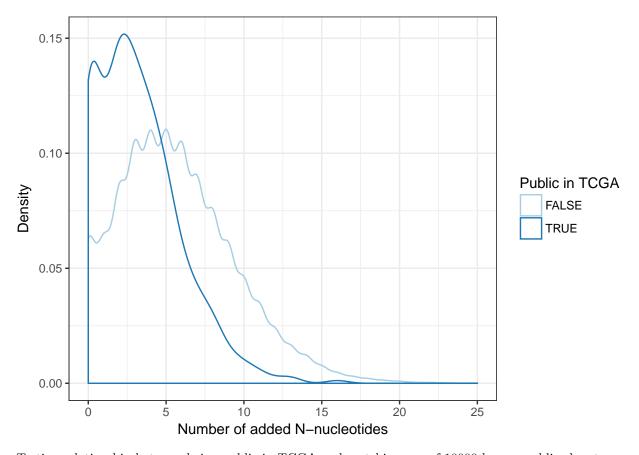
Analyzing public and MLANA-specific clonotypes in TCR repertoires extracted from TCGA RNA-Seq data

Looking at public clonotypes in TCGA - clonotypes found in two+ donors have shorter insert size, suggesting a canonical mechanism related to convergent recombination

```
library(ggplot2)
library(reshape2)
library(dplyr)
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
library(survminer)
## Loading required package: ggpubr
## Attaching package: 'survminer'
## The following object is masked from 'package:ggpubr':
##
##
       theme_classic2
## The following object is masked from 'package:ggplot2':
##
##
       %+%
library(survival)
df = read.table("pool.aa.table.txt", header=T, sep="\t") %>%
  filter(startsWith(as.character(v), "TRB"))
df$insert.size = pmax(0, pmin(25, with(df, ifelse(DStart<0, JStart-VEnd - 1, DStart-VEnd+JStart-DEnd -
df$public_tcga = df$incidence > 1
ggplot(df, aes(insert.size, color=public_tcga)) +
  geom_density() +
  scale_color_brewer("Public in TCGA", palette = "Paired") +
  xlab("Number of added N-nucleotides") + ylab("Density") +
  theme_bw()
```



Testing relationship between being public in TCGA and matching one of 10000 known public clonotypes or one of 3209 MLANA-specific clonotypes

```
publics = read.table("publics.txt")
mlana = read.table("mlana.txt")
df$public = df$cdr3aa %in% publics$V1
df$mlana = df$cdr3aa %in% mlana$V1
df.1 = df \%
  group_by(public_tcga, public) %>%
  summarize(count = n())
m1 = dcast(df.1, public_tcga ~ public)
## Using count as value column: use value.var to override.
colnames(m1) = paste("public", colnames(m1), sep ="_")
rownames(m1) = paste("public_tcga", m1[,1], sep ="_")
m1[,1] = NULL
print(m1)
                     public_FALSE public_TRUE
## public_tcga_FALSE
                            21950
                                          399
## public_tcga_TRUE
                              454
                                           31
fisher.test(m1)
```

##

```
## Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data
##
## data: m1
## p-value = 3.79e-09
## alternative hypothesis: true odds ratio is not equal to 1
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 2.488589 5.491703
## sample estimates:
## odds ratio
    3.756121
df.2 = df \% > \%
 group_by(public_tcga, mlana) %>%
  summarize(count = n())
m2 = dcast(df.2, public_tcga ~ mlana)
## Using count as value column: use value.var to override.
colnames(m2) = paste("mlana", colnames(m2), sep ="_")
rownames(m2) = paste("public_tcga", m2[,1], sep ="_")
m2[,1] = NULL
print(m2)
                     mlana_FALSE mlana_TRUE
## public_tcga_FALSE
                           22272
                                         77
## public_tcga_TRUE
                             464
                                         21
fisher.test(m2)
##
## Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data
## data: m2
## p-value = 1.356e-15
## alternative hypothesis: true odds ratio is not equal to 1
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 7.599347 21.637340
## sample estimates:
## odds ratio
    13.08257
##
TCGA-public MLANA-specific clonotypes
print(subset(df, public_tcga & mlana) %>% dplyr::select(count,cdr3aa,v,j,incidence))
                                            j incidence
        count
                      cdr3aa
                                    v
           20 CASSLGQAYEQYF
## 148
                             TRBV7-8 TRBJ2-7
                                                     11
## 227
              CASSLGYEQYF
                              TRBV7-6 TRBJ2-7
                                                      6
           15
## 246
           14
              CASSLGNTEAFF
                               TRBV18 TRBJ1-1
                                                      4
                                                      7
## 348
           10
               CASSFSYEQYF
                               TRBV13 TRBJ2-7
                                                      2
## 434
          9 CASSLGRNEQFF TRBV7-2 TRBJ2-1
## 757
           6
                CASSLGGELFF
                               TRBV13 TRBJ2-2
                                                      4
                                                      5
## 793
           6
                CASSPGYEQYF
                               TRBV28 TRBJ2-7
                                                      3
## 832
           6 CASSLGGGNEQFF
                               TRBV27 TRBJ2-1
                                                      4
## 1388
           4 CSVGTGGTNEKLFF TRBV29-1 TRBJ1-4
## 1731
           3 CASSFLAGTDTQYF
                               TRBV28 TRBJ2-3
                                                      2
```

```
## 1741
                 CASSLNNEQFF TRBV7-3 TRBJ2-1
## 2089
           3 CASSLGSTDTQYF
                              TRBV27 TRBJ2-3
                                                      3
## 2287
                                                      2
           3
                 CASRGNTEAFF TRBV7-9 TRBJ1-1
                                                      2
## 2420
           3 CASSTGDSNQPQHF TRBV6-1 TRBJ1-5
## 2598
            2 CASSLGGGNQPQHF TRBV12-3 TRBJ1-5
                                                      2
           2 CASSLGQNNEQFF TRBV12-3 TRBJ2-1
                                                      2
## 3900
                 CASSSPYEQYF
                                                      2
## 4116
           2
                              TRBV28 TRBJ2-7
                                                      2
## 4838
           2 CASSLGGVNTEAFF
                              TRBV19 TRBJ1-1
## 5110
           2 CASSLTGTDTQYF
                             TRBV7-8 TRBJ2-3
                                                      2
                                                      2
## 5279
            2 CASSEGRSYEQYF
                             TRBV5-6 TRBJ2-7
## 5502
            2 CASSLVGSSYEQYF
                             TRBV7-8 TRBJ2-7
                                                      2
```

