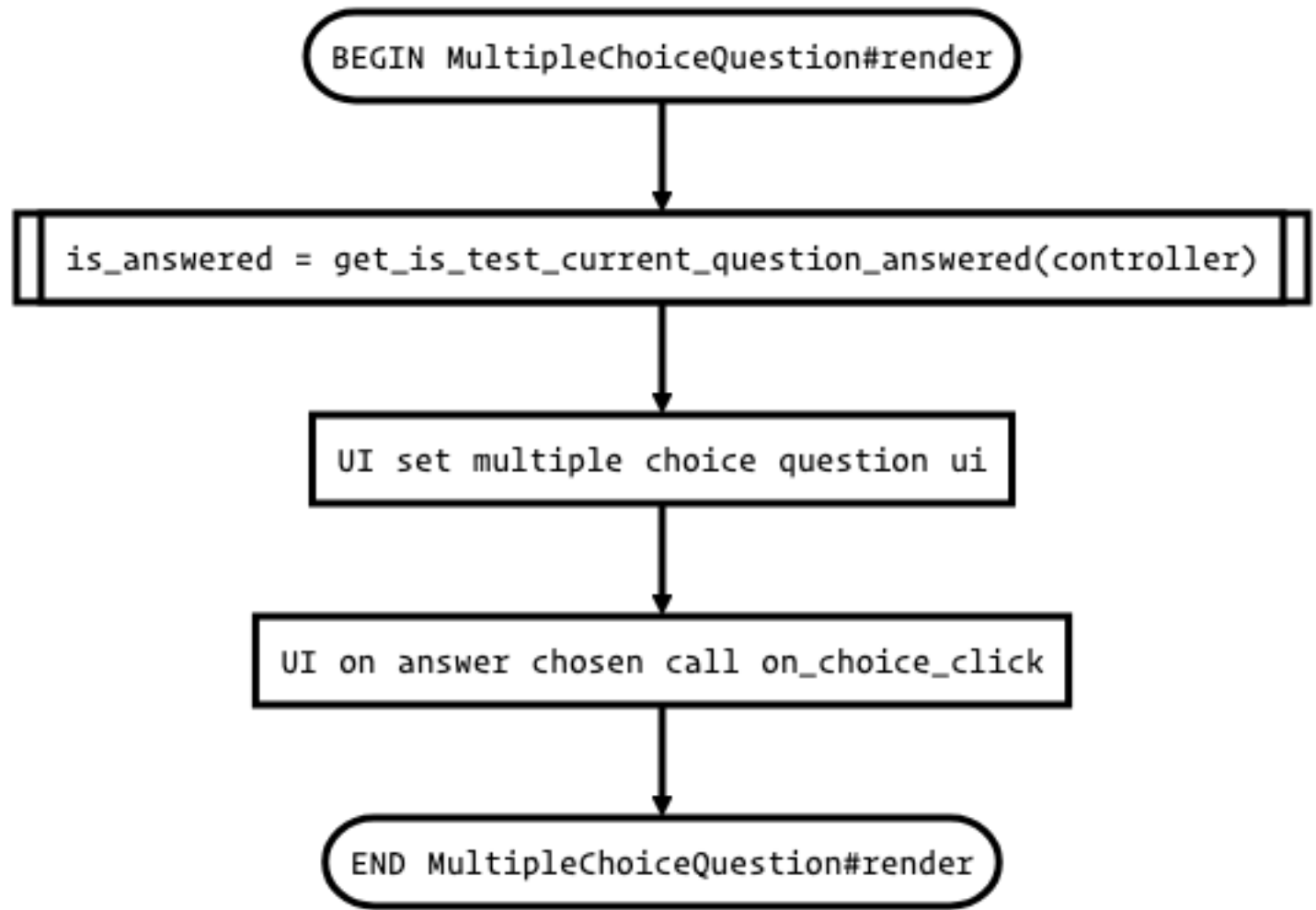
is_answered = questions[question_index] answer state type is not NOT_ANSWERED

RETURN is_answered

END get_is_test_current_question_answered



BEGIN MultipleChoiceQuestion#render



```
graph TD; A([BEGIN MultipleChoiceQuestion#render]) --> B[is_answered = get_is_test_current_question_answered(controller)]; B --> C[UI set multiple choice question ui]; C --> D[UI on answer chosen call on_choice_click]; D --> E([END MultipleChoiceQuestion#render]);
```

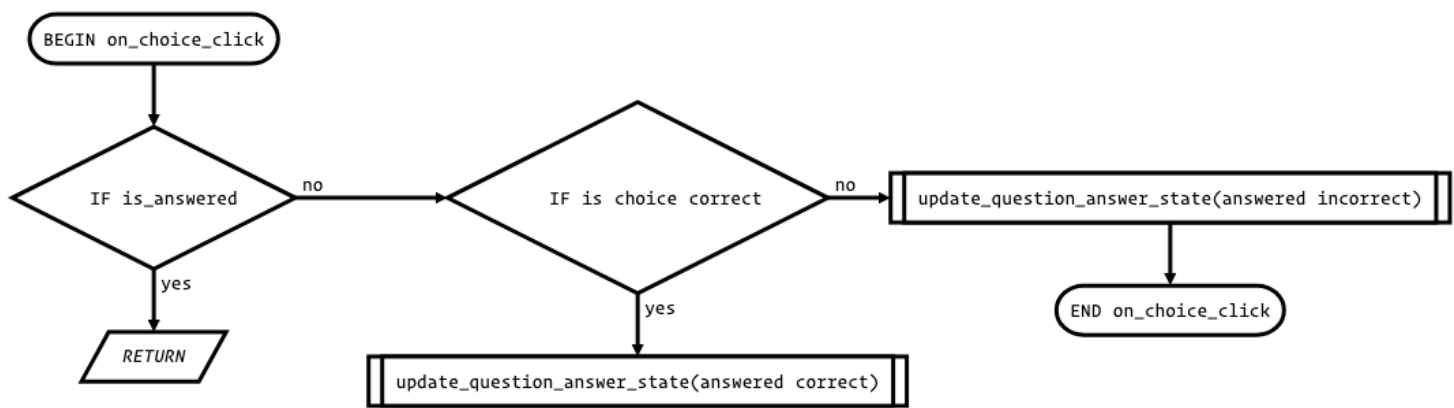
The flowchart illustrates the process of rendering a multiple-choice question. It begins with a start node, followed by a process step to check if the current question is answered. This leads to setting the UI for the multiple-choice question, then handling the click event when an answer is chosen, and finally ending the rendering process.

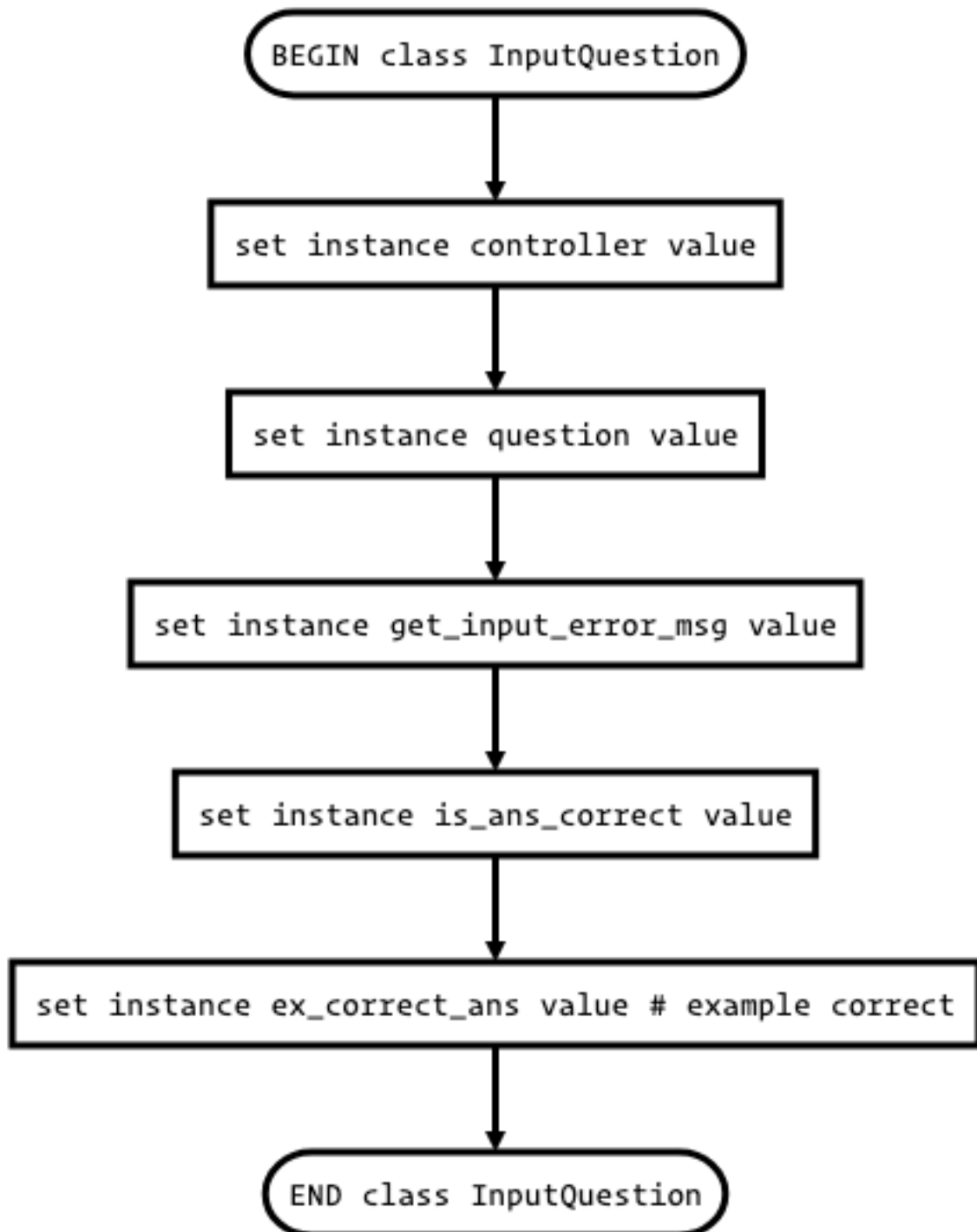
is_answered = get_is_test_current_question_answered(controller)

UI set multiple choice question ui

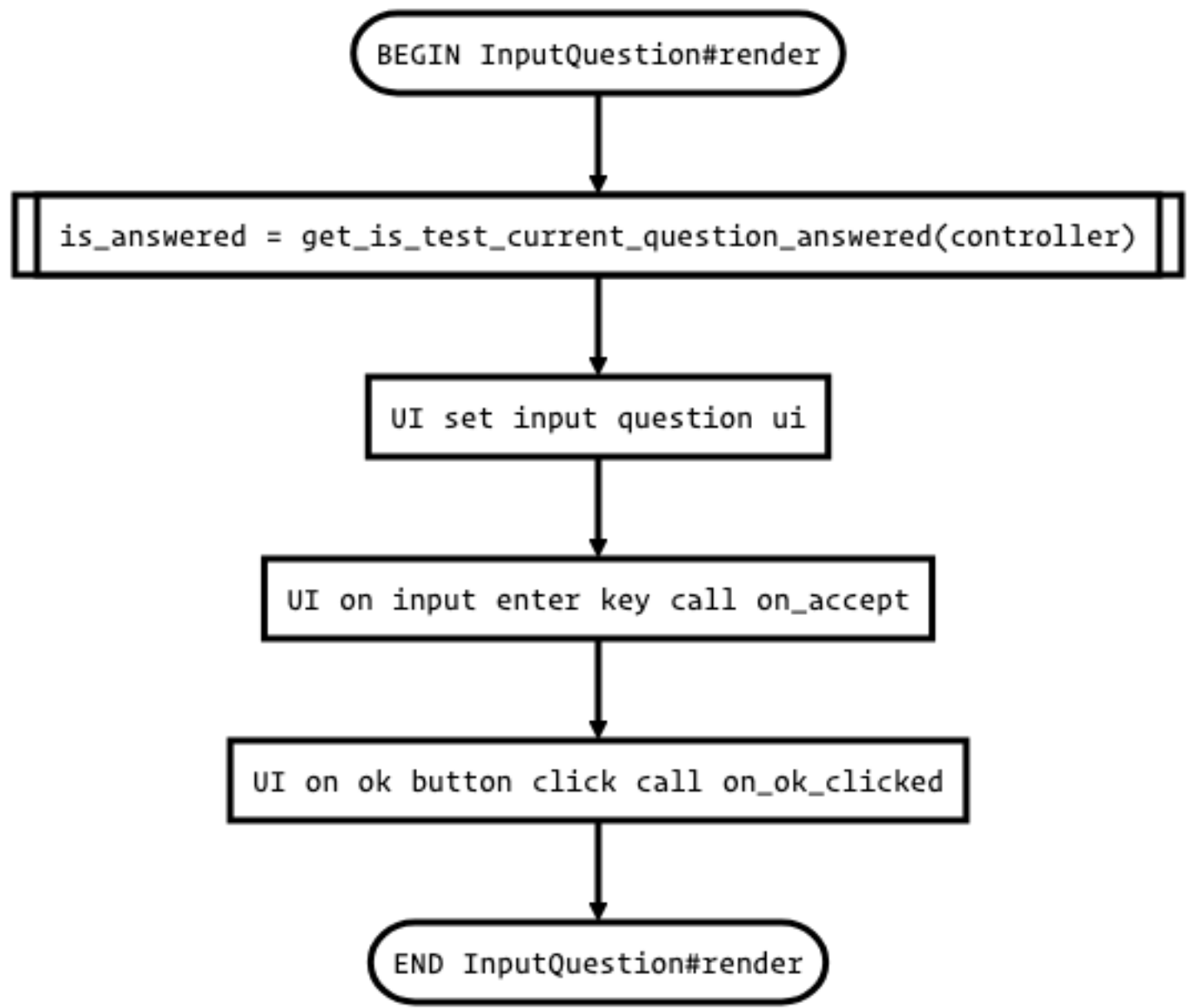
UI on answer chosen call on_choice_click

END MultipleChoiceQuestion#render





BEGIN InputQuestion#render



```
graph TD; A([BEGIN InputQuestion#render]) --> B[is_answered = get_is_test_current_question_answered(controller)]; B --> C[UI set input question ui]; C --> D[UI on input enter key call on_accept]; D --> E[UI on ok button click call on_ok_clicked]; E --> F([END InputQuestion#render]);
```

The flowchart illustrates the sequence of operations for the InputQuestion#render process. It begins with a start node, followed by a call to get_is_test_current_question_answered(controller) to determine if the question is answered. This is followed by setting the input question on the UI, handling the enter key by calling on_accept, and handling the ok button click by calling on_ok_clicked. The process concludes with an end node.

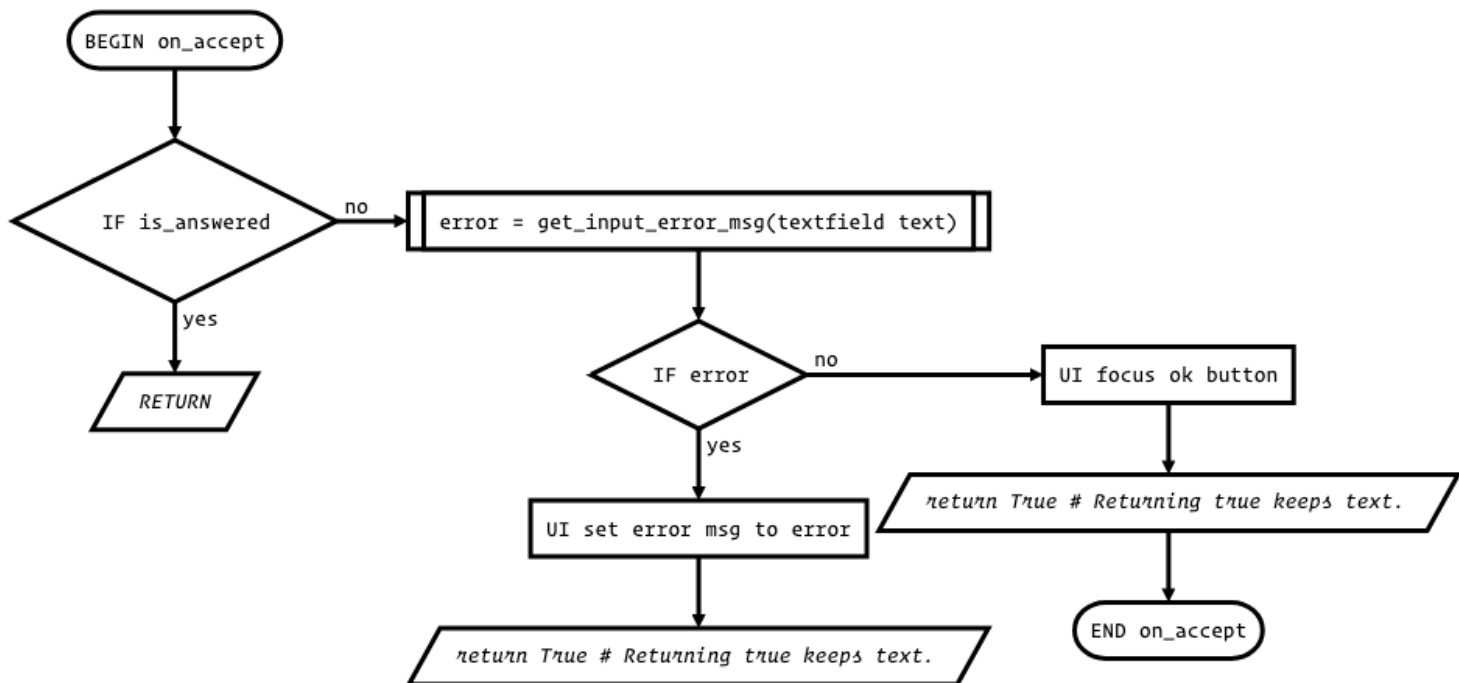
is_answered = get_is_test_current_question_answered(controller)

