

Lab 7 Prims Algorithm

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Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <limits.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <time.h>

#define V 5
#define MAX_WEIGHT 10

int minimumValue(int key[], int isVisited[], int noOfNodes)
{
    int min = INT_MAX, min_index;

    for (int v = 0; v < noOfNodes; v++){
        if (isVisited[v] == 0 && key[v] < min){
            min = key[v];
            min_index = v;
        }
    }
    return min_index;
}

int printMSTSum(int parent[], int n, int graph[V][V])
{
    int sum = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){
        sum += graph[i][parent[i]];
    }
    printf("The sum of minimum spanning tree is: %d \n",sum);
}

void primMST(int graph[V][V],int noOfNodes)
{
    int parent[noOfNodes];
    int key[noOfNodes];
    int isVisited[noOfNodes];

    for (int i = 0; i < noOfNodes; i++)
        key[i] = INT_MAX, isVisited[i] = 0;

    key[0] = 0; parent[0] = -1;

    for (int count = 0; count < noOfNodes; count++)
    {
        int u = minimumValue(key, isVisited,noOfNodes);

        for (int v = 0; v < noOfNodes; v++){
            if (graph[u][v] > 0 && isVisited[v] == 0 && graph[u][v] < key[v]){
                parent[v] = u;
                key[v] = graph[u][v];
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

        isVisited[u] = 1;
    }
    printMSTSum(parent, noOfNodes, graph);
}

void printG(int arr[V][V],int n){
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
        for(int j = 0;j<n;j++){
            printf("%3d ",arr[i][j]);
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
}

void cleanG(int arr[V][V],int n){
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
        for(int j = 0;j<n;j++){
            if(arr[i][j]<1 || arr[i][j]> MAX_WEIGHT){
                arr[i][j] = 0;
            }
        }
    }
}

int main(int argv, char *argc[])
{
    srand(time(NULL));
    int graph[V][V];
    int noOfNodes = atoi(argc[1]);
    int noOfEdges = atoi(argc[2]);
    int i,j,w,k=0;
    while(k<noOfEdges){
        i = rand()%noOfNodes;
        j = rand()%noOfNodes;
        if(graph[i][j] < 1 || graph[i][j] > MAX_WEIGHT){
            w = (rand()%(MAX_WEIGHT-1)) + 1;
            graph[i][j] = w;
            graph[j][i] = w;
            k++;
        }
        else
            continue;
    }
    cleanG(graph,noOfNodes);
    printG(graph,noOfNodes);
    primMST(graph,noOfNodes);

