

# mBSW Model Data for the Rheology Textbook

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## Introduction

This Jupyter Notebook (`mBSW_data_generation.ipynb`) computes the relaxation modulus and dynamic moduli from a given set of mBSW parameters and saves it to `.csv` files in the `output_data/` folder.

## Summary

- Data used here from the Hatzikiriakos et al. (2000) is for “PB-linear”, a well-entangled linear 1,4 polybutadiene:

*Hatzikiriakos, S., Kapnistos, M., Vlassopoulos, D. et al. Relaxation time spectra of star polymers. Rheol. Acta 39, 38–43 (2000). <https://doi.org/10.1007/s003970050005>*

- The inferred parameters from the paper corresponding to our standard mBSW form are:

$$H(\tau) = e^{-\left(\frac{\tau}{\tau_{\max}}\right)^{\beta}} \left[ H_e \left( \frac{\tau}{\tau_{\max}} \right)^{n_e} + H_g \left( \frac{\tau}{\tau_e} \right)^{-n_g} \right]$$

Variable	Value
$H_g$ (Pa)	$4.9 \times 10^5$
$n_g$	0.67
$\tau_e$ (s)	0.86
$H_e$ (Pa)	$1.86 \times 10^5$
$n_e$	0.30
$\tau_{\max}$ (s)	$9.0 \times 10^5$
$\beta$	2.0

- A free parameter not mentioned is the minimum cutoff relaxation time ( $\tau_{\min}$ ). We used it to match the glassy modulus, giving us:

- $\tau_{\min} = 1.8 \times 10^{-5}$  s
- Calculated rubbery modulus,  $G_{\text{rubbery}} = 1.42$  MPa

Additional analysis performed for improved model fitting and uncertainty quantification. Details in `additional_analysis/`.

## Contributing

Feel free to modify the notebook for different datasets or additional processing steps. Please contact `asm[eighteen][at]illinois.edu` for any feedback.

model\_data\_figure.png

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