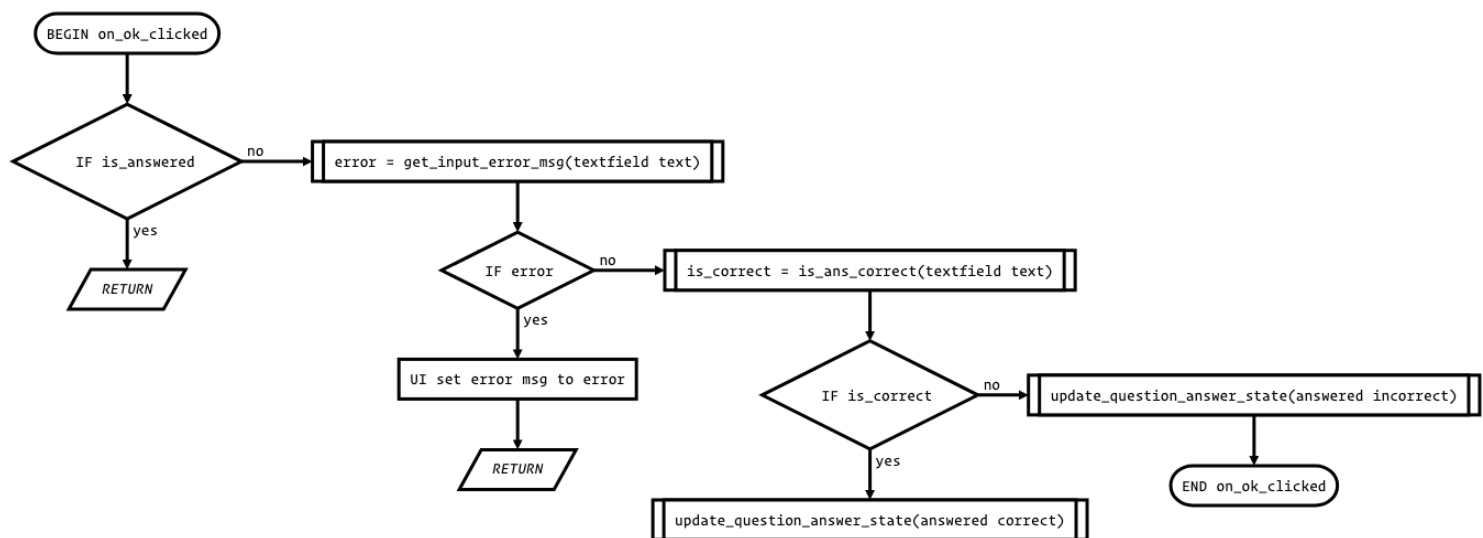
UI set input question ui

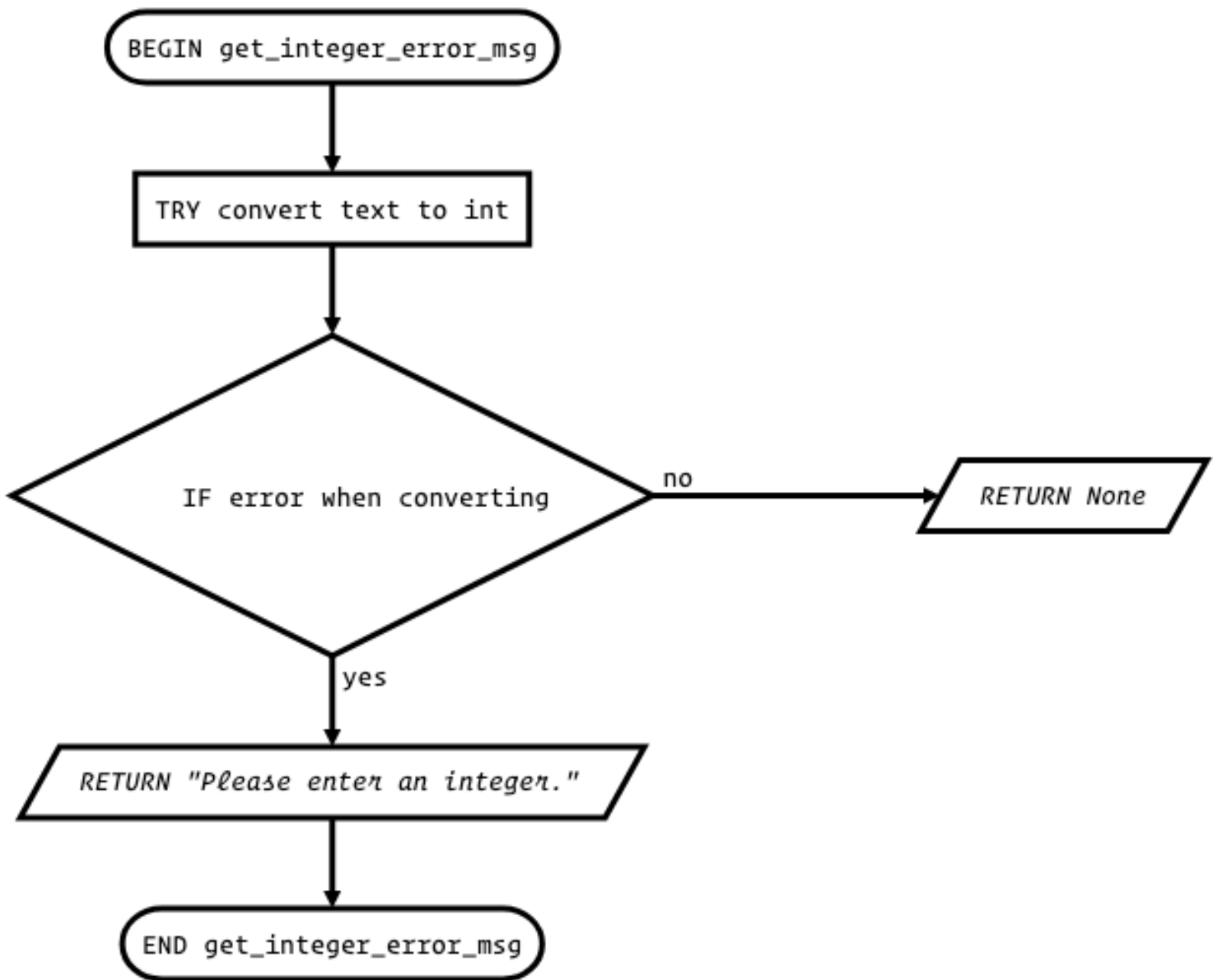
UI on input enter key call on_accept

UI on ok button click call on_ok_clicked

END InputQuestion#render







BEGIN get_float_error_msg

TRY convert text to float

IF error when converting

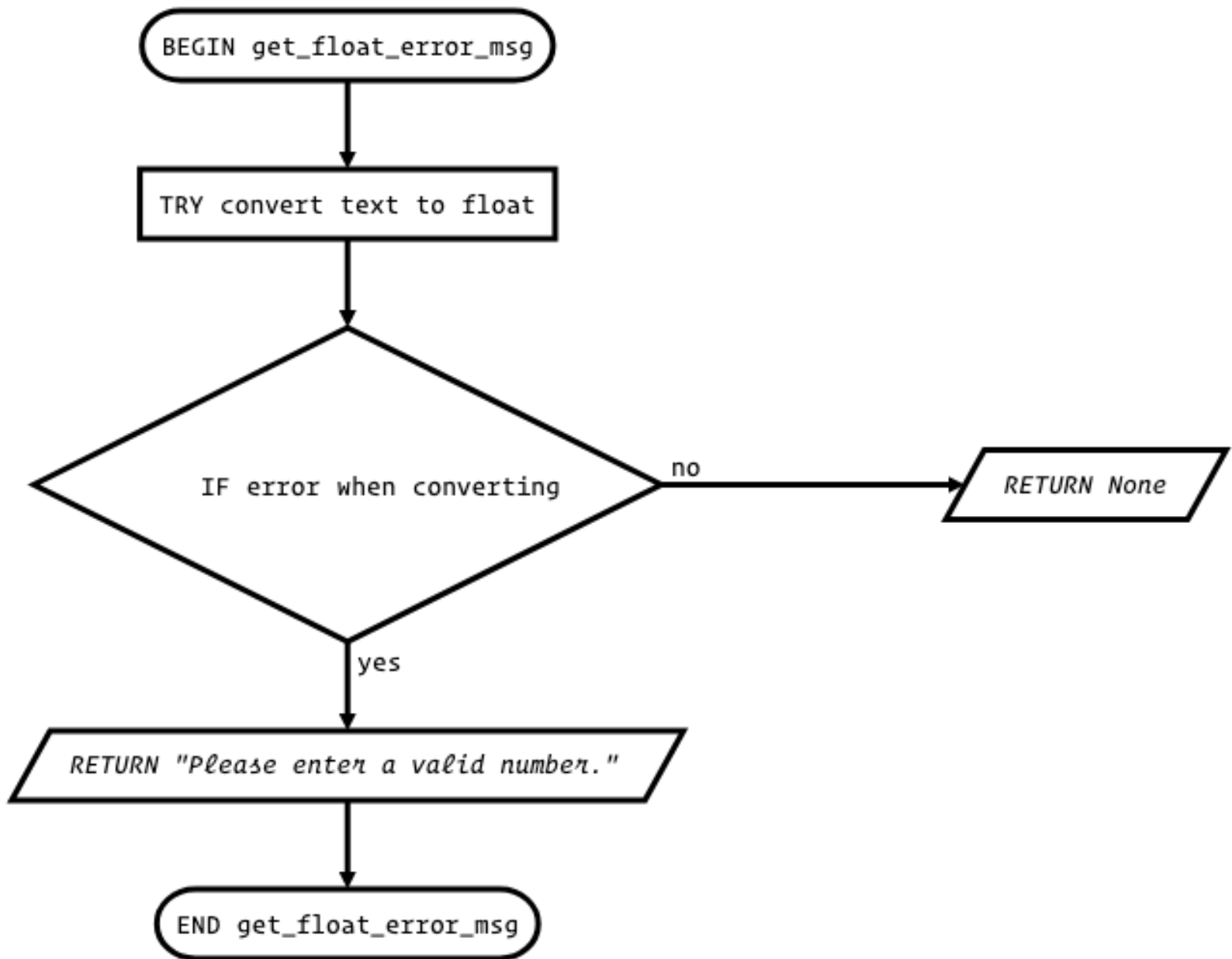
no

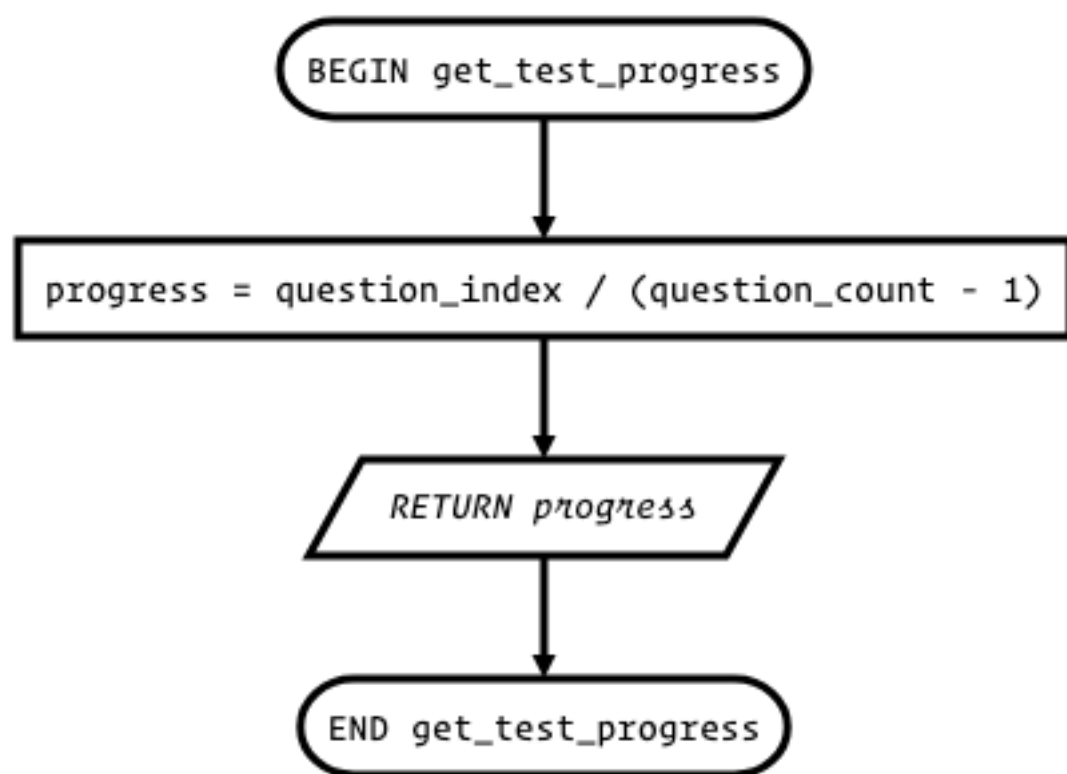
RETURN None

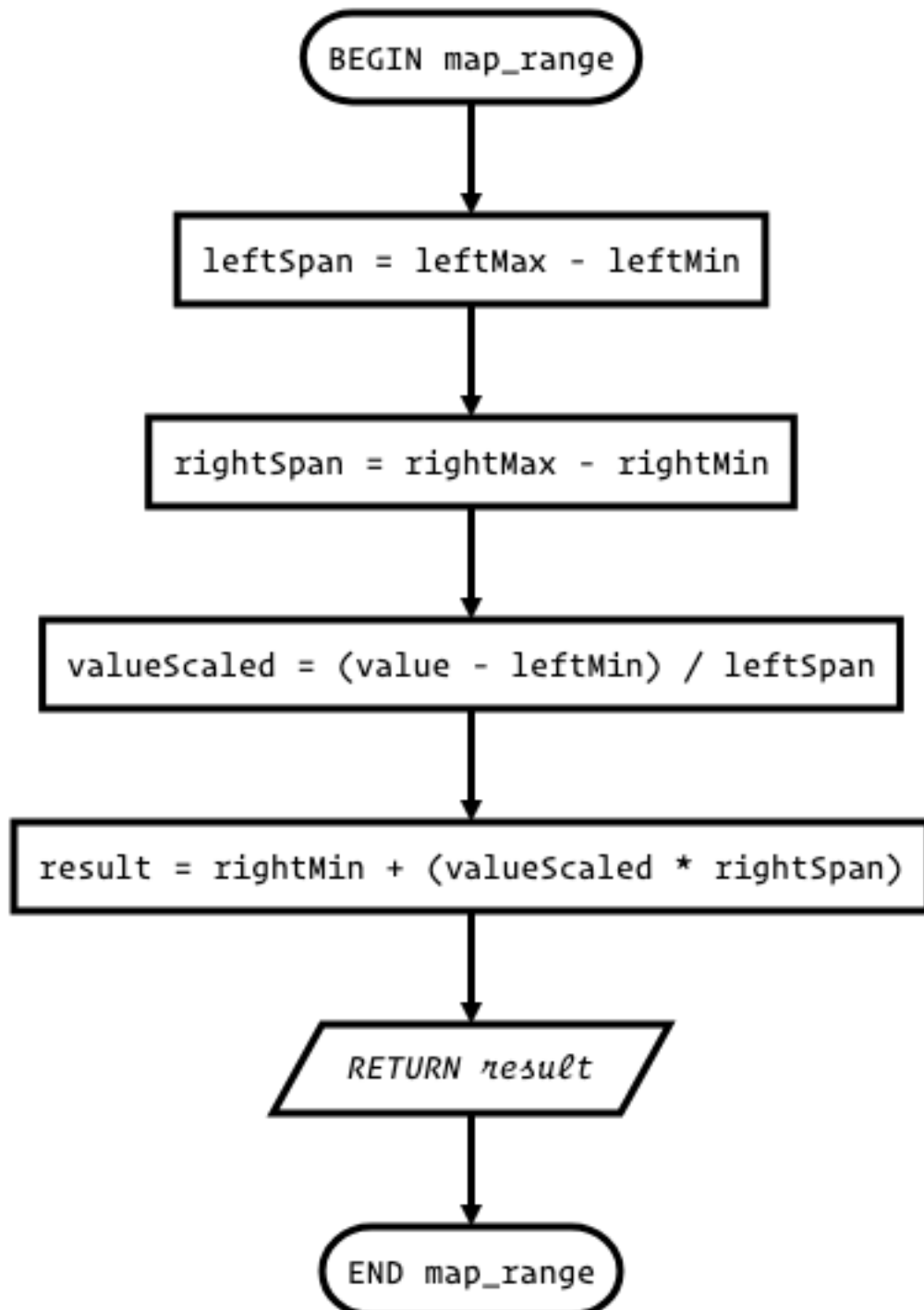
yes

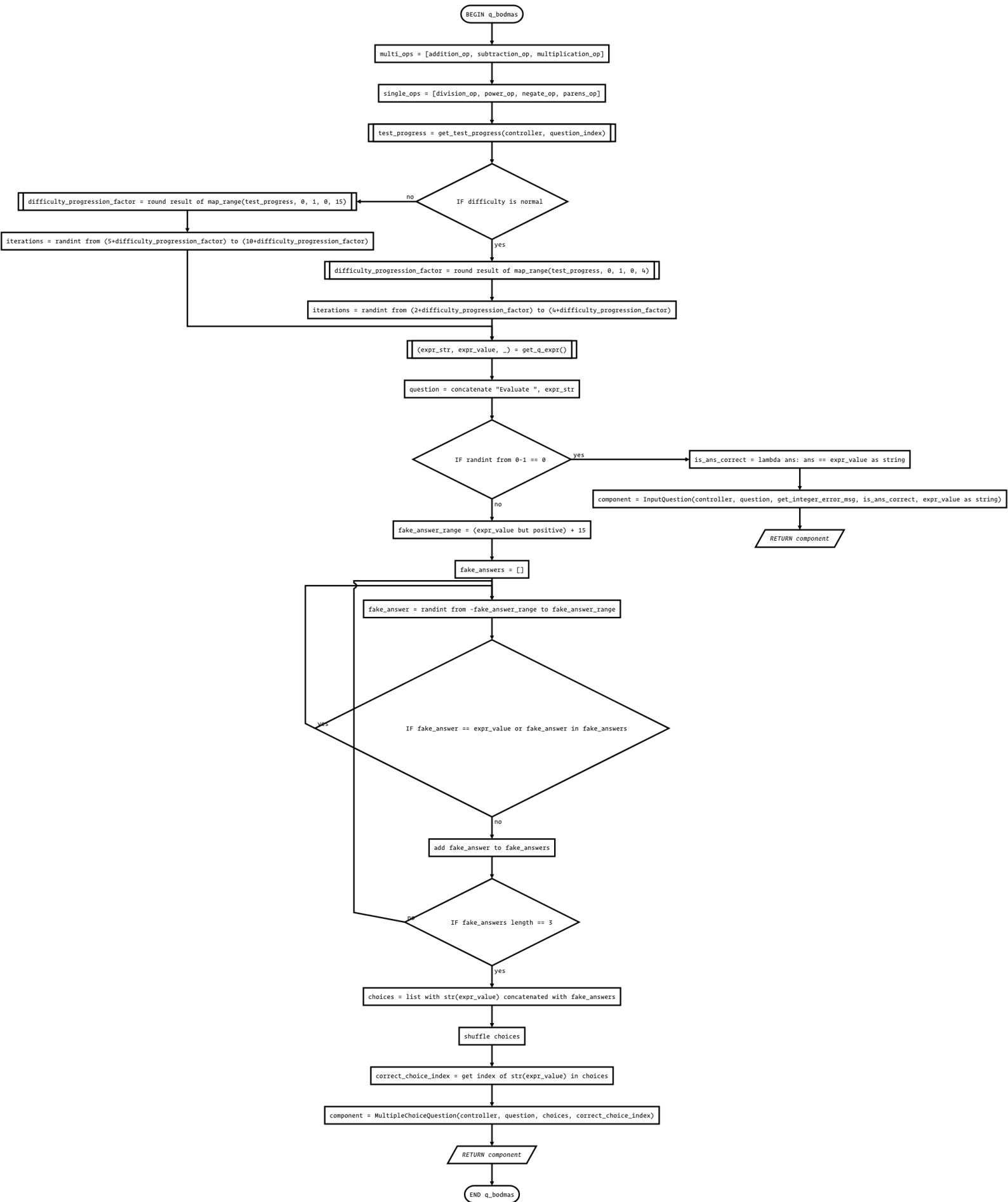
RETURN "Please enter a valid number."