Per sample annotation using VDJdb-standalone (2 mismatches allowed), appending patient metadata for survival analysis

```
df.annot = read.table("tcga_mlana_annotation_summary.txt", header=T, sep="\t") %>%
  filter(db.column.name == "summary" & db.column.value == "found") %>%
  select(sample_id, reads, unique, frequency)
df.annot.total = read.table("tcga_mlana_annotation_summary.txt", header=T, sep="\t") %>%
  filter(db.column.name == "summary") %>%
  group_by(sample_id) %>%
  summarize(reads_total = sum(reads), unique_total = sum(unique), frequency_total = sum(frequency)) %>%
  select(sample_id, reads_total, unique_total, frequency_total)
df.annot = merge(df.annot, df.annot.total)
df.conv = read.table("TCGA to SKCM.csv", header = T)
colnames(df.conv) = c("sample_id", "skcm_id")
df.annot$sample_id = substr(df.annot$sample_id, 1, 12)
df.annot = merge(df.annot, df.conv)
df.meta = read.table("survival.txt", header=F, sep = "\t")
colnames(df.meta) = c("skcm_id", "survival", "status", "age", "stage", "sex")
df.annot = merge(df.annot, df.meta)
df.annot$survival = as.numeric(as.character(df.annot$survival))
```

Warning: NAs introduced by coercion

high_reads_total=FALSE 222

Survival is correlated with total number of TRB reads and the number of TRB reads coming from MLANA-specific clonotypes. Here we set a threshold as the median of TRB reads.

1524

2711

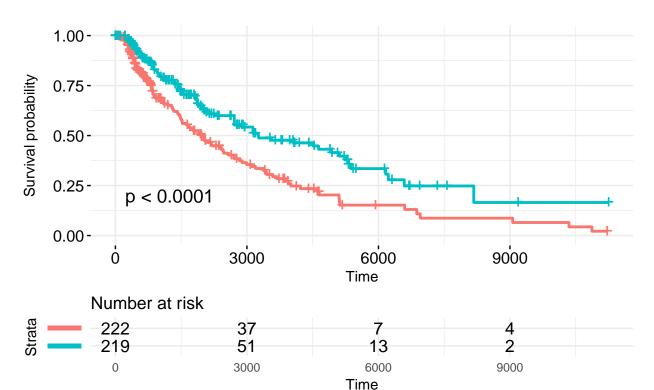
1960

118

```
## high_reads_total=TRUE 220
                                        3259
                                                 2711
                                                         5237
ggsurvplot(fit.1, data = df.annot, risk.table = T, pval = T,
           ggtheme = theme_minimal(), risk.table.y.text.col = T, risk.table.y.text = F)
                        Strata + high_reads_total=FALSE + high_reads_total=TRUE
     1.00
Survival probability
     0.75 -
     0.50 -
     0.25 -
                p < 0.0001
     0.00 -
                               3000
                                                   6000
                                                                       9000
                                                 Time
           Number at risk
            222
                                 36
                                                     7
                                                    13
                                                                         2
            219
                                 52
              0
                                                    6000
                                3000
                                                                        9000
                                                 Time
fit.2 = survfit(Surv(time = survival, event = status == "dead") ~ high_reads_mlana,
               data = df.annot)
print(fit.2)
## Call: survfit(formula = Surv(time = survival, event = status == "dead") ~
       high_reads_mlana, data = df.annot)
##
##
##
      9 observations deleted due to missingness
                             n events median 0.95LCL 0.95UCL
## high_reads_mlana=FALSE 222
                                  119
                                        1960
                                                 1524
                                                         2588
## high_reads_mlana=TRUE 220
                                        3259
                                                 2711
                                                         5237
ggsurvplot(fit.2, data = df.annot, risk.table = T, pval = T,
```

ggtheme = theme_minimal(), risk.table.y.text.col = T, risk.table.y.text = F)





Using ANOVA analysis and Cox regression, here number of reads is a continuous variable

```
# Here reads are reads coming from MLANA-specific clonotypes
# and reads_total are reads from all clonotypes
anova(coxph(formula = Surv(time = survival, event = status == "dead") ~ reads*reads_total,
              data = df.annot))
## Analysis of Deviance Table
## Cox model: response is Surv(time = survival, event = status == "dead")
## Terms added sequentially (first to last)
##
##
                     loglik
                              Chisq Df Pr(>|Chi|)
## NULL
                    -1064.3
## reads
                    -1059.2 10.2446 1
                                         0.001371 **
## reads_total
                    -1058.7 1.0210 1
                                         0.312290
## reads:reads_total -1054.6 8.1371 1
                                         0.004337 **
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```