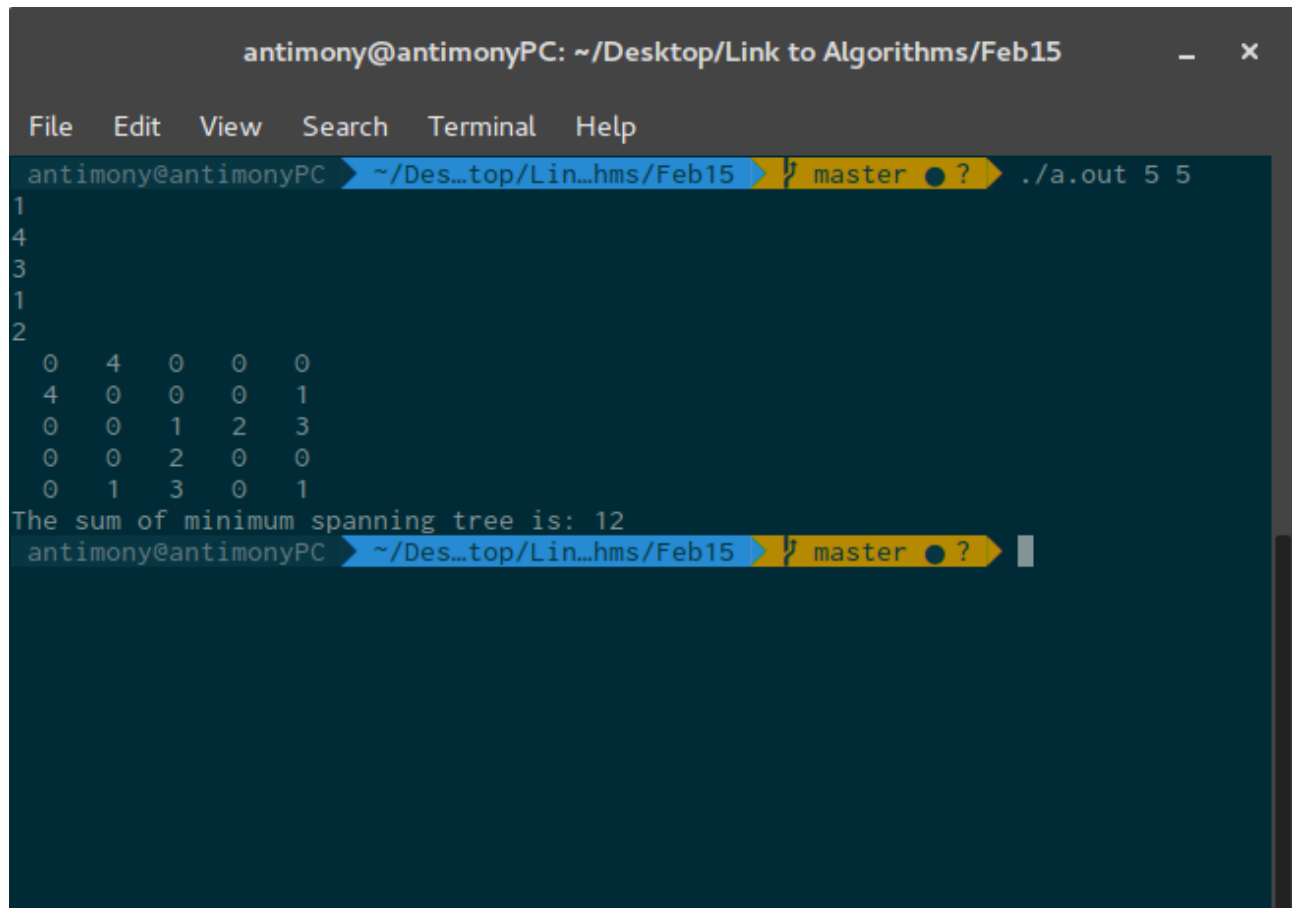
    return 0;
}

```

Observations:

| Number of Nodes | No of Edges | Cost of MST |
|-----------------|-------------|-------------|
| 5 | 5 | 12 |
| | 9 | 14 |
| 7 | 10 | 22 |
| | 14 | 15 |

Screenshots:



```
antimony@antimonyPC: ~/Desktop/Link to Algorithms/Feb15
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
antimony@antimonyPC ~/Desktop/Link to Algorithms/Feb15 master ? ./a.out 5 5
1
4
3
1
2
0 4 0 0 0
4 0 0 0 1
0 0 1 2 3
0 0 2 0 0
0 1 3 0 1
The sum of minimum spanning tree is: 12
antimony@antimonyPC ~/Desktop/Link to Algorithms/Feb15 master ?
```

```
antimony@antimonyPC: ~/Desktop/Link to Algorithms/Feb15
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
antimony@antimonyPC ~/Des...top/Lin...hms/Feb15 master ● ? ./a.out 5 9
0
6
7
1
3
4
3
3
5
0 0 4 0 0
0 0 5 0 0
4 5 1 1 0
0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 7 0
The sum of minimum spanning tree is: 14
antimony@antimonyPC ~/Des...top/Lin...hms/Feb15 master ● ?
```

```
antimony@antimonyPC ~/Des...top/Lin...hms/Feb15 master ● ? ./a.out 7 10
4 4 5 0 0 4 0
4 0 3 1 0 5 3
5 3 1 0 7 0 1
0 1 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 7 0 0 9 0
9 0 0 0 0 2 8
2 8 6 0 0 8 0
The sum of minimum spanning tree is: 22
```

```
antimony@antimonyPC ~/Des...top/Lin...hms/Feb15 master ● ? ./a.out 7 14
1 3 4 1 0 3 6
3 6 4 2 0 4 4
4 4 1 0 6 1 2
1 2 0 6 9 0 6
0 6 6 9 0 4 7
4 7 0 0 4 6 2
6 2 0 6 0 2 0
The sum of minimum spanning tree is: 15
```