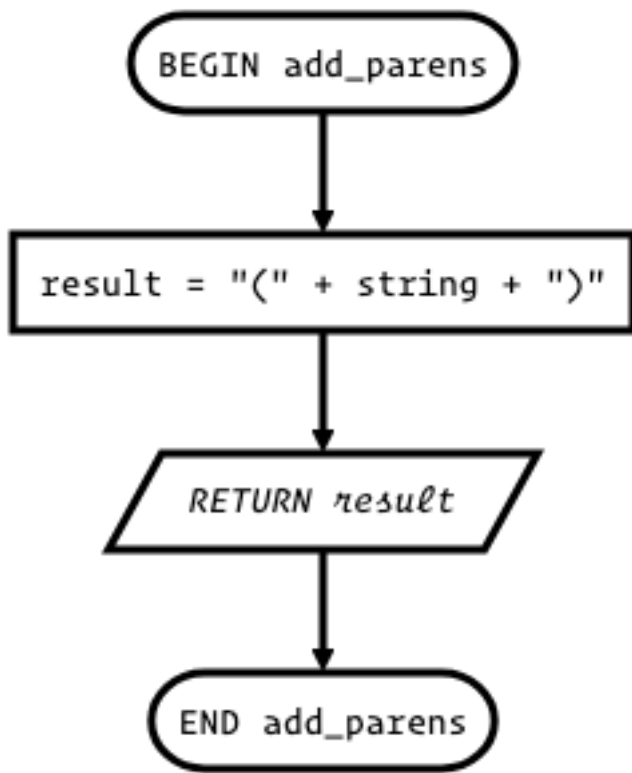
END get_float_error_msg











BEGIN addition_op

`new_str = concatenate lhs_str, " + ", rhs_str but wrapped in parens if begins with "-"`

`new_value = lhs_value + rhs_value`

RETURN new_str, new_value, False

END addition_op

BEGIN subtraction_op

new_str = concatenate lhs_str, " - ", rhs_str but wrapped in parens if not grouped

new_value = lhs_value - rhs_value

RETURN new_str, new_value, False

END subtraction_op

BEGIN multiplication_op



new_str = concatenate lhs_str but wrapped in parens if not grouped, " × ", rhs_str but wrapped in parens if not grouped



