## **Python for Informatics**

# **Assignment 2**

## "Functions"

### **Description:**

Create a Python .py file that performs the following:

- 1. Define a function named *to\_number(str)* that takes a string as a parameter, converts it to an **int** value, and returns that **int** value.
- 2. Define a function named *add\_two(n1, n2)* that takes two *ints* as parameters, sums them, and then returns that *int* sum value.
- 3. Define a function named *cube(n)* that takes numeric value as a parameter, cubes that value, and then returns that resulting numeric value.
- 4. Use the above functions to compose one (*only* one) statement to specify two *string literals*, convert them to *ints*, add them together, cube the result, and print the cubed value.

Note: Step 4 above is not requiring you to define an additional function, as that would require more than one statement. Moreover, defining an additional function would not *do* anything unless you also *call* that function, which would then be yet another statement. The idea with this assignment is for you to demonstrate how nested function calls can compress a great deal of functionality into only one statement. For example, given functions named *foo()* and *bar()*, a statement such as *foo(bar())* can execute a substantial amount of functionality in only one statement. The foregoing is just an example—please don't name any of your functions *foo* or *bar*. You should use the names that are specified in the assignment description steps above.

### **Deliverable:**

One Python .py file, submitted as an attachment at our course shell assignment page.

#### **Submission Deadline:**

Please see the course schedule in our syllabus for all assignment submission deadlines.