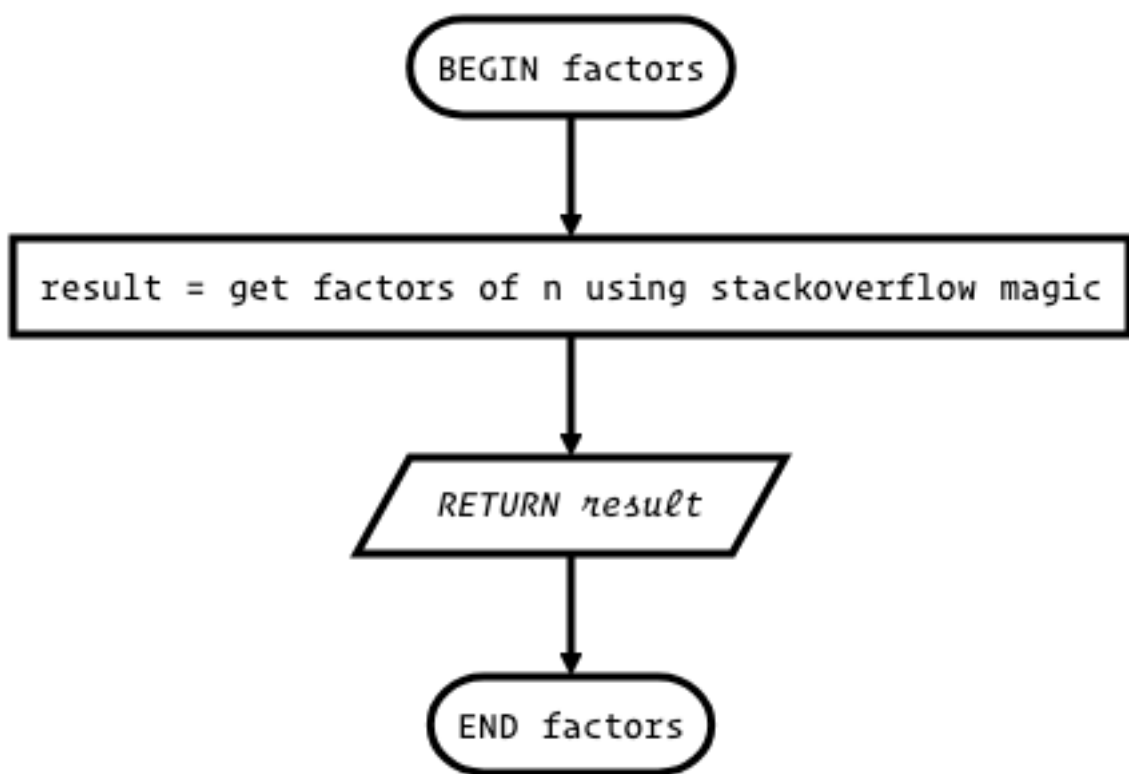
new_value = lhs_value * rhs_value

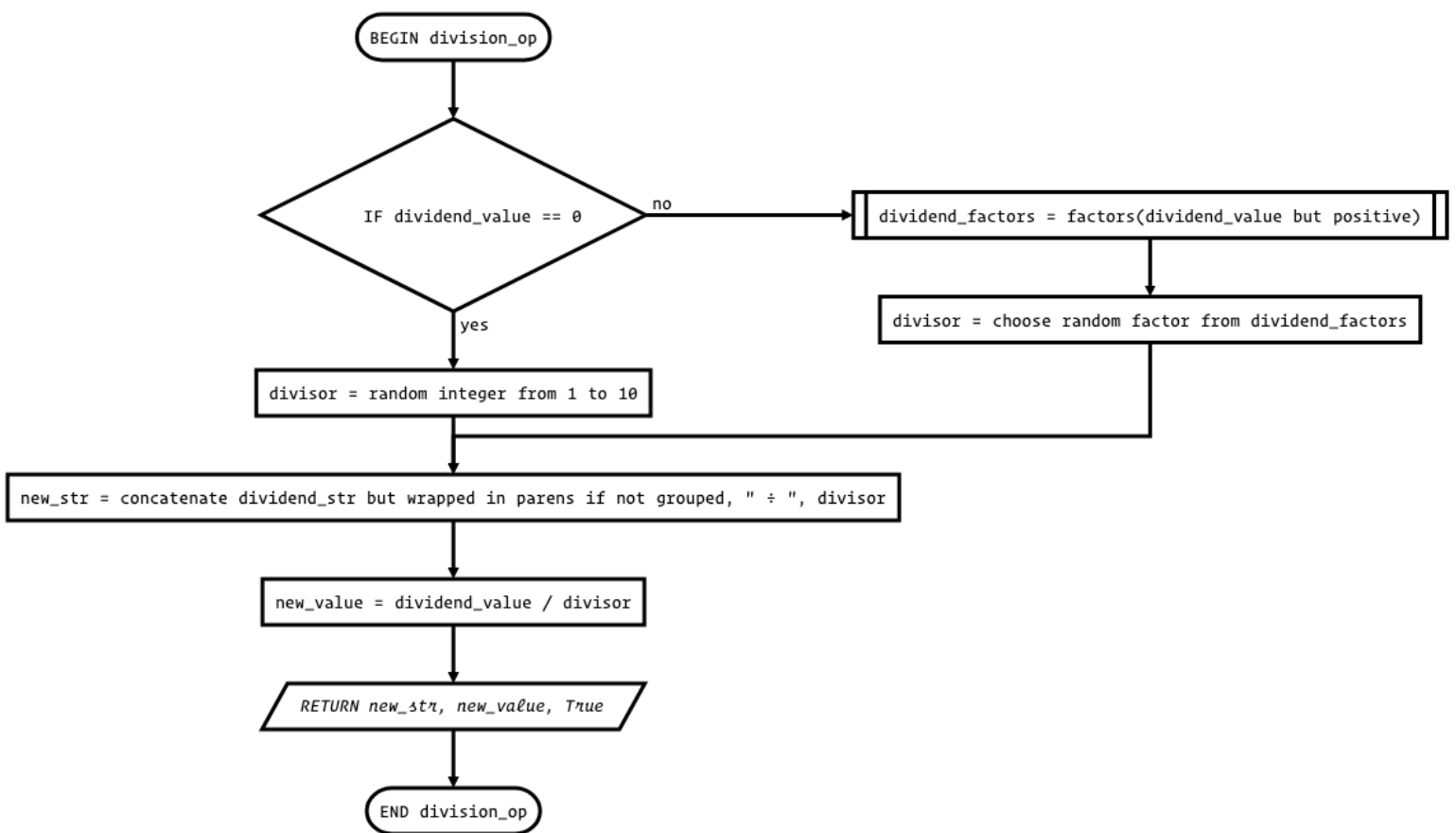


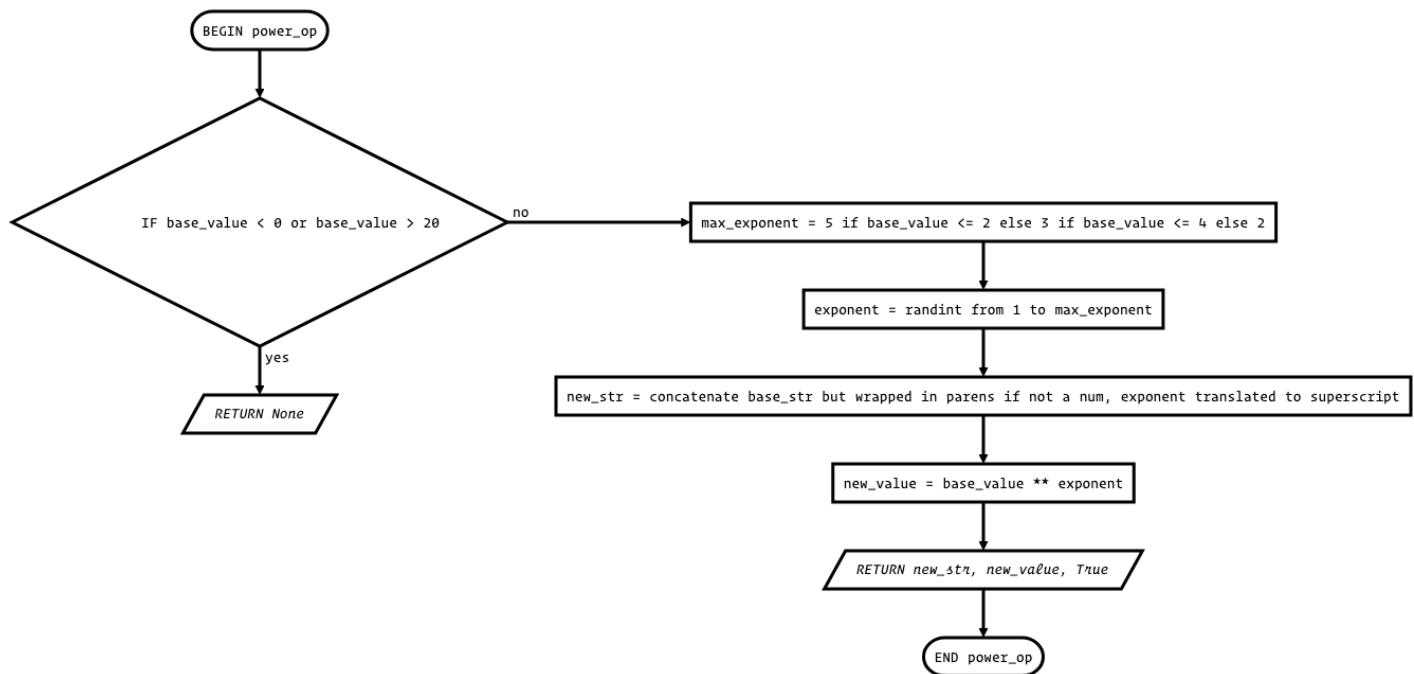
RETURN new_str, new_value, True



END multiplication_op







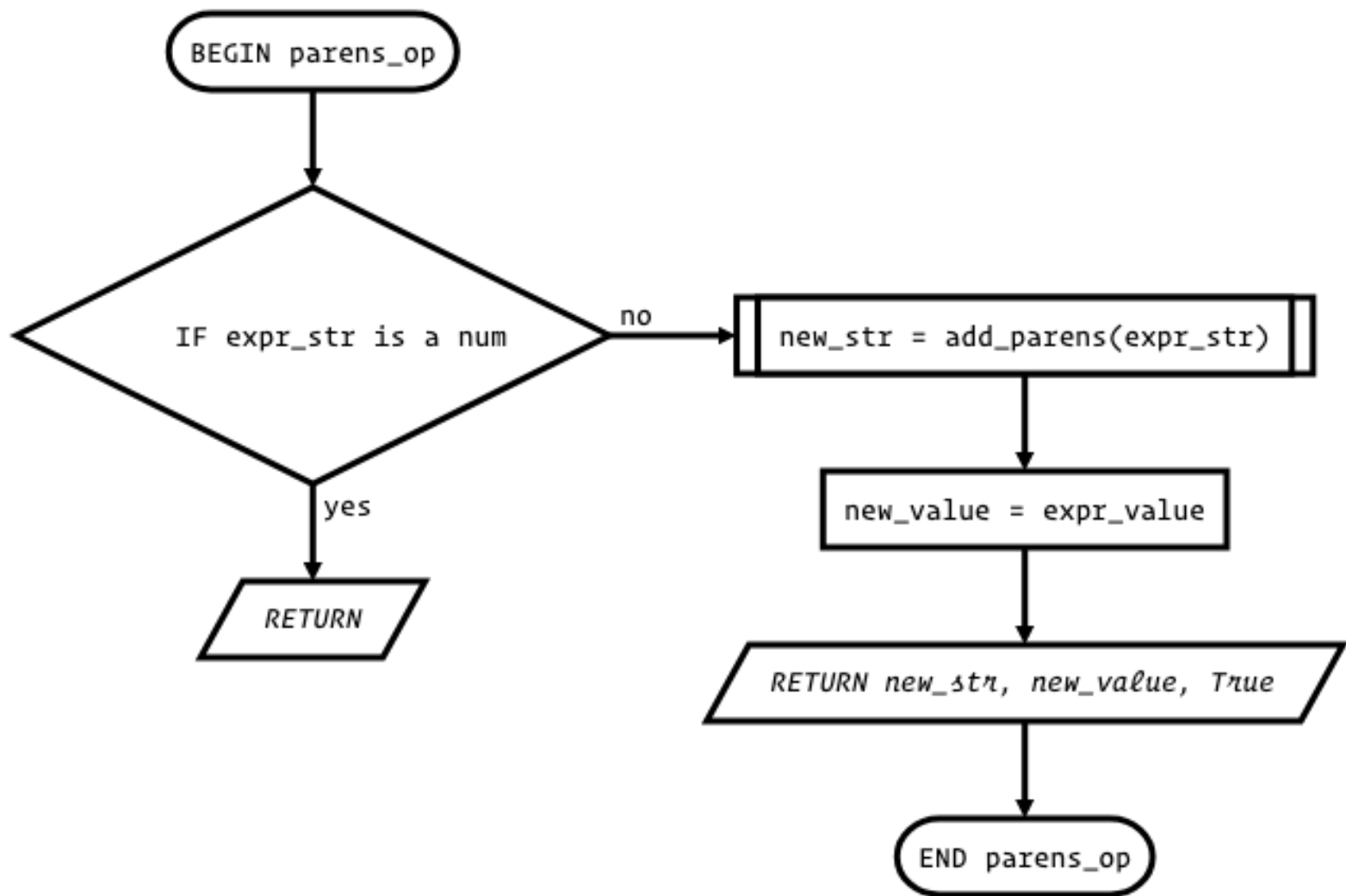
BEGIN negate_op

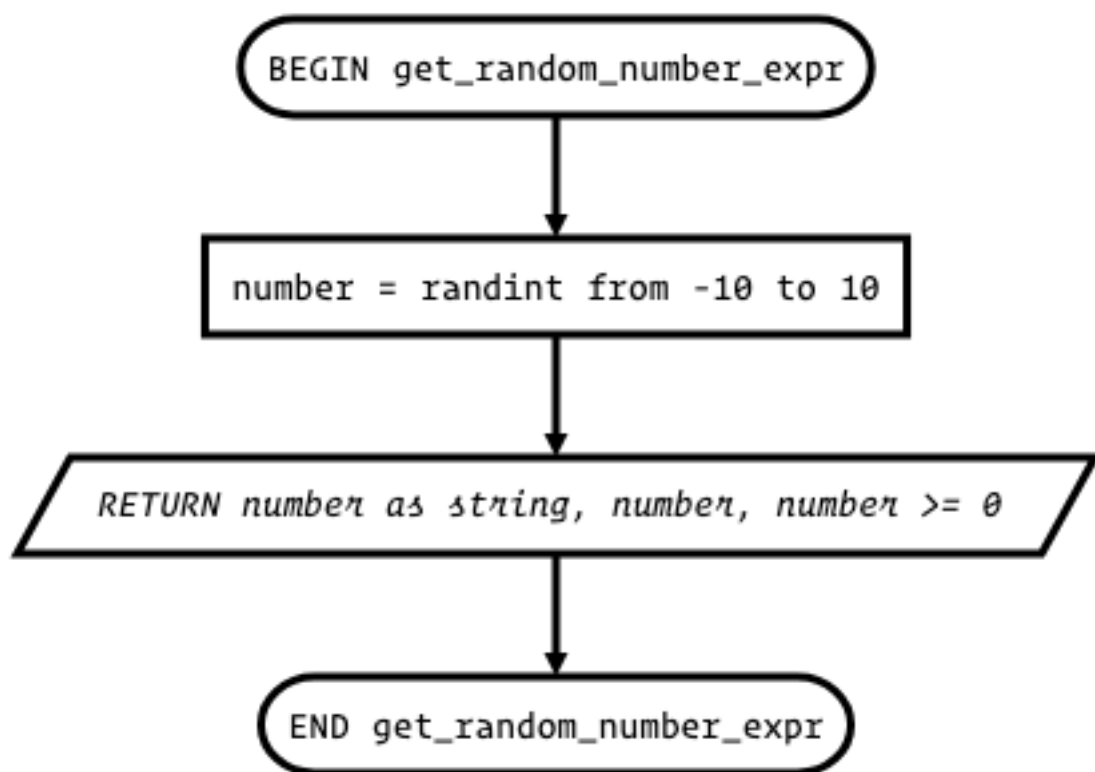
`new_str = concatenate "-", expr_str but wrapped in parens if not grouped`

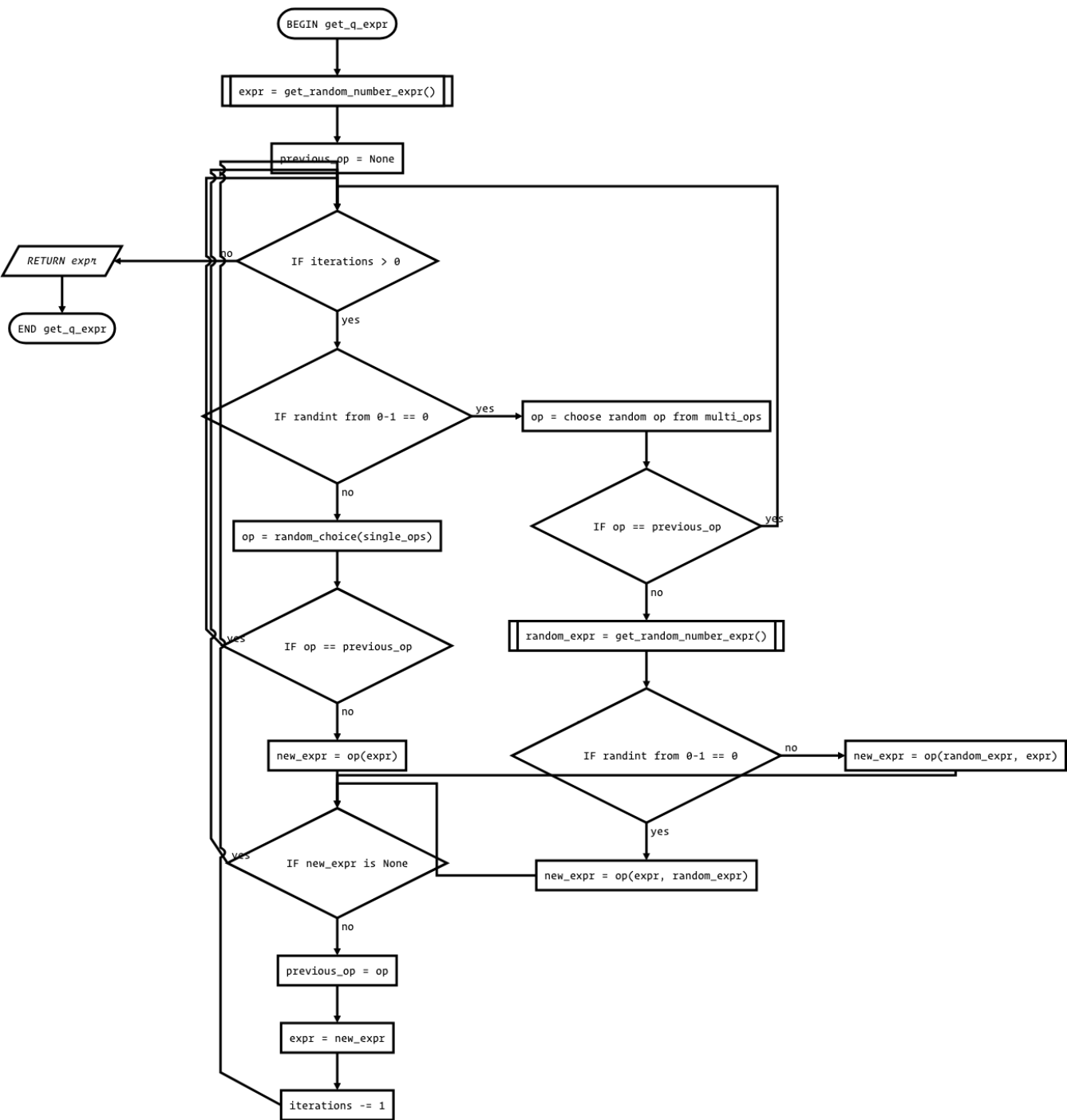
`new_value = -expr_value`

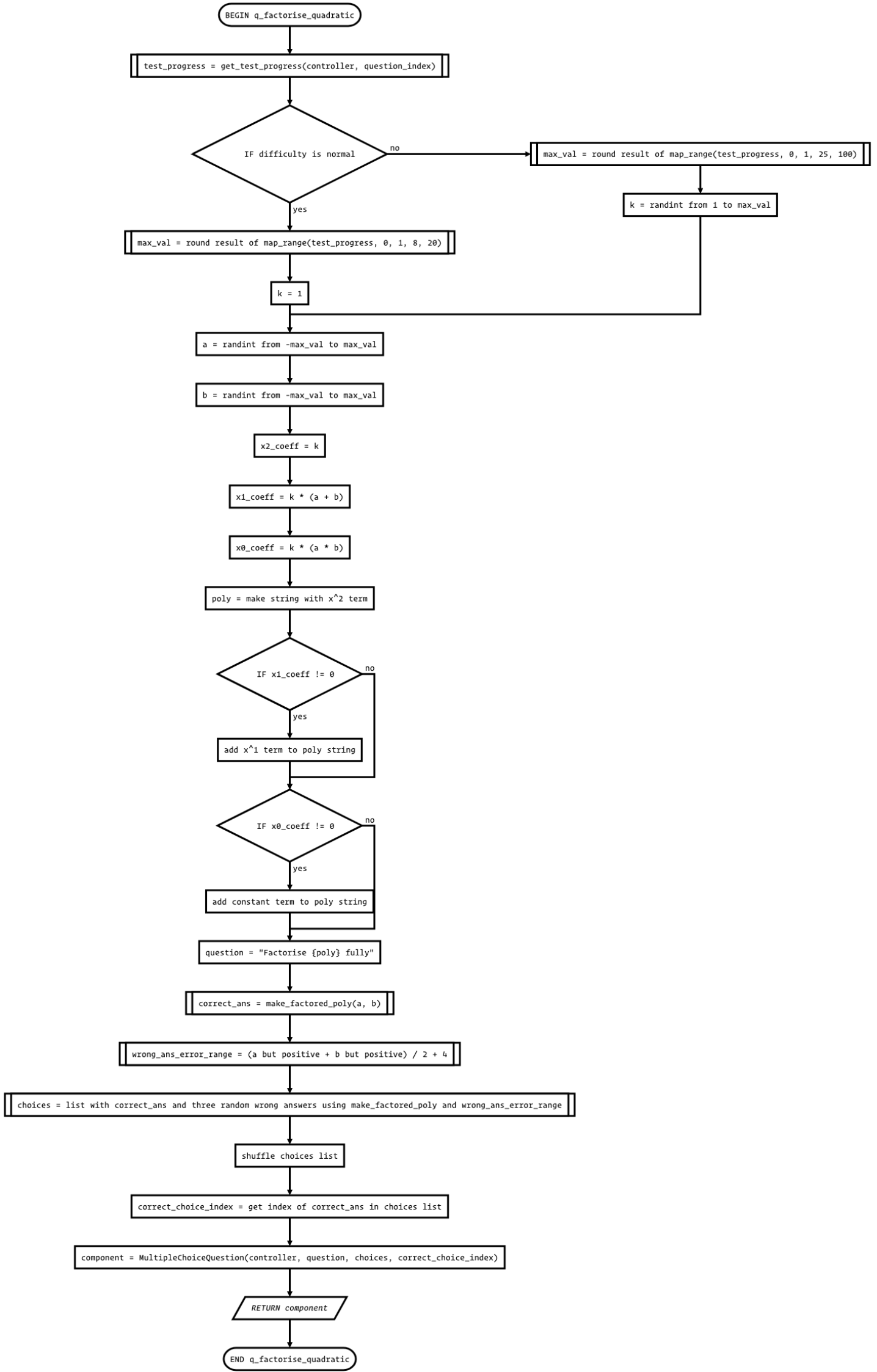
RETURN new_str, new_value, False

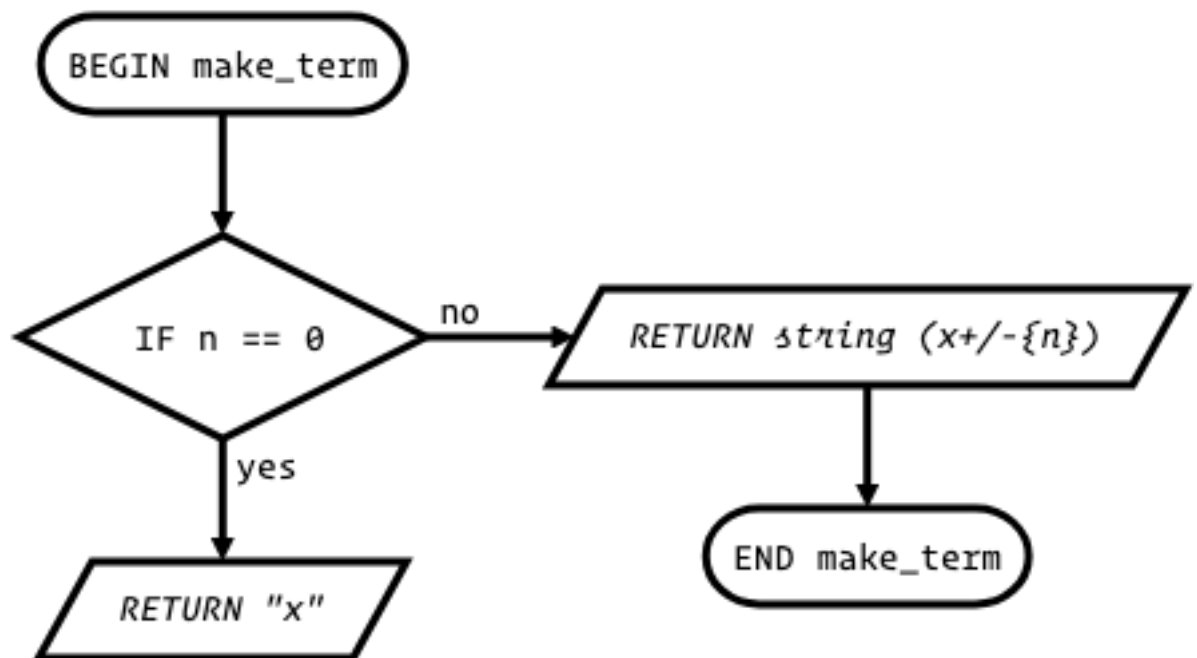
END negate_op

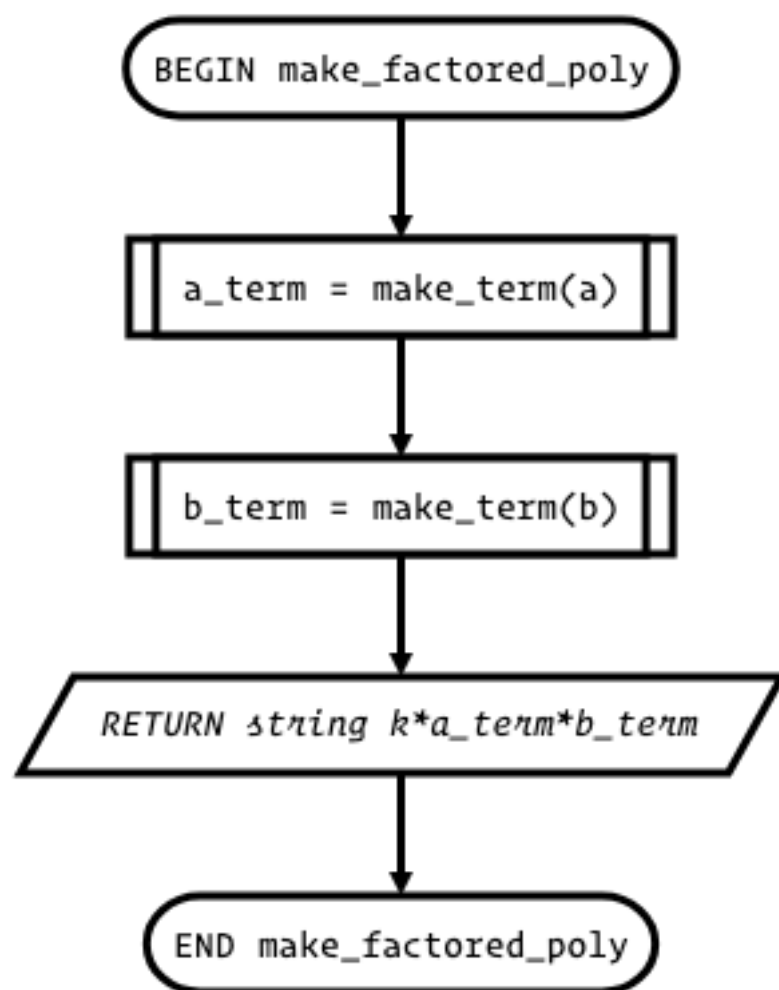




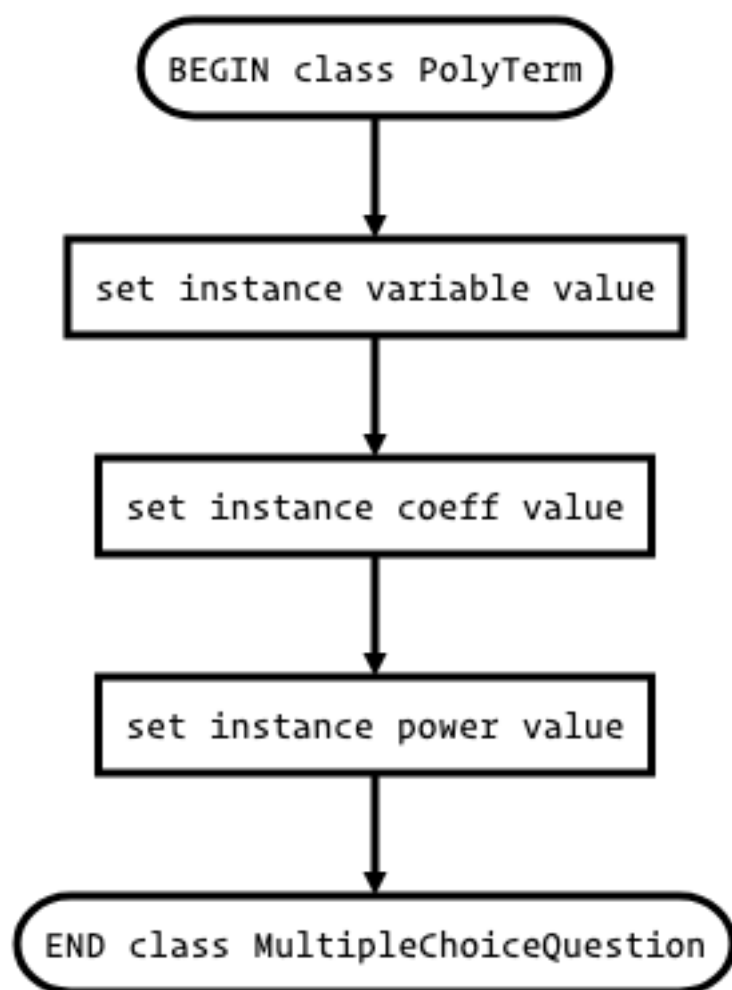


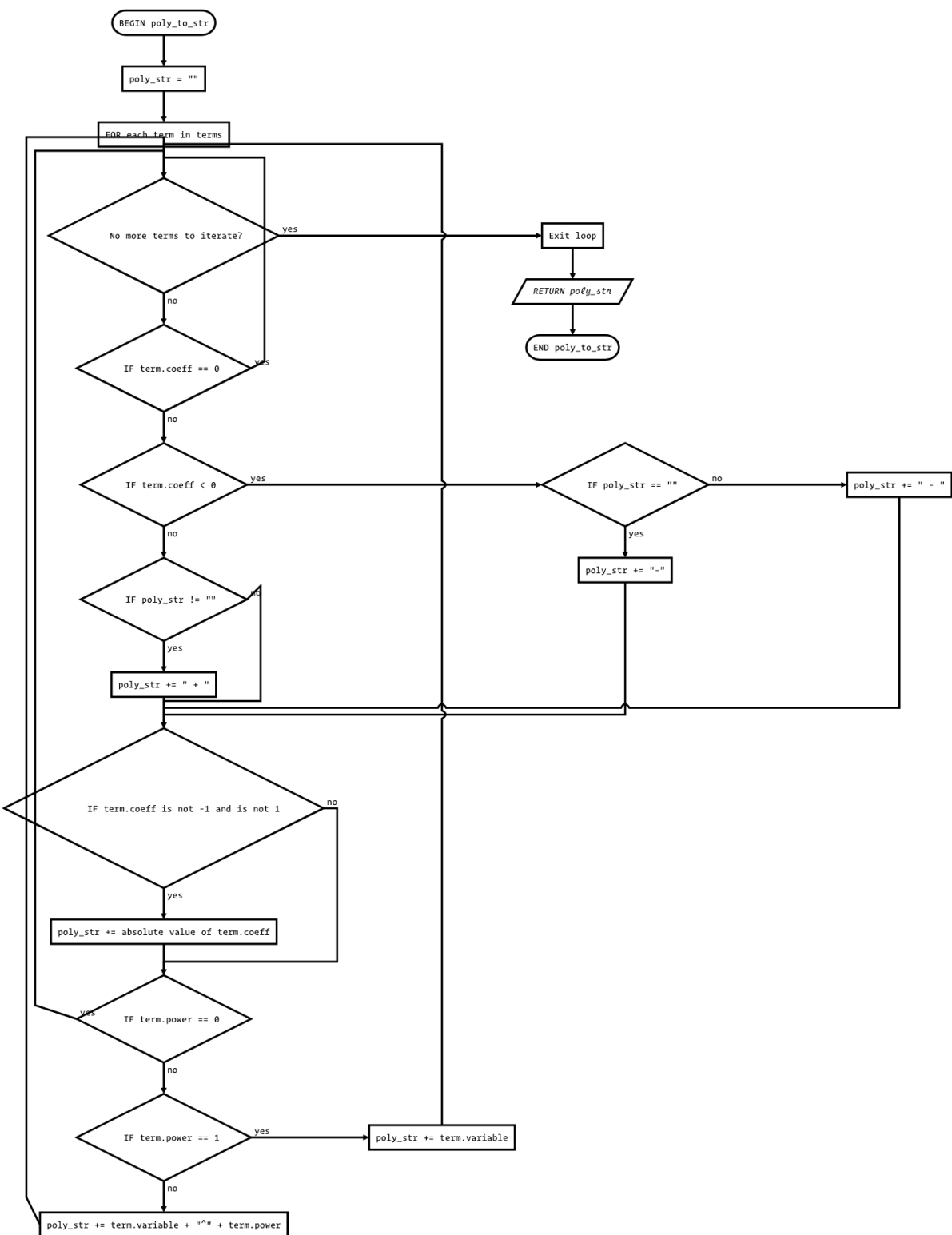












BEGIN make_wrong_ans

wrong_ans = poly_to_str(map_term(term) for term in poly_ans_terms)

RETURN wrong_ans

END make_wrong_ans

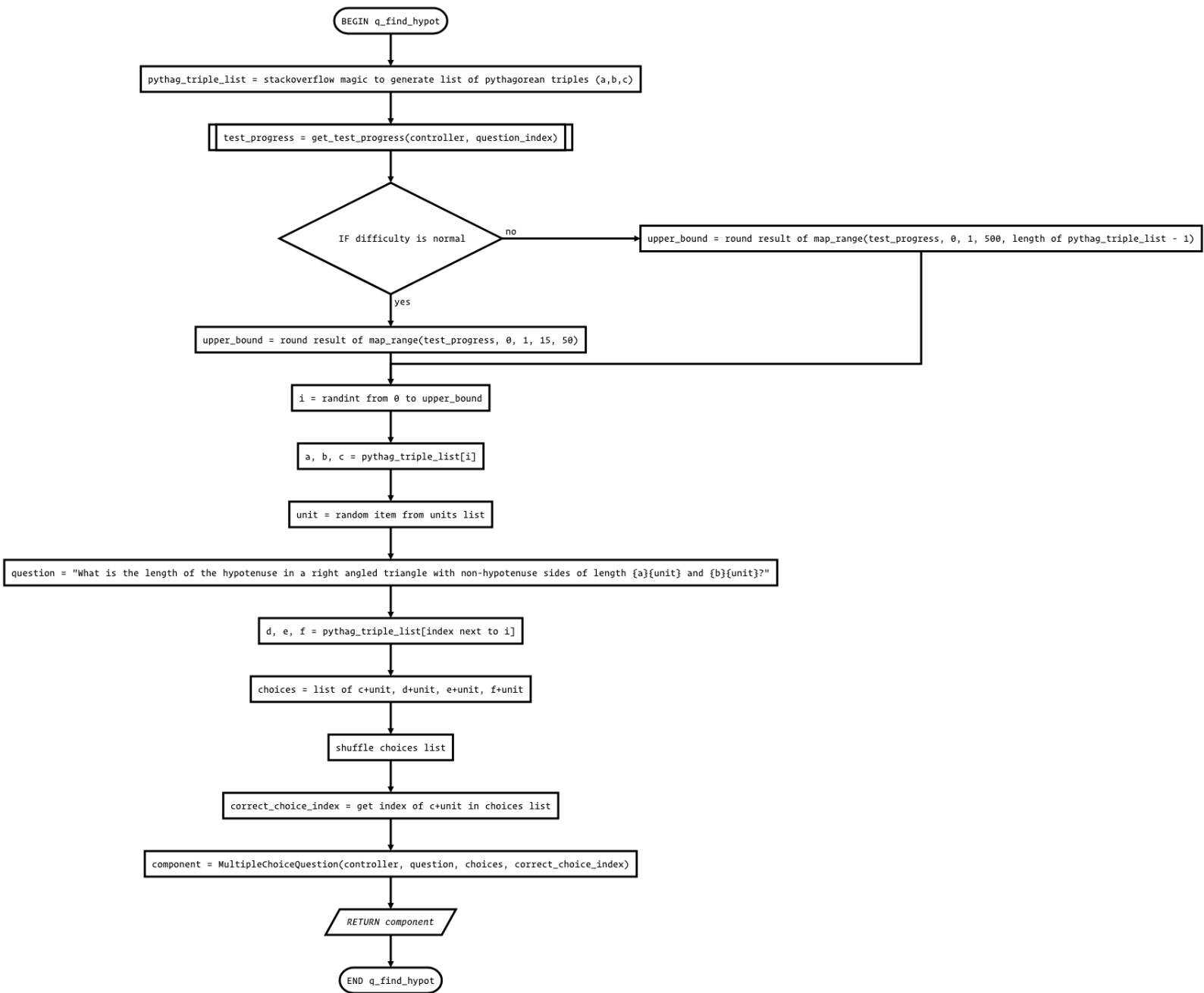
BEGIN map_term

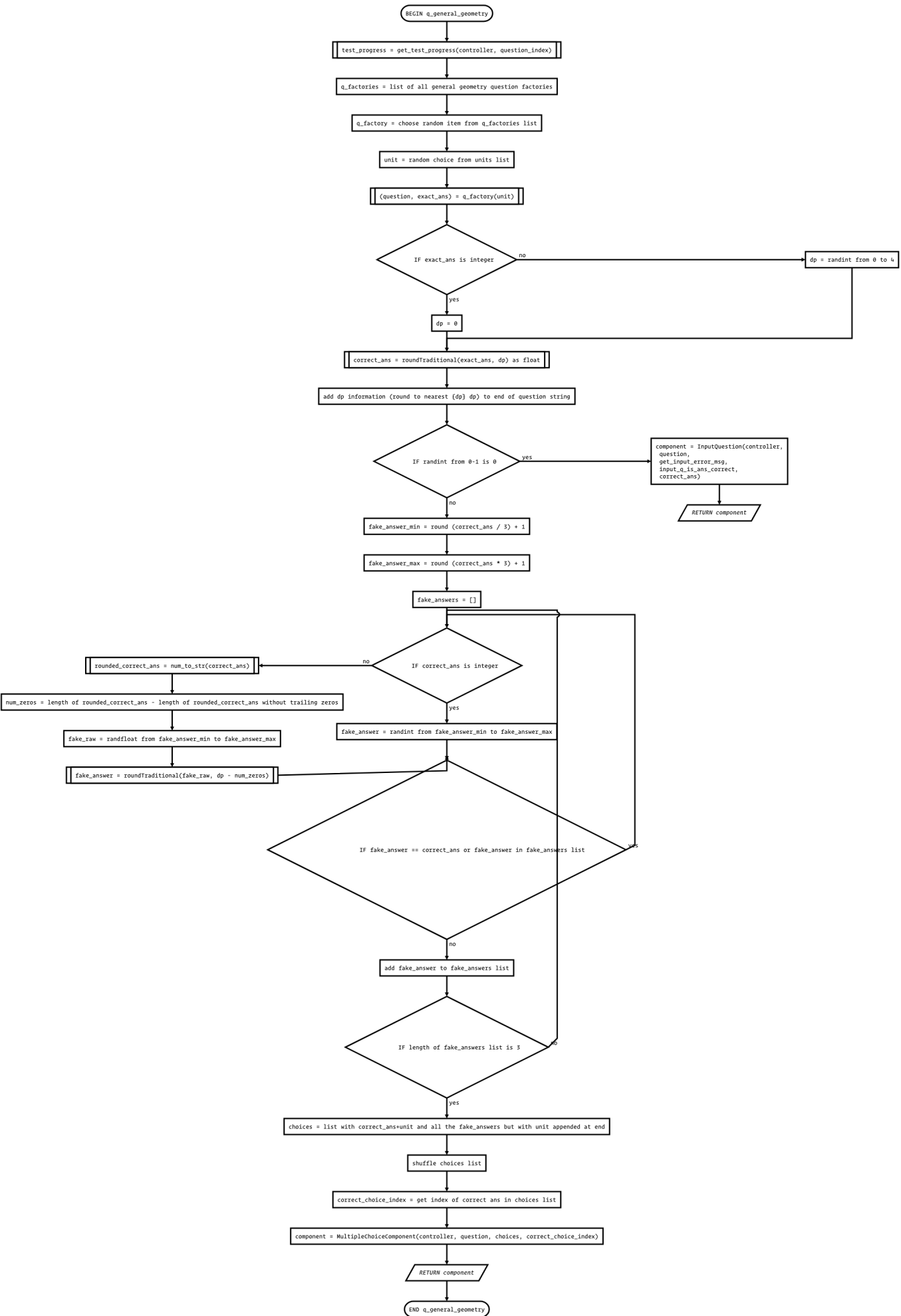
wrong_range = (absolute value of term.coeff) / 2 + 10

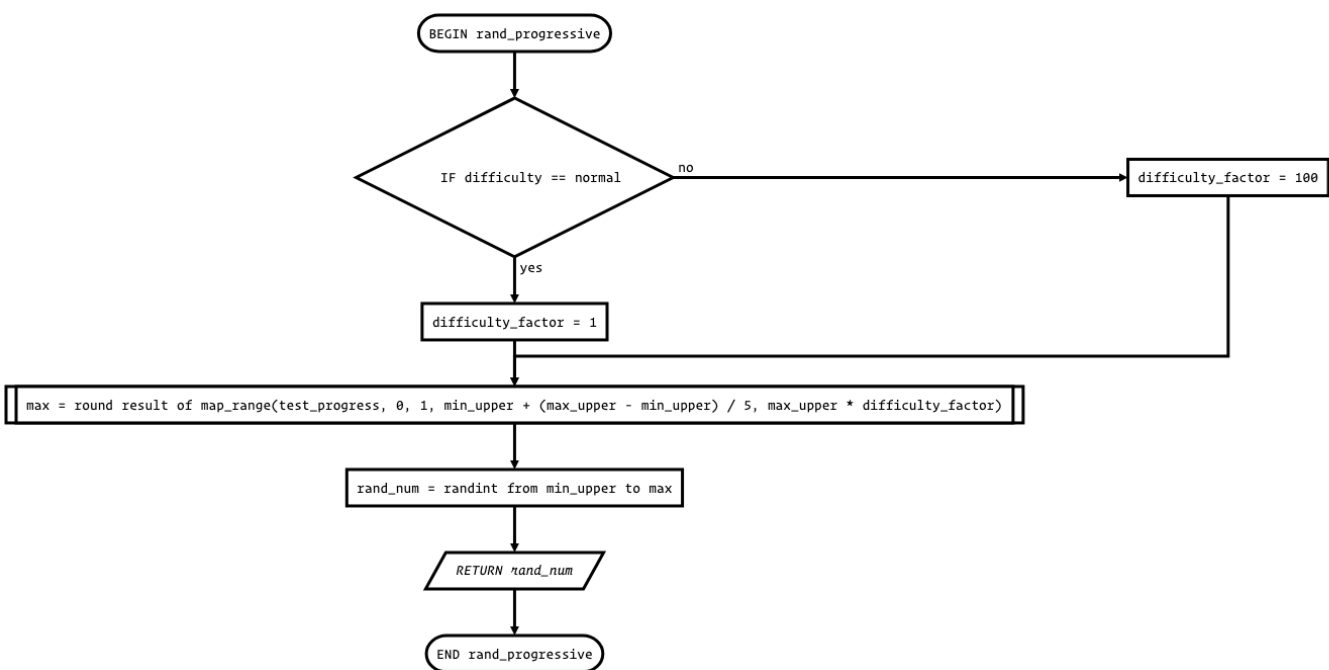
term = PolyTerm(variable, coeff=term.coeff + randint from -wrong_range to wrong_range, power=term.power)

RETURN term

END map_term







BEGIN circle_area_from_radius

radius = rand_progressive(5, 100)

question = string What is the area of a circle with radius {radius}{unit}

ans = pi * radius ** 2

RETURN question, ans

END circle_area_from_radius

BEGIN circle_area_from_diameter

diameter = rand_progressive(5, 200)

question = string What is the area of a circle with diameter {diameter}{unit}

ans = pi * (diameter / 2) ** 2

RETURN question, ans

END circle_area_from_diameter

BEGIN circle_area_from_circumference

circumference = rand_progressive(5, 600)

question = string What is the area of a circle with circumference {circumference}{unit}

ans = pi * radius ** 2

RETURN question, ans

END circle_area_from_circumference

BEGIN circle_circumference_from_radius

radius = rand_progressive(5, 100)

question = string What is the circumference of a circle with radius {radius}{unit}

ans = 2 * pi * radius

RETURN question, ans

END circle_circumference_from_radius

BEGIN circle_circumference_from_diameter

diameter = rand_progressive(5, 200)

question = string What is the circumference of a circle with diameter {diameter}{unit}

ans = 2 * pi * (diameter / 2)

RETURN question, ans

END circle_circumference_from_diameter

BEGIN circle_circumference_from_area

area = rand_progressive(5, 10000)

radius = sqrt of (area / pi)

question = string What is the circumference of a circle with area {area}{unit}

ans = 2 * pi * radius

RETURN question, ans

END circle_circumference_from_area

BEGIN circle_radius_from_diameter

diameter = rand_progressive(5, 200)

question = string What is the radius of a circle with diameter {diameter}{unit}

ans = diameter / 2

RETURN question, ans

END circle_radius_from_diameter

BEGIN circle_radius_from_circumference

circumference = rand_progressive(5, 600)

question = string What is the radius of a circle with circumference {circumference}{unit}

ans = circumference / 2 / pi

RETURN question, ans

END circle_radius_from_circumference

BEGIN circle_radius_from_area

area = rand_progressive(5, 10000)

question = string What is the radius of a circle with area {area}{unit}

ans = sqrt of (area / pi)

RETURN question, ans

END circle_radius_from_area

BEGIN circle_diameter_from_radius

radius = rand_progressive(5, 100)

question = string What is the diameter of a circle with radius {radius}{unit}

ans = radius * 2

RETURN question, ans

END circle_diameter_from_radius

BEGIN circle_diameter_from_circumference

circumference = rand_progressive(5, 600)

question = string What is the diameter of a circle with circumference {circumference}{unit}

ans = circumference / pi

RETURN question, ans

END circle_diameter_from_circumference

BEGIN circle_diameter_from_area

area = rand_progressive(5, 10000)

question = string What is the diameter of a circle with area {area}{unit}

ans = (sqrt of (area / pi)) * 2

RETURN question, ans

END circle_diameter_from_area

BEGIN square_perimeter_from_side_length

side_length = rand_progressive(5, 100)

question = string What is the perimeter of a square with side length {side_length}{unit}

ans = side_length * 4

RETURN question, ans

END square_perimeter_from_side_length

BEGIN square_perimeter_from_area

area = rand_progressive(5, 10000)

question = string What is the perimeter of a square with side length {area}{unit}

ans = (sqrt of area) * 4

RETURN question, ans

END square_perimeter_from_area

BEGIN square_side_length_from_perimeter

perimeter = rand_progressive(5, 400)

question = string What is the side length of a square with perimeter {perimeter}{unit}

ans = perimeter / 4

RETURN question, ans

END square_side_length_from_perimeter

BEGIN square_side_length_from_area

area = rand_progressive(5, 100000)

question = string What is the side length of a square with area {area}{unit}

ans = sqrt of area

RETURN question, ans

END square_side_length_from_area

BEGIN square_area_from_side_length

side_length = rand_progressive(5, 100)

question = string What is the area of a square with side length {side_length}{unit}

ans = side_length ** 2

RETURN question, ans

END square_area_from_side_length

BEGIN square_area_from_perimeter

```
graph TD; A([BEGIN square_area_from_perimeter]) --> B[perimeter = rand_progressive(5, 400)]; B --> C[question = string What is the area of a square with side length {perimeter}{unit}]; C --> D[ans = (perimeter / 4) ** 2]; D --> E[/RETURN question, ans/]; E --> F([END square_area_from_perimeter]);
```

perimeter = rand_progressive(5, 400)

question = string What is the area of a square with side length {perimeter}{unit}

ans = (perimeter / 4) ** 2

RETURN question, ans

END square_area_from_perimeter

BEGIN rectangle_area_from_side_lengths

a = rand_progressive(5, 100)

b = rand_progressive(5, 100)

question = string What is the area of a rectangle with side lengths {a}{unit} and {b}{unit}

ans = a * b

RETURN question, ans

END rectangle_area_from_side_lengths

BEGIN rectangle_perimeter_from_side_lengths

a = rand_progressive(5, 100)

b = rand_progressive(5, 100)

question = string What is the perimeter of a rectangle with side lengths {a}{unit} and {b}{unit}

ans = 2 * (a + b)

RETURN question, ans

END rectangle_perimeter_from_side_lengths

BEGIN triangle_area_from_base_height

base = rand_progressive(5, 100)

height = rand_progressive(5, 100)

question = string What is the area of a triangle with base {base}{unit} and height {height}{unit}

ans = base * height / 2

RETURN question, ans

END triangle_area_from_base_height

BEGIN trapezoid_area_from_top_bottom_height

top = rand_progressive(5, 100)

bottom = rand_progressive(5, 100)

height = rand_progressive(5, 100)

question = string What is the area of a trapezoid with bottom side {bottom}{unit}, top side {top}{unit} and height {height}{unit}

$$\text{ans} = (\text{bottom} + \text{top}) / 2 * \text{height}$$

RETURN question, ans

END trapezoid_area_from_top_bottom_height

BEGIN rhombus_area_from_diagonals

p = rand_progressive(5, 100)

q = rand_progressive(5, 100)

question = string What is the area of a rhombus with diagonals {p}{unit} and {q}{unit}

ans = p * q / 2

RETURN question, ans

END rhombus_area_from_diagonals

BEGIN kite_area_from_diagonals

$p = \text{rand_progressive}(5, 100)$

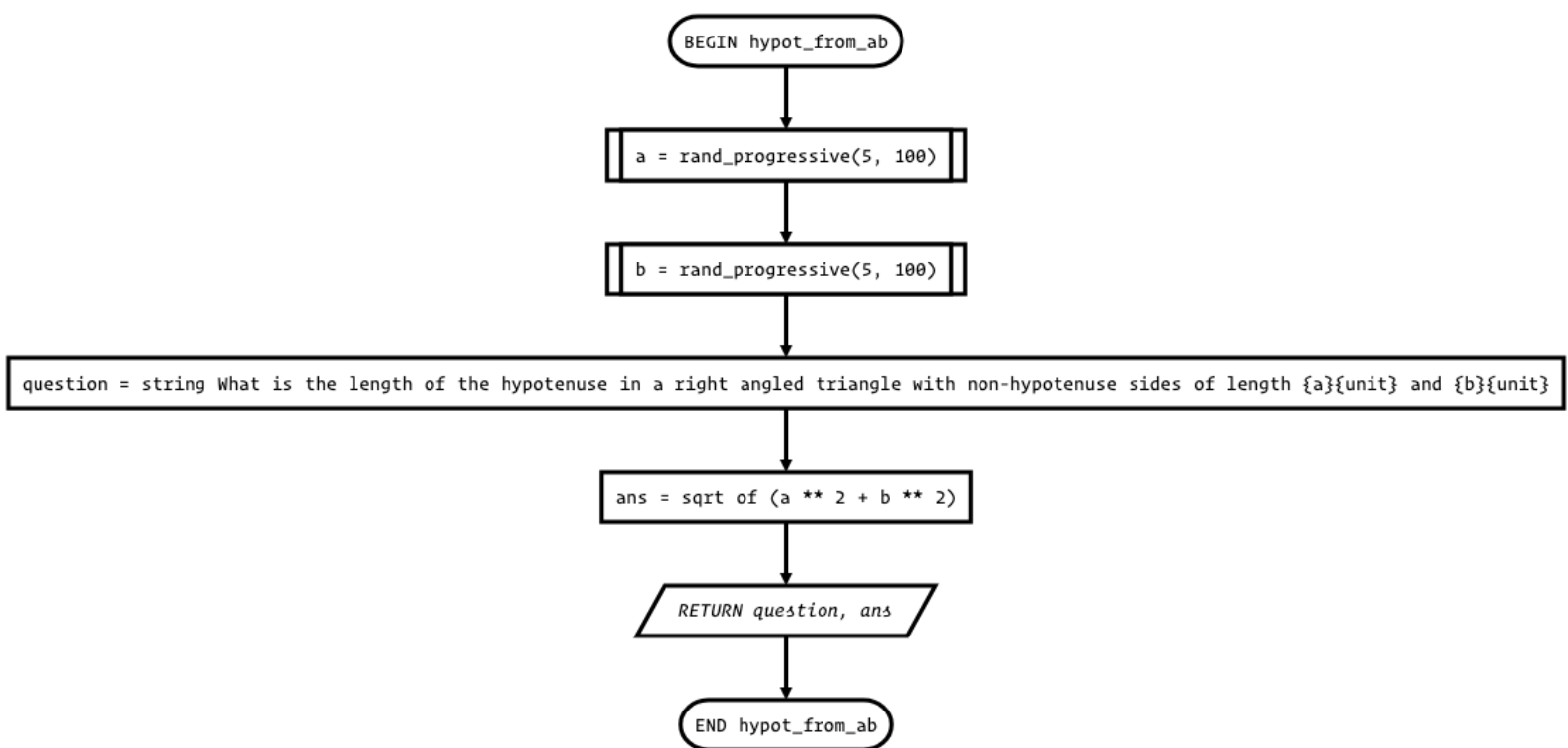
$q = \text{rand_progressive}(5, 100)$

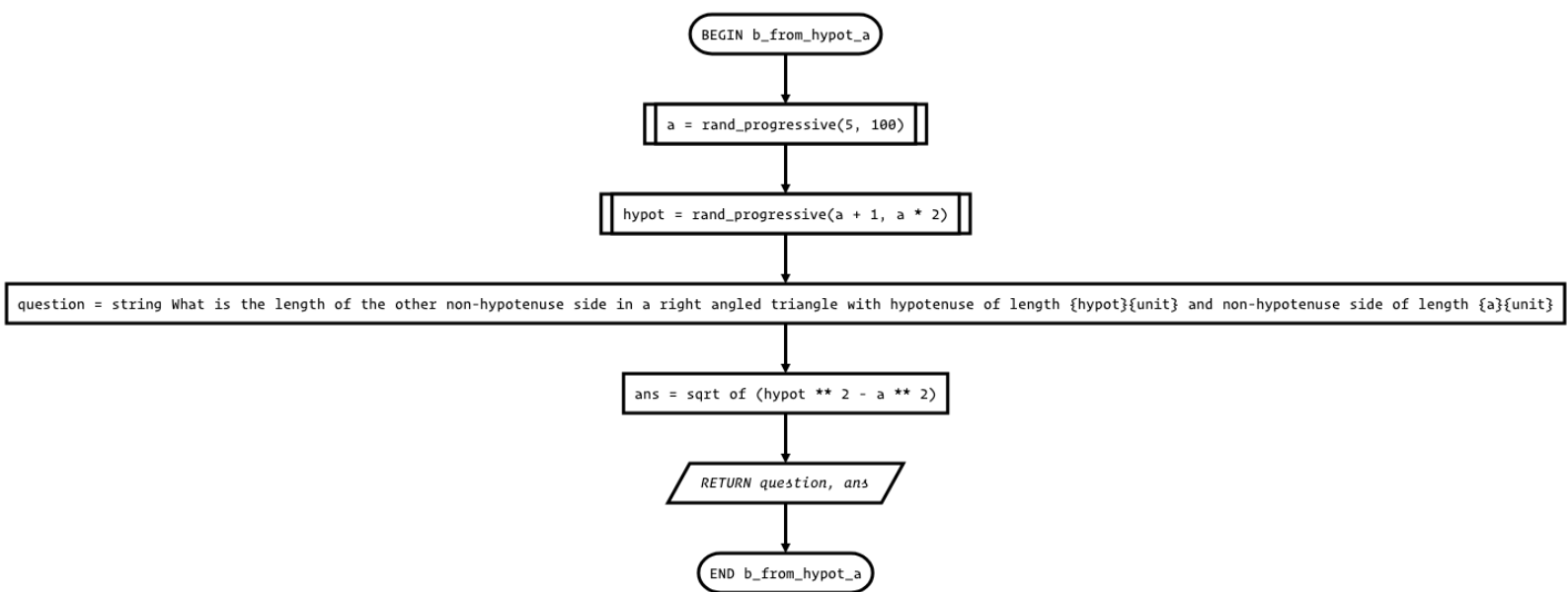
question = string What is the area of a kite with diagonals $\{p\}\{\text{unit}\}$ and $\{q\}\{\text{unit}\}$

$\text{ans} = p * q / 2$

RETURN question, ans

END kite_area_from_diagonals



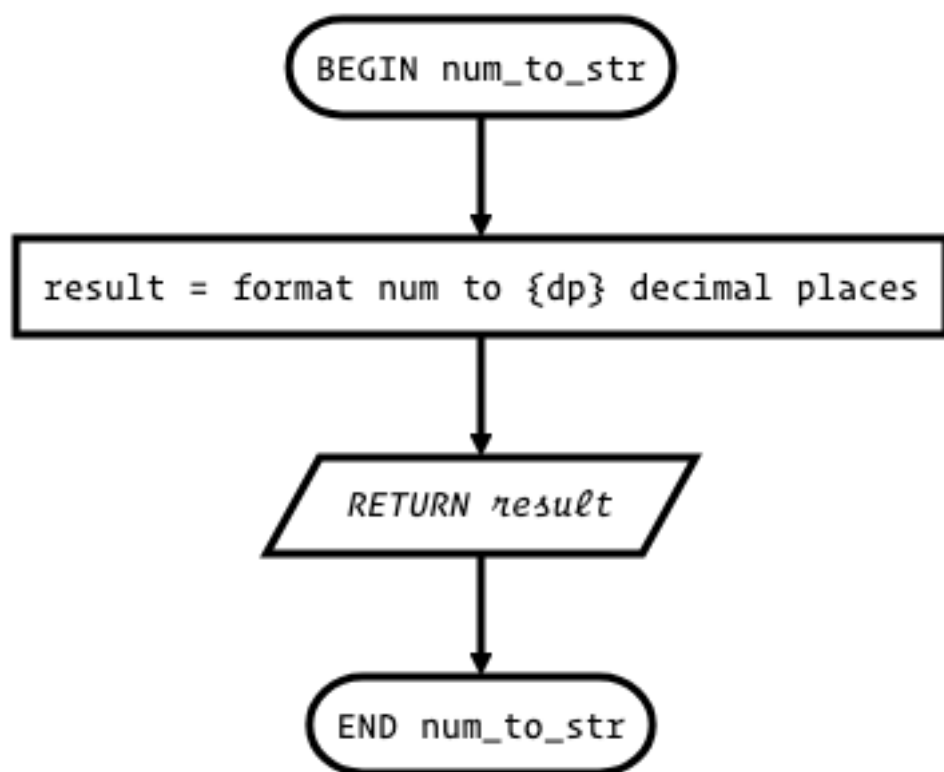


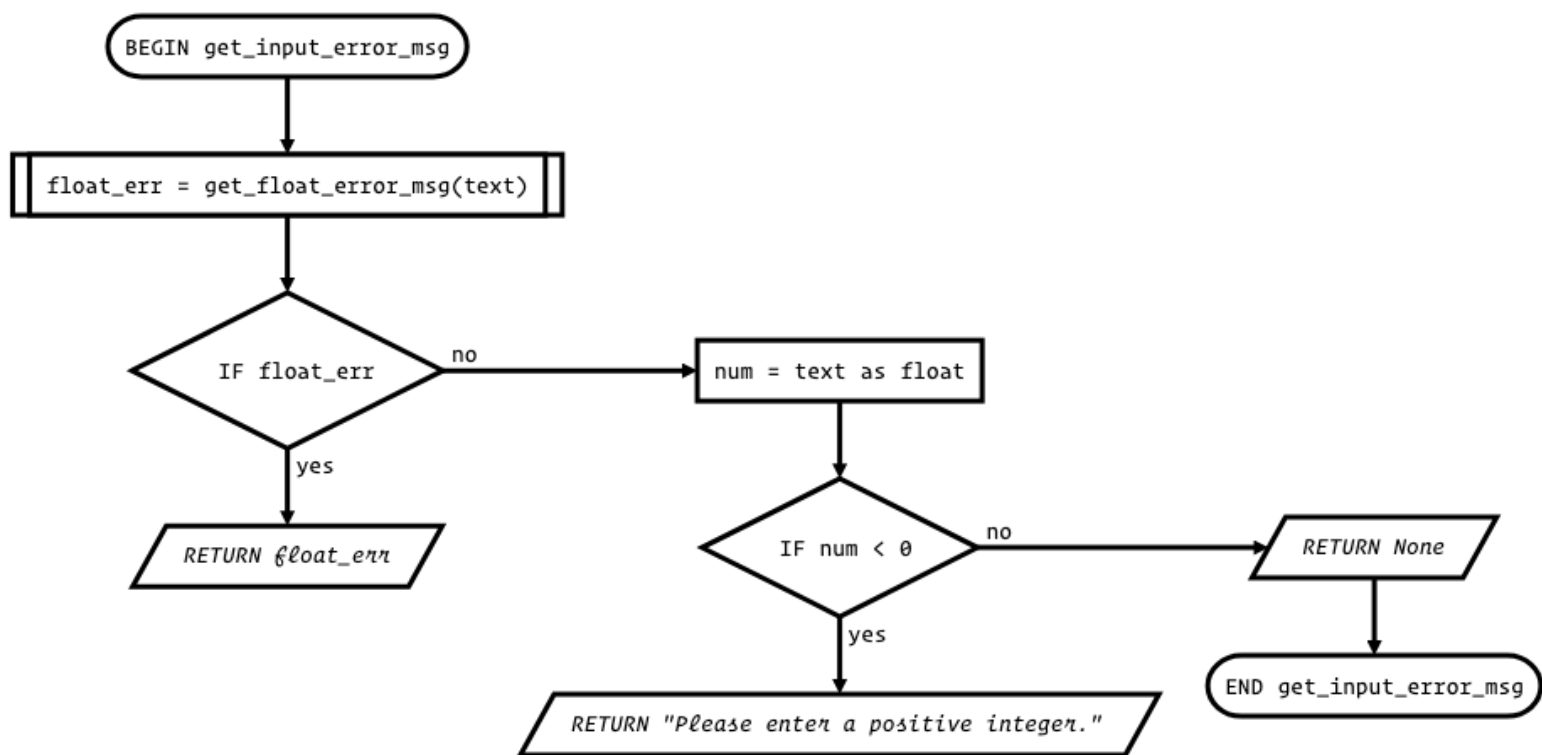
BEGIN roundTraditional

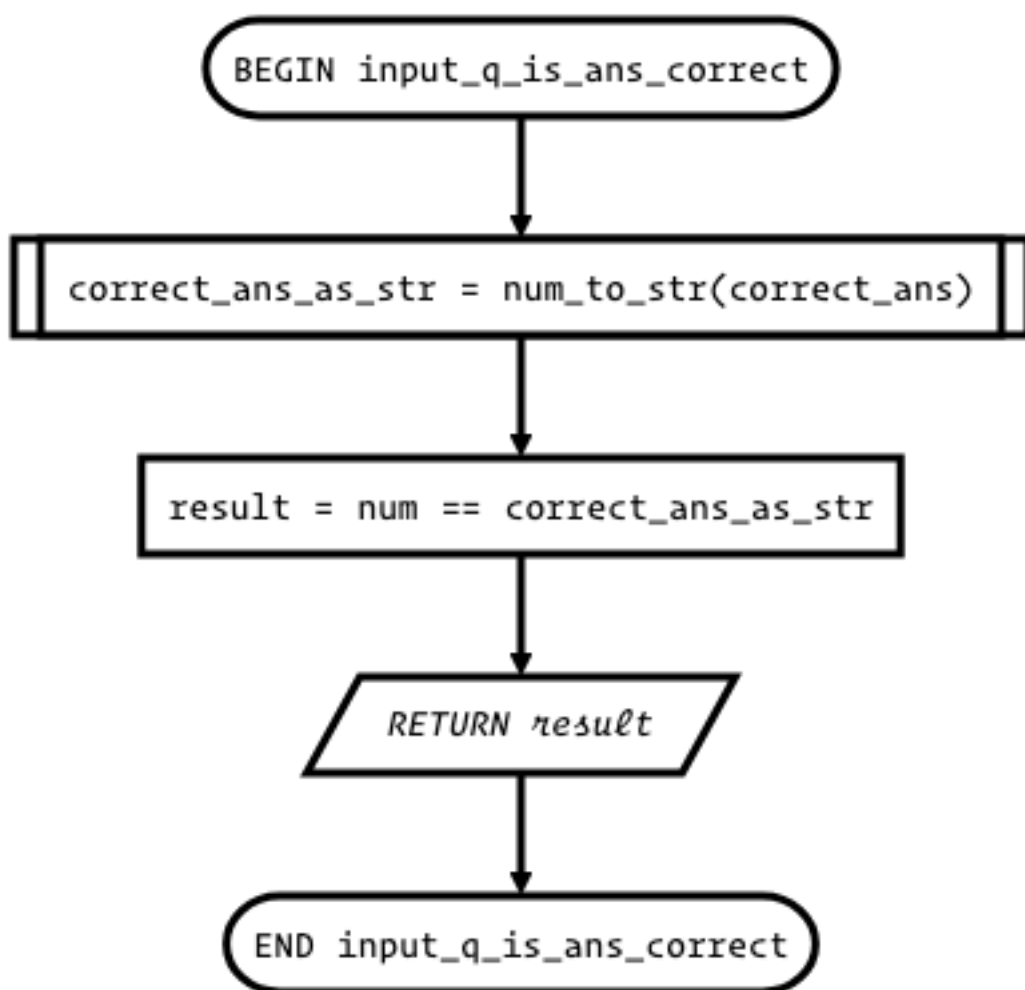
result = stack overflow magic to round val to given number of digits (decimal points)

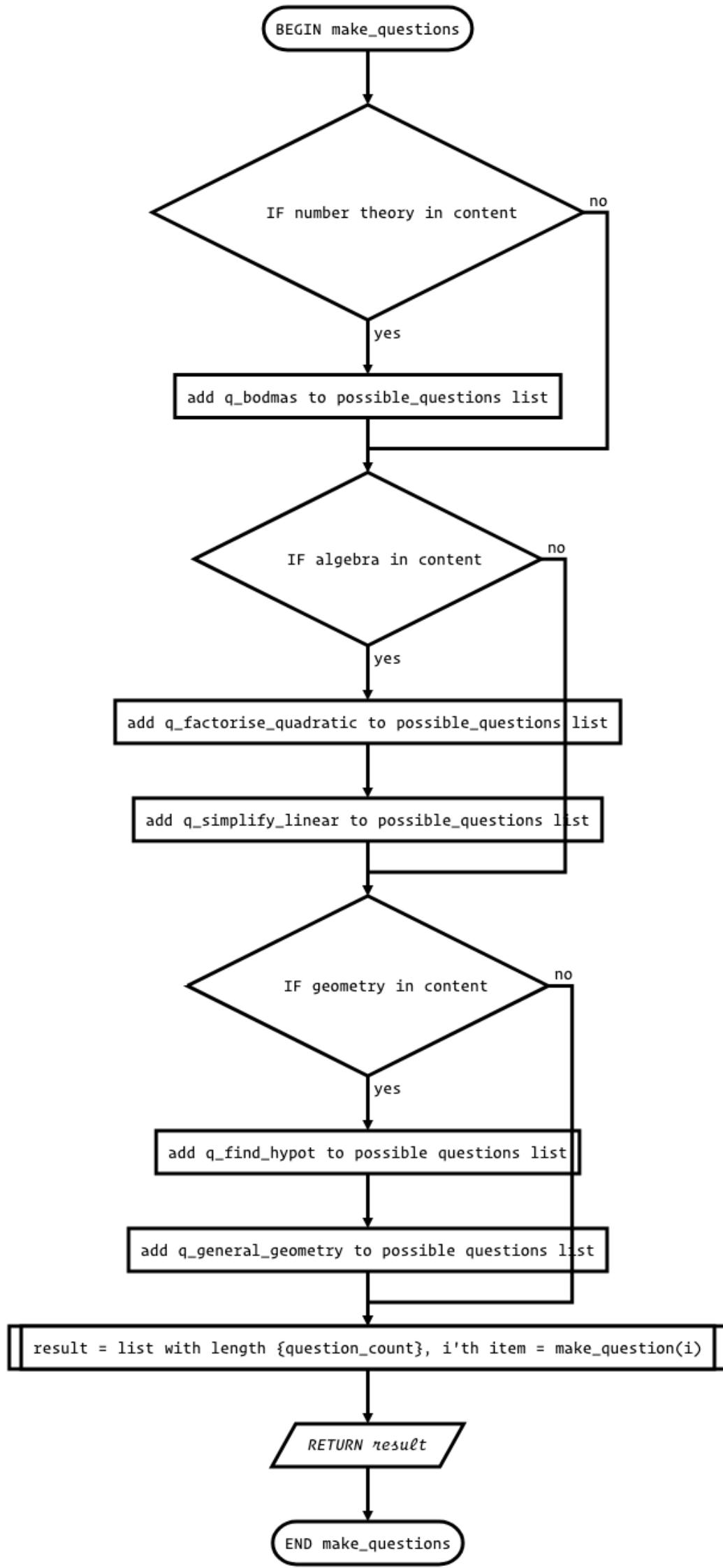
RETURN result

END roundTraditional









BEGIN make_question

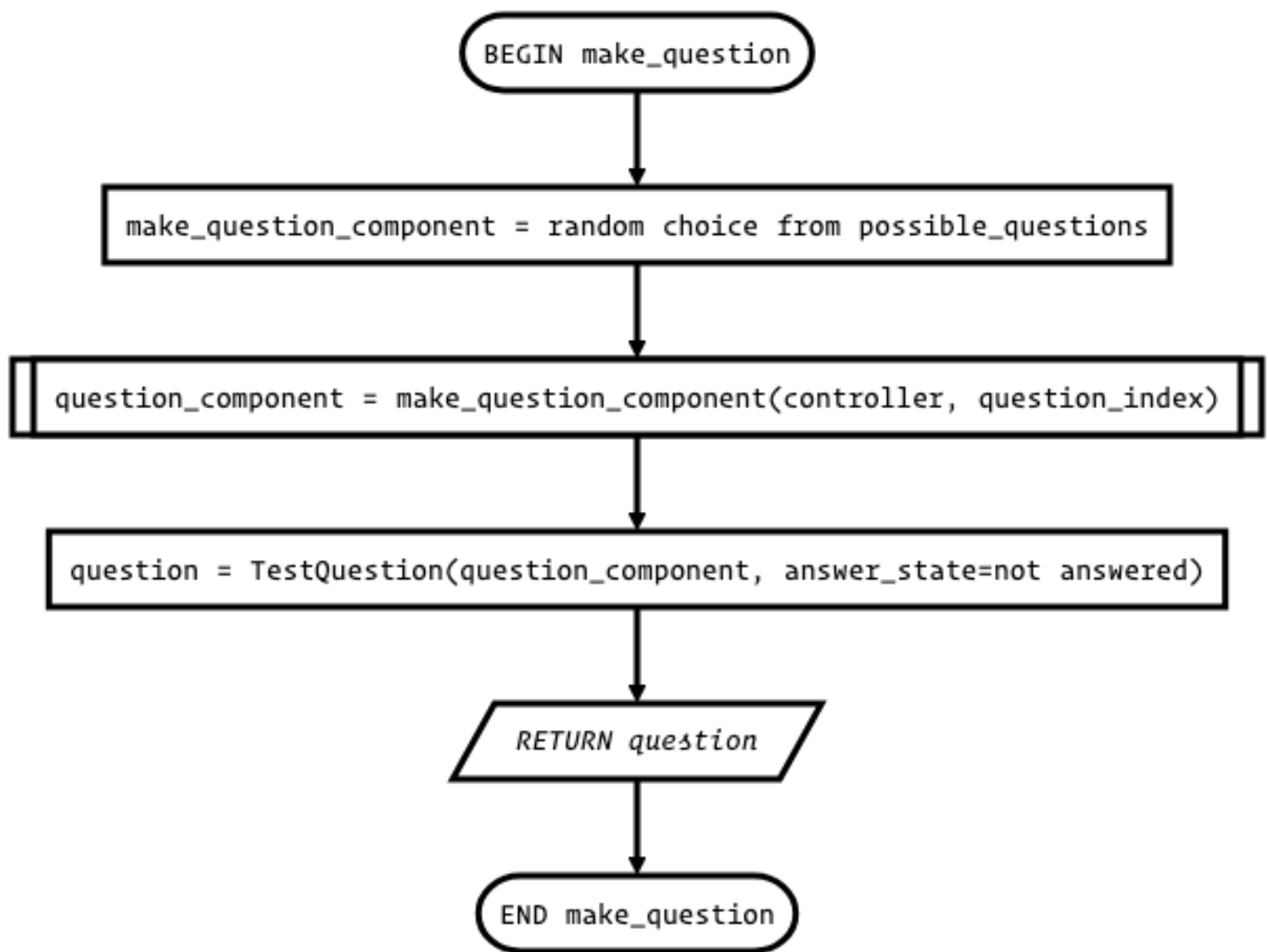
make_question_component = random choice from possible_questions

question_component = make_question_component(controller, question_index)

question = TestQuestion(question_component, answer_state=not answered)

RETURN question

END make_question



BEGIN FinishScreen

questions_right = sum number questions in questions list that are answered correct

current_time = get_cur_time()

time_played = current_time - start_time

time_played_formatted = format_time(time_played)

UI set finish screen ui

UI on back button click call on_back_click

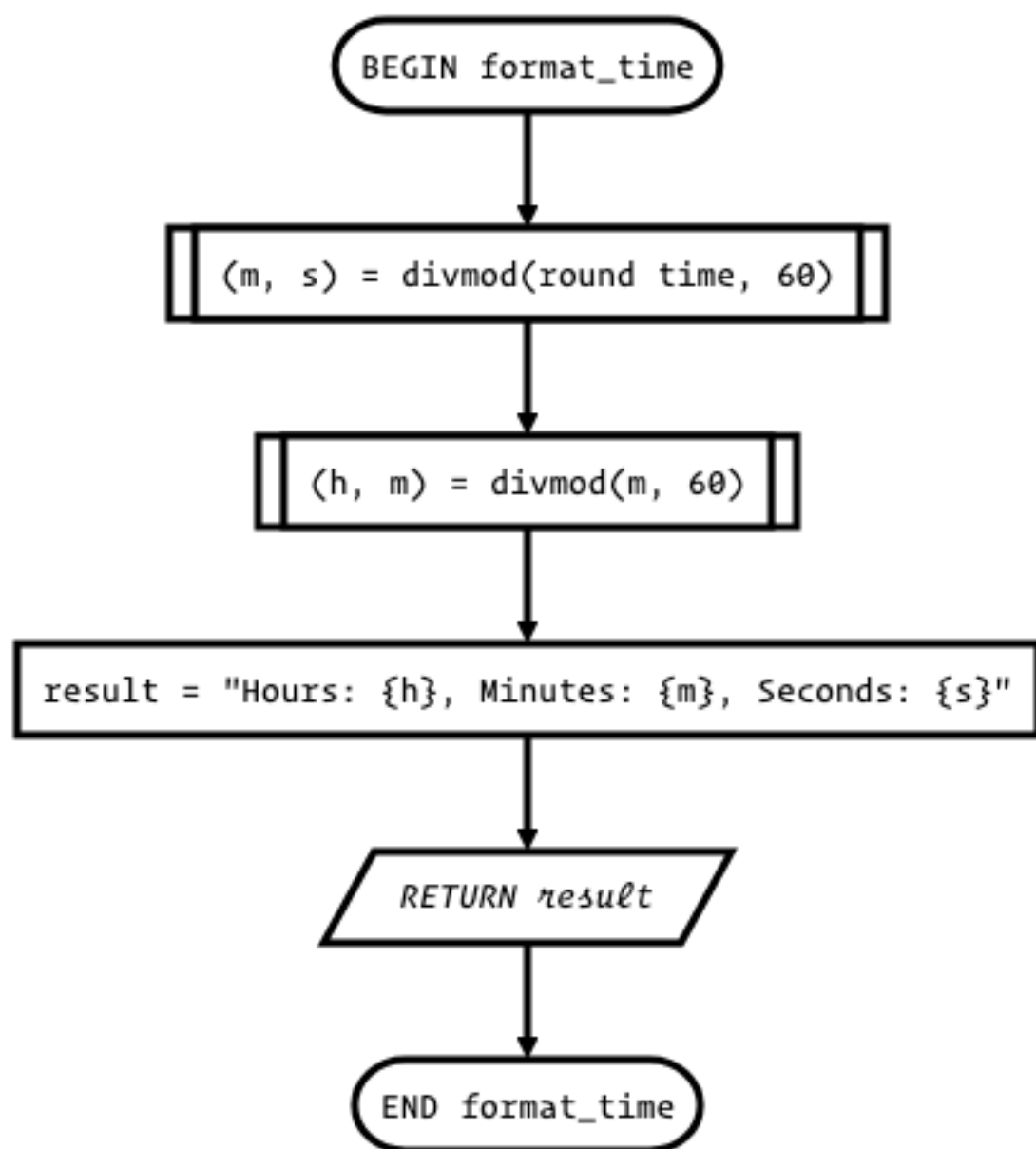
UI on help button click call on_help_click

UI on menu button click call on_menu_click

UI on retry test button click call on_retry_test_click

UI on retry incorrect questions button click call on_retry_incorrect_questions_click

END FinishScreen



BEGIN on_back_click

test = Test(start_time, questions, question_index=length of questions - 1)

new_state = PlayingScreenState(session, test)

UI set state new_state

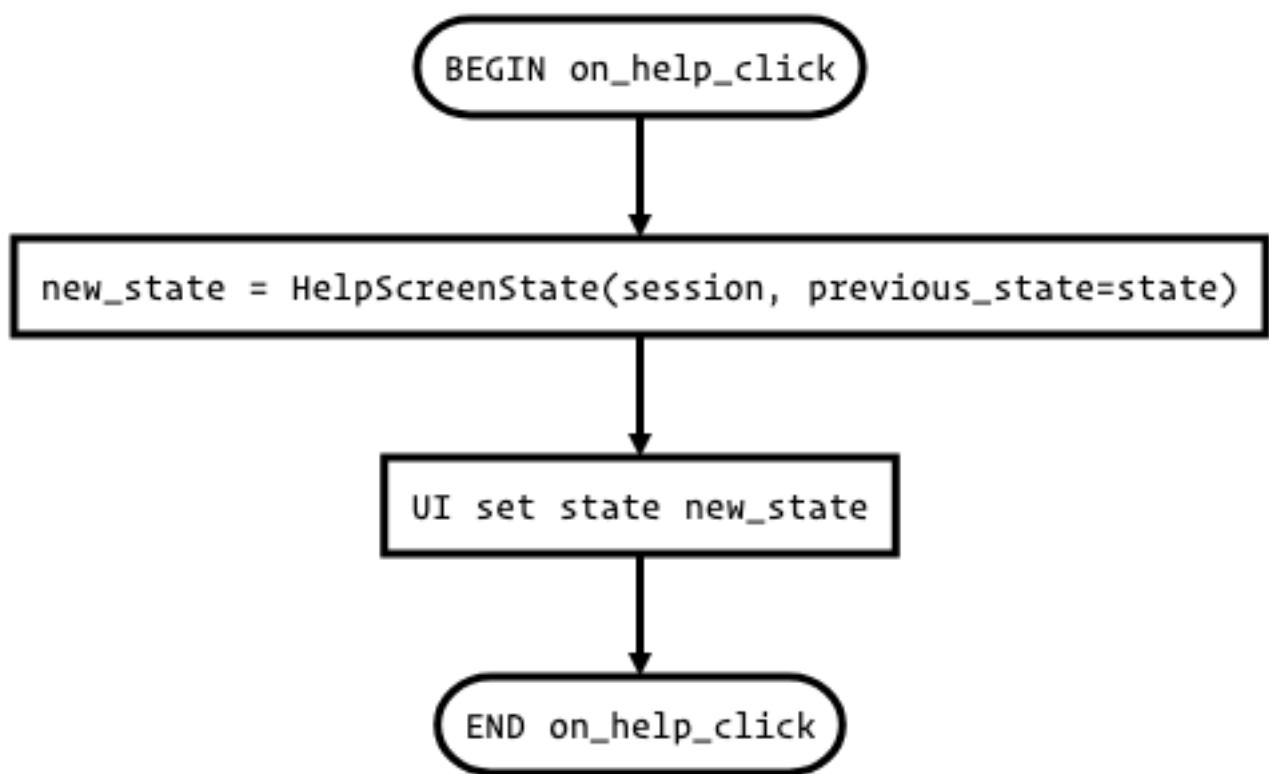
END on_back_click

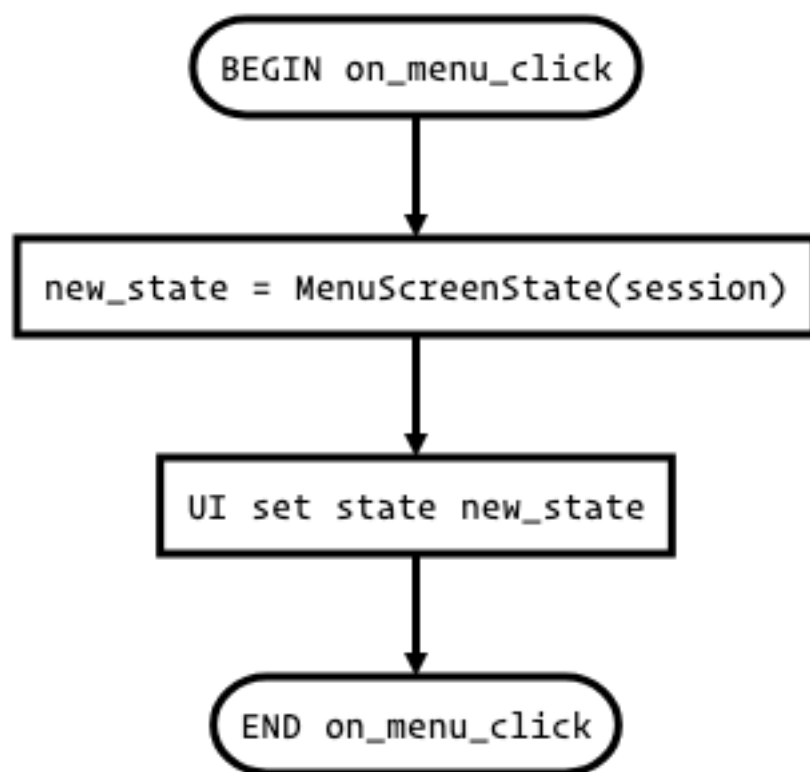
BEGIN on_help_click

new_state = HelpScreenState(session, previous_state=state)

UI set state new_state

END on_help_click





BEGIN on_retry_test_click

start_time = get_cur_time()

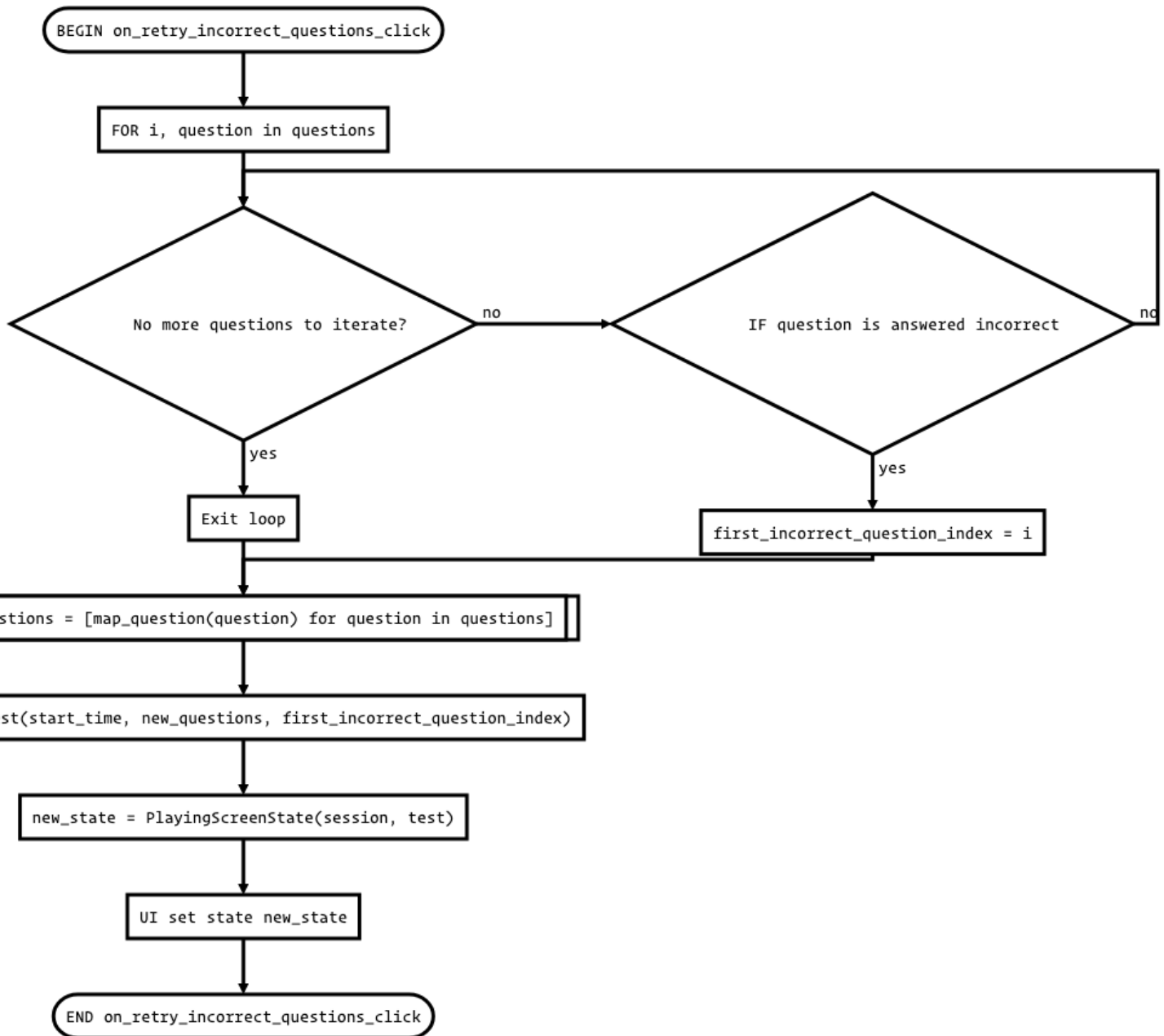
new_questions = map questions list and change each question's answer state to not answered

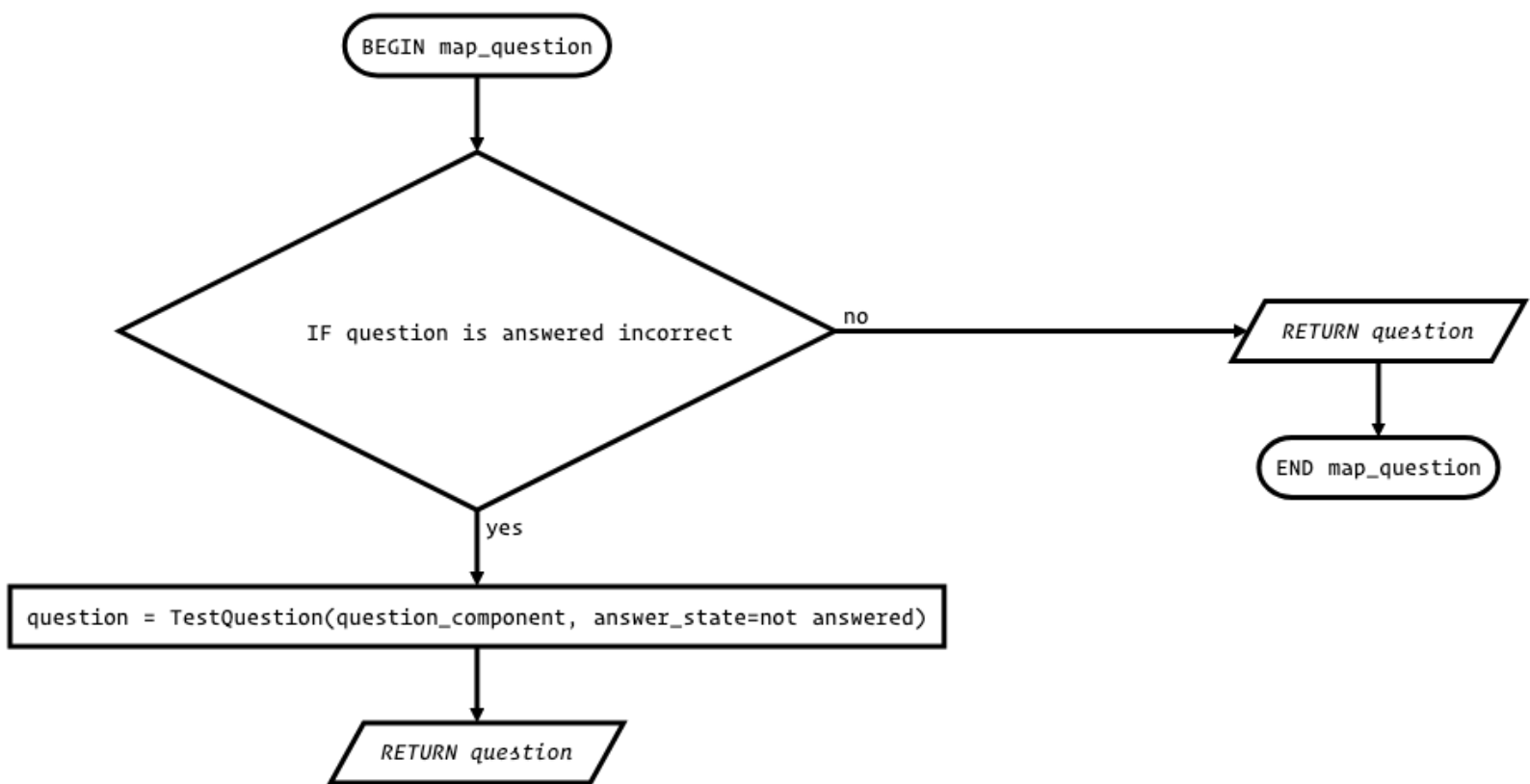
test = Test(start_time, new_questions, question_index=0)

new_state = PlayingScreenState(session, test)

UI set state new_state

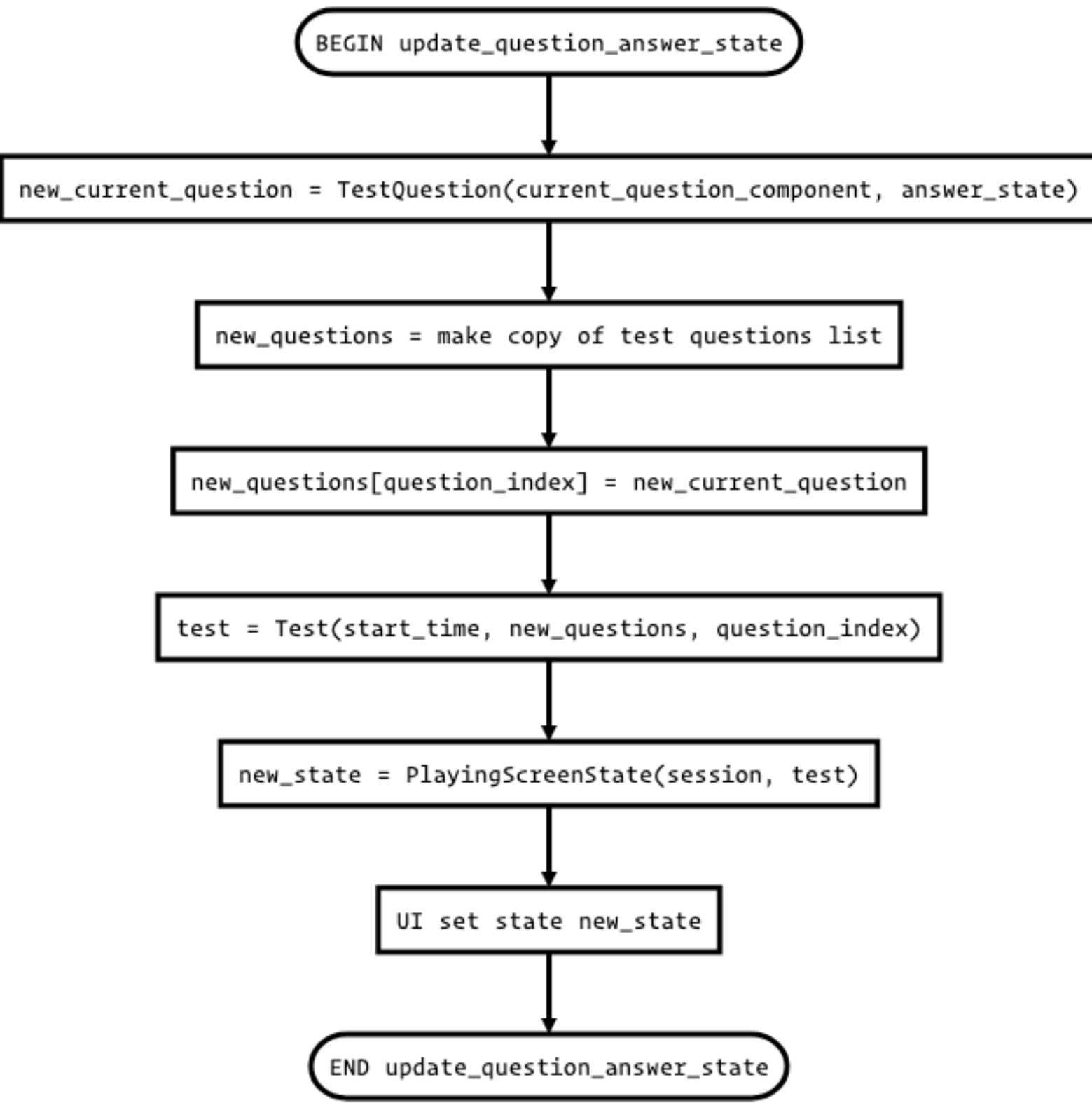
END on_retry_test_click







BEGIN update_question_answer_state



```
graph TD; Start([BEGIN update_question_answer_state]) --> Step1[new_current_question = TestQuestion(current_question_component, answer_state)]; Step1 --> Step2[new_questions = make copy of test questions list]; Step2 --> Step3[new_questions[question_index] = new_current_question]; Step3 --> Step4[test = Test(start_time, new_questions, question_index)]; Step4 --> Step5[new_state = PlayingScreenState(session, test)]; Step5 --> Step6[UI set state new_state]; Step6 --> End([END update_question_answer_state]);
```

`new_current_question = TestQuestion(current_question_component, answer_state)`

`new_questions = make copy of test questions list`

`new_questions[question_index] = new_current_question`

`test = Test(start_time, new_questions, question_index)`

`new_state = PlayingScreenState(session, test)`

`UI set state new_state`

END update_question_answer_state

BEGIN on_back_click

```
graph TD; A([BEGIN on_back_click]) --> B[test = Test(start_time, questions, question_index=question_index-1)]; B --> C[new_state = PlayingScreenState(session, test)]; C --> D[UI set state new_state]; D --> E([END on_back_click]);
```

The flowchart illustrates the logic for the `on_back_click` function. It begins with a start node labeled "BEGIN on_back_click". An arrow points down to a process box containing the code `test = Test(start_time, questions, question_index=question_index-1)`. Another arrow points down to a second process box with `new_state = PlayingScreenState(session, test)`. A third arrow points down to a third process box with `UI set state new_state`. Finally, an arrow points down to an end node labeled "END on_back_click".

```
test = Test(start_time, questions, question_index=question_index-1)
```

```
new_state = PlayingScreenState(session, test)
```

```
UI set state new_state
```

END on_back_click

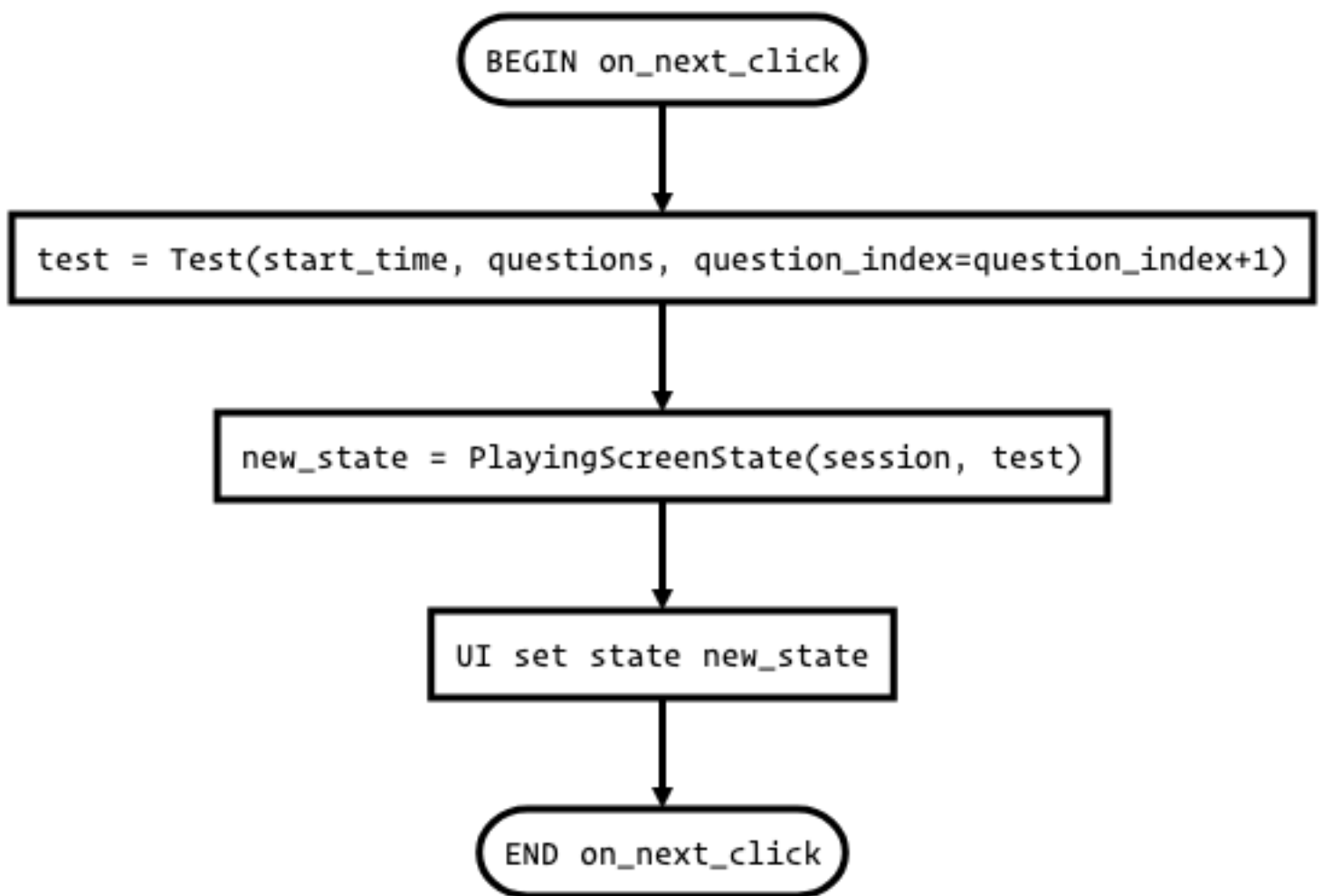
BEGIN on_next_click

test = Test(start_time, questions, question_index=question_index+1)

new_state = PlayingScreenState(session, test)

UI set state new_state

END on_next_click



BEGIN on_help_click

new_state = HelpScreenState(session, previous_state=state)

UI set state new_state

END on_